## Module 04:

"CQRS and Mediator"





# Agenda

- ▶ Introduction
- CQRS
- Mediator
- Mapping
- Summary



# CQS = Command Query Separation

- Coding principle concerning methods in imperative programming
  - A query
    - has return value
    - should never mutate state
  - A command
    - returns void
    - Is allowed to mutate state

```
class BookHandler
{
    public Book CreateBook(string title) { ... }
    public Book GetBookByTitle(string title) { ... }
    public IEnumerable<Book> GetAll() { ... }
}
```

```
class BookHandler
{
    public void CreateBook(string title) { ... }
    public Book GetBookByTitle(string title) { ... }
    public IEnumerable<Book> GetAll() { ... }
}
```





### CQRS = Command Query Responsibility Segregation

- Essentially the broader architectural pattern version of CQS
  - Separate Mutation/Write and Querying/Read
  - "Service per use-case" scenario will emerge

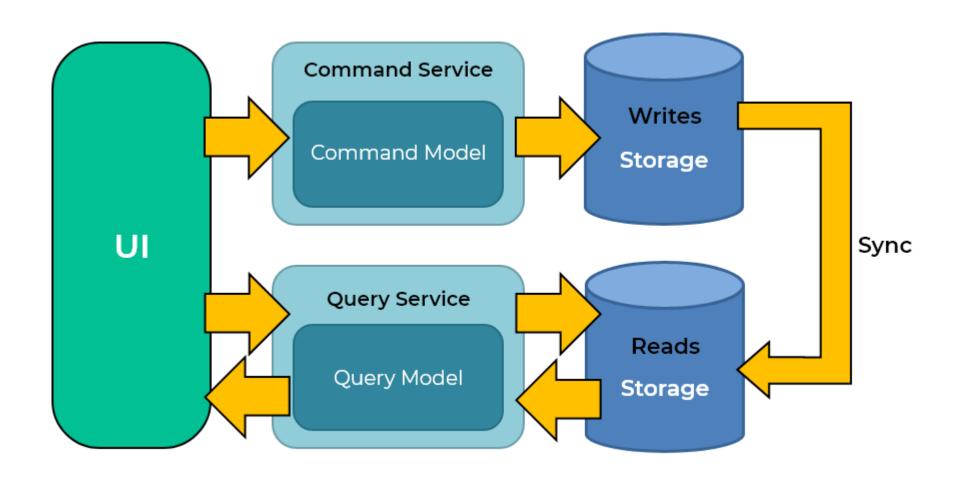
```
class BookCommandHandler
{
    public void CreateBook(string title) { ... }
}
```

```
class BookQueryHandler
{
    public Book GetBookByTitle(string title) { ... }
    public IEnumerable<Book> GetAll() { ... }
}
```





## CQRS in General



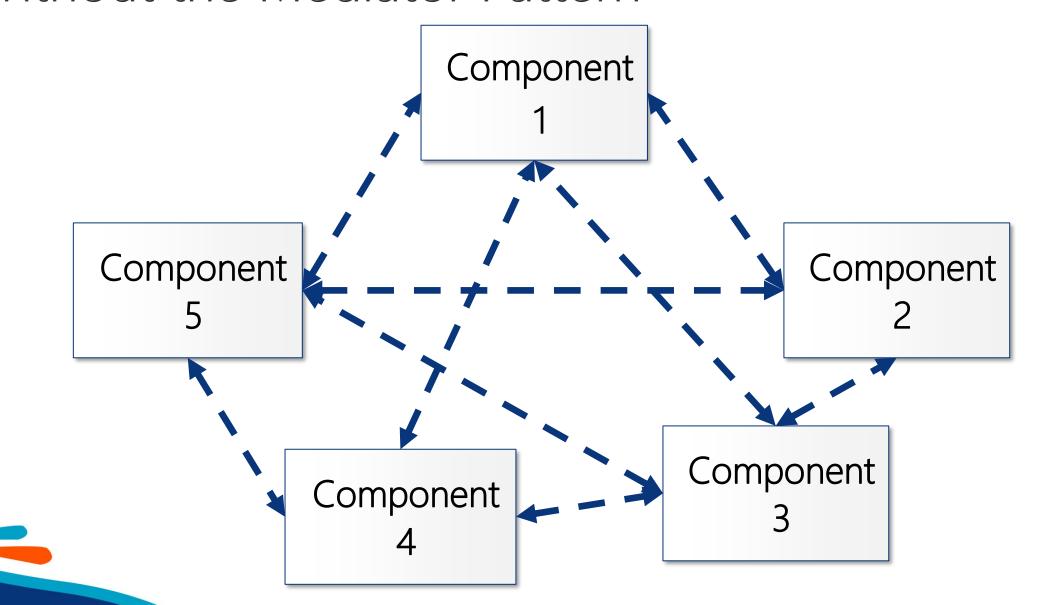


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### Without the Mediator Pattern





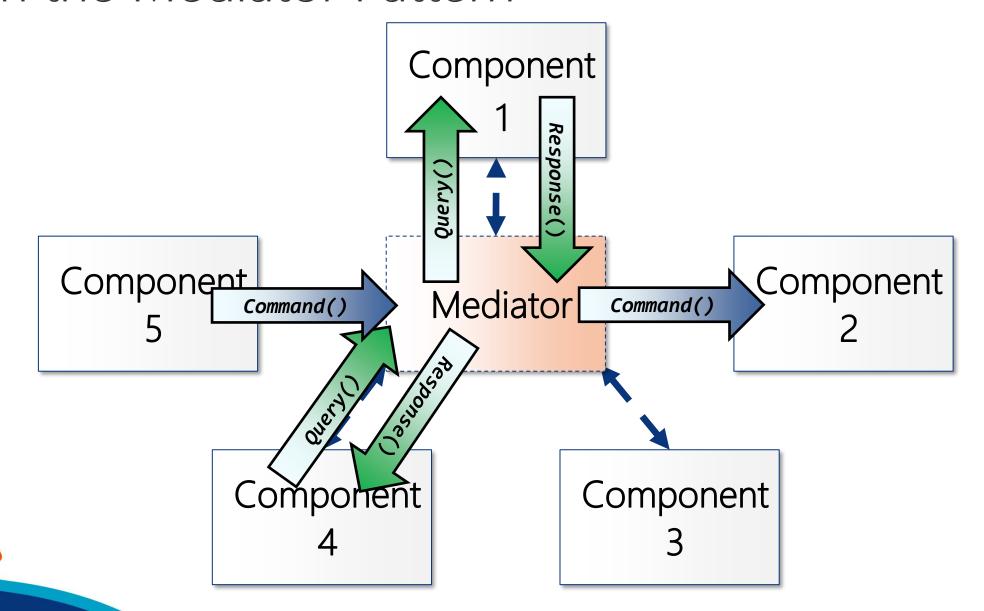
### Pattern: Mediator

- Define an object that encapsulates how a set of objects interact. Mediator promotes loose coupling by keeping objects from referring to each other explicitly, and it lets you vary their interactions independently.
- Outline
  - Define a separate object ("mediator") that encapsulates the interactions between objects
  - All objects interact with the mediator instead of interacting with each other directly
  - Objects have no explicit knowledge of other objects than the mediator
- Origin: Gang of Four





### With the Mediator Pattern





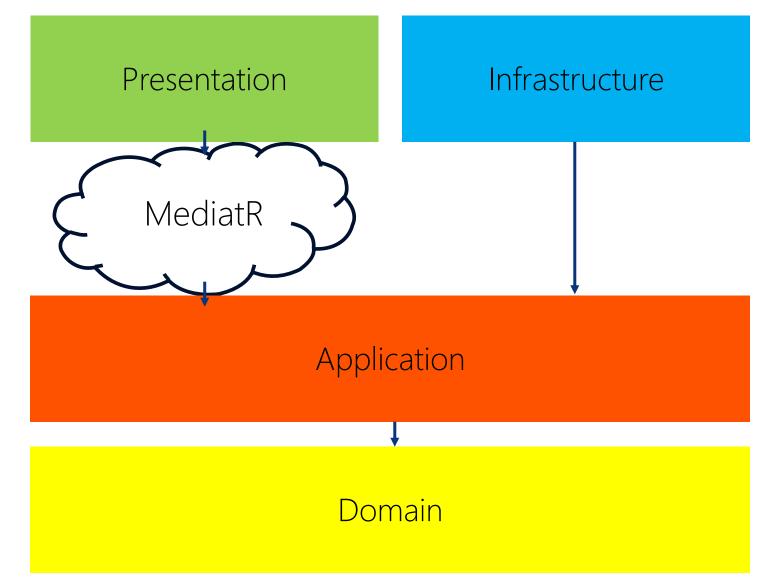
### MediatR

- Freely available nuget package
  - <a href="https://github.com/jbogard/MediatR/wiki">https://github.com/jbogard/MediatR/wiki</a>
- Handles two kinds of messages
  - Request/Response messages
    - Dispatched to a single handler
  - Notification messages
    - Dispatched to multiple handlers





# The Big Picture





#### MediatR Basics

▶ Define components for Request, Response, and RequestHandler

```
public record class Ping : IRequest<string>
{
}
```

```
public class PingHandler : IRequestHandler<Ping, string>
{
   return Task.FromResult("Pong");
}
```

▶ Activate through **IMediator** instance

```
string response = await mediator.Send(new Ping());
Debug.WriteLine(response); // "Pong"
```



## MediatR Registrations

Works seamlessly with IServiceCollection

```
services.AddMediatR(cfg =>
{
    cfg.RegisterServicesFromAssembly(typeof(Program).Assembly);
});
```

- Registers
  - IMediator (and ISender) as transients
  - **IRequestHandler<, >** as transients

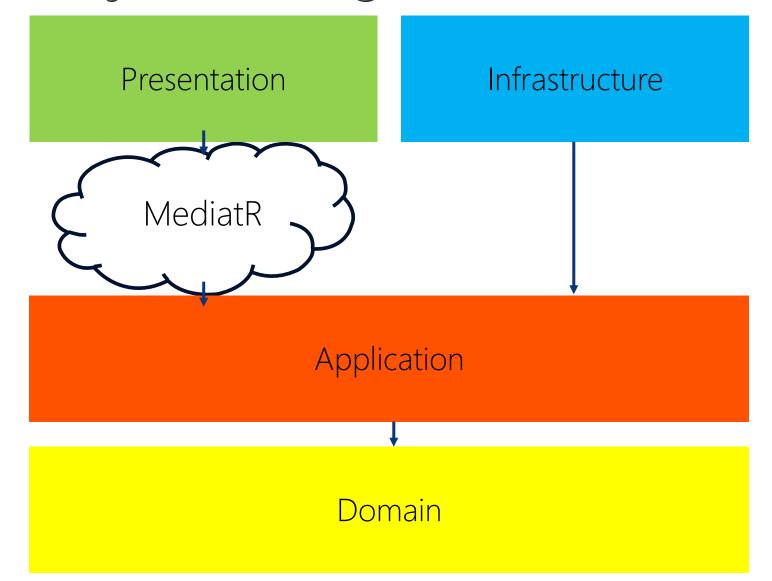


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## Beware of Object Leaking!





## The Mapping Controversy

- There are many mapping tools
  - Automapper
  - Mapster
  - •
- But don't use these!
- Instead write explicit mapping code
  - Constructors
  - Extension Methods
  - Operators



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