

Module 16:

"Template Method"



TEKNOLOGISK
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Agenda

- ▶ Introductory Example: Pretty Printing Objects
- ▶ Challenges
- ▶ Implementing the Template Method Pattern
- ▶ Pattern: Template Method
- ▶ Overview of Template Method Pattern
- ▶ Pros and Cons

Introductory Example: Pretty-printing Objects

```
class XmlPrettyPrinter
{
    public void PrintPreamble() =>
        Console.WriteLine(@"<?xml version=""1.0"" encoding=""UTF-8""?>");
    public void PrintBegin( string className ) =>
        Console.WriteLine($"<{className}>");
    public void PrintEnd( string className ) =>
        Console.WriteLine($"</{className}>");
    public void PrintProperty( string name, object value ) =>
        Console.WriteLine($"    <{name}>{value}</{name}>");
}
```

```
XmlPrettyPrinter pp = new XmlPrettyPrinter();
pp.PrintPreamble();
pp.PrintBegin(nameof(person));
foreach( ... ){ pp.PrintProperty(...); }
pp.PrintEnd(nameof(person));
```

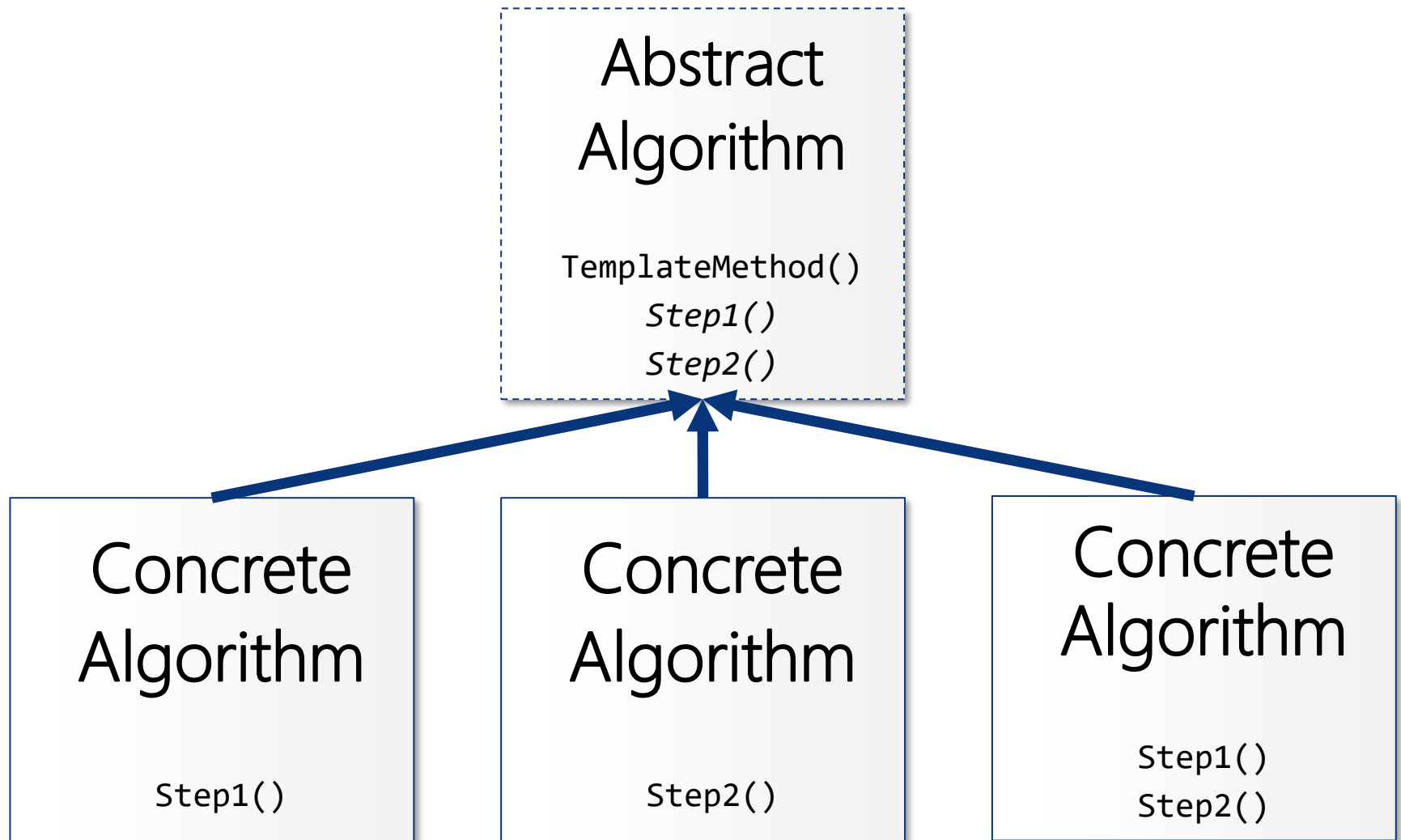
Challenges

- ▶ Do we have to repeat everything?
- ▶ What if we need to create, say, a JSON pretty-printer?

Pattern: Template Method

- ▶ *Define the skeleton of an algorithm in a method, deferring some steps to subclasses. Template Method lets subclasses redefine certain steps of an algorithm without changing the algorithm's structure.*
- ▶ Outline
 - Encapsulate general algorithm process in a template method
 - Use template method for multiple variations of same algorithm
 - Subclasses customize details of the individual steps
 - Base class template method always calls subclass methods
- ▶ Origin: Gang of Four

Overview of Template Method Pattern



Overview of Template Method Pattern

- ▶ Abstract Algorithm
 - Abstract base class for algorithm
 - Defines general algorithm flow in **TemplateMethod()**
 - Individual steps of the algorithm are available to be (re)defined in abstract or virtual **StepX()** methods

- ▶ Concrete Algorithm
 - Concrete subclass of Abstract Algorithm
 - (Re)defines any number of steps of the algorithm

Pros and Cons

► Pros

- Simple way to achieve adaptation of algorithm steps
- Satisfies the Open/Closed Principle nicely

► Cons

- Algorithm steps are somewhat rigidly fixed
- Use Inheritance instead of Composition
 - See Strategy Pattern



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