Module 23:
"Observer"

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Agenda

- Introductory Example: Stock Market
- Challenges
- Pattern: Observer
- Original Observer Pattern
- Observer Pattern in .NET: Events
- Implementing the Observer Pattern
- Overview of Observer Pattern
- Discussion

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Introductory Example: Stock Market

```
class StockMarket
{
    public StockMarket() { ... }

    private void OnStockTraded( string ticker, decimal latest )
    {
        Console.WriteLine( $"{ticker} traded at USD {latest:f2}");
    }
}
```

```
class StockObserver
{
    // ???
}
```

```
class OtherStockObserver
{
    // ???
}
```

Challenges

- How do stock observers get the new stock prices as soon as they happen at the stock market?
  - …without repeatedly polling?
  - …without too tight coupling?

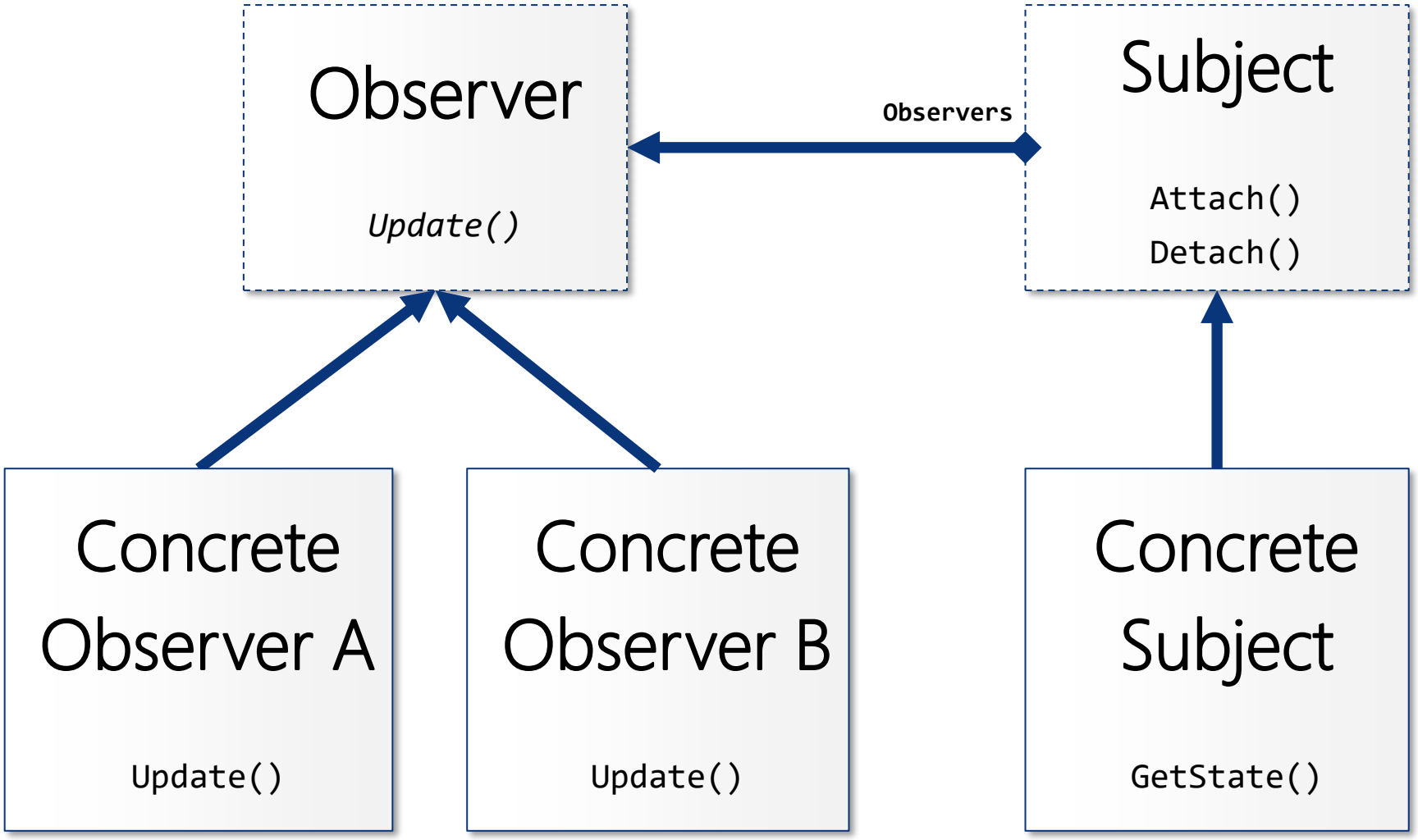
Pattern: Observer

- *Define a one-to-many dependency relation between objects so that when one object changes state, all its dependents are notified and updated automatically.*

- Outline
  - Define Subject and Observer objects
  - Let observers register and deregister with Subject
  - Ensure that when a Subject changes state, it will notify all registered Observers

- Origin: Gang of Four

Original Observer Pattern



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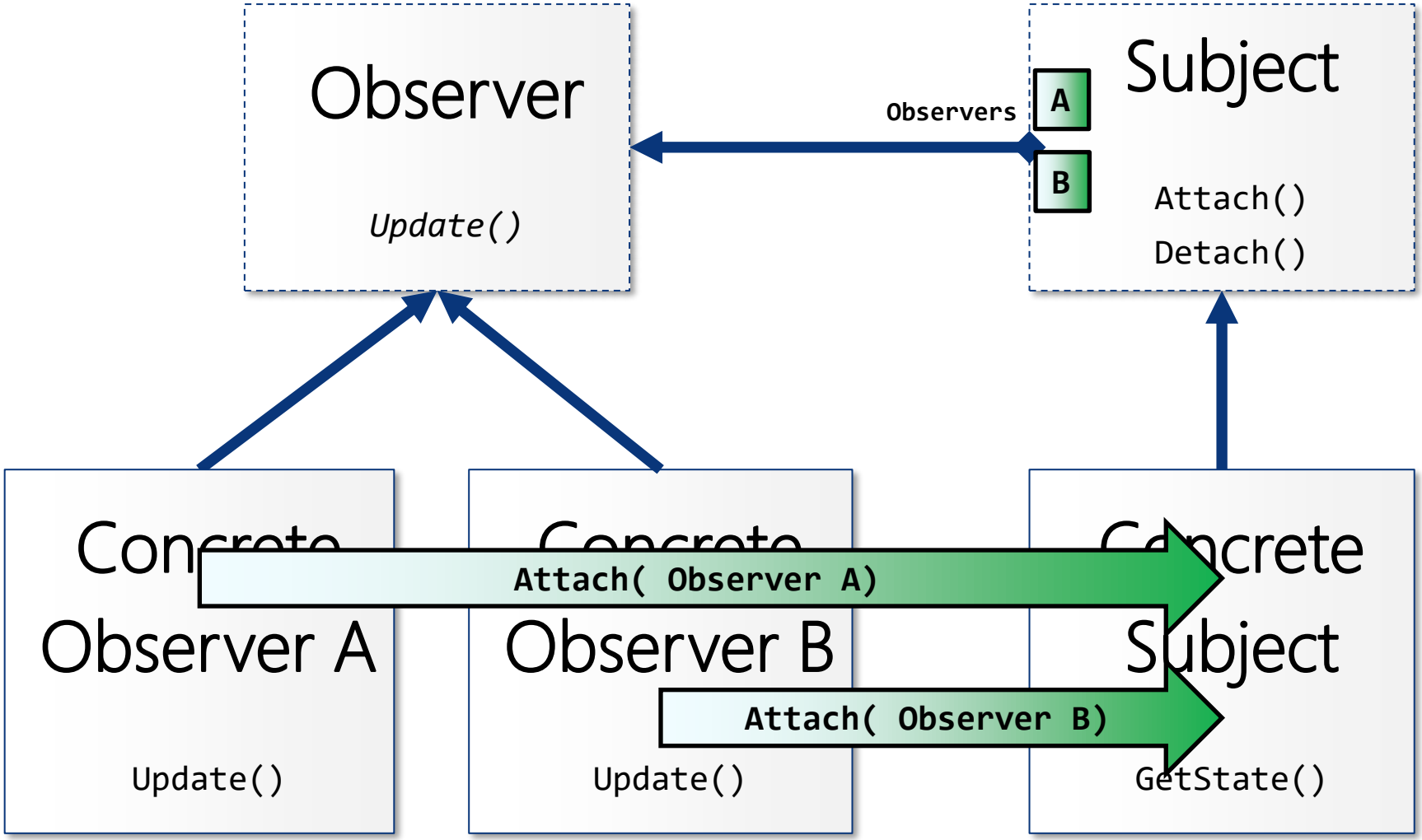
Original Observer (Registration)



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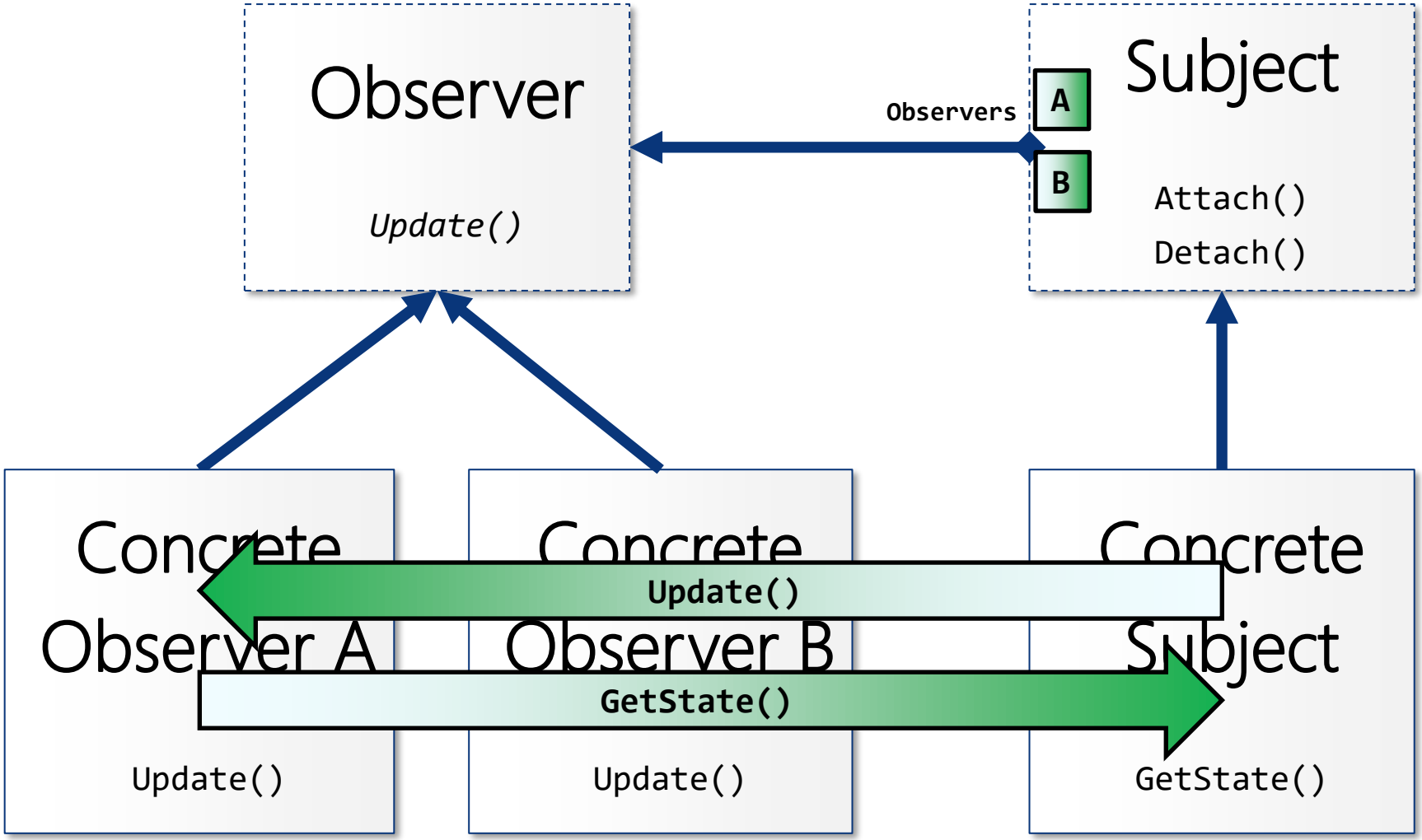
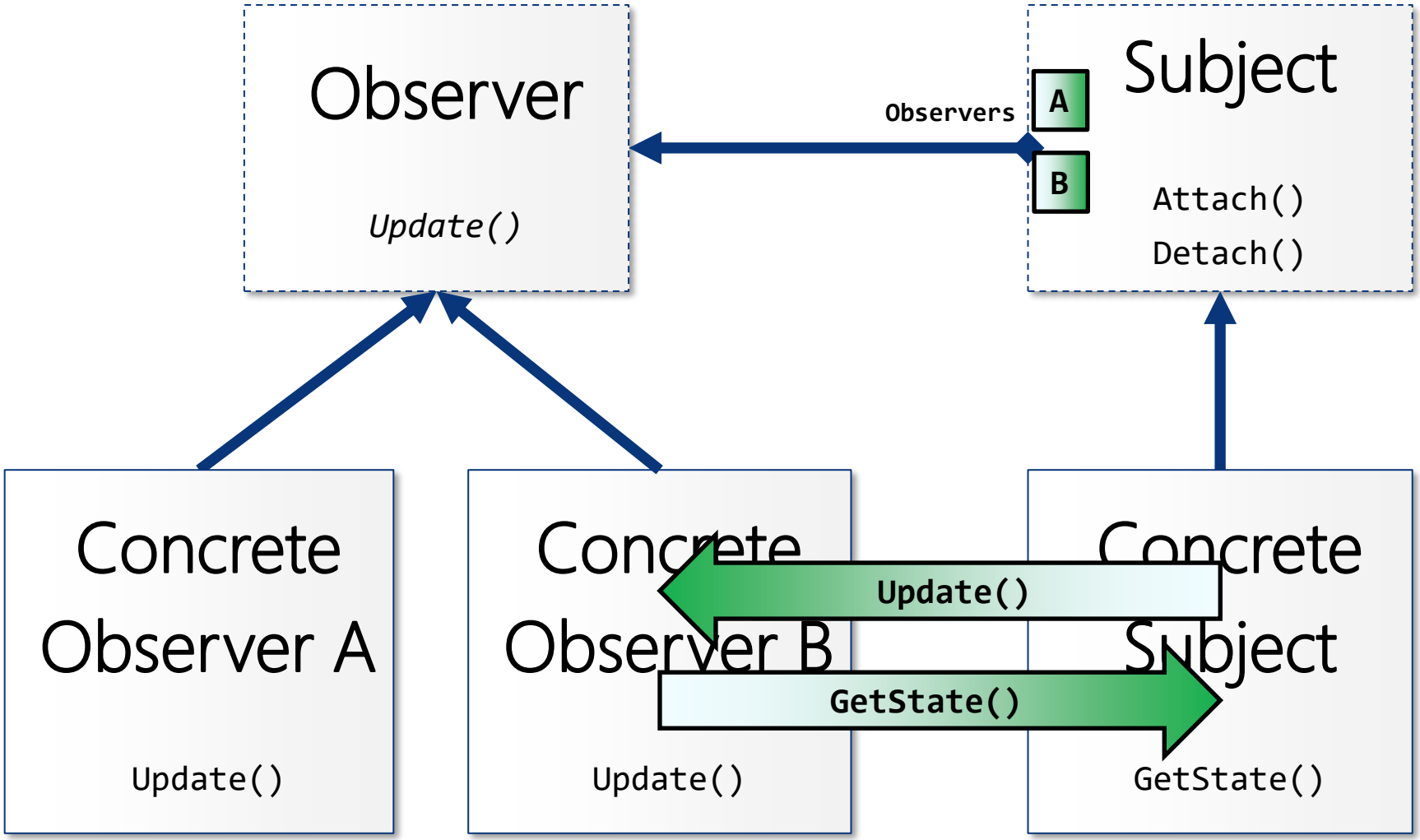
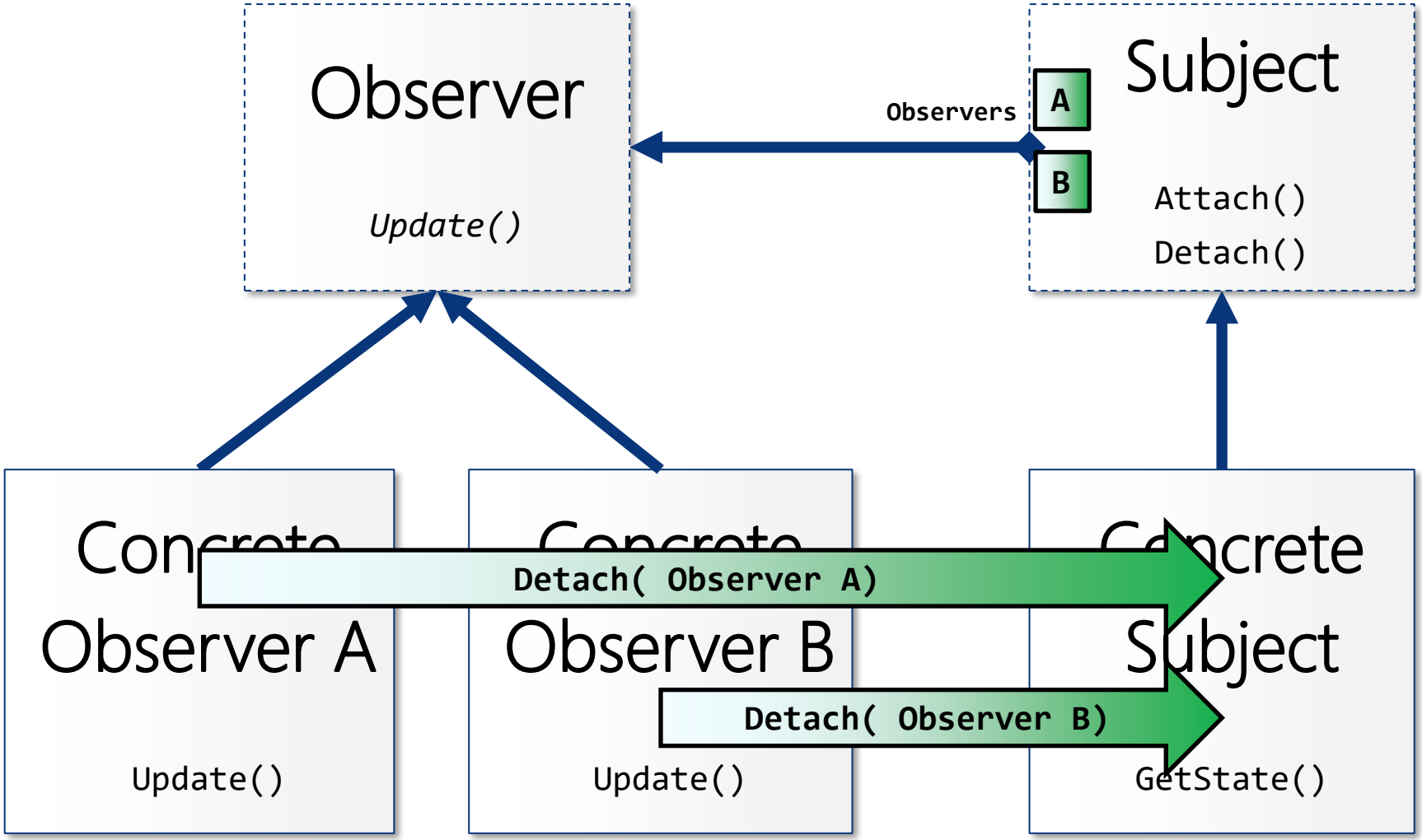
Original Observer (Update)



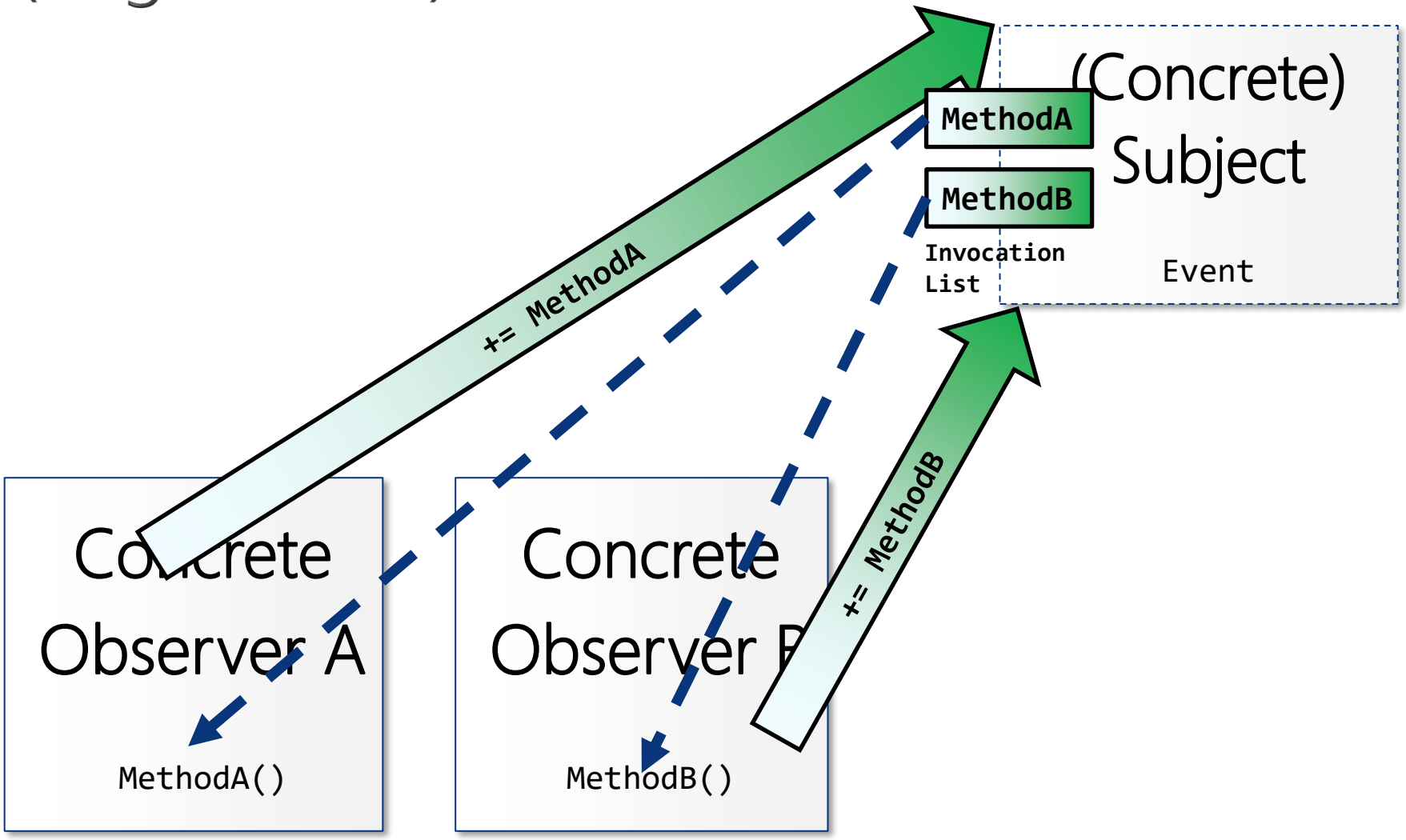
Original Observer Pattern (Update)



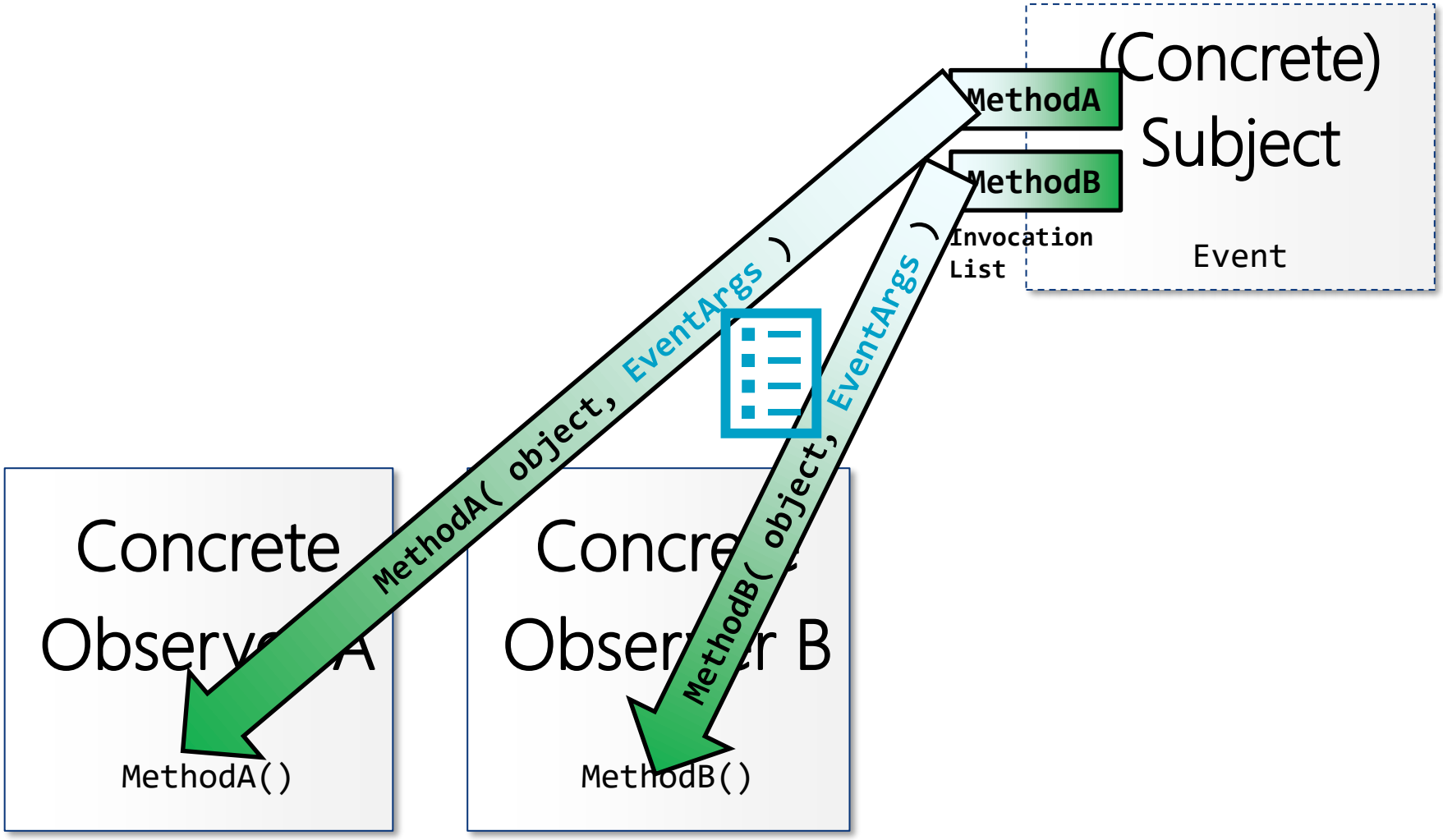
Original Observer (Deregistration)



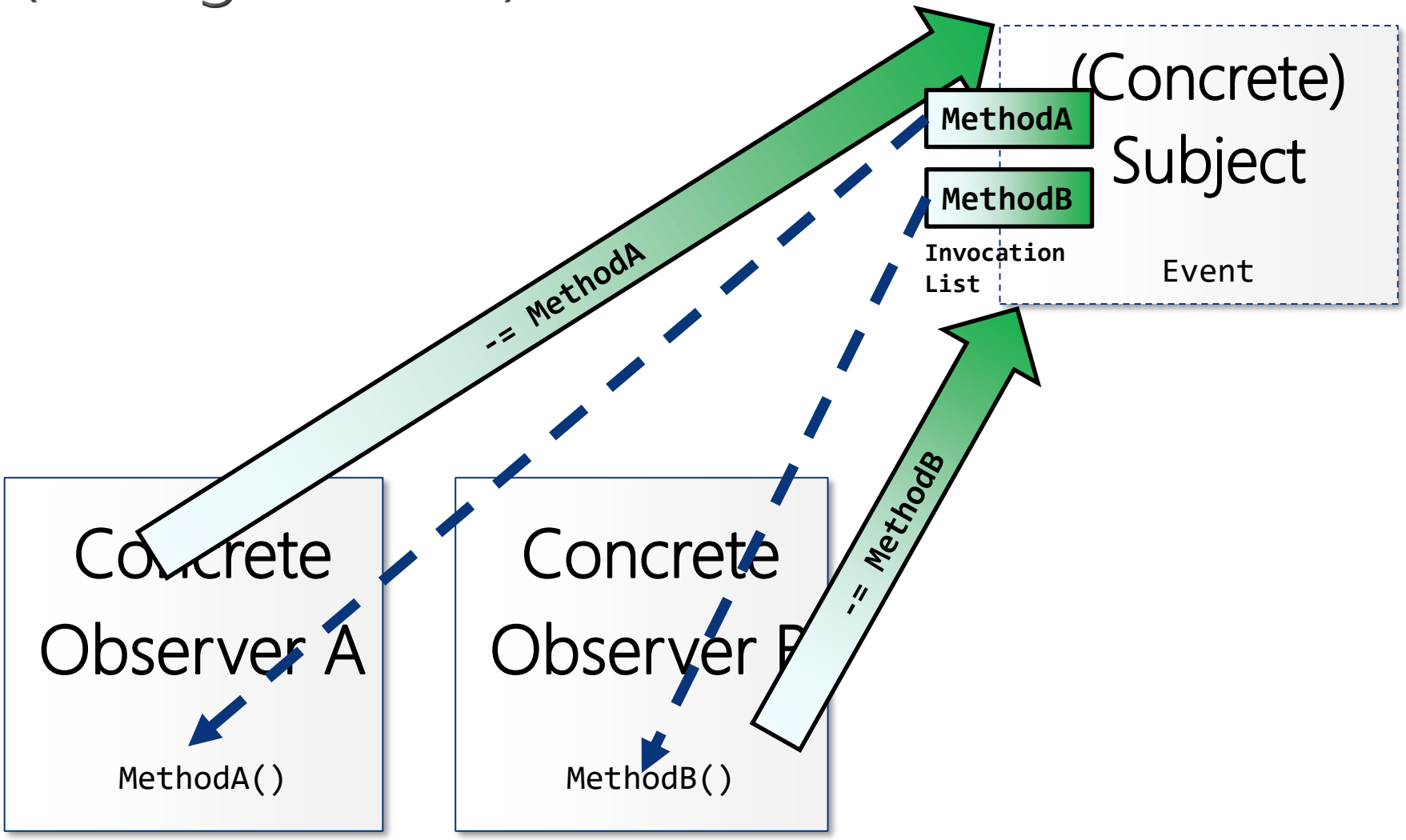
.NET Observer Pattern: Events (Registration)



.NET Observer Pattern: Events (Update)



.NET Observer Pattern: Events (Deregistration)



Overview of Observer Pattern

- (Concrete) Subject
  - Class with event **`Event`** defined
    - Specifies **`EventArgs`** class with state
  - Raises event when there is new state (**`EventArgs`** object) to notify observers

- Concrete Observer
  - Concrete class with **`Method()`** of same signature as **`Event`**
  - Registers with **`+=`**
  - Receives state from Subject through **`EventArgs`** object
  - Deregisters with **`-=`**

Pros and Cons of Observer

- Pros
  - Very easy to use
  - Supported by native syntax in C#
  - Used extensively throughout all of .NET
  - Much simpler, nicer, and cleaner than original Observer Pattern
  - Works elegantly with many-to-many relationships
- Cons
  - Danger of resource leaks
    - Consider deregistering observer! Maybe IDisposable? But…
    - Cannot deregister lambda expressions and anonymous methods
  - Be careful about multi-threading and serialization
  - No obvious way of propagating Subject errors to Observer

IObservable<T> and IObserver<T>

- More modern Observer Pattern interfaces were added in .NET 4.0 (See Lab 23.1)

```
public interface IObservable<out T>
{
    IDisposable Subscribe( IObserver<T> observer );
}
```

```
public interface IObserver<in T>
{
    void OnCompleted();
    void OnError( Exception error );
    void OnNext( T value );
}
```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