Midterm

Question 1

```
set.seed(2864)
# a
x <- sample(c(1:100),1000, replace=TRUE)

# b
sum((x %% 10) == 0)

## [1] 88
# c
y <- x[c(TRUE,FALSE)]
length(y)

## [1] 500
head(y,10)

## [1] 92 64 63 74 75 90 100 25 65 89

# d
z <- x[x%%2 == 1]
head(z,10)

## [1] 63 81 75 95 15 25 65 89 3 75</pre>
```

Question 2

```
(2 ^c(1:50)) > (c(1:50) ^3)
## [1] TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                                     TRUE TRUE
                                            TRUE
## [13]
     TRUE TRUE
           TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
                                        TRUE TRUE
                                     TRUE
## [25]
     TRUE TRUE
           ## [37]
     TRUE TRUE
           ## [49]
     TRUE
        TRUE
```

Question 3

```
# a
dieRolls <- sample(1:6,3000,replace=TRUE)
head(dieRolls,20)

## [1] 1 1 5 2 5 3 3 1 4 6 3 5 2 2 2 3 3 5 5 2

# b
breaks <- c(0,1,2,3,4,5,6)</pre>
```

```
tags <- c('One','Two','Three', 'Four', 'Five', 'Six')
dieRolls.f <- cut(dieRolls,breaks=breaks,labels=tags)

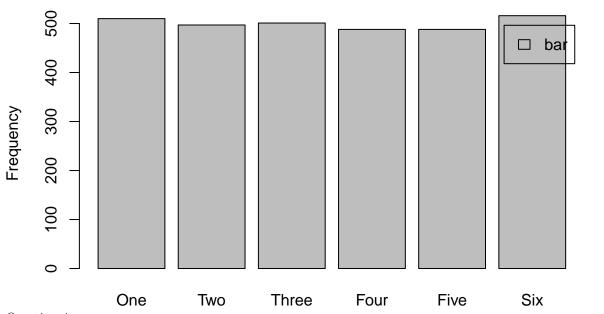
# c
sum(dieRolls <= 3)/length(dieRolls)

## [1] 0.5026667

# yes this matches our expectation because we expect around half of the dice rolls
# to be 1,2 or 3 in a fair die

# d
barplot(table(dieRolls.f), main='Dice Rolls', ylab='Frequency', legend.text='bar')</pre>
```

Dice Rolls



Question 4

```
set.seed(2864)
x <- rnorm(1000,1,2)
# we know this has a skew of 0

numerator <- sum((x - mean(x))^3)/length(x)
denominator <- (sum((x - mean(x))^2)^(3/2))/length(x)

numerator/denominator</pre>
```

##

[1] -0.000498571

Question 5

```
# a
names(mtcars)
## [1] "mpg" "cyl" "disp" "hp" "drat" "wt" "qsec" "vs" "am" "gear"
```

```
## [11] "carb"
# b
df <- mtcars[mtcars$am==0 & mtcars$wt > mean(mtcars$wt),c('mpg', 'cyl', 'wt','am')]
table(mtcars$cyl,mtcars$am)
##
##
        0 1
     4 3 8
##
##
     6 4 3
##
    8 12 2
# yes vehicles with more cylinders are more likely to have a manual transmission
barplot(table(mtcars$am, mtcars$cyl))
12
10
\infty
9
4
^{\circ}
0
                                         6
                                                                 8
                 4
                                                                            \#\# Question 6
# 1
set.seed(2864)
x \leftarrow rnorm(100,0,1)
y <- rnorm(100, 0.5, 1)
head(abs(x - y), 10)
## [1] 2.5581520 0.3587171 0.8697184 0.1936351 1.2192332 2.4886765 1.7598093
## [8] 0.1268201 0.9070288 1.2022257
head(sign(x - y), 10)
## [1] -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1
# 2
rank(-abs(x - y))
     [1]
             73
                  56
                      83
                          43
                              11
                                  20
                                      86
                                          54
                                              44
                                                  42
                                                      63
                                                          96
                                                              23
                                                                   64
                                                                       36
                                                                           95
                                                                               46
##
   [19]
         15
                  99
                      77
                           1
                              69
                                  27
                                       4
                                          61
                                              59
                                                  47
                                                      76
                                                          72 81
                                                                   88
                                                                       85
                                                                           25
                                                                               70
              17
   [37]
         14
              38
                  82
                      62
                          98
                              28
                                  91
                                      68
                                          80
                                              74
                                                  52
                                                      40
                                                           2 87
                                                                   13
                                                                       89
                                                                           90
                                                                               94
## [55] 21 50
                  6
                     5 93 78 34
                                      97 67 18 12
                                                      35
                                                           9 32 30 60
                                                                          19 92
```

```
## [73] 49 57 100 53 26 71 45 29 22 75 79 65 16 55 24 58 8 66
## [91] 31 10 33 51 37 39 48 41 84 3

ri <- rank(-abs(x - y))

# 3
dfWilcox <- data.frame(xi=x,yi=y,Ri=rank(-abs(x - y)))

# 4
abs(sum(apply(dfWilcox, 1, function(x) sign(x['xi'] - x['yi']) * x['Ri'])))

## [1] 678
abs(sum(sign(x-y)* ri))

## [1] 678</pre>
```