




TSFX: A Python package for time series feature extraction

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Summary

TSFX is a Python ([Van Rossum & Drake, 2009](#)) library for extracting features from time series data. It is inspired by the tsfresh ([Christ et al., 2018](#)) Python package with a special focus on performance. In order to achieve good performance, it utilizes Polars ([Vink et al., 2023](#)) which is a high performance DataFrame library written in Rust ([The Rust Programming Language, n.d.](#)) with Python bindings created through PyO3 ([Project & Contributors, n.d.](#)). The feature extraction functions are also implemented in Rust for performance. Compared to tsfresh, TSFX offers a conservative estimate of 10x performance, using the same set of time series features.

TSFX can be installed using pip:

```
pip install tsfx
```

TSFX can also be configured using a TOML ([TOML, n.d.](#)) configuration file (default name `.tsfx-config.toml`).

Below is a simple example of extracting features from a time series dataset:

```
import polars as pl
from tsfx import (
    DynamicGroupBySettings,
    ExtractionSettings,
    FeatureSetting,
    extract_features,
)

df = pl.DataFrame(
    {
        "id": ["a", "a", "a", "b", "b", "b", "c", "c", "c"],
        "val": [1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0],
        "value": [4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 6.0, 5.0, 4.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0],
    },
).lazy()
settings = ExtractionSettings(
    grouping_cols=["id"],
    feature_setting=FeatureSetting.Efficient,
    value_cols=["val", "value"],
)
gdf = extract_features(df, settings)
gdf = gdf.sort(by="id")
with pl.Config(set_tbl_width_chars=80):
    print(gdf)
```

Running the code above generates a new DataFrame with the extracted features:

shape: (3, 314)

id	length	val__su m_value	val__me an	...	value__ number_ peaks__ n_3	value__ number_ peaks__ n_5	value__ number_ peaks__ n_10	value__ number_ peaks__ n_50
str	u32	s f64	f64		f64	f64	f64	f64
a	3	6.0	2.0	...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
b	3	6.0	2.0	...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
c	3	6.0	2.0	...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Statement of need

Time series is a ubiquitous data modality, present in many domains such as finance, industry, meteorology, and medicine, to mention a few. As hardware to collect and store time series data is becoming increasingly affordable, the amount of available time series data is increasing in many domains. A common preprocessing step when dealing with time series is feature extraction where useful features, such as mean, variance, skewness, etc. are extracted from time series to be used in downstream tasks such as classification, regression or clustering. For large time series datasets, performance is important for enabling timely data preprocessing. TSFX is made for this purpose: extracting features from large time series datasets.

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