

3.14 Speaker

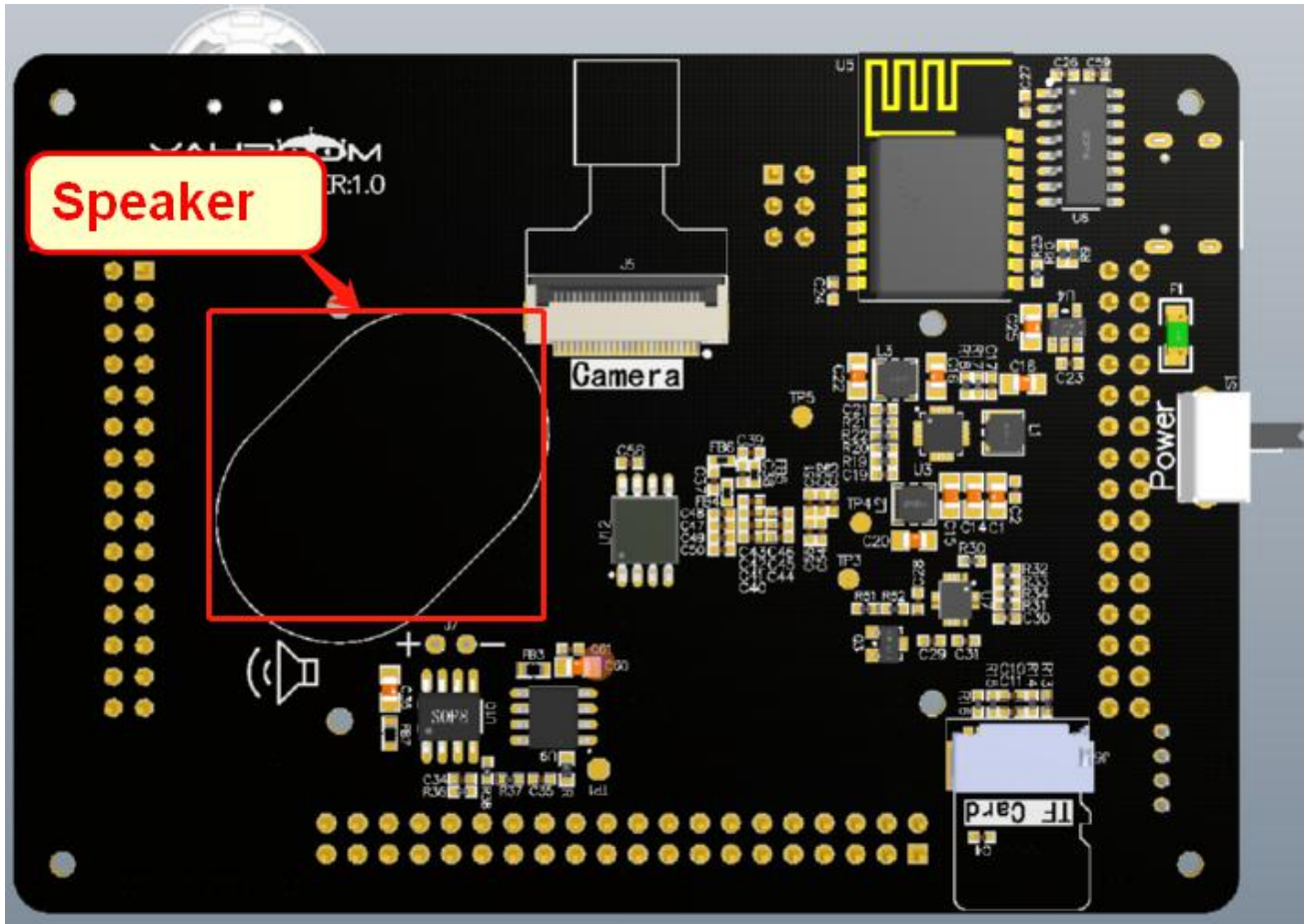
1. Experiment purpose

In this lesson, we will focus on how to make K210 play PCM audio data through I2S.

2.Experiment preparation

2.1 components

Speaker



2.2 Component characteristics

K210 development board has already welded the power amplifier and speaker by default.

The function of the power amplifier is to amplify the weak signal of the sound source, then make the speaker to sound. The power amplifier communicates with the K210 chip through the I2S protocol.

I2S bus is specially used for data transmission between audio devices, and it uses a synchronous serial communication interface.

There are 3 audio buses built in the integrated circuit (I²S0, I²S1, I²S2), all in MASTER mode.

There are some common features:

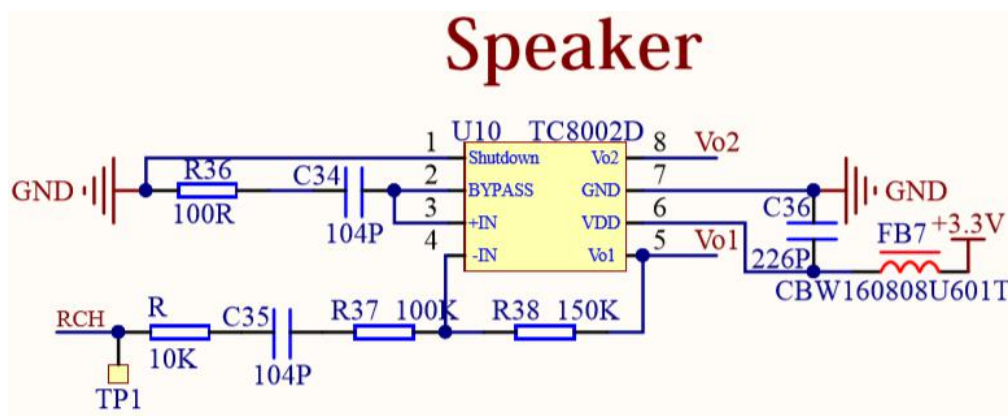
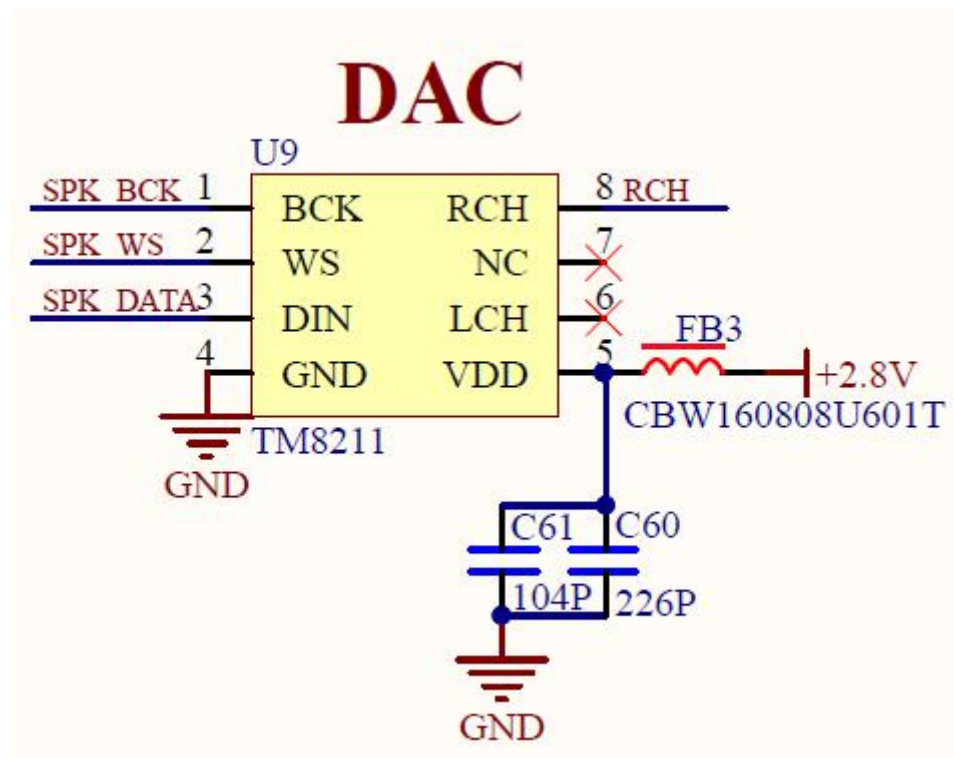
- The bus width can be configured as 8, 16, and 32 bits
- Each interface supports up to 4 stereo channels
- Due to the independence of the transmitter and receiver, full-duplex communication is supported

- Asynchronous clock of APB bus and I²S SCLK
- Audio data resolution is 12, 16, 20, 24 and 32 bits
- I²S0 transmit FIFO depth is 64 bytes, receive 8 bytes, I²S1 and I²S2 transmit and receive FIFO depth are both 8 bytes
- Support DMA transfer
- Programmable FIFO threshold

2.3 Hardware connection

K210 development board has already welded the speaker by default. SPK_WS connect IO30, SPK_DATA connect IO31, SPK_BCK connect IO32.

IO 30	SPK WS	B5	IO_30
IO 31	SPK DATA	A5	IO_31
IO 32	SPK BCK	B4	IO_32



2.4 SDK API function

The header file is **i2s.h**

I2S standard bus defines three types of signals: clock signal BCK, channel selection signal WS and serial data signal SD.

A basic I2S data bus has a master and a slave. The roles of master and slave remain unchanged during the communication process. The I2S module contains independent transmit and receive channels to ensure excellent communication performance.

We will provide following interfaces to users:

- i2s_init: Initialize the I2S device, set the receive or transmit mode, and channel mask.
- i2s_send_data_dma: I2S send data.
- i2s_recv_data_dma: I2S receive data.
- i2s_rx_channel_config: Set the receiving channel parameters.
- i2s_tx_channel_config: Set the sending channel parameters.
- i2s_play: send PCM data, such as playing music
- i2s_set_sample_rate: Set the sampling rate.
- i2s_set_dma_divide_16: set dma_divide_16, set dma_divide_16 for 16-bit data, and automatically divide the 32-bit INT32 data into two 16-bit left and right channel data during DMA transmission.
- i2s_get_dma_divide_16: Get the value of dma_divide_16. Used to determine whether to set dma_divide_16.
- i2s_handle_data_dma: I2S transfers data through DMA.

3. Experimental principle

I2S possess 3 main signals:

- 1) Serial clock SCLK, it also called bit clock (BCLK), corresponds to each bit of digital audio data, SCLK has 1 pulse. $SCLK \text{ frequency} = 2 \times \text{sampling frequency} \times \text{number of sampling bits}$.
- 2) The frame clock LRCK is used to switch the data of the left and right channels. LRCK is "1", which means that the data of the left channel is being transmitted, LRCK is "-1", which means that the data of the right channel is being transmitted. The frequency of LRCK is equal to the sampling frequency.
- 3) Serial data SDATA is audio data expressed in twos complement.

4. Experiment procedure

4.1 According to the above hardware connection pin diagram, K210 hardware pins and software functions use FPIOA mapping relationship.

```

#ifndef _PIN_CONFIG_H_
#define _PIN_CONFIG_H_
/*****HEAR-FILE*****/
#include "fpioa.h"

/*****HARDWARE-PIN*****/
//Hardware IO port, corresponding Schematic
#define PIN_SPK_WS      (30)
#define PIN_SPK_DATA    (31)
#define PIN_SPK_BCK     (32)

/*****SOFTWARE-GPIO*****/
//Software GPIO port, corresponding program

/*****FUNC-GPIO*****/
//Function of GPIO port, bound to hardware IO po
#define FUNC_SPK_WS      FUNC_I2S2_WS
#define FUNC_SPK_DATA    FUNC_I2S2_OUT_D0
#define FUNC_SPK_BCK     FUNC_I2S2_SCLK

```

```

void hardware_init(void)
{
    /*
    ** SPK_WS---IO30
    ** SPK_DATA---IO31
    ** SPK_BCK---IO32
    */
    fpioa_set_function(PIN_SPK_WS, FUNC_SPK_WS);
    fpioa_set_function(PIN_SPK_DATA, FUNC_SPK_DATA);
    fpioa_set_function(PIN_SPK_BCK, FUNC_SPK_BCK);
}

```

4.2 Set the system clock frequency. Since the Uarths 'clock is from PLL0, it is necessary to re-initialize the following Uarths after setting PLL0, otherwise printf may print confusing code.

```

/* set the system clock frequency */
sysctl_pll_set_freq(SYSCTL_PLL0, 320000000UL);
sysctl_pll_set_freq(SYSCTL_PLL1, 160000000UL);
sysctl_pll_set_freq(SYSCTL_PLL2, 45158400UL);
uarths_init();

```

4.3 Initialize I2S, the third parameter is to set the channel mask, channel 0: 0x03, channel 1: 0x0C, channel 2: 0x30, channel 3: 0xC0

```

/* Initialize I2S, the third parameter is to set the c
i2s_init(I2S_DEVICE_2, I2S_TRANSMITTER, 0x03);

```


4.4 Set the parameters of I2S sending data channel 0, receive data bit 16bit, single clock data bit 32, DMA trigger FIFO depth is 4, working mode is right channel.

```
/* Set the channel parameters of I2S sending data*/
i2s_tx_channel_config(
    I2S_DEVICE_2, /* I2S device number*/
    I2S_CHANNEL_0, /* I2S channel */
    RESOLUTION_16_BIT, /* Number of data received */
    SCLK_CYCLES_32, /* Number of single data clocks */
    TRIGGER_LEVEL_4, /* FIFO depth when DMA is triggered*/
    RIGHT_JUSTIFYING_MODE); /* work mode/
```

4.5 i2s plays music, it needs to use a DMA channel.

```
/* Play the music once. If you need to play it again, please press
i2s_play(
    I2S_DEVICE_2, /* I2S device number*/
    DMAC_CHANNEL0, /* DMA channel number */
    (uint8_t *)test_pcm, /* Playback of PCM data */
    sizeof(test_pcm), /* Length of PCM data */
    1024, /* Single delivery quantity */
    16, /* Single sampling bit width */
    2); /* Track number */
```

4.6 while(1) loop, Play the music once. If you need to play it again, please press the reset button.

```
while (1);
return 0;
```

4.7 Compile and debug, burn and run

Copy the sdcard to the src directory in the SDK.

Then, enter the build directory and run the following command to compile.

```
cmake .. -DPROJ=play_pcm -G "MinGW Makefiles"
make
```

```
[ 97%] Building C object CMakeFiles/play_pcm.dir/src/play_pcm/main.c.obj
[100%] Linking C executable play_pcm
Generating .bin file ...
[100%] Built target play_pcm
PS C:\K210\SDK\kendryte-standalone-sdk-develop\build>
```

After the compilation is complete, the **play_pcm.bin** file will be generated in the build folder.

We need to use the type-C data cable to connect the computer and the K210 development board. Open kflash, select the corresponding device, and then burn the **play_pcm.bin** file to the K210 development board.

5. Experimental phenomenon

K210 development board plays the music once and then stops. When you need to play the music again, please press the reset button of the K210 development board.

6. Experiment summary

6.1 Speaker does not directly receive the K210 chip data. The signal is amplified by the power amplifier after DAC conversion, and finally the signal received by the speaker.

6.2 The speaker needs to use DMA channel to play music.

6.3 I2S is a protocol dedicated to sound transmission, only need three wires to transmit music data.

Appendix -- API

i2s_init

Description: Initialize I2S.

Function prototype: **void i2s_init(i2s_device_number_t device_num, i2s_transmit_t rtxx_mode, uint32_t channel_mask)**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input
rtxx_mode	Receive or send mode	Input
channel_mask	Channel mask	Input

Return value: No

i2s_send_data_dma

Description: I2S send data

Function prototype: **void i2s_send_data_dma(i2s_device_number_t device_num, const void *buf, size_t buf_len, dmac_channel_number_t channel_num)**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input
buf	send data address	Input
buf_len	length of data	Input
channel_num	DMA channel number	Input

Return value: No

i2s_recv_data_dma

Description: I2S receive data

Function prototype: **void i2s_recv_data_dma(i2s_device_number_t device_num, uint32_t *buf, size_t buf_len, dmac_channel_number_t channel_num)**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input
buf	Receive data address	Output
buf_len	length of data	Input
channel_num	DMA channel number	Input

Return value: No

i2s_rx_channel_config

Description: Set the receiving channel parameters.

Function prototype: **void i2s_rx_channel_config(i2s_device_number_t device_num, i2s_channel_num_t channel_num, i2s_word_length_t word_length, i2s_word_select_cycles_t word_select_size, i2s_fifo_threshold_t trigger_level, i2s_work_mode_t word_mode)**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input
channel_num	Channel number	Input
word_length	Number of received data	Output
word_select_size	Number of single data clocks	Input
trigger_level	FIFO depth when DMA trigger	Input
word_mode	Working mode	Input

Return value: No

i2s_tx_channel_config

Description: Set the sending channel parameters.

Function prototype: **void i2s_tx_channel_config(i2s_device_number_t device_num, i2s_channel_num_t channel_num, i2s_word_length_t word_length, i2s_word_select_cycles_t word_select_size, i2s_fifo_threshold_t trigger_level, i2s_work_mode_t word_mode)**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input
channel_num	Channel number	Input
word_length	Number of received data	Output
word_select_size	Number of single data clocks	Input
trigger_level	FIFO depth when DMA trigger	Input
word_mode	Working mode	Input

Return value: No

i2s_play

Description: Send PCM data, such as, play music

Function prototype: **void i2s_play(i2s_device_number_t device_num, dmact_channel_number_t channel_num, const uint8_t *buf, size_t buf_len, size_t frame, size_t bits_per_sample, uint8_t track_num)**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input
channel_num	Channel number	Input
buf	PCM data	Input
buf_len	Length of PCM data	Input
frame	Number of single sending	Input
bits_per_sample	Single sampling bit width	Input
track_num	Number of channels	Input

Return value: No

i2s_set_sample_rate

Description: Set the sampling rate.

Function prototype: **uint32_t i2s_set_sample_rate(i2s_device_number_t device_num, uint32_t sample_rate)**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input
sample_rate	Sampling rate	Input

Return value: The actual sampling rate.

i2s_set_dma_divide_16

Description: Set dma_divide_16, set dma_divide_16 for 16-bit data, and automatically divide the 32-bit INT32 data into two 16-bit left and right channel data during DMA transmission.

Function prototype: **int i2s_set_dma_divide_16(i2s_device_number_t device_num, uint32_t enable)**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input
enable	0-disable 1-enable	Input

Return value:

Return value	Description
0	Successful
!0	Failure

i2s_get_dma_divide_16

Description: Gets the dma_divide_16 value, which used to determine if dma_divide_16 needs to be set.

Function prototype: **int i2s_get_dma_divide_16(i2s_device_number_t device_num)**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input

Return value:

Return value	Description
1	enable
0	disable
<0	Failure

i2s_handle_data_dma

Description: I2S transfers data through DMA.

Function prototype: **void i2s_handle_data_dma(i2s_device_number_t device_num, i2s_data_t data, plic_interrupt_t *cb);**

Parameter:

Parameter name	Description	Input/Output
device_num	I2S number	Input
data	I2S data related parameters	Input
cb	DMA interrupt callback function, if it is set to NULL, it is in blocking mode, and the function exits after the transmission is completed	Input

Return value: No

Eg:

```
/* I2S0 channel 0 is set as the receiving channel, receiving 16-bit data, transmitting 32 clocks at a
time, FIFO depth is 4, standard mode. Receive 8 sets of data*/
/* I2S2 channel 1 is set as the sending channel, sending 16-bit data, single transmission 32 clocks,
FIFO depth is 4, right-justified mode. Send 8 sets of data*/
uint32_t buf[8];
i2s_init(I2S_DEVICE_0, I2S_RECEIVER, 0x3);
i2s_init(I2S_DEVICE_2, I2S_TRANSMITTER, 0xC);
i2s_rx_channel_config(I2S_DEVICE_0, I2S_CHANNEL_0, RESOLUTION_16_BIT, SCLK_CYCLES_32,
TRIGGER_LEVEL_4, STANDARD_MODE);
i2s_tx_channel_config(I2S_DEVICE_2, I2S_CHANNEL_1, RESOLUTION_16_BIT, SCLK_CYCLES_32,
TRIGGER_LEVEL_4, RIGHT_JUSTIFYING_MODE);
i2s_recv_data_dma(I2S_DEVICE_0, rx_buf, 8, DMAC_CHANNEL1);
i2s_send_data_dma(I2S_DEVICE_2, buf, 8, DMAC_CHANNEL0);
```

Data type

The related data types and data structure are defined as follows:

i2s_device_number_t: I2S number.

i2s_channel_num_t: I2S channel number.

i2s_transmit_t: I2S transmit.

i2s_work_mode_t: I2S Working mode.
i2s_word_select_cycles_t: I2S single transmission clock number.
i2s_word_length_t: I2S transmission data bits
i2s_fifo_threshold_t: I2S FIFO depth.
i2s_data_t: Data related parameters during DMA transfer.
i2s_transfer_mode_t: I2S transfer mode.

i2s_device_number_t

Description: I2S number

Define

```
typedef enum _i2s_device_number
```

```
{
    I2S_DEVICE_0 = 0,
    I2S_DEVICE_1 = 1,
    I2S_DEVICE_2 = 2,
    I2S_DEVICE_MAX
```

```
} i2s_device_number_t;
```

member

Member name	Description
I2S_DEVICE_0	I2S 0
I2S_DEVICE_1	I2S 1
I2S_DEVICE_2	I2S 2

i2s_channel_num_t

Description: I2S channel number

Define

```
typedef enum _i2s_channel_num
```

```
{
    I2S_CHANNEL_0 = 0,
    I2S_CHANNEL_1 = 1,
    I2S_CHANNEL_2 = 2,
    I2S_CHANNEL_3 = 3
```

```
} i2s_channel_num_t;
```

member

Member name	Description
I2S_CHANNEL_0	I2S channel 0
I2S_CHANNEL_1	I2S channel 1
I2S_CHANNEL_2	I2S channel 2
I2S_CHANNEL_3	I2S channel 3

i2s_transmit_t

Description: I2S transmit mode

Define

typedef enum _i2s_transmit

```
{
    I2S_TRANSMITTER = 0,
    I2S_RECEIVER = 1
```

} i2s_transmit_t;

member

Member name	Description
I2S_TRANSMITTER	Sending mode
I2S_RECEIVER	Receiving mode

i2s_work_mode_t

Description: I2S working mode

Define

typedef enum _i2s_work_mode

```
{
    STANDARD_MODE = 1,
    RIGHT_JUSTIFYING_MODE = 2,
    LEFT_JUSTIFYING_MODE = 4
```

} i2s_work_mode_t;

member

Member name	Description
STANDARD_MODE	standard mode
RIGHT_JUSTIFYING_MODE	right justifying mode
LEFT_JUSTIFYING_MODE	left justifying mode

i2s_word_select_cycles_t

Description: I2S single transmission clock number

Define

typedef enum _word_select_cycles

```
{
    SCLK_CYCLES_16 = 0x0,
    SCLK_CYCLES_24 = 0x1,
    SCLK_CYCLES_32 = 0x2
```

} i2s_word_select_cycles_t;

member

Member name	Description
SCLK_CYCLES_16	16 clocks
SCLK_CYCLES_24	24 clocks
SCLK_CYCLES_32	32 clocks

i2s_word_length_t

Description: I2S transmits data bits.

Define

```
typedef enum _word_length
```

```
{
    IGNORE_WORD_LENGTH = 0x0,
    RESOLUTION_12_BIT = 0x1,
    RESOLUTION_16_BIT = 0x2,
    RESOLUTION_20_BIT = 0x3,
    RESOLUTION_24_BIT = 0x4,
    RESOLUTION_32_BIT = 0x5
}
```

```
} i2s_word_length_t;
```

member

Member name	Description
IGNORE_WORD_LENGTH	Ignore the length
RESOLUTION_12_BIT	12-bit data length
RESOLUTION_16_BIT	16-bit data length
RESOLUTION_20_BIT	20-bit data length
RESOLUTION_24_BIT	24-bit data length
RESOLUTION_32_BIT	32-bit data length

i2s_fifo_threshold_t

Description: I2S FIFO depth

Define

```
typedef enum _fifo_threshold
```

```
{
    /* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 1 */
    TRIGGER_LEVEL_1 = 0x0,
    /* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 2 */
    TRIGGER_LEVEL_2 = 0x1,
    /* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 3 */
    TRIGGER_LEVEL_3 = 0x2,
    /* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 4 */
    TRIGGER_LEVEL_4 = 0x3,
    /* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 5 */
    TRIGGER_LEVEL_5 = 0x4,
}
```

```

/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 6 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_6 = 0x5,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 7 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_7 = 0x6,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 8 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_8 = 0x7,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 9 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_9 = 0x8,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 10 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_10 = 0x9,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 11 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_11 = 0xa,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 12 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_12 = 0xb,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 13 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_13 = 0xc,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 14 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_14 = 0xd,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 15 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_15 = 0xe,
/* Interrupt trigger when FIFO level is 16 */
TRIGGER_LEVEL_16 = 0xf

```

```

} i2s_fifo_threshold_t;

```

member

Member name	Description
TRIGGER_LEVEL_1	1 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_2	2 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_3	3 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_4	4 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_5	5 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_6	6 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_7	7 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_8	8 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_9	9 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_10	10 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_11	11 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_12	12 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_13	13 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_14	14 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_15	15 byte FIFO depth
TRIGGER_LEVEL_16	16 byte FIFO depth

i2s_data_t

Description: Data related parameters during DMA transfer.

Define

```
typedef struct _i2s_data_t
{
    dmac_channel_number_t tx_channel;
    dmac_channel_number_t rx_channel;
    uint32_t *tx_buf;
    size_t tx_len;
    uint32_t *rx_buf;
    size_t rx_len;
    i2s_transfer_mode_t transfer_mode;
    bool nowait_dma_idle;
    bool wait_dma_done;
} i2s_data_t;
```

member

Member name	Description
tx_channel	The DMA channel number used when sending
rx_channel	The DMA channel number used when receive
tx_buf	Data sent
tx_len	Length of data sent
rx_buf	Data received
rx_len	Length of data received
transfer_mode	Transfer mode, send or receive
nowait_dma_idle	Whether to wait for the DMA channel to be free before DMA transfer
wait_dma_done	Whether to wait for the completion of the transfer after DMA transfer, if cb is not empty, this function is invalid

i2s_transfer_mode_t

Description: I2S transfer mode

Define

```
typedef enum _i2s_transfer_mode
{
    I2S_SEND,
    I2S_RECEIVE,
} i2s_transfer_mode_t;
```

member

Member name	Description
I2S_SEND	send
I2S_RECEIVE	software