

Categorical Conjectures.

Conj: $k = \mathbb{C}, \mathcal{E} = \mathbb{C}$

(dRISc)

$$\mathrm{DMod}(\mathrm{Bun}_G) \cong \mathrm{Ind}\mathrm{Coh}_{Nip}(LS_G)$$

What's $\mathrm{Ind}\mathrm{Coh}_{Nip}$? Why?

Fact: LS_G is singular.

$$\bullet \text{Ex: } X = \mathbb{P}^1, LS_{\mathbb{P}^1}(\mathbb{P}^1) = \mathbb{P}\tilde{\mathbb{G}}_m \times_{\mathbb{P}/\mathbb{G}_m} \mathbb{P}\tilde{\mathbb{G}}_m \quad \text{derived stack}$$

Why do we care about the derived structure?

$$\mathrm{DMod}(\mathrm{Bun}_G(\mathbb{P}^1)) = \mathrm{DMod}(\mathrm{G}(W)\backslash G(k)/G(W))$$

\oplus
 $\mathrm{Rep}(G)$ as ∞ -categories
(even triangulated categories)

For singular schemes / stacks, (\mathcal{O}_Y bounded)

$$\mathrm{Perf}(Y) \subsetneq \mathrm{Coh}(Y)$$

• Ex: $\mathrm{Spec} k[\epsilon], \deg \epsilon = -1$. then $k \in \mathrm{Coh}, k \notin \mathrm{Perf}$
 $(\dots A \xrightarrow{\epsilon} A \xrightarrow{\epsilon} A \rightarrow k)$

$$\mathrm{QCoh}(Y) \subsetneq \mathrm{Ind}\mathrm{Coh}(Y)$$

Y nice enough. "

$$\mathrm{Ind}\mathrm{Perf}(Y)$$

There are categories between Perf and Coh

$$\mathrm{Sing}(Y) = \mathrm{Spec}_Y(\underline{H^i(T(Y))}) \quad T^*(\mathbb{C}^n Y)$$

if Y smooth.

For any $F \in \mathrm{Coh}(Y)$, can define conical $\mathrm{Supp}(F) \subset \mathrm{Sing}(Y)$

$$\mathrm{Coh}_N(Y) := \{ F \in \mathrm{Coh}(Y) \mid \mathrm{Supp}(F) \subset N \}$$

$$\mathrm{Coh}_0(Y) \simeq \mathrm{Perf}(Y)$$

$$\underline{\text{Ex}} : y = pt \vee pt , \quad H^*(\pi(y)) = V \quad \text{Sing}(y) = V^*$$

$$\text{IndCoh}(pt \vee pt) \xrightarrow{\text{KQD}} (\text{Sym } V_{\mathbb{Z}-2})\text{-mod}$$

\cong

$$H^*(\mathcal{F}) \in \text{Sym } V\text{-mod}^\heartsuit = \text{Qcoh}(V^*)^\heartsuit.$$

$$\text{Supp}(\mathcal{F}) := \text{Supp}(H^*(\mathcal{F})) \quad (\text{canonical b/c graded})$$

For a scheme Y and $y \in Y$, local behavior is controlled by

$$\frac{y \times y}{y} = \frac{+ \times +}{T_y(Y)} \quad \text{and produce } \text{Supp}(\mathcal{F})$$

For stacks, using descent.

What's $T \mathcal{L}\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{X}}$?

Given $(\mathcal{F}, \nabla) \in \mathcal{L}\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{X}}$, $\mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{F}}$ is a vector bundle w/ connection,

$$\begin{aligned} T_{(\mathcal{F}, \nabla)} \mathcal{L}\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{X}} &= \text{Hod}(X, \mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{F}})[1] \\ &= H^*(X, \mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{F}} \xrightarrow{\text{ad}(\nabla)} \mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{F}} \otimes \Omega_X)[1] \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{(\mathcal{F}, \nabla)}^* \mathcal{L}\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{X}} = \text{Hod}(X, \mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{F}}^*)[1]$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Sing } \mathcal{L}\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{X}} = \{(\mathcal{F}, \nabla, A) \mid A \in H^0(X, \mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{F}}^*)\}$$

horizontal section.

$$\text{Nilp} \subset \text{Sing } \mathcal{L}\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{X}} : \{(\mathcal{F}, \nabla, A) \mid A \text{ is nilpotent}\}$$

(identity \mathcal{G}^* with \mathcal{F})

Corj: $\mathrm{lk} = \mathbb{C}, e = \mathbb{C}$

$$\mathrm{DMod}(\mathrm{Bun}_G) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathrm{Ind}\mathrm{Coh}_{\mathrm{Nilp}}(L\mathcal{S}_G^{\check{\rho}}).$$

Why expect this?

- Reason 1: derived Satake:

$$\text{Thm: } \mathrm{DMod}(G(O)\backslash G(k)/G(O)) \cong \mathrm{Ind}\mathrm{Gh}_{\mathrm{Nilp}}((\mathfrak{pt} \oplus \mathfrak{pt})/\check{G})$$

$$\mathrm{Sing}(\mathfrak{pt} \oplus \mathfrak{pt}) = (\check{G})^* = \check{\mathfrak{g}} \supset \mathrm{Nilp}.$$

- Reason 2: Eisenstein series:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & G \xleftarrow{\beta} M & \\ & \downarrow p & \downarrow g \\ \mathrm{Bun}_G & \xrightarrow{\quad \quad} & \mathrm{Bun}_M \end{array}$$

$$\mathrm{Eis}_! := p_! \circ g^*: \mathrm{DMod}(\mathrm{Bun}_M) \longrightarrow \mathrm{DMod}(\mathrm{Bun}_G)$$

right adjoint $\mathrm{CT}_* = g_* \circ p^*$ continuous.

- But

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & L\mathcal{S}_G^{\check{\rho}} & \\ \downarrow \check{\rho} & \swarrow L\mathcal{S}_M^{\check{\epsilon}} & \downarrow \check{\epsilon} \\ L\mathcal{S}_G^{\check{\rho}} & & L\mathcal{S}_M^{\check{\epsilon}} \end{array}$$

$\check{\rho}_* \circ \check{\epsilon}^*: \mathrm{OGh}(L\mathcal{S}_M^{\check{\epsilon}}) \longrightarrow \mathrm{OGh}(L\mathcal{S}_G^{\check{\rho}})$ does not have
continuous right adjoint

$\check{\rho}$ is proper: $\check{\rho}_*$ sends $\mathrm{Coh} \rightarrow \mathrm{Coh}$
 but $\mathrm{Perf} \rightarrow \cancel{\mathrm{not perf}}$
 $\mathrm{Gh}_{\mathrm{Nilp}}.$

But why Nilp?

$$\check{p}_* \circ \check{q}^* (\text{Perf}(LS_{\check{M}})) \subset \text{Coh}_{\text{Nilp}}(LS_{\check{G}}).$$

- Fact: $\text{Ind}\text{Coh}_{\text{Nilp}}(LS_{\check{G}})$ is generated by
 $E_{\check{S}}^{\text{Spec}}(\text{Perf}(LS_{\check{M}}))$ for all \check{M} (including \check{G}).

Conj: $D\text{Mod}(B_{m,G})_{\text{temp}} \underset{\text{TBD.}}{\simeq} \text{Coh}(LS_{\check{G}})$

- Fact: $D\text{Mod}(B_{m,G})$ is generated by

$E_{\check{S}}^{\text{Spec}}(D\text{Mod}(B_{m,G})_{\text{temp}, \text{cpt}})$ for all M .

(Coy tampered \Leftrightarrow Conj all)

Ideologically:

$D\text{Mod}(B_{m,G})_{\text{temp}}$ is the part that can be detected by Whitaker.

Recall:

$$\text{Whit}(B_{m,G}^{N\text{-gen}}) \xrightarrow{!-\text{push}} D\text{Mod}(B_{m,G})$$

$$S_{\alpha} \text{Whit}(G_G) = S_{\alpha} \text{Rep}(\check{G})$$

know generates
 but not know
 Verdier quotient yet. $\text{DM}_{\text{Mell}}(\text{Bun}_G)_{\text{temp}}$ ✓ by def
 \cup known
 $\text{DM}_{\text{Mell}}(\text{Bun}_G)_{\text{cusp}}.$

In reality: Define $\text{DM}_{\text{Mell}}(\text{Bun}_G)_{\text{temp}}$ using other methods.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Sph}_{G,x} &\hookrightarrow \text{DM}_{\text{Mell}}(\text{DM}_{\text{Mell}}(G_{-x})) \\
 & " \\
 \text{DM}_{\text{Mell}}(G(0_x)) \backslash G(k_x) / G(Q_x) & \\
 & \text{is t-exact} \\
 \text{Ind}(G_{Nip}) \text{ pt} \otimes \text{pt}(\tilde{\alpha}) & \\
 & \downarrow \\
 (\text{QGh}) \text{ pt} \otimes \text{pt}(\tilde{\alpha}) & \\
 (\text{Also the left completion})
 \end{aligned}$$

Def If $G \text{ DM}_{\text{Mell}}(\text{Bun}_G)$ is tampered iff

$\text{Sph}_{G,x} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{F}$ factors through its left completion.

Fact: This does not depend on x .

What about other shear-theories?

Betti setting.

Betti-version. Rep of π_1 .

$$\text{Conj: } \text{Sh}_{\text{Nilp}}(\text{Bun}_G) \simeq \text{Ind}_{G(\mathbb{R})}^{G(\mathbb{A})} (\text{LS}_x^{\omega})$$

What's Sh_{Nilp} ?

- Singular support for sheaves:

$$f \in \text{Sh}_{\text{v}}(Y), \text{Supp}(f) \subset T^*Y$$

defined using microlocal analysis (nearby cycles).

(f is local system $\Leftrightarrow \text{Supp}(f) = \emptyset$)

$$T_f \text{Bun}_G \simeq H^*(X, \mathcal{O}_f) [1]$$

$$T_f^+ \text{Bun}_G \simeq H^*(X, \mathcal{O}_f^+ \otimes \mathcal{S}_X)$$

"
Higgs_G

$$\text{Nilp} \subset \text{Higgs}_G.$$