

執行方式:

輸入 make 產生 train.cpp、test.cpp 和 accuracy.cpp 的執行檔後可用兩種方式執行。

A. 逐行輸入

1. 輸入 ./train "iteration 次數" model_init.txt seq_model_01.txt model_01.txt 到 ./train "iteration 次數" model_init.txt seq_model_05.txt model_05.txt 共五次產生 model_01.txt 到 model_05.txt 五個 model
2. 輸入 ./test modellist.txt testing_data1.txt result1.txt 和 ./test modellist.txt testing_data2.txt result2.txt 產生兩組測資的答案
3. 輸入 ./accuracy result1.txt testing_answer.txt acc.txt 比較第一組測資跑出的答案和解答的差距，竟將 accuracy 輸出至 acc.txt

B. 執行 run_all.sh 的 script 一次執行以上 command

1. 修改 run_all.sh 的參數 (調整 iteration 次數、輸出檔名...等)

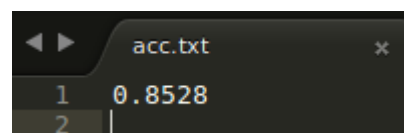
```
1 # Create the 5 models
2 #g++ train.cpp -o train
3 ./train 1 model_init.txt seq_model_01.txt model_01.txt
4 ./train 1 model_init.txt seq_model_02.txt model_02.txt
5 ./train 1 model_init.txt seq_model_03.txt model_03.txt
6 ./train 1 model_init.txt seq_model_04.txt model_04.txt
7 ./train 1 model_init.txt seq_model_05.txt model_05.txt
8
9 # Start testing
10 #g++ test.cpp -o test
11 ./test modellist.txt testing_data1.txt result1.txt
12 ./test modellist.txt testing_data2.txt result2.txt
13
14 # Output accuracy
15 #g++ accuracy.cpp -o accuracy
16 ./accuracy result1.txt testing_answer.txt acc.txt
```

2. 輸入 sudo chmod +x run_all.sh
3. 輸入 ./run_all.sh 執行 script

最終結果:

Iteration 次數 : 200

準確率 : 0.8528



```
acc.txt
1 0.8528
2 |
```

作業系統: Ubuntu 16.04 LTS