

Module 02:

"Abstract Factory"



TEKNOLOGISK
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Agenda

- ▶ Introductory Example: Devices for New Employees
- ▶ Challenges
- ▶ Implementing the Abstract Factory Pattern
- ▶ Pattern: Abstract Factory
- ▶ Overview of Abstract Factory
- ▶ Variations and Related Patterns

Introductory Example: Devices for New Employees

```
class Iphone13
{
    public int MemoryGb { get; }
    ...
}
```

```
class Ipad
{
    public string Version { get; }
    public double ScreenSize { get; }
    ...
}
```

```
Iphone7 phone = new Iphone13(128);
phone.Call("+45 12345678");
```

```
Ipad tablet = new Ipad("Air", 10.9);
tablet.PowerOn();
tablet.PowerOff();
```

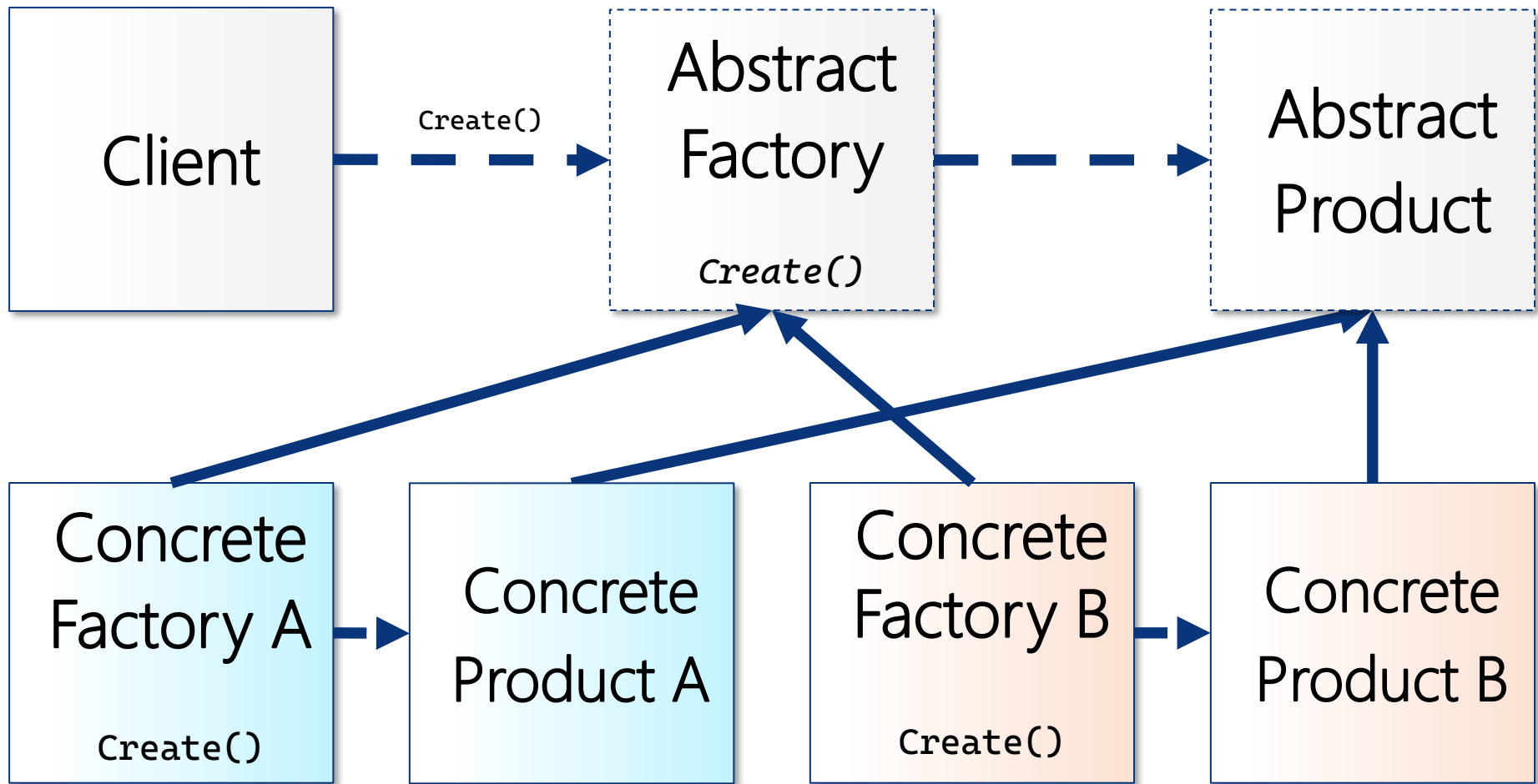
Challenges

- ▶ How do we isolate clients from concrete classes and rely only on general interfaces (or general classes)?
- ▶ We don't want the New Employee Enrollment or other HR processes to require change whenever a new edition of a device emerges!
- ▶ How do we ensure that clients create object correctly?
- ▶ What if the company decides to change it's device vendor?

Pattern: Abstract Factory

- ▶ *Provide an interface for creating families of related or dependent objects without specifying their concrete classes.*
- ▶ Outline
 - Encapsulate object creation in a factory object.
 - Define an interface (abstract factory) for creating objects
 - Implement that interface in concrete classes
 - Classes do not instantiate objects directly but delegate object creation to factory
- ▶ Origin: Gang of Four

Overview of Abstract Factory Pattern



Overview of Abstract Factory Pattern

- ▶ Client
 - Only depends upon Abstract Factory and Abstract Product
- ▶ Abstract Factory
 - Interface for object creation operations such as abstract **Create()**
- ▶ Concrete Factory
 - Concrete class implementing the Abstract Factory interface for creating Concrete Product objects in **Create()**
- ▶ Abstract Product
 - Interface or abstract class specifying a generalized product (or products)
- ▶ Concrete Product
 - Concrete class implementing the Abstract Product interface

Variations and Related Patterns

- ▶ Each factory can create any number of products
 - **CreateXxx()**
 - **CreateYyy()**
- ▶ **Create()**
 - can optionally be supplied a product context parameter
 - can make use of the Builder Pattern
 - description parameter or type name might be employed
- ▶ Abstract Factory Pattern
 - Is often confused or combined with Factory Method Pattern



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