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# Computer Network

# Socket Programming Project

— [吳孟勳] [vincentwu007@cmlab.csie.ntu.edu.tw](mailto:vincentwu007@cmlab.csie.ntu.edu.tw) —

[胡家愷] [garyhu@cmlab.csie.ntu.edu.tw](mailto:garyhu@cmlab.csie.ntu.edu.tw)

[林方綺] [sandy@cmlab.csie.ntu.edu.tw](mailto:sandy@cmlab.csie.ntu.edu.tw)

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# Outline

- Project Description
- Tasks & Grading
- Phase 1
- Phase 2
- Requirements & Submission
- Introduction to Socket Programming

# Project Description

- The project is a **real-time online chatroom** application that allows users to communicate through various media types, including **text, files, and live video streaming**. The system is designed to support seamless and **secure communication** in both private and public chat modes.

# Tasks & Grading

- Phase 1 (40pts)
  - Basic Server-Client Communication (20pts)
  - Authentication Features (20pts)
- Phase 2 (65pts)
  - Multithread server (15pts)
  - Sending Chat Messages (20pts)
  - Message Encryption with OpenSSL (10pts)
  - Transfer files (10pts)
  - Audio/Video Streaming (10pts)
- Bonus (25pts)
  - Microphone and Webcam Integration (10pts)
  - GUI Interface (5~15pts)

# Phase 1

# Basic Server-Client Communication (20pts)

- Server (+10 pts)
  - Server can receive messages from the client.
  - Server can respond to client messages.
- Client (+10 pts)
  - Client can send messages to the server.
  - Client can receive responses from the server.

# Authentication Features (20pts)

- User Registration (+7 pts)
- User Login (+7 pts)
  - You have to demo a case of login failure (e.g., the user doesn't exist).
- User Logout (+6 pts)
  - Can't kill the process directly.(ex: ctrl+c, close the window)

# Phase 2



## Multithread server (15pts)

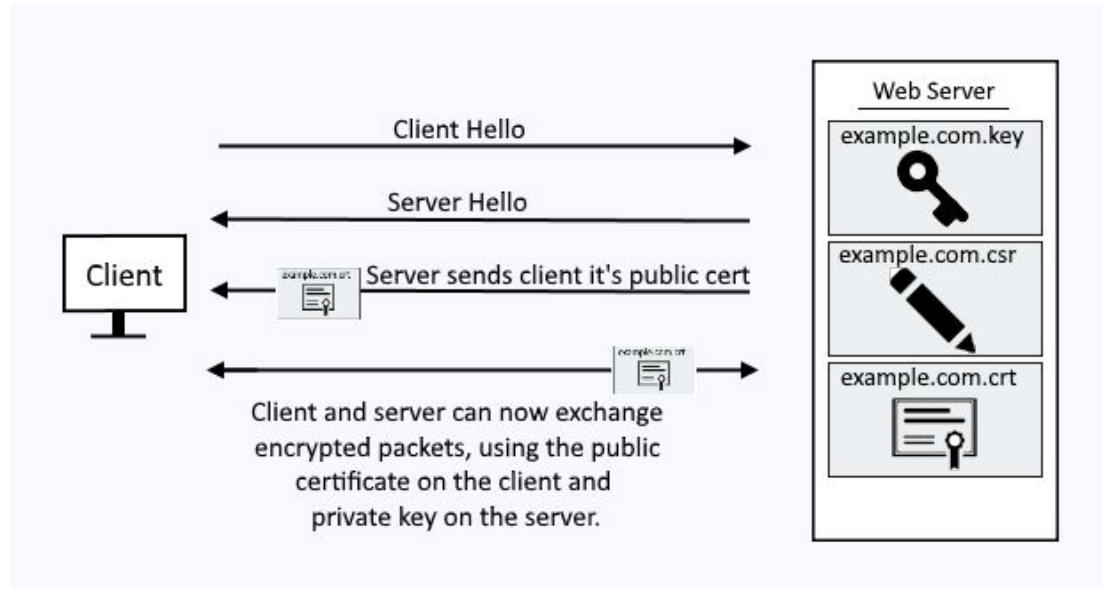
- Create a high-performance multithreaded server that can handle up to 10 concurrent connections using a worker pool approach.
- This server should be implemented using **POSIX threads (pthread) and worker pool design pattern**.
- Do not use fork() for process creation.

# Sending Chat Messages (20pts)

- The system should support two sending modes: Relay and Direct Mode.
  - Relay mode: the client sends messages to another **online** client through the server.
  - Direct Mode (peer-to-peer): messages are sent directly from client to client without passing through the server.
- Hints
  - Client should create a listening socket to receive incoming messages.
  - Clients should inform the server about their listening port upon connection.
  - Clients should obtain other clients' IP addresses and ports from the server.
- Requirements
  - **Single-person team:** Implement either Relay Mode **or** Direct Mode.
  - **Two-person team:** Implement both Relay Mode **and** Direct Mode.

# Message Encryption with OpenSSL (10pts)

- Implement a secure communication system for both client-to-client and client-to-server interactions.



source: <https://www.freekb.net/Article?id=1979>

# Transfer files (10pts)

- Implement a file transfer feature based on existing communication system.
- Requirements
  - Send and receive files in chunks.
  - Design and implement your own method for file selection on the sender's side and file saving on the receiver's side.
  - **Need encryption with OpenSSL**
  - You are only allowed to use standard library and POSIX library.



# Audio/Video Streaming (10pts)

- Develop a frame-based streaming feature for audio or video files.
- Requirements
  - Sender: Implement file selection and frame-based transmission.
  - Receiver: Implement frame reception, reassembly, and **real-time** playback/display.
  - You are allowed to use any library.
  - **Encryption is optional.**
  - **Single-person team:** Implement either video **or** audio streaming.
  - **Two-person team:** Implement both video **and** audio streaming.

## **(Bonus) Microphone and Webcam Integration (10pts)**

- Extend your audio/video streaming feature to capture and stream real-time audio from the computer's microphone and video from the webcam.
- You can implement either microphone integration or webcam integration.
- You are allowed to use any library.

## (Bonus) GUI Interface (5~15pts)

- Develop a graphical user interface (GUI) for this entire chat system.
- You are allowed to use any library.
- We will grade the GUI based on its completeness and visual appeal.
- If you enhance the input/output interface of the terminal, you can earn up to an additional 5 points.

# Requirements & Submission



# Requirements

- Only C / C++ (Unix/Linux Socket Programming)
  - For windows user, you can use Win Socket or install WSL.
- Accepted Library for socket programming
  - `#include <sys/socket.h>`
  - `#include <netinet/in.h>`
  - `#include <arpa/inet.h>`
  - `#include <winsock2.h>`
- **No plagiarism.** Both the plagiarist and the original author will receive a score of 0 if plagiarism is detected.
- Team
  - Phase 1: Only individual submissions are allowed.
  - Phase 2: 1~2 people each team.

# Submission

- Phase 1 (Deadline: **2024/11/15 23:59**)
  - **1 minute demo video**
  - Your code
  - README file
- Phase 2 (Deadline: **2024/12/27 23:59**)
  - **5 ~ 10 minutes video (including demo and code explanation)**
  - Your code
  - README file
- Your README file must include
  - Compilation instructions
  - Usage guide
  - Any additional information necessary to run your project

# Submission

- Submit your code and YouTube Link on NTU COOL
- For both Phase 1 and Phase 2, submit a zip file named {student\_number}.zip (e.g. b11902666.zip) containing:
  - b11902666/
    - README.md
    - code/
      - xxx.cpp
      - xxx.cpp
      - (other files or folders)
- If there is an incorrect file name or format, 5 points will be deducted.
- Late Submission Policy
  - Within 24 hours after the deadline: 70% of the original score
  - Beyond 24 hours: Submissions will not be accepted

# FAQ

- 繳交格式一定要按照規定嗎？
  - 是, 請將所有程式碼放到 code 資料夾底下, code 資料夾底下沒有規定排列方式
- 超過 100 分會以實拿分數計算嗎
  - 超過 100 分會以 100 分計算, 但加分題可以提供你不同的拿分策略, 或是挑戰更高的完成度。
- Demo 影片要搭配解說嗎
  - Phase 1 請搭配文字說明或是講解, Phase 2 請完整講解功能及實作方式
- Phase 1 只要處理一個client就好嗎？
  - 是
- Phase 1 當server process結束之後需要保留註冊者資訊嗎？
  - 沒有特別規定, 可以依照同學的實作方式自行決定

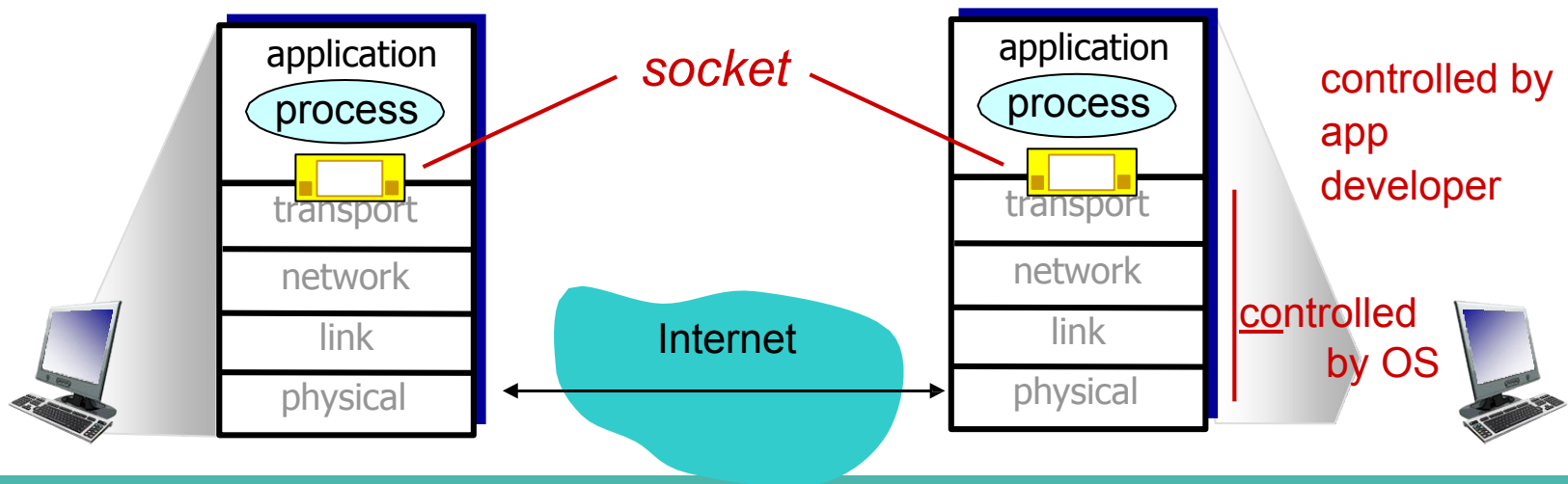
# FAQ

- 可以假設 client 都有 public IP 嗎？
  - 可以假設 client 在相同的 Internet 底下，都可以透過 IP Address 互相通訊。
- 如果為兩人一組有需要在哪邊註明嗎？
  - 請在 README 以及影片中註明同組的所有同學們，作業繳交只需要由其中一位上傳即可。
- Phase 2 影片要有 code explanation, code explanation 要針對那些功能講解呢？
  - 請針對 Phase 2 新增的所有功能進行講解，需要投影程式碼的部分搭配講解，讓助教能夠知道實作方式，不需要逐行講解，只要針對流程做大概的講解。

# Introduction to Socket Programming

# Socket

- Process sends/receives messages to/from its socket
- Socket analogous to door
  - sending process shoves message out door
  - sending process relies on transport infrastructure on other side of door to deliver message to socket at receiving process

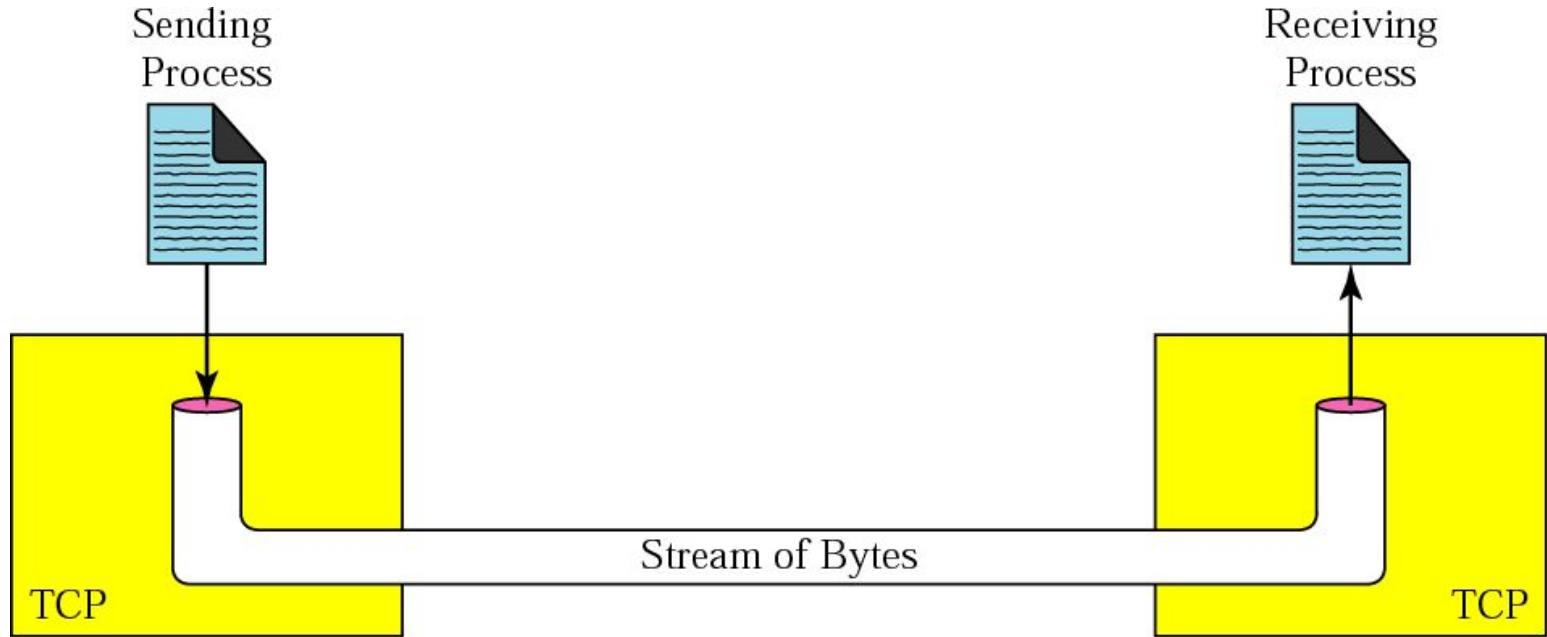


# Socket Programming

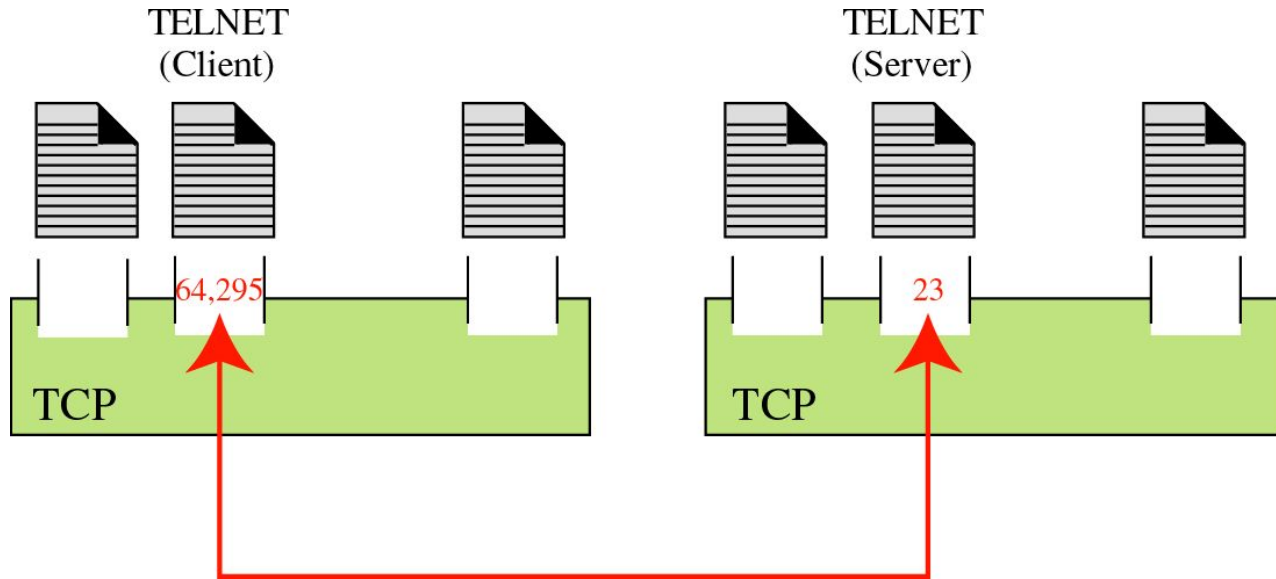
- **Goal:** learn how to build client/server applications that communicate using sockets
- **Socket: door** between application process and end-end-transport protocol
- Two socket types for two transport services:
  - **UDP:** unreliable datagram
  - **TCP:** reliable, byte stream-oriented



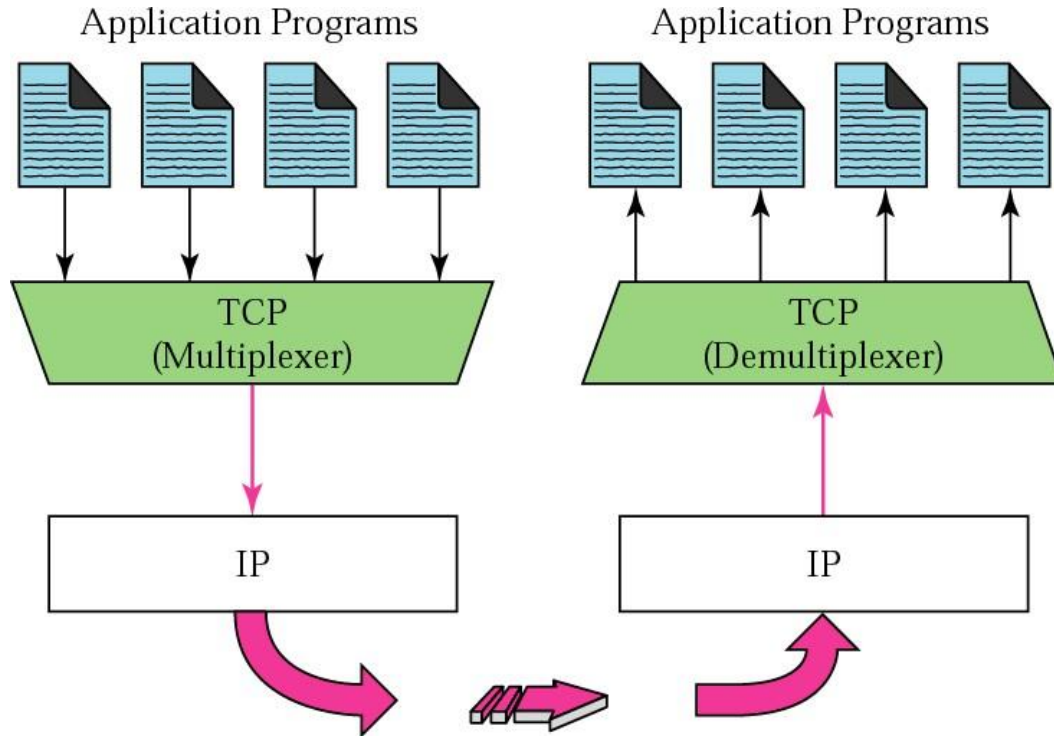
# Stream Delivery



# Port Numbers



# Multiplexing and Demultiplexing



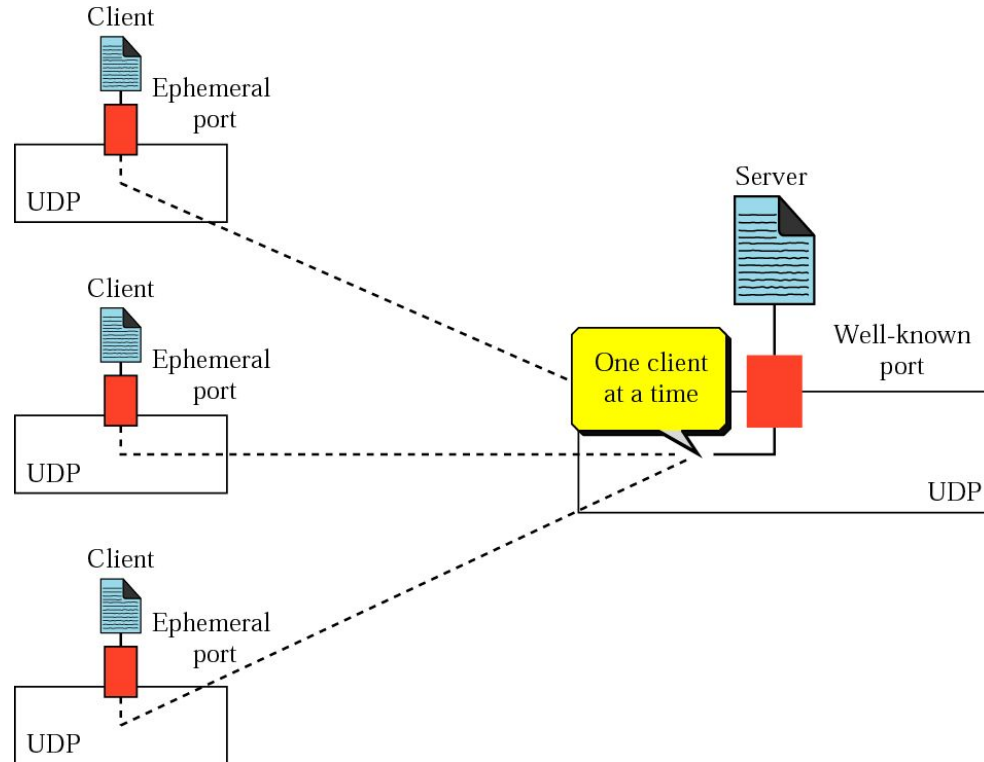
# Socket Programming with UDP

- UDP: no connection between client & server
  - **no** handshaking before sending data
  - **sender** explicitly attaches **IP destination** address and **port** number to each packet
  - **receiver** extracts sender **IP address** and **port** number from received packet
- UDP: transmitted data may be **lost** or received **out-of-order**
- Application viewpoint:
  - UDP provides **unreliable data transfer** of groups of bytes ("datagrams") between client and server

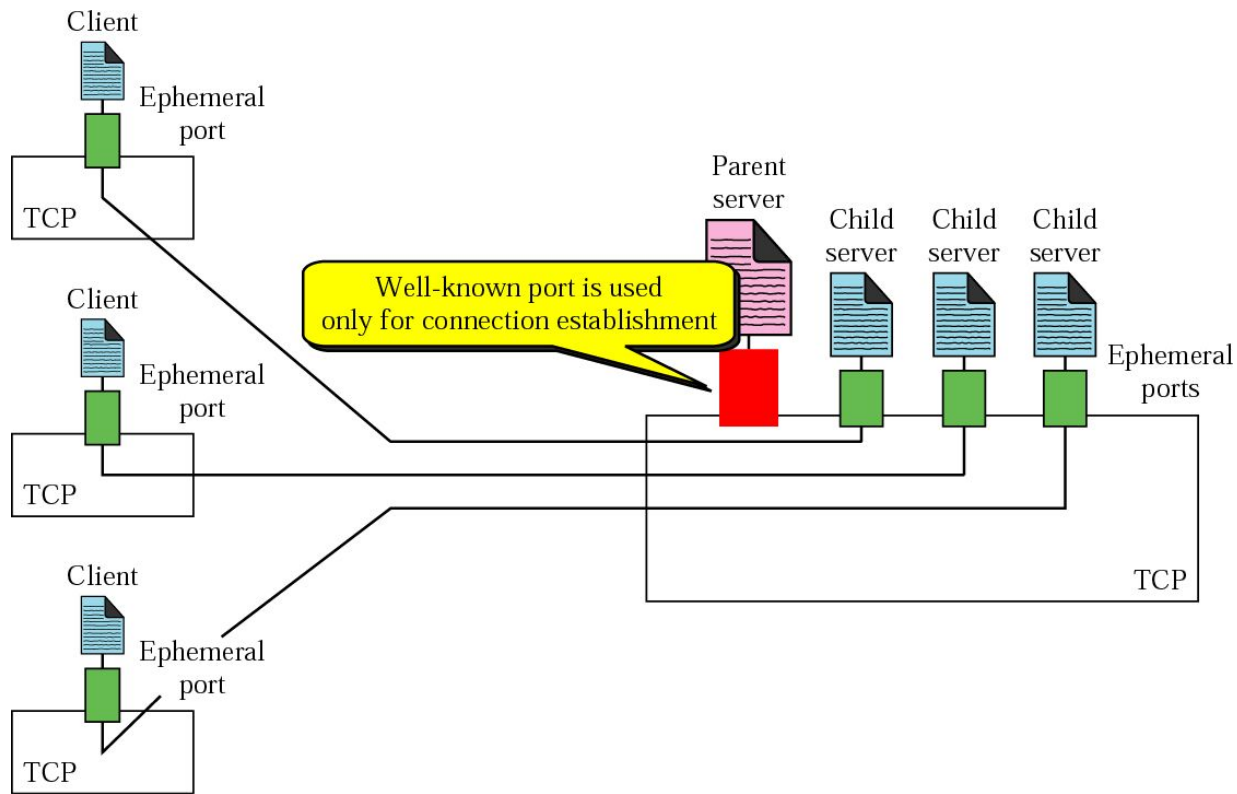
# Socket programming with TCP

- client must contact server
  - server process **must first be running**
  - server must have created **socket** (door) that **welcomes client's** contact
- client contacts server by:
  - Creating **TCP socket**, specifying **IP address**, **port** number of server process
  - When client creates a socket, a **TCP connection is established** between client and server
- when contacted by client, server TCP creates new socket for server process to communicate with that particular client
  - allows server to talk **with multiple clients**
  - **source port** number & **source IP** used to distinguish clients (more in Chap 3)
- Application viewpoint:
  - TCP provides **reliable, in-order byte-stream** transfer ("pipe") between client and server

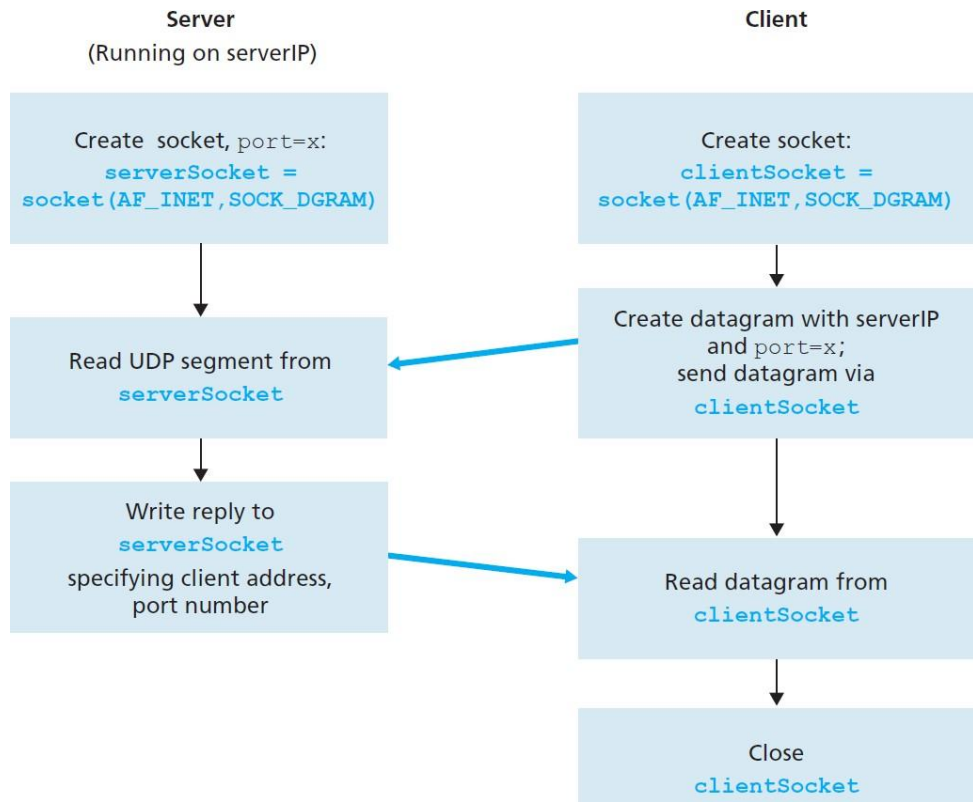
# Connectionless iterative server (UDP)



# Connection-oriented concurrent server (TCP)

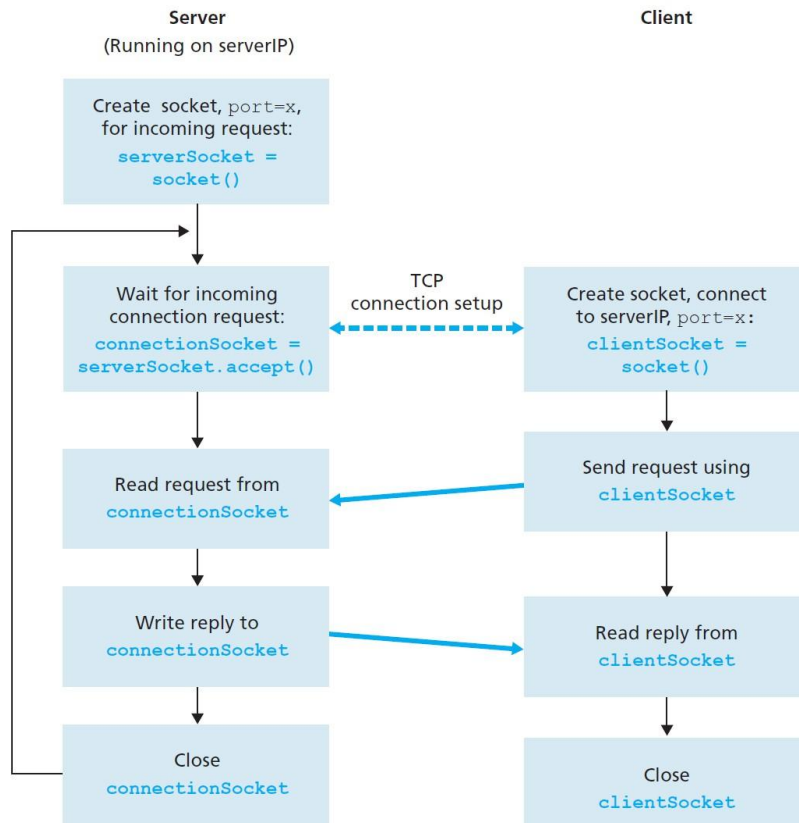


# Client/server socket interaction: UDP



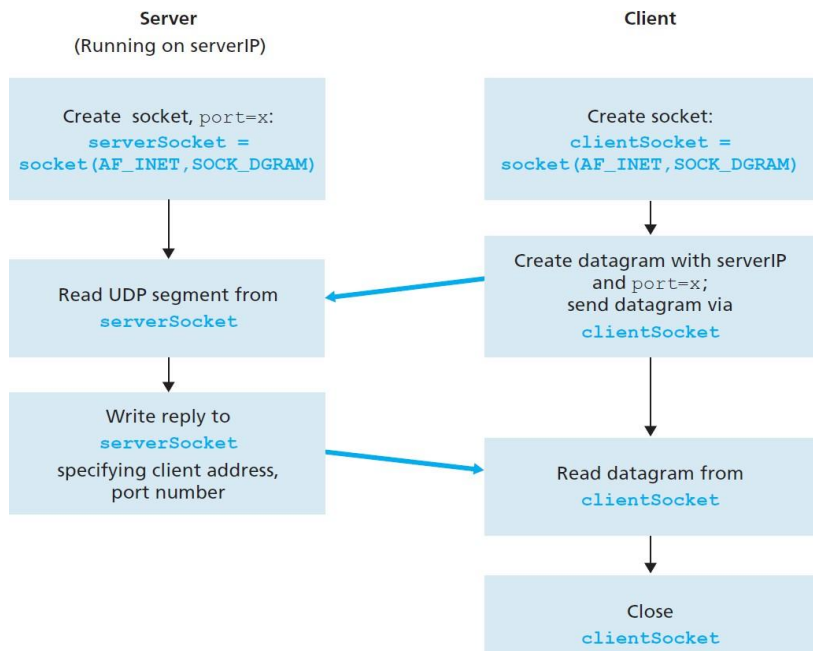


# Client/server socket interaction: TCP



# Client/server socket interaction

## UDP



## TCP

