WELCOME TO PYTHON!
VARIABLES AND DATA TYPES
FUNCTIONS
COLLECTIONS
CONDITIONALS
LOOPS
DEBUGGING AND ERROR HANDLING

The slides are meant as visual support for the lecture. They are neither a documentation nor a script.

Comments and feedback at n.meseth@hs-osnabrueck.de

Please do not print the slides.

WELCOME TO PYTHON!

name = input("What's your name? ")
print(f"Hello {name}")

functions or commands

		4.1	
built	-ın tı	ınctı	ons

functions from built-in modules

external modules

```
print()
input()
```

math.sqrt()
time.sleep()
sys.exit()

requests.get()

JyJ.CAIC(

comments

print(f"Hello {name}")

name = input("What's your name? ")

Ask the user for their name

Greet the user

print(f"Hello {name}") # Greet the user

name = input("What's your name? ")

Ask the user for their name

```
a multi-line comment
for longer descriptions
print("hello, world")
```

arguments / parameter

```
# Ask the user for their name
name = input("What's your name? ")
```

Greet the user

print(f"Hello {name}")

bugs

syntax errors

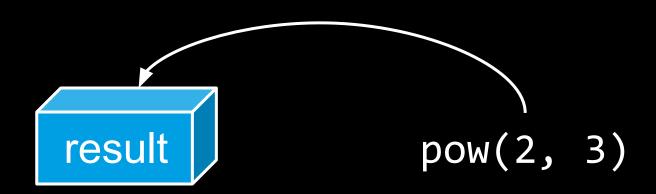
runtime errors

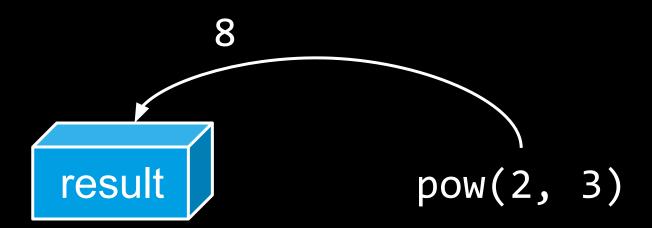
function's return values

result = pow(2, 3)

VARIABLES AND DATA TYPES

result





```
exp = 4
```

result = pow(2, exp)

```
exp = 4
result = pow(2, exp)
```

exp = 4

result = pow(2, exp)

print(result)

constants

PI = 3.14159 UID = "ZeW"

naming variables

english_and_speaking_names

start with small letter

use underscores for spaces

only 0123456789 and letters

operators

math

```
5 + 5
9 - 8
2 / 1
6 * 7
5 // 2
10 % 3
2**3
```

logic

```
2*2 >= 1+3
"A" < "B"
"A" < "B" and 2 == 1
"A" < "B" or 2 == 1
```

2 == 1

2*2 > 1+3

strings

```
== != > < >= <=
in / not in
[1] / [1:4]
strip()
capitalize()
title()
```

data types

integer

float

boolean

string

format strings

print(f"Hello {name}")

comments

step 1: determine exponent

step 2: calculate power

problem solving → problem decomposition

step 1: determine exponent

step 2: calculate power

step 1: determine exponent
exp = 4

step 2: calculate power

```
# step 1: determine exponent
exp = 4
```

```
# step 2: calculate power
result = pow(2, exp)
```

```
# step 1: determine exponent
exp = 4
```

step 2: calculate power
result = pow(2, exp)

step 3: print result
print(result)

FUNCTIONS

create functions

```
def greet():
   print("hello")
```

parameters

```
def greet(name):
```

print(f"hello {name}")

format strings

parameter default values

```
def greet(name="world"):
```

print(f"hello {name}")

return a result

```
def make_greeting(name):
```

return greeting

greeting = f"hello {name}"

COLLECTIONS

CONDITIONALS

if <condition>:

```
if <condition>:
    ...
else:
```

```
if <condition>:
    elif <condition>:
    ...
```

LOOPS

while loop

for loop

DEBUGGING AND ERROR HANDLING