Abstracts (encoding and decoding of text files)

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Abstract

We have made a program that encodes a text file per line into numbers, whilst keeping special character intact.

1 Encoding

After the user has chosen a file, they have the option to process it and save the encoded file as a text file and save the index file. The index file is a CSV-file in which the translation (corresponding letters to the words), frequency of the words within the whole file and the amount of times a word appears in a line (abstract) is written. When it encodes a file it does it by reading the text file line by line. Each different word gets a different number assigned to it so if a word appears multiple times in a file it has the same number assigned to it. It also creates a textual histogram of the amount of times a word begins with a certain letter.

2 Decoding

Unfortunately, we did not have enough time to program a decoder and it also doesn't calculate the TF/IDF-scores of a line.

3 Source code listing

Below you will find the listing of our program. We have tried to use the suggestions in the assigneme

```
Description ...: This program encodes and decodes text files that the user ca
import os
import math
def main_menu(selected_file):
                                                      \# This asks what the user
    clear_console();
    options = "1"
    print('Welcome_to_Abstracts')
    \mathbf{print}_{i}(\dot{x}_{i},\dot{x}_{i},\dot{x}_{i})
    print('This_program_is_used_to_encode_or_decode_text_files.')
    print(',')
    if encode_or_decode(selected_file) == 'encode':
        print('Selected_file:_' + selected_file)
        print('Output_file:_' + get_output_file(selected_file))
        print('Index_file:_' + get_index_file(selected_file))
    elif encode_or_decode(selected_file) == 'decode':
        print('Selected_file:_' + selected_file)
        print('Output_file:_' + get_output_file(selected_file))
    else:
        print('No_.txt_or_index.csv_file_selected.')
    print(',')
    print('1:_Select_a_file')
    if selected_file.lower().endswith('txt'): #This checks what kind of file
        print('2:_Encode_' + selected_file)
        options += ",_2"
    if selected_file.lower().endswith('csv'):
        print('2:_Decode_' + selected_file)
        options += ", 2"
    print('0:_Exit_program')
    print(',')
    return int(input('Please_type_' + options + '_or_0:_'))
def get_output_file(file):
    if encode_{or_decode}(file) = "encode":
        return file + '.encoded.txt'
    return file.replace('.index.csv', '.decoded.txt') #this creates a filenam
def get_index_file(file):
    if encode_or_decode(file) = "encode":
                                              #this creates a filename for a s
        return file + '.index.csv'
def encode_or_decode(selected_file):
    if selected_file.lower().endswith('txt'): #this checks if a the selected
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return 'encode'
    if selected_file.lower().endswith('index.csv'):
        return 'decode'
    return 'wrong_file'
def clear_console():
    print("\n" * 100) #prints some white lines
def file_menu():
    clear_console();
    \mathbf{print}\,(\ ,\ ,\ )
    print('Select_a_.txt_file_to_encode_or_a_.index.csv_file_to_decode')
    print(',')
    print('The_current_directory_is_' + os.getcwd()) # checks current directo
    print(',')
    menu = 1
    print('1:.../')
    files = {0: ', ', 1: '../'}
    for entry in os.listdir(os.getcwd()):
        if not entry.startswith('.'):
            \mathrm{menu} \, = \, \mathrm{menu} \, + \, 1
             if os.path.isdir(entry):
                 entry = entry + '/'
            print(str(menu) + ':' + entry)
             files [menu] = entry
    print('0:_Exit_program')
    print(',')
    choice = int(input('Please\_type\_1\_to\_' + str(menu) + '\_or\_0:\_')) # with t
    return files [choice]
def select_file():
    file_name = file_menu()
    if file_name.endswith(','): #if it is another directory it goes in there
        os.chdir(file_name)
        return select_file()
    if len(file_name) = 0:
        return ',
    return file_name
def count_word_in_abstracts(word, abstr_freqs): #how many words are in an abs
    count = 0
    for abstract_index in abstr_freqs:
        if word in abstr_freqs[abstract_index]:
             count += 1
```

return count

```
def write_decoded_files(selected_file, words, codes, abstr_freqs,
                        total_freqs, abstracts, encodedAbstracts): #unfortunatly
    print("to_do")
\mathbf{def} write_encoded_files (selected_file, words, codes, abstr_freqs, \#this write
                        total_freqs , abstracts , encodedAbstracts):
     output_file = get_output_file(selected_file)
     file = open(output_file, "w+")
     for abstract_index in encodedAbstracts:
         file.write(encodedAbstracts[abstract_index] + '\n')
     file.close()
     csv_file = get_index_file(selected_file) #this writes the csv file
     file = open(csv_file, "w+")
     {f file} . write ("word, number, frequency, abstracts \n") #title of csv file
    for word in codes:
         if codes[word] = 0:
              continue
         file.write(word + ',')
         file.write(str(codes[word]) + ',')
         if word in total_freqs:
              file.write(str(total_freqs[word]) + ',')
              file.write(str(count_word_in_abstracts(word, abstr_freqs)) + '\n'
         else:
              file. write("0,")
              file.write("0\n")
    for word in codes:
         if codes[word] != 0:
              continue
         file.write(word + ',')
         file.write(str(codes[word]) + ',')
         if word in total_freqs:
              file.write(str(total_freqs[word]) + ',')
              file.write(str(count_word_in_abstracts(word, abstr_freqs)) + '\n'
         else:
              file. write("0,")
              file . write ("0\n")
     file.close()
\mathbf{def} \ \operatorname{print\_encode\_result} \left( \, \operatorname{selected\_file} \, , \, \, \operatorname{words} \, , \, \, \operatorname{codes} \, , \, \, \operatorname{total\_freqs} \, , \, \, \operatorname{abstracts} \, \right) \colon
```

output_size = os.path.getsize(get_output_file(selected_file));

orig_size = os.path.getsize(selected_file);

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index_size = 0
    for word in codes:
        index_size += len(word)
    comp_rate = math.floor((output_size + index_size) / orig_size * 100) #com
    print()
    print ("-
    print("Found_" + str(len(words)) + "_unique_words")
#this prints the amount of unique words found in how many abstracts
    print("in_" + str(len(abstracts)) + "_abstracts.")
    print("The_compression_rate_is_" + str(comp_rate) + "%")
    print ("----
    print()
    words_per_letter = \{\}
    unique_words_per_letter = {}
                                                          # this creates dicts
    for letter in "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz":
        words_per_letter[letter] = 0
        unique_words_per_letter[letter] = 0
        for word in total_freqs:
            if word[:1] == letter:
                if word.lower() = word:
                     words_per_letter[letter] += total_freqs[word]
                     unique_words_per_letter[letter] += 1
    all_players = \{\}
    for letter in "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz":
        all_players [letter] = letter
    weener_list = \{\}
    while len (weener_list) < 26:
        weener = next(iter(all_players))
        weener_freq = words_per_letter[weener]
        for letter in all_players:
            if letter = weener:
                continue
            if words_per_letter[letter] > weener_freq:
                weener = letter
                weener_freq = words_per_letter[letter]
        del all_players [weener]
        weener_list [weener] = weener_freq
    for letter in weener_list:
        most_words = words_per_letter [max(words_per_letter, key=words_per_let
        bars_equal = int(round(words_per_letter[letter] / most_words * 40))
        bars_plus = int(round(unique_words_per_letter[letter] / most_words *
```

#this calculates how many + and = has to be printed in the textual histogram

```
amount_bars_equal = ','
        amount_bars_plus = ''
        count_equal = 0
        count_plus = 0
        while bars_plus > count_plus:
            amount_bars_plus = amount_bars_plus + '+'
            count_plus = count_plus + 1
        while bars_equal - count_plus > count_equal :
            amount_bars_equal = amount_bars_equal + '='
            count_equal = count_equal + 1
        fmt = '{: <40}'.format(amount_bars_plus + amount_bars_equal)
        print(letter + '-|-' + fmt, end='')
        fmt = '{:>5}'.format(unique_words_per_letter[letter])
\# this makes the histogram orginized and places spaces if there are no + or =
        print('_| _' + fmt , end='')
        fmt = '{:>5}'.format(words_per_letter[letter])
        print('_|_' + fmt + '_|_')
def main (selected_file):
    words, codes, abstr\_freqs, total\_freqs = \{\}, \{\}, \{\}, \{\}
    abstracts, encodedAbstracts = {}, {}
    while True:
        choice = main_menu(selected_file)
        if choice == 1:
            selected_file = select_file()
            if len(selected_file) == 0:
                print(',')
                print('Goodbye!')
                return
        elif (choice == 2) and encode_or_decode(selected_file) == "encode":
            encode (selected_file, words, codes, abstr_freqs,
                            total_freqs, abstracts, encodedAbstracts)
            write_encoded_files(selected_file, words, codes, abstr_freqs,
                         total_freqs, abstracts, encodedAbstracts)
            print("")
            print_encode_result(selected_file, words, codes,
                                 total_freqs , abstracts)
            print()
            print('Thank_you, _come_again.')
            return
```

```
elif (choice = 2) and encode_or_decode(selected_file) = "decode" :
            decode(selected_file, words, codes, abstr_freqs,
                            total_freqs , abstracts , encodedAbstracts)
            write_decoded_files(selected_file, words, codes, abstr_freqs,
                         total_freqs, abstracts, encodedAbstracts)
            print()
            print('Thank_you, _come_again.')
            return
        elif choice == 0:
            \mathbf{print}\,(\ ,\ ,\ )
            print(',Goodbye!')
            return
\mathbf{def} store_word(word, abstract_nr, abstr_freqs, total_freqs, codes, words): \#t
    if not word in codes:
        wordCount = len(words) + 1
        words [wordCount] = word
        codes [word] = wordCount
    myWord = word.lower()
    if not myWord in total_freqs:
        total_freqs[myWord] = 1
    else:
        total_freqs[myWord] += 1
    if not abstract_nr in abstr_freqs:
        abstr_freqs[abstract_nr] = {}
    if not myWord in abstr_freqs[abstract_nr]:
        abstr\_freqs[abstract\_nr][myWord] = 1
    else:
        abstr_freqs[abstract_nr][myWord] += 1
def decode (file_name, words, codes, abstr_freqs, total_freqs,
           abstracts, encodedAbstracts):
    print("to_do")
def encode (file_name, words, codes, abstr_freqs, total_freqs,
           abstracts, encodedAbstracts):
    word = ,,
    abstractCount = 0
```

#This is will check if a character is a \setminus or a number, which it will have

```
file = open(file_name)
    for abstract in file.readlines():
        coded=',
        abstracts [abstractCount] = abstract;
        for char in abstract:
            if char.isalpha():
                word += char
                continue
            if char.isnumeric():
                coded += ' \setminus ' + char
                continue
            continue
            if word == ', ':
                coded += char
                continue
            store_word(word, abstractCount, abstr_freqs, total_freqs,
                       codes, words)
            coded += str(codes[word]) + char
            word = ,,
        if \text{ word } != 
            store_word(word, abstractCount, abstr_freqs, total_freqs,
                       codes, words)
            coded += str(codes[word])
        encodedAbstracts[abstractCount] = coded
        coded=','
        abstractCount += 1
    for index in words:
# Put all cap words without lowercase in codes with code 0
        word = words[index]
        low_word = word.lower()
        if low_word not in codes:
            codes[low\_word] = 0
main(',')
```