

Case Study B:

"Concurrent Updates in WPF"



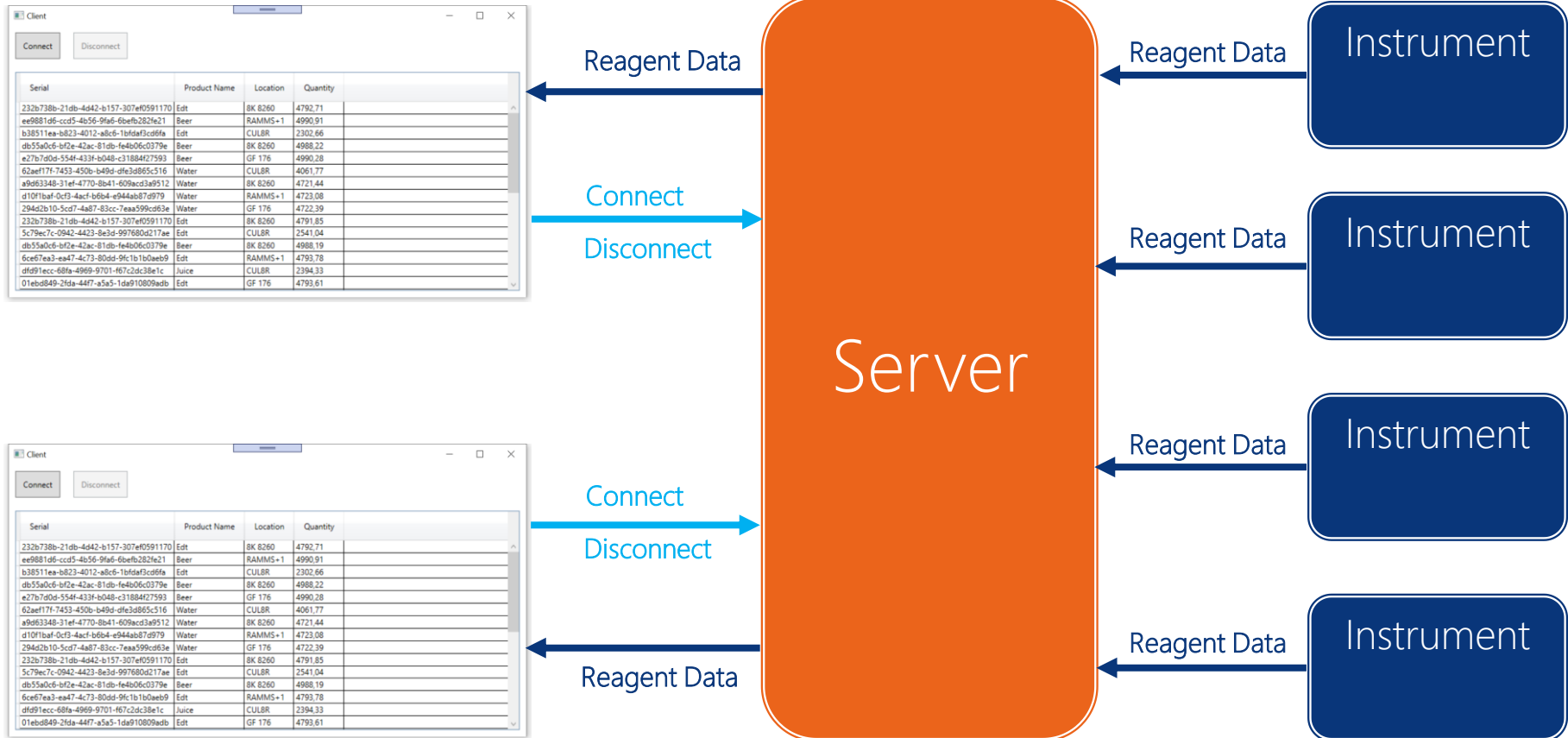
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Agenda

- ▶ **Case Study Scenario**
- ▶ V2: A Step in the Right Direction
- ▶ V3: Improving the Client Display
- ▶ V4: To Lock or not to Lock?
- ▶ V5: Are We Happy (Enough)?



Scenario Overview



Scenario Description

- ▶ **Server** hosts two self-hosted WCF services
 - **Instrument Service**
 - Instruments send **Reagent Data**
 - One-way using HTTP
 - **Client Service**
 - Clients **(dis)connect**
 - Receives **Reagent Data** live as it arrives from instruments
 - callback to connected clients
 - Two-way using TCP

Discussion

- ▶ Is the system thread-safe?
 - Needs careful scrutiny to decide
- ▶ Are the instruments thread-safe?
- ▶ Are the clients thread-safe?
- ▶ Is the Server thread-safe?

Client App

- ▶ Yes, it is thread-safe! But very subtle indeed...!
- ▶ One very important aspect to consider
 - WCF Synchronization Context
- ▶ **ServiceBehavior + CallbackBehaviour**
 - **UseSynchronizationContext** is true by default

Service App

- ▶ Another very important aspect to consider
 - WCF Instancing Mode vs. Concurrency Mode
- ▶ **ServiceBehavior + CallbackBehaviour**
 - `InstanceContextMode.Single =>`
`ConcurrencyMode.Single`
- ▶ So, is the Service also thread-safe?? 😊
 - Very close, but...

Service App Problems

- ▶ ...Not quite thread-safe, but almost! 😊
 - The list of connected clients is accessed from both sides!
 - Is it a good solution to lock list of connected clients?
- ▶ Even worse: Can it deadlock? Why (not)?

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A Step in the Right Direction: Go Asynchronous!

- ▶ Make all WCF client proxies call the services asynchronously!
- ▶ Use **async** + **await** on caller side

```
interface IClientAsyncContract
{
    ...
    void Connect();
    Task ConnectAsync();
    ...
}
```

- ▶ Make all contract methods asynchronous
 - In interfaces and implementation

Can Services be Asynchronous too?

- ▶ WCF is quite clever with respect to asynchrony
 - Asynchrony of client side is **independent (*)** of
 - Asynchrony of service implementation
 - Can support both!

- ▶ Might as well change internally in Server also...!
 - A "pure" asynchronous flow emerges

- ▶ Is everything great now?

WTF? UI Buttons are Not Updating...?!

- ▶ Another extremely subtlety rears its ugly face!
- ▶ In MVVM the RelayCommand (a.k.a. DelegateCommand) uses the WPF CommandManager to reevaluate command enabledness
 - CommandManager.RequerySuggested
- ▶ Threading and asynchronous occasionally “confuses” the CommandManger in WPF
- ▶ Solution is to manually instruct CommandManager to test

```
// Forcing the CommandManager to raise the RequerySuggested event  
CommandManager.InvalidateRequerySuggested();
```

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Doing a Better Client View

- ▶ There are many benefits of the client synchronization context being the **DispatcherSynchronizationContext!**
- ▶ Can now easily turn display client more intelligent
 - No locking necessary

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Back to Thread-Safety of Server

- ▶ Several possible solutions exist
 - ~~1. Locking the entire list while calling out?~~
 - ~~2. Locking the entire list whenever Reagent Data arrives from Instrument?~~
 - ~~3. Creating a Server-wide common SynchronizationContext~~
 - ~~i. Used for calls in both services by "installing" it into WCF~~
 4. Copying the list before calling out
 - i. Living with **ObjectDisposedException** if client disconnects in the meantime
 - ii. Introduce some additional parallelism
 5. Locking the list only when starting the callback tasks
 - i. Unlock before awaiting each call completion
 - ii. Introduce some additional parallelism
 6. ...
- ▶ What are the pros and cons of each solution?

Some Notes on the Client

- ▶ All solutions are crucially (negatively and positively) impacted by the client synchronization context being the **DispatcherSynchronizationContext!**
- ▶ Will probably have to live with **ObjectDisposedException** in such a system no matter what...
 - If you let clients disconnect while a Reagent Data update from Instrument is being processed

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Further Considerations

- ▶ What if clients need to communicate, e.g. Notes?
- ▶ What if some client is slooow in processing updates?
- ▶ What about having the Server hold the current state and synchronize it to clients upon connect?
- ▶ What about disconnections and missing updates?
- ▶ What about increasing throughput?
- ▶ What about reentrancy?
- ▶ What about consistent ordering with more concurrency?
- ▶ What about Server crashes?
- ▶ What about...? 😊

"Good Enough is Good Enough" 😊

- ▶ Each step
 - increases performance
 - increases complexity
 - Increases development time
 - ...

- ▶ Might even consider a persistent event store

Summary

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WINCUBATE

Jesper Gulmann Henriksen

PhD, MCT, MCSD, MCPD

Phone : +45 22 12 36 31

Email : jgh@wincubate.net

WWW : <http://www.wincubate.net>

Ringgårdsvej 4A

8270 Højbjerg

Denmark