Note: during lectures have students install mobaXterm

1 ROS In a Nutshell

• Peer-to-Peer: Individual programs communicate over defined API

• Distributed: Programs can run on any number of computers

• Multilingual: Programs can be written in any language with a client library (Official: C++/Python, Unofficial: Java, Javascript, Rust, Julia)

• Lightweight: Libraries are very thin/have low overhead

• Free and Open Source: ROS in its entirety is open source

2 ROS Master

- Manages comms between nodes (processes)
- Every node registers with the master at startup
- Started with roscore.

3 ROS Nodes

- Single purpose executable program
- Individually compiled, executed, managed
- Organized in packages
- Run a node with rosrun <package_name> <node_name>
- See active nodes with rosnode list
- See information about a node with rosnode info <node_name>

4 ROS Topics

- Nodes communicate over topics
 - Nodes can publish or subscribe to a topic
 - Typically, 1 publisher and n subscribers
- Topic is a name for a stream of messages
- List active topics with rostopic list
- Subscribe and print the contents of a topic with rostopic echo <topic_path>
- Show information about a topic with rostopic info <topic_path>

5 ROS Messages

- Data structure defining the type of a topic
- Comprised of a nested structure of integers, floats, booleans, strings, etc. and arrays of objects
- Defined in *.msg files
- See the type of a topic rostopic type <topic_path>
- Publish a message to a topic rostopic pub <topic_path> <topic_type> <data_string>

6 ROS Workspace Environment

- Setup students with workspaces on odroid
- $\bullet \ \, setup < name > < github_name > < github_email >$
- mkdir ws; cd ws; mkdir src; catkin_make; source devel/setup.bash
- check it worked with echo \$ROS_PACKAGE_PATH

7 Catkin Build System

- The src directory contains source code. This is where you clone, create, edit code.
- The build directory contains the code built whenever you run catkin_make.
- The devel directory contains scripts to make ros scripts work with this workspace.
- Don't touch the build or devel directories. Just use the src directory.

8 ROS Packages

- ROS software is organized into packages, which contains source code, launch files, config files, message definitions, data and docs
- Packages can depend on other packages
- To create a package, go to the src directory and run catkin_create_pkg <package_name> <dependencies>.
- Packages have a CMakeLists.txt and a package.xml. We shouldn't need to touch the package.xml, unless we change what ROS dependencies we have.
- Go over CMakeLists.txt

9 rospy example

- run catkin_create_pkg example1 rospy std_msgs
- edit scripts/node

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
import rospy
from std_msgs.msg import String
def run():
    pub = rospy.Publisher('test_wilson', String,
                            queue_size=10)
    rospy.init_node('test_wilson')
    rate = rospy.Rate(10)
    while not rospy.is_shutdown():
        test_str = 'hello world {}'.format(
                         rospy.get_time())
        pub. publish ( test_str )
        rate.sleep()
if _{-name_{--}} == '_{-main_{--}}':
    try:
        run()
    except rospy.ROSInterruptException:
        pass
```

 \bullet edit CMakeLists.txt

catkin_install_python(PROGRAMS scripts/node
DESTINATION \${CATKIN_PACKAGE_BIN_DESTINATION})