Towards a measurement of $|V_{ub}|$ with $\Lambda_b \to p \mu \nu$



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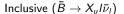
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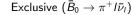
 $\Lambda_b \to p \mu \nu$

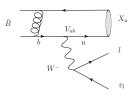
Current Status of $|V_{ub}|$

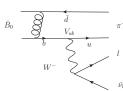


Semi-Leptonic B Decays:





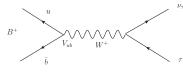




$$|V_{ub}| = (4.41 \pm 0.15^{+0.15}_{-0.17}) \times 10^{-3} \qquad |V_{ub}| = (3.23 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-3}$$

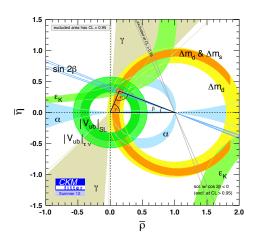
$$|V_{ub}| = (3.23 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-3}$$

▶ Leptonic B decays $(B^+ \to \tau^+ \nu_{\tau})$:



$|V_{ub}|$ Constraints on the Unitarity Triangle



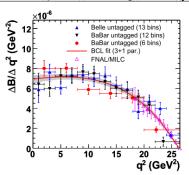


Exclusive Measurements of $|V_{ub}|$



- ▶ BaBar, Belle and CLEO: $|V_{ub}| = (3.23 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-3}$
- Exclusive Approach:
 - \square Exclusive final state $(\bar{B}_0 \to \pi^+ I^- \bar{\nu}_I)$
 - $\begin{array}{l} \Box \ \frac{d\Gamma}{dq^2} = \\ \frac{G_F^2 |V_{ub}|^2}{24\pi^3} |p_{\pi}|^3 |f_{+}(q^2)|^2 \end{array}$
 - $|f_+(q^2)|^2$ predicted by lattice QCD

Measured partial branching fraction [2]:

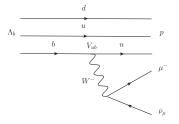


▶ Uncertainty dominated by $|f_+(q^2)|^2$. Lattice QCD predictions best at high q^2 .

$|V_{ub}|$ with LHCb



- ▶ Large pion backgrounds hinder $B \to \pi \mu \nu_{\mu}$.
- ▶ Other possible decays: $\Lambda_b \to p \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$ and $\bar{B}_s \to K^+ \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$



- ▶ Advantages of $\Lambda_b \to p\mu^-\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$:
 - $f_{\Lambda_b}/(f_u+f_d)\sim 0.40$ and $f_{\Lambda_b}/f_s\sim 3$
 - □ Proton provides a more distinctive final-state.



Current $B_s \to K \mu \nu$ Stripping Selection



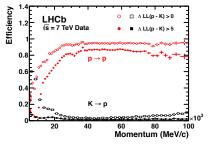
Kaon cuts	Muon cuts	Mother cuts
$P > 3000 \; \text{MeV/c}$	$P > 3000 \; {\rm MeV/c}$	$cos\theta_{B_s(K\mu)} > 0.99$
$p_{T} > 800 MeV/c$	$p_{T} > 800 MeV/c$	$E_{ u} < 2000 { m MeV}$
Track $\chi^2 < 6.0$	Track $\chi^2 < 4.0$	Vertex $\chi^2 < 2.0$
Min IP $\chi^2 > 16.0$	Min IP $\chi^2 > 12.0$	χ^2 sep. from PV > 100.0
$\Delta LL(K-p) > 0$	$\Delta LL(\mu-p)>0$	$\leq M_{K\mu} \leq 5500 MeV/c^2$
$\Delta LL(K-\pi) > 5$	$\Delta LL(\mu-\pi) > 3$	
$\Delta LL(K-\mu) > 0$	$\Delta LL(\mu-K)>0$	

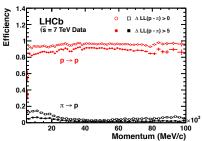
- ▶ StdLooseMuons and StdLooseKaons selections also used.
- ► Track Ghost probability < 0.5
- ▶ Prescaled by a factor of 0.5.



RICH PID performance







▶ High K-p misidentification rate / low p-p identification efficiency below 15 GeV/c.

 $\Lambda_b \to p \mu \nu$

Stripping Efficiency for Signal



- ▶ No available $\Lambda_b \to p\mu\nu$ MC sample yet.
- ▶ Strip $B_s \to K \mu \nu$ 2011 MC sample using existing line + $P_K > 10$ GeV/c.
- ▶ Signal Efficiency for stripping: $7.2 \pm 0.1\%$.
- ▶ Full efficiency in 4π , $\epsilon \approx 1.4\%$.
- ▶ In 1 fb⁻¹ expect: $N_{Events} = 2 \times \sigma(b\bar{b}) \times f_{\Lambda_b} \times \mathcal{L} \times B(\Lambda_b \to p\mu^-\bar{\nu}) \times \epsilon$

Taking
$$f_{\Lambda_b} \sim 0.25$$
, $B(\Lambda_b \to p \mu^- \bar{\nu}) \sim 10^{-4}$, $\sigma(b\bar{b}) \sim 280 \mu b$

$$N_{Events} \approx 2 \times 10^5$$

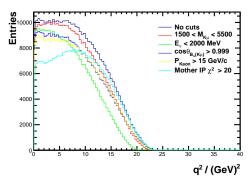
▶ Belle: 21486 ± 548 signal events, Phys. Rev. D 83, 071101(R) (2011)



Effect of Cuts on q^2 Distribution.



- ► Remove following cuts from the stripping: $1500 MeV/c^2 \le M_{K\mu} \le 5500 MeV/c^2$, $cos\theta_{B_sY} > 0.99$, $E_{\nu} < 2000 MeV$
- ▶ Plot shows the effect of individual cuts on the q² distribution.





$\Lambda_b \to p \mu \nu$ Line



- ▶ Base selection on the current $B_s \to K \mu \nu$ line.
- ▶ Remove E_{ν} cut. Demand $P_{proton} > 15 \text{ GeV/c}$ and 1000 MeV/c² $\leq M_{p\mu} \leq 5600 \text{ MeV/c}^2$.
- ▶ Test using TestMyStrippingLineOn2012Data_Reco14.py script (100,000 events):

$L_b o p\mu u$ line	Retention (%)	Accepted	ms/evt
Above cuts	0.449	449	0.474
2000 MeV/c ² $\leq M_{p\mu}$	0.246	246	0.386

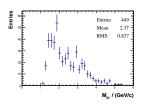
▶ Required retention < 0.05% and timing < 0.5 ms/evt.

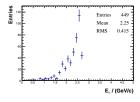


$M_{p\mu}$ and E_{ν} Distributions

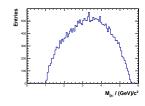


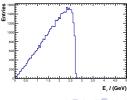
$M_{p\mu}$ and E_{ν} Distributions using 2012 test data





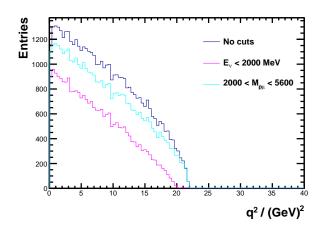
$M_{p\mu}$ and $E_{ u}$ Distributions for generator level $\Lambda_b o p\mu u$





$\Lambda_b \to p \mu \nu$ Generator Level q^2 Distribution





$\Lambda_b \to p \mu \nu$ Line: Proposed Selection



Proton cuts	Muon cuts	Mother cuts
$P > 15000 \; \mathrm{MeV/c}$	$P > 3000 \; {\rm MeV/c}$	$cos\theta_{B_s(p\mu)} > 0.999$
$p_{T} > 1000 \mathit{MeV/c}$	$p_{T} > 1400 MeV/c$	IP $\chi^2 > 16.0$
Track $\chi^2 <$ 6.0	Track $\chi^2 <$ 4.0	Vertex $\chi^2 < 3.0$
Min IP $\chi^2 > 16.0$	Min IP $\chi^2 > 12.0$	χ^2 sep. from PV > 100.0
$\Delta LL(p-K)>0$	$\Delta LL(\mu - p) > 0$	$2000 \le M_{p\mu} \le 5500 MeV/c^2$
$\Delta LL(p-\pi) > 5$	$\Delta LL(\mu-\pi) > 3$	$ ho_{T(p\mu)} > 1500 { m MeV/c}$
$\Delta LL(p-\mu) > 0$	$\Delta LL(\mu-K)>0$,

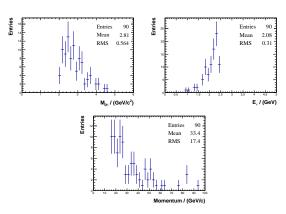
- StdLooseMuons and StdLooseProtons selections.
- ► L0Muon & (Hlt2SingleMuon Hlt2TopoMu2Body)
- ► Track Ghost probability < 0.5
- Includes both signed combinations.



$\Lambda_b \to p \mu \nu$ Line: Tightened Selection



$L_b o p\mu u$ line	Retention (%)	Accepted	ms/evt
Tightened Selection	0.09	90	1.215



 $\Lambda_b \to p \mu \nu$

Conclusion



- ▶ $\Lambda_b \to p\mu\nu$ is a promising channel for an exclusive measurement of V_{ub} .
- ▶ Stripping line for $\Lambda_b \to p\mu\nu$ is almost ready.