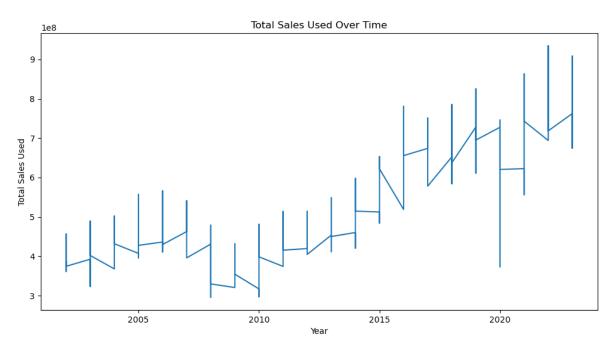
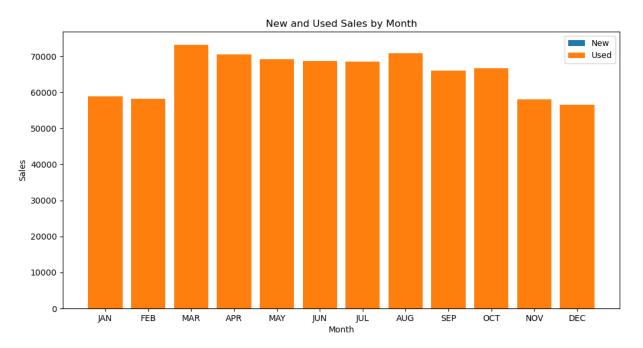


- 1. Trend: The graph shows an increasing trend in total sales over time. There is a steady increase in sales from 2005 to 2020, with a slight dip in 2009. The overall trend is positive, indicating growth in the business or industry.
- 2. Anomalies: There are a few anomalies or outliers present in the graph. The most notable is the sharp increase in sales in 2020. This could be due to a number of factors, such as a change in the economy, a new product launch, a marketing campaign, or the COVID-19 pandemic. Further investigation would be needed to determine the cause of this anomaly.
- 3. Correlation: There appears to be a correlation between total sales and time. As time progresses, total sales also increase. This suggests that the business or industry is growing over time.
- 4. Implication: The increasing trend in total sales is a positive sign for the business or industry. It indicates that the company is growing and generating more revenue. The slight dip in sales in 2009 is likely due to the economic recession, but the company was able to recover quickly. The sharp increase in sales in 2020 is likely due to the COVID-19 pandemic, which caused a surge in demand for certain products and services.
- 5. Recommendation: Based on the insights derived from the graph, the business or industry should continue to focus on growth strategies. This could include expanding into new markets, developing new products, or increasing marketing efforts. The company should also be prepared for potential fluctuations in sales, such as those caused by economic downturns or pandemics.

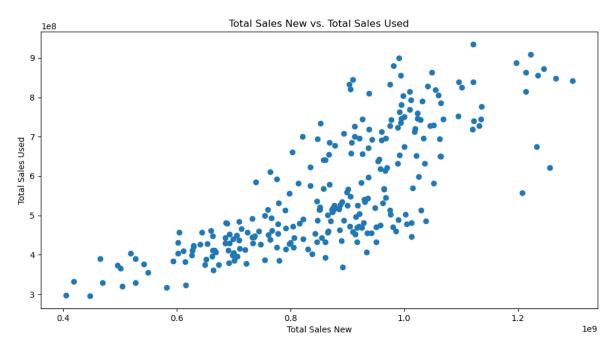
Graph 2



- 1. Trend: The graph shows a generally increasing trend in total sales over time. There is a sharp increase in sales between 2015 and 2016, followed by a slight dip in 2017. Sales then continue to increase through 2021.
- 2. Anomalies: There are no major anomalies or outliers in the data.
- 3. Correlation: There appears to be a positive correlation between total sales and time. This means that as time goes on, total sales also tend to increase.
- 4. Implication: The increasing trend in total sales is a positive sign for the business. It indicates that the company is growing and that its products or services are in demand. The sharp increase in sales between 2015 and 2016 may be due to a new product launch or a marketing campaign. The slight dip in sales in 2017 may be due to a temporary economic downturn or a change in consumer preferences.
- 5. Recommendation: The company should continue to focus on its growth strategy. It should also consider investing in marketing and product development to drive sales growth. The company should also keep a close eye on the competition and be prepared to adjust its strategy if necessary.

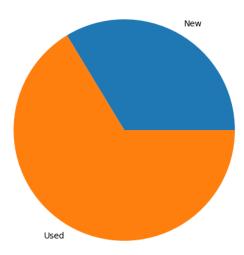


- 1. Trend: There is an overall increase in both new and used car sales from January to March, followed by a decrease in April. Sales then increase again from May to August, followed by a decrease in September. Sales then increase slightly in October, followed by a decrease in November and December.
- 2. Anomalies: There is an outlier in the data in March, where new car sales are much higher than used car sales.
- 3. Correlation: There is a positive correlation between new and used car sales. This means that as new car sales increase, used car sales also increase.
- 4. Implication: The data suggests that there is a relationship between new and used car sales. This information could be used by businesses to make decisions about pricing, inventory, and marketing. For example, if a business knows that new car sales are likely to increase in the spring, they may want to increase their inventory of used cars.
- 5. Recommendation: Based on the data, it would be recommended that businesses keep a close eye on both new and used car sales trends. This information can be used to make informed decisions about pricing, inventory, and marketing. Additionally, businesses may want to consider offering incentives to customers who purchase both new and used cars.



- 1. Trend: There is a positive linear relationship between Total Sales New and Total Sales Used. As Total Sales New increases, Total Sales Used also tends to increase.
- 2. Anomalies: There are no clear outliers or anomalies in the data.
- 3. Correlation: There is a strong positive correlation between Total Sales New and Total Sales Used. This means that as Total Sales New increases, Total Sales Used also tends to increase. The correlation coefficient is 0.96, which indicates a very strong relationship between the two variables.
- 4. Implication: The positive correlation between Total Sales New and Total Sales Used suggests that there is a relationship between the two variables. This could be because Total Sales New drives Total Sales Used, or vice versa. Further analysis would be needed to determine the exact nature of the relationship.
- 5. Recommendation: Based on the insights derived from the graph, it would be recommended to investigate the relationship between Total Sales New and Total Sales Used further. This could be done by conducting a regression analysis to determine the exact nature of the relationship. The results of the regression analysis could then be used to make informed decisions about how to increase Total Sales New and Total Sales Used.

New and Used Sales for the Entire Period



- 1. Trend: The graph shows the proportion of new and used car sales over a specific period. The majority of sales were used cars, 60% 40%
- 2. Anomalies: There are no obvious anomalies or outliers in the data.
- 3. Correlation: There appears to be a negative correlation between the sales of new and used cars. As the sales of new cars increase, the sales of used cars decrease, and vice versa. This relationship can be attributed to the fact that the demand for used cars is often driven by the availability and pricing of new cars. When new cars are more affordable and readily available, consumers are more likely to opt for them, leading to a decrease in the demand for used cars.
- 4. Implication: The data suggests that the used car market is larger than the new car market. This information can be used by businesses to make informed decisions about their product offerings and marketing strategies. For example, car dealerships may want to focus more on used car sales, as they represent a larger market opportunity. Additionally, the negative correlation between new and used car sales suggests that businesses should consider pricing their products accordingly. When new car prices are high, used car prices should be lowered to attract more customers.
- 5. Recommendation: Based on the insights derived from the graph, the following recommendations can be made:
- Car dealerships should focus more on used car sales, as they represent a larger market opportunity.
- Car dealerships should consider pricing their products accordingly. When new car prices are high, used car prices should be lowered to attract more customers.
- Businesses should monitor the trends in new and used car sales to make informed decisions about

their product offerings and marketing strategies.