

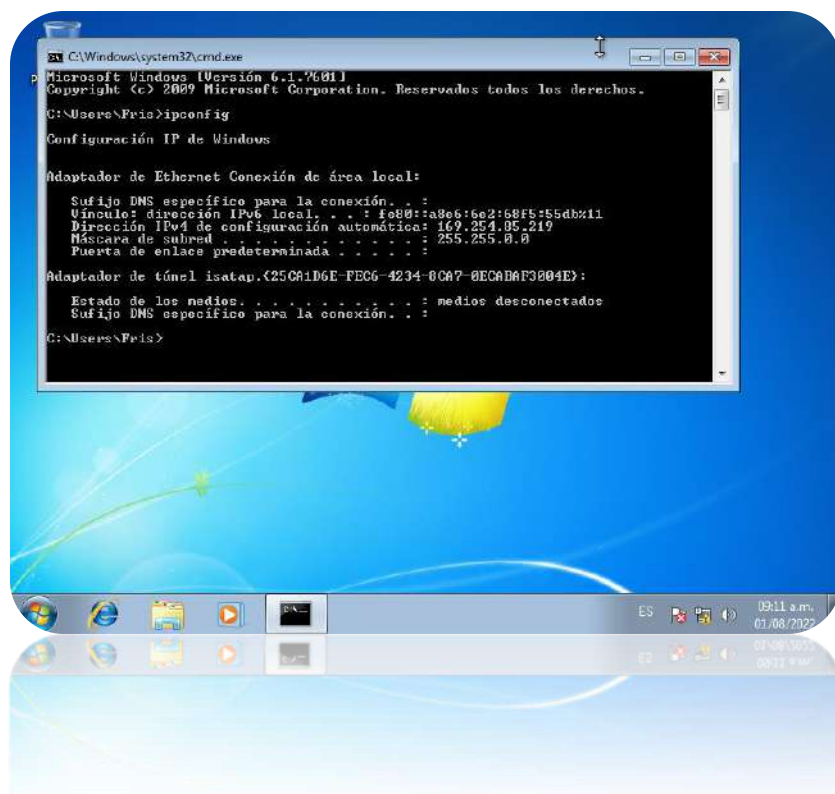
## DHCP SERVER

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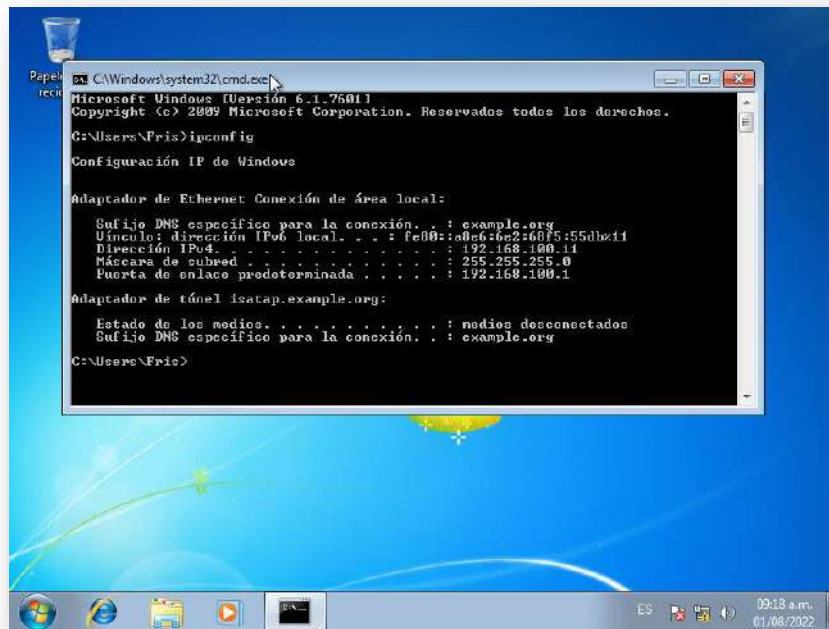
## FUNCIONAMIENTO

Sistema Windows 7 (Cliente) cuando el servidor esta apagado.

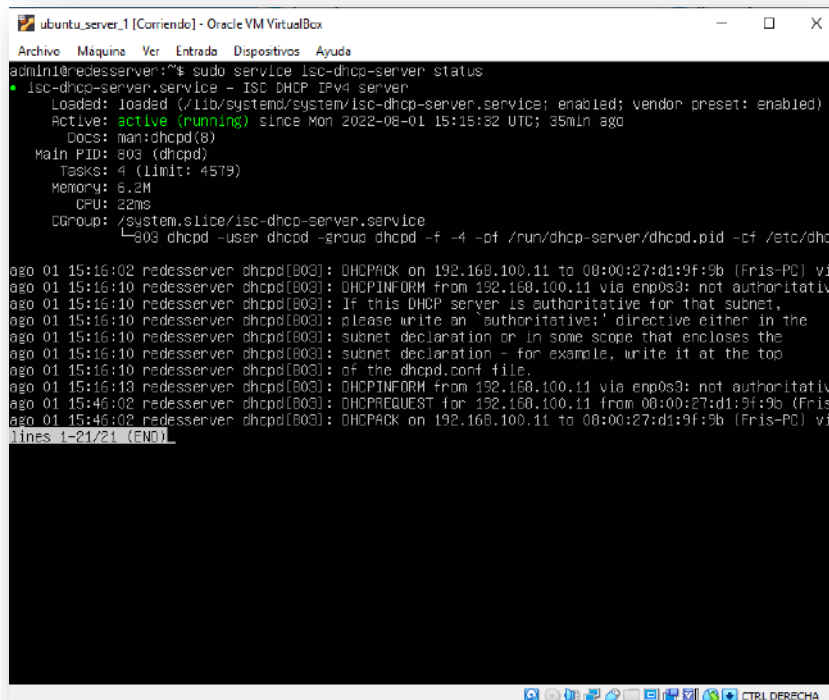


Al encender el servidor DHCP se asigna una dirección IP dentro del rango definido en el servidor.

Sistema Windows 7 (Cliente) cuando el servidor este encendido.



Estado del servidor DHCP



## PROCEDIMIENTO

### INSTALACIÓN DHCP SERVER

- `sudo apt-get install isc-dhcp-server`

### VER LA CONFIGURACIÓN IP

- `ip addr`

### CONFIGURACIÓN 1

- `sudo nano /etc/netplan/00-installer-config.yaml`

Modificar

network:

ethernets:

enp0s3:

addresses: [192.168.100.10/24]

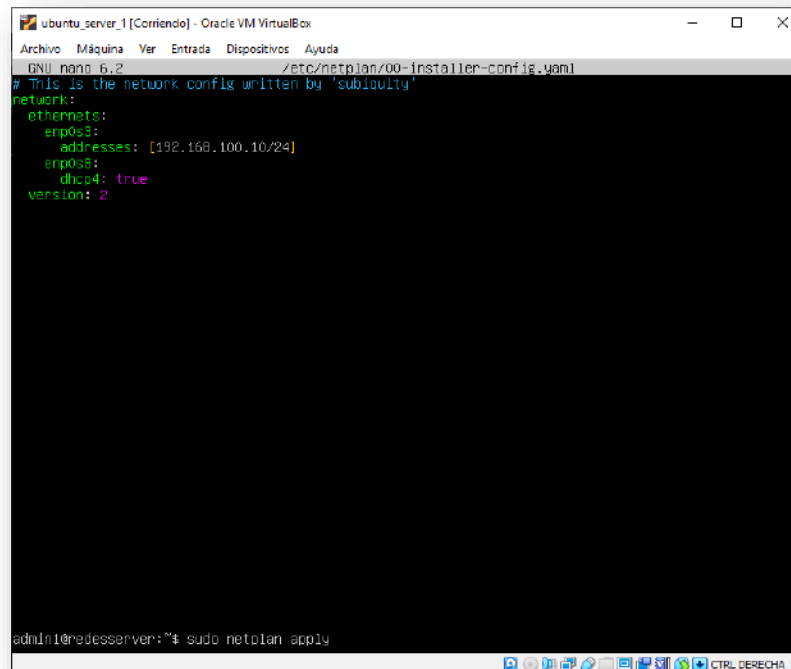
enp0s8:

dhcp4: true

version: 2

Aplicar los cambios

- `sudo netplan apply`



```
ubuntu_server_1 [Corriendo] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
Archivo  Máquina  Ver  Entrada  Dispositivos  Ayuda
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/netplan/00-installer-config.yaml
# This is the network config written by 'subiquity'
network:
  ethernets:
    enp0s3:
      addresses: [192.168.100.10/24]
    enp0s8:
      dhcp4: true
  version: 2

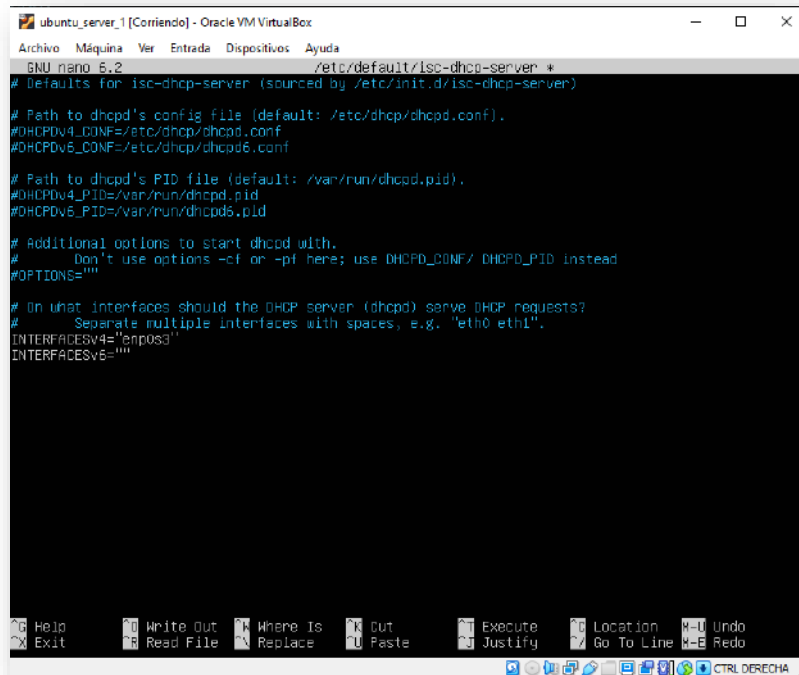
admin1@redesserver:~$ sudo netplan apply
```

## CONFIGURACIÓN 2

- `sudo nano /etc/default/isc-dhcp-server`

Modificar

`INTERFACESv4="enp0s3"`



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled 'ubuntu\_server\_1 [Corriendo] - Oracle VM VirtualBox'. The terminal is running the nano text editor on the file `/etc/default/isc-dhcp-server`. The file content is as follows:

```
GNU nano 5.2 /etc/default/isc-dhcp-server *
# Defaults for isc-dhcp-server (sourced by /etc/init.d/isc-dhcp-server)

# Path to dhcpd's config file (default: /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf).
#DHCPDv4_CONF=/etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf
#DHCPDv6_CONF=/etc/dhcp/dhcpd6.conf

# Path to dhcpd's PID file (default: /var/run/dhcpd.pid).
#DHCPDv4_PID=/var/run/dhcpd.pid
#DHCPDv6_PID=/var/run/dhcpd6.pid

# Additional options to start dhcpd with.
# Don't use options -cf or -pf here; use DHCPD_CONF/ DHCPD_PID instead
#OPTIONS=""

# On what interfaces should the DHCP server (dhcpd) serve DHCP requests?
# Separate multiple interfaces with spaces, e.g. 'eth0 eth1'.
INTERFACESv4="enp0s3"
INTERFACESv6=""
```

The terminal window includes a menu bar at the top with options: Archivo, Máquina, Ver, Entrada, Dispositivos, Ayuda. At the bottom, there is a toolbar with icons for Help, Exit, Write Out, Read File, Where Is, Replace, Cut, Paste, Execute, Justify, Location, Go To Line, Undo, Redo, and a status bar showing 'CTRL DERECHA'.

## CONFIGURACIÓN 3

- `sudo nano /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf`

Agregar al final

```
group rd-interna {
  subnet 192.168.100.0 netmask 255.255.255.0{
    range 192.168.100.10 192.168.100.200;
    default-lease-time 3600;
    max-lease-time 86400;
    option router 192.168.100.1;
    option domain-name-servers 8.8.8.8;
  }
}
```

## Verificar Errores

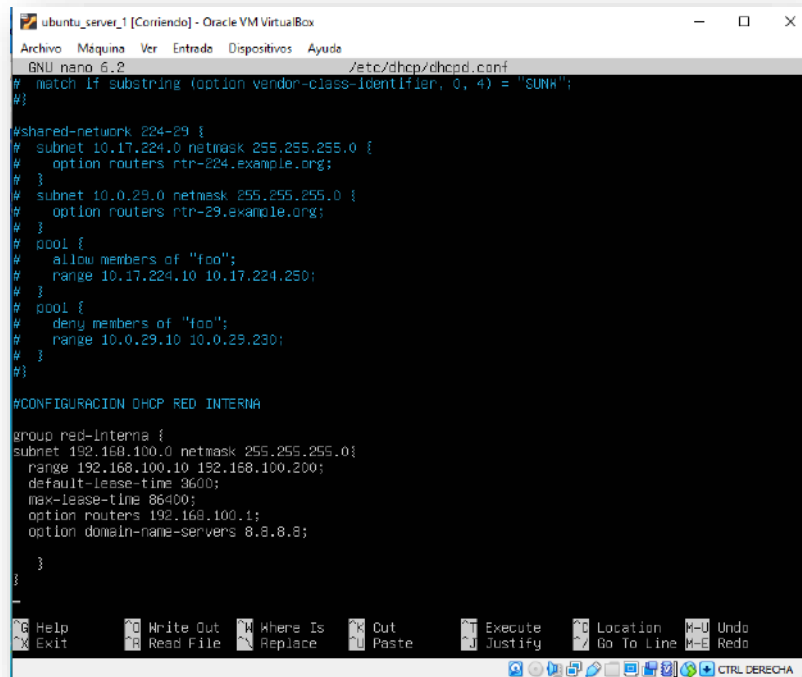
- `sudo dhcpd -t -cf /etc/dhcpd/dhcpd.conf`

## Reiniciar el servidor

- `sudo service isc-dhcp-server restart`

## Ver el Status del servidor

- `sudo service isc-dhcp-server status`



```
ubuntu_server_1 [Corriendo] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
Archivo  Máquina  Ver  Entrada  Dispositivos  Ayuda
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf
# match if substring (option vendor-class-identifier, 0, 4) = "SUNW";
#}

#shared-network 224-29 {
#  subnet 10.17.224.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
#    option routers ntr-224.example.org;
#  }
#  subnet 10.0.29.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
#    option routers ntr-29.example.org;
#  }
#  pool {
#    allow members of "foo";
#    range 10.17.224.10 10.17.224.250;
#  }
#  pool {
#    deny members of "foo";
#    range 10.0.29.10 10.0.29.230;
#  }
#}

#CONFIGURACION DHCP RED INTERNA

group red-interna {
  subnet 192.168.100.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
    range 192.168.100.10 192.168.100.200;
    default-lease-time 3600;
    max-lease-time 86400;
    option routers 192.168.100.1;
    option domain-name-servers 8.8.8.8;
  }
}
```