

## **Computer Programming**

## IO (Input/Output) Programming

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## Agenda

- Lecture Goal(s)
- Files
- Streams
- Examples
- Conclusion

## Lecture Goal(s)

## **Lectures Overview**

- 8: Summarizing Example
- 9: Standard library
- ▶ 10: GUI AWT
- ▶ 11: GUI Swing
- ► 12: IO programming
- 13: Network programming
- 14: Java archives and JavaBeans
- ▶ 15: Conclusions

Java

## Today's Goal

To provide programming knowledge about using input and outputs in Java

## **Files**

## File Systems

- Organization of data in
  - Files
  - Directories
- Depending on the OS
  - ► Windows: C:\\Program Files\
  - ► Unices: /usr/bin/vi
- Meta-data
  - Read, Write, Last modified, Hidden
- Absolute vs. Relative

## Files in Java

- The java.io.File class
- ▶ For
  - ► Files, the isFile() method
  - ► Directories, the isDirectory() method
- 2 Major Constructors
  - ► Absolute: new File(String fileName)
  - ► Relative: new File (File parent, String fileName)

## Creating Files/Directories

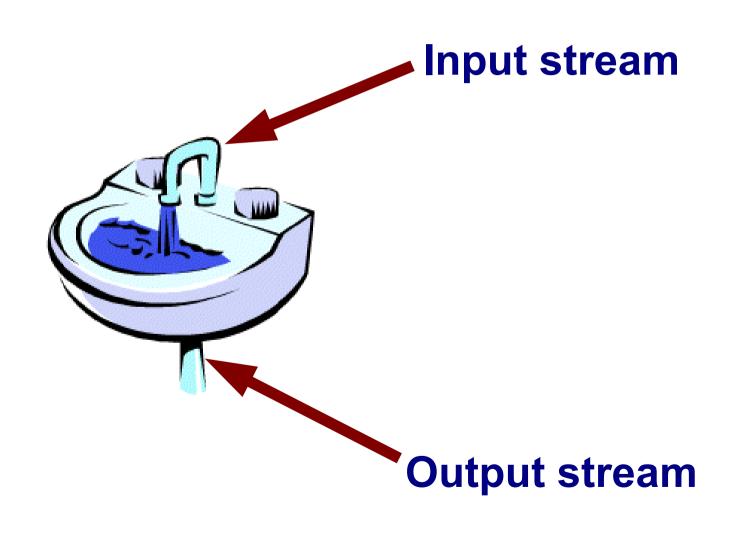
- Constructors
  - Creates only Java objects!!!
- Directory creation
  - ► The mkdir() method
- File creation
  - ► The createNewFile() method

## **Exploring a File System**

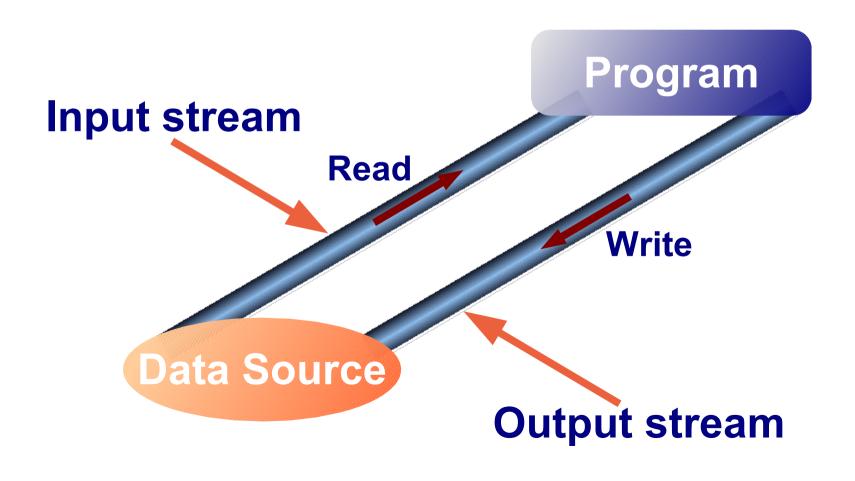
- File system browsing
  - ► The getParentFile() method
  - ► The list(), listFiles() methods
- Meta-data
  - canRead()
  - ▶ canWrite()
  - ▶isHidden()
  - ▶ lastModified()

## **Streams**

## **Input and Output Streams**



## IO Streams in Computer Programming



## Characters vs Bytes Streams

### For characters

- ▶ Reader
- ▶ Writer
- For bytes
  - ▶ InputStream
  - ▶ OutputStream
- Beware!
  - Java source files are character-based
  - MS Word files are byte-based

## Reading from Streams

- ▶ For Reader
  - ► A character: int read()
  - ► An array of chars: int read(char[] chars)
- ► For InputStream
  - A byte: int read()
  - ► An array of bytes: int read(byte[] bytes)

## Writing to Streams

- ▶ For Writer
  - ► A character: write(int aChar)
  - ► An array of chars: write (char[] chars)
  - ► A String: write (String aString)
- ► For OutputStream
  - ► A byte: write(int aByte)
  - An array of bytes:
     write(byte[] bytes)

## **Stream Wrapping**

- Many classes in java.io
- Wrapper around streams
- Added functionalities

► File support FileReader

► **Buffering** BufferedReader

► Data Input DataInputStream

► Line counting LineNumberReader

# Examples

## Example



## Example

File Reader Example File Writer Example

## Example

File Statistics Example

## Conclusion

- Information system
  - Logic
  - Environment
  - Input
  - Output
- Support in Java
  - High level of abstraction
  - ► Improved in Java2 1.4

## See you next week