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FILE: μJPEG - C Header
NAME: ujpeg.h
DATE: 2018/01/12
TIME: 11:00:01
// uJPEG (MicroJPEG) -- KeyJ's Small Baseline JPEG Decoder
// based on NanoJPEG -- KeyJ's Tiny Baseline JPEG Decoder
// version 1.2 (2012-02-19)
// by Martin J. Fiedler <martin.fiedler@gmx.net>
//
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//
//
     modified code.
//
// This is a minimal decoder for baseline JPEG images. It accepts JPEG files as
// input and generates either 8-bit grayscale or packed 24-bit RGB images as
// output. It does not fully parse JFIF or Exif headers; all JPEG files
// are assumed to be either grayscale or YCbCr. CMYK or other color spaces are
// not supported. All YCbCr subsampling schemes with power-of-two ratios are
// supported, as are restart intervals. Progressive or lossless JPEG is not
// supported.
// Summed up, uJPEG should be able to decode all images from digital cameras
// and most common forms of other non-progressive JPEG images.
//
// The decoder is not optimized for speed, it's optimized for simplicity and
// small code. Image quality should be at a reasonable level. A bicubic chroma
// upsampling filter ensures that subsampled YCbCr images are rendered in
// decent quality. If Exif information is present, uJPEG automatically detects
// whether centered or co-sited chroma sample positioning is used.
//
// The decoder offers only a minimal amount of error resilience. If anything is
// wrong with the image's headers, it will reject the complete image. If
// there's an error within the coefficient bitstream, the decoder will stop
// decoding at the error position and leave the remainder of the image gray.
// The code should work with every modern C compiler without problems and
// should not emit any warnings. It uses only (at least) 32-bit integer
// arithmetic and is supposed to be endianness independent, 64-bit clean and
// thread-safe. It uses no external libraries except the C runtime (libc).
#ifndef _UJPEG_H_
#define _UJPEG_H_
// result codes for ujDecode()
typedef enum _uj_result {
                   = 0, // no error, decoding successful
   UJ_NO_CONTEXT = 1, // called uj^* function without image handle UJ_NOT_DECODED = 2, // image has not yet been decoded
   UJ_INVALID_ARG = 3
                        // invalid argument
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   UJ_IO_ERROR
                  = 4, // file I/O error
   UJ_OUT_OF_MEM = 5, // out of memory
                  = 6, // not a JPEG file
   UJ_NO_JPEG
   UJ_UNSUPPORTED = 7, // unsupported format
   UJ_SYNTAX_ERROR = 8, // syntax error
   UJ_INTERNAL_ERR = 9, // internal error
    __UJ_FINISHED
                       // used internally, will never be reported
} ujResult;
// plane (color component) structure
typedef struct _uj_plane {
   int width;
                          // visible width
   int height;
                          // visible height
                          // line size in bytes
   int stride;
   unsigned char *pixels; // pixel data
} ujPlane;
// C INTERFACE
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif
// data type for uJPEG image handles
typedef void* ujImage;
// return the error code of the last uJPEG operation
extern ujResult ujGetError(void);
// create a uJPEG image context
extern ujImage ujCreate(void);
// tell the context not to decode image data (only parse headers)
extern void ujDisableDecoding(ujImage img);
// tell the context whether which chroma upsampling mode to use
#define UJ_CHROMA_MODE_FAST 1 // low-quality pixel repetition (fast)
#define UJ_CHROMA_MODE_ACCURATE 0 // accurate bicubic upsampling (slower)
#define UJ_CHROMA_MODE_DEFAULT 0 // default mode: accurate
extern void ujSetChromaMode(ujImage img, int mode);
// decode a JPEG image from memory
// img: the handle to the uJPEG image to decode to;
        if it is NULL, a new instance will be created
// jpeg: a pointer to the JPEG image file in memory
// size: the size of the JPEG image file in memory
// returns the image handle on success or NULL on failure; use ujGetError to
// get a more detailed error description
extern ujImage ujDecode(ujImage img, const void* jpeg, const int size);
// decode a JPEG image from a file
// img: the handle to the uJPEG image to decode to;
        if it is NULL, a new instance will be created
//
// filename: the name of the file to load
// returns the image handle on success or NULL on failure; use ujGetError to
// get a more detailed error description
extern ujImage ujDecodeFile(ujImage img, const char* filename);
// determine whether a picture has been successfully decoded
extern int ujIsValid(ujImage img);
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// determine the dimensions of a decoded picture
extern int ujGetWidth(ujImage img);
extern int ujGetHeight(ujImage img);
// determine whether a decoded picture is grayscale (0) or color (1)
extern int ujIsColor(ujImage img);
// determine the amount of memory required to hold a decoded and converted
// picture
extern int ujGetImageSize(ujImage img);
// retrieve a pointer to the internal buffer of a decoded plane
// num is the plane number: 0 = Y (luminance), 1 = Cb, 2 = Cr.
// returns a pointer or NULL in case of failure
extern ujPlane* ujGetPlane(ujImage img, int num);
// retrieve decoded and converted picture
// If called with dest == NULL, uJPEG will create an internal buffer to hold
// the decoded and converted picture and returns the pointer to this buffer.
// If called with dest != NULL, uJPEG will convert the image into a user-
// supplied buffer and return the address of that buffer.
// This function can be called with dest=NULL multiple times without performance
// penalty.
// If conversion failed, this function returns NULL; use ujGetError to get a
// more detailed error description.
extern unsigned char* ujGetImage(ujImage img, unsigned char* dest);
// destroy a uJPEG image handle
extern void ujDestroy(ujImage img);
// destroy a uJPEG image handle and make the handle variable unusable
// (preferred to ujDestroy)
#define ujFree(img) do { ujDestroy(img); img = NULL; } while (0)
#ifdef __cplusplus
#endif
// C++ INTERFACE
#ifdef __cplusplus
class uJPEG {
public:
   uJPEG()
                                               { img = ujCreate(); }
   virtual ~uJPEG()
                                               { ujFree(img); }
   static ujResult getError()
                                               { return ujGetError(); }
   void disableDecoding()
                                               { ujDisableDecoding(img); }
   void setChromaMode(int mode)
                                               { ujSetChromaMode(img, mode); }
   bool decode(const void* jpeg, const int size) { return ujDecode(img, jpeg, size) !=
NULL; }
   bool decodeFile(const char* filename)
                                               { return ujDecodeFile(img, filename)
!= NULL; }
   bool isValid()
                                               { return (ujIsValid(img) != 0); }
   bool good()
                                               { return isValid(); }
   bool bad()
                                               { return !isValid(); }
   int getWidth()
                                               { return ujGetWidth(img); }
   int getHeight()
                                               { return ujGetHeight(img); }
   bool isColor()
                                               { return (ujIsColor(img) != 0); }
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                                            { return ujGetImageSize(img); }
   int getImageSize()
                                            { return ujGetPlane(img, num); }
   ujPlane* getPlane(int num)
   const unsigned char* getImage()
                                            { return ujGetImage(img, NULL); }
                                            { return ujGetImage(img, dest) != NUL
   bool getImage(unsigned char* dest)
L; }
private:
   ujImage img;
};
#endif//__cplusplus
#endif//_UJPEG_H_
END OF FILE \hat{1}^{1}_{4}JPEG - C Header
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