





print()

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```
print(...)
```

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print(value, ..., sep=' ', end='\n', file=sys.stdout, flush=False)
```

Prints the values to a stream, or to `sys.stdout` by default.

Optional keyword arguments:

`file:` a file-like object (stream); defaults to the current `sys.stdout`.

`sep:` string inserted between values, default a space.

`end:` string appended after the last value, default a newline.

`flush:` whether to forcibly flush the stream.

help(print)



Python `print()` Function

- The `print()` function prints the specified message to the screen, or other output format.
- The message can be a string, or any other object, the object will be converted into a string before written to the screen.

`help(print)`

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print(...)
  print(value, ..., sep=' ', end='\n', file=sys.stdout, flush=False)

Prints the values to a stream, or to sys.stdout by default.
Optional keyword arguments:
file: a file-like object (stream); defaults to the current sys.stdout.
sep:  string inserted between values, default a space.
end:  string appended after the last value, default a newline.
flush: whether to forcibly flush the stream.
```



PRINT WITH ONE ARGUMENT

