## CS189 — Homework 6

Alvin Wong, Wai Meng Lei, Chun Yin Yau April 21, 2014

## 1. Single-Layer Neural Network

## Derivation of gradient updates:

Let  $y_k = \sigma(s_k)$ , where  $s_k = \sum_j W_{jk} x_j + b_k$ .

1) Using the mean squared error:  $J = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{n_{out}} (t_k - y_k)^2$ :

$$\begin{split} \frac{dJ}{dW_{jk}} &= \frac{d}{dW_{jk}} (\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{n_{out}} (t_k - y_k)^2 \\ &= (y_k - t_k) \frac{d}{dW_{jk}} \sigma(s_k) \\ &= (y_k - t_k) \sigma(s_k) (1 - \sigma(s_k)) \frac{d}{dW_{jk}} (W_{jk} x_j + b_k) \\ &= (y_k - t_k) \sigma(s_k) (1 - \sigma(s_k)) x_j \\ \frac{dJ}{db_j} &= \frac{d}{db_j} (\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{n_{out}} (t_k - y_k)^2 \\ &= (y_k - t_k) \frac{d}{db_j} \sigma(s_k) \\ &= (y_k - t_k) \sigma(s_k) (1 - \sigma(s_k)) \frac{d}{db_j} (W_{jk} x_j + b_k) \\ &= (y_k - t_k) \sigma(s_k) (1 - \sigma(s_k)) \end{split}$$

In terms of matrices and vectors: Let  $\vec{y} = \sigma(\vec{s})$ , and  $\vec{s} = W\vec{x} + \vec{b}$ :

$$\frac{dJ}{dW} = diag(\vec{y})(1 - diag(\vec{y}))[\vec{y} - \vec{t}]\vec{x}^T$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dJ}{d\vec{b}} = diag(\vec{y})(1 - diag(\vec{y}))[\vec{y} - \vec{t}]}$$

2) Using the cross-entropy error:  $J = -\sum_{k=1}^{n_{out}} [t_k \ln y_k + (1 - t_k) \ln(1 - y_k)]$ :

The math works out the same, it's just the initial  $y_k - t_k$  term becomes the derivative of the cross-entropy error term above:

$$\frac{dJ}{dW_{jk}} = \left[ -\frac{t_k}{y_k} + \frac{1 - t_k}{1 - y_k} \right] \sigma(s_k) (1 - \sigma(s_k)) x_j$$

$$\frac{dJ}{db_j} = \left[ -\frac{t_k}{y_k} + \frac{1 - t_k}{1 - y_k} \right] \sigma(s_k) (1 - \sigma(s_k))$$

CS189 Homework 6

In terms of matrices and vectors:

$$\frac{dJ}{dW} = diag(\vec{y})(1 - diag(\vec{y}))\left[-\frac{\vec{t}}{\vec{y}} + \frac{1 - \vec{t}}{1 - \vec{y}}\right]\vec{x}^{T}$$

$$\frac{dJ}{d\vec{b}} = diag(\vec{y})(1 - diag(\vec{y}))[-\frac{\vec{t}}{\vec{y}} + \frac{1 - \vec{t}}{1 - \vec{y}}]$$

Figure 1: Plot of the training loss (blue) and test set accuracy (red), 500 epochs, MSE error The test accuracy converged to 92.25%. The total training loss converged to about 4370. This took about a little over an hour to run.

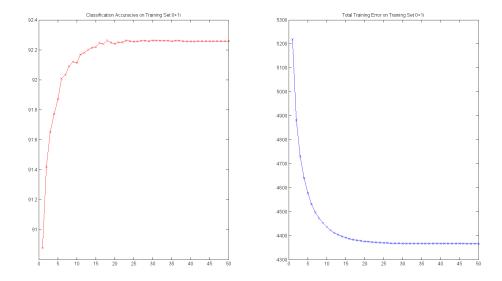
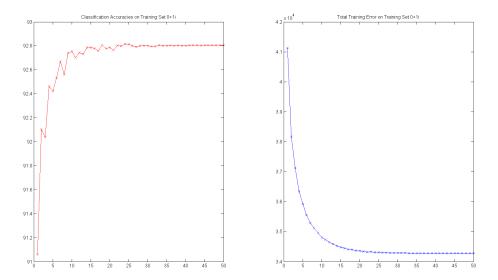


Figure 2: Plot of the training loss (blue) and test set accuracy (red), 500 epochs, CE error The test accuracy converged to 92.8%. The total training loss converged to about 34300. This took about a little over an hour to run.



Note: don't mind the titles – they are wrong. Left graph is on test accuracy. Right graph is on training set loss.