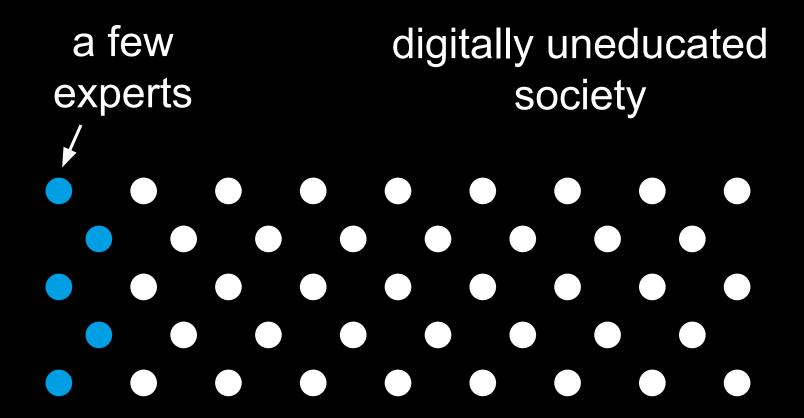
- 0. MOTIVATION
- 1. PROBLEM SOLVING
- 2. INFORMATION
- 3. COUNTING
- 4. BITS
- 5. CODES
- 6. ALGORITHMS
- 7. COMPUTERS
- 8. ARITHMETIC
- 9. MEMORY
- 10. ANALOG VS. DIGITAL

# MOTIVATION





digitally illiterate society with a few experts

### collective understanding

You?

society with a distributed and high degree of digital education

artificial Intelligence

data analysis

representation

processing

programming

artificial intelligence

data analysis

representation

processing

programming

digital fundamentals

#### digital applications

artificial intelligence

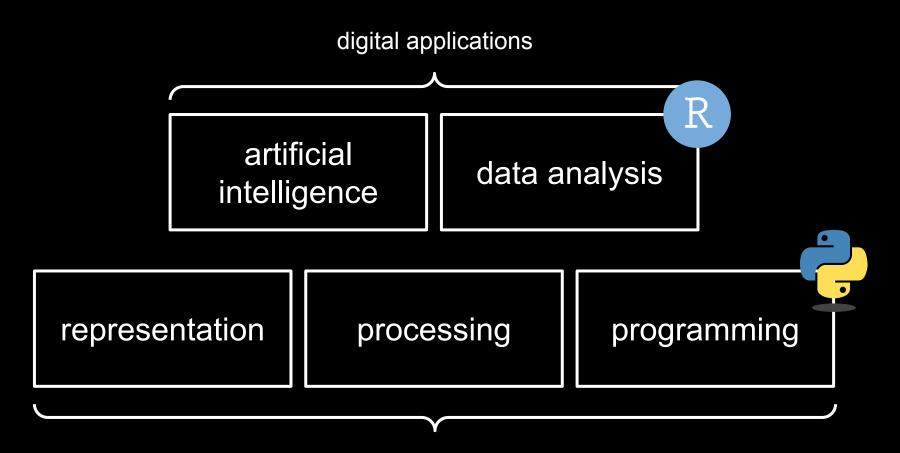
data analysis

representation

processing

programming

digital fundamentals



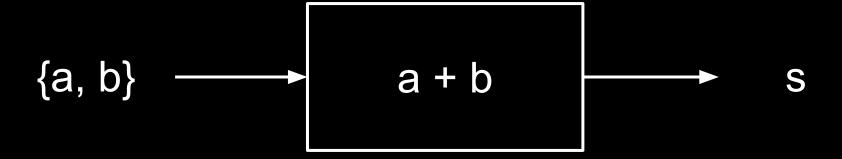
digital fundamentals

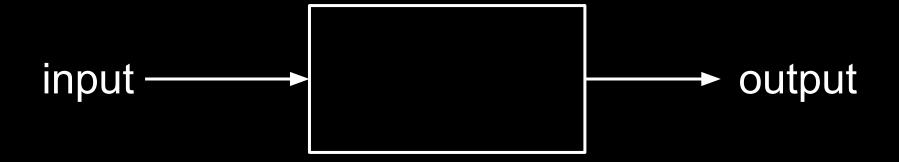
# PROBLEM SOLVING

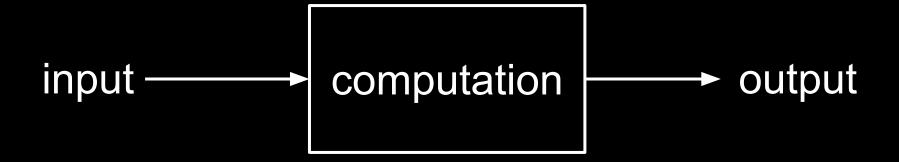
# a model for solving problems



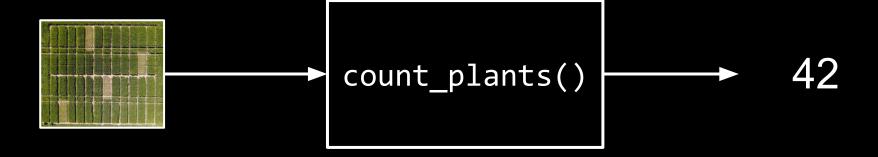
## a model for solving problems

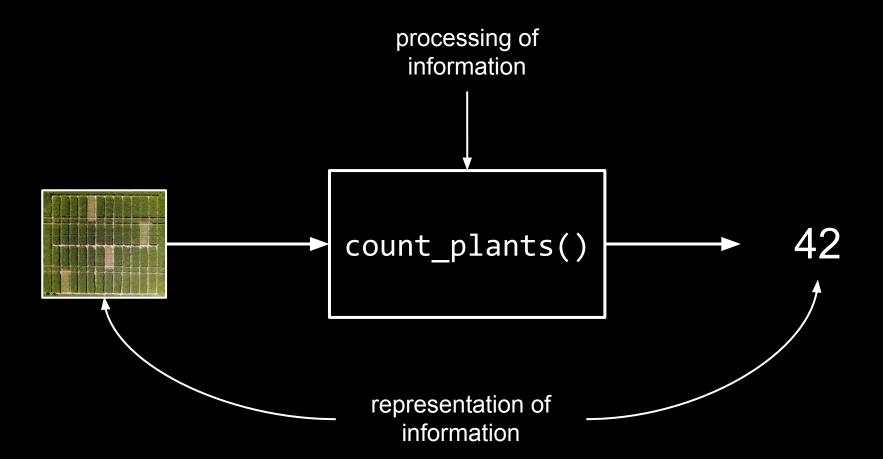










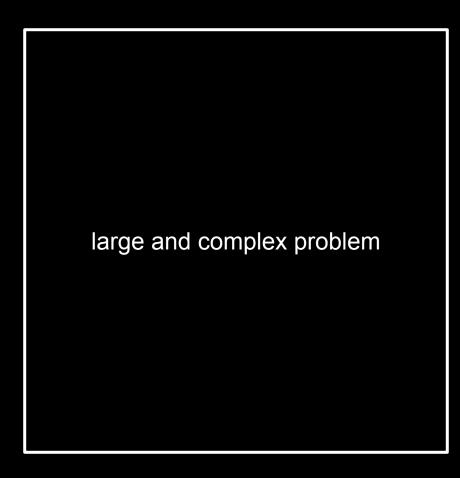






# problem solving strategies

# divide and conquer



smaller problem	smaller problem
smaller problem	smaller problem

even smaller problem	smaller problem
even smaller problem	
smaller problem	smaller problem



#### is 67 a prime number?

```
2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97
```

2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97

```
2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97
```

```
2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97
```

```
2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97
```

#### 19 steps... can't we do better?

```
2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97
```

# binary search 67!= 41 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97

67 > 41



```
binary search 67 > 41

2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41,

43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97
```

```
2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97

1
67!=71
```

```
2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97

67!=59
```

```
2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97

1
67 > 59
```

$$\frac{2}{5}$$
,  $\frac{5}{5}$ ,  $\frac{7}{7}$ ,  $\frac{11}{13}$ ,  $\frac{17}{17}$ ,  $\frac{19}{19}$ ,  $\frac{23}{29}$ ,  $\frac{29}{31}$ ,  $\frac{37}{37}$ ,  $\frac{41}{43}$ ,  $\frac{47}{53}$ ,  $\frac{59}{59}$ ,  $\frac{61}{67}$ ,  $\frac{71}{73}$ ,  $\frac{79}{79}$ ,  $\frac{83}{89}$ ,  $\frac{89}{97}$ .

$$\frac{2}{5}$$
,  $\frac{5}{5}$ ,  $\frac{7}{7}$ ,  $\frac{11}{13}$ ,  $\frac{17}{17}$ ,  $\frac{19}{19}$ ,  $\frac{23}{29}$ ,  $\frac{29}{31}$ ,  $\frac{37}{37}$ ,  $\frac{41}{43}$ ,  $\frac{47}{53}$ ,  $\frac{59}{59}$ ,  $\frac{61}{67}$ ,  $\frac{67}{71}$ ,  $\frac{73}{79}$ ,  $\frac{83}{89}$ ,  $\frac{89}{97}$ .

### 3 splits → much better

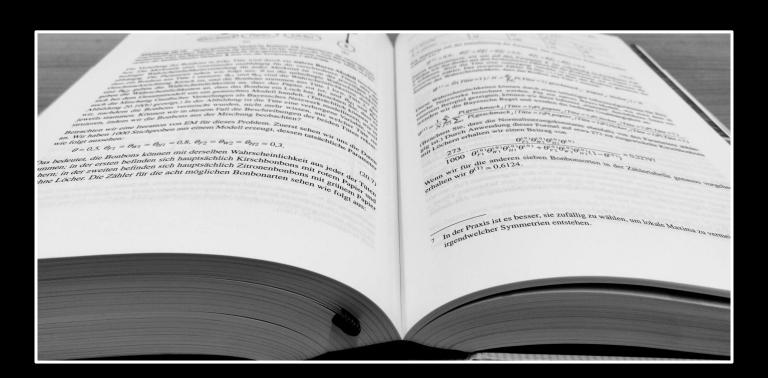
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
,  $\frac{5}{5}$ ,  $\frac{7}{7}$ ,  $\frac{11}{13}$ ,  $\frac{17}{17}$ ,  $\frac{19}{19}$ ,  $\frac{23}{29}$ ,  $\frac{29}{31}$ ,  $\frac{37}{37}$ ,  $\frac{41}{43}$ ,  $\frac{47}{53}$ ,  $\frac{59}{59}$ ,  $\frac{61}{67}$ ,  $\frac{67}{71}$ ,  $\frac{73}{79}$ ,  $\frac{83}{89}$ ,  $\frac{89}{97}$ .



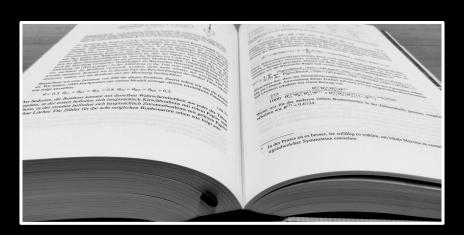
## how efficient are linear and binary search in general?

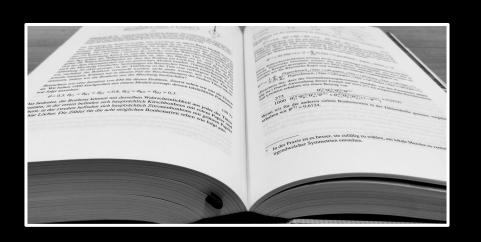


### how many words are in the book?

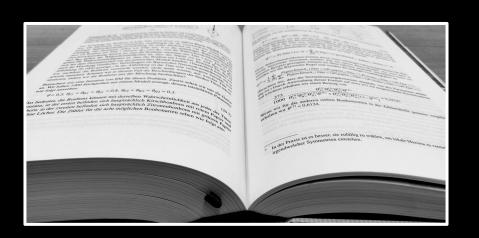


strategies, anyone?

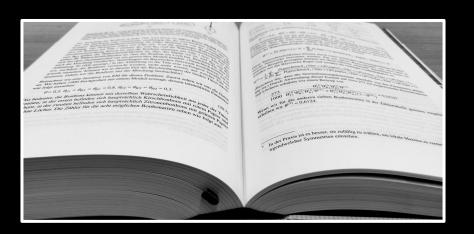


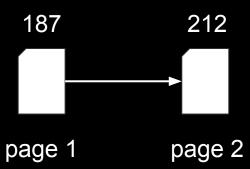


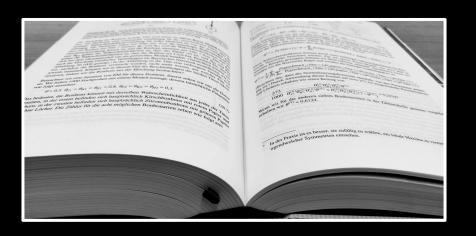
page 1

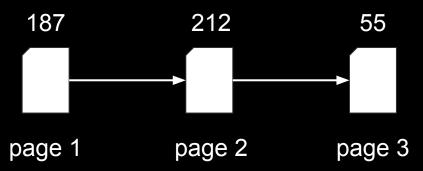


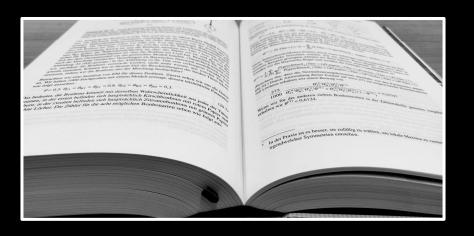


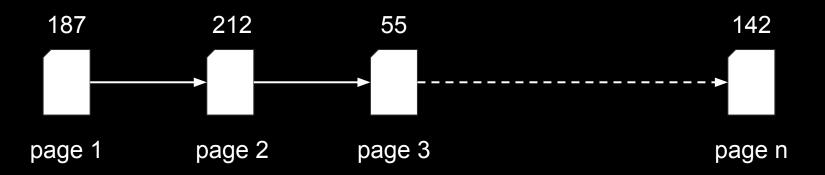


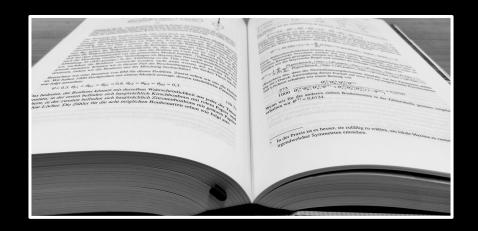














n = 1327 pages

Ø 2:23 minutes per page

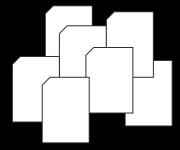
~ 52.34 hours

### divide and conquer

+

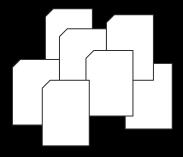
7

pages 1 - 700

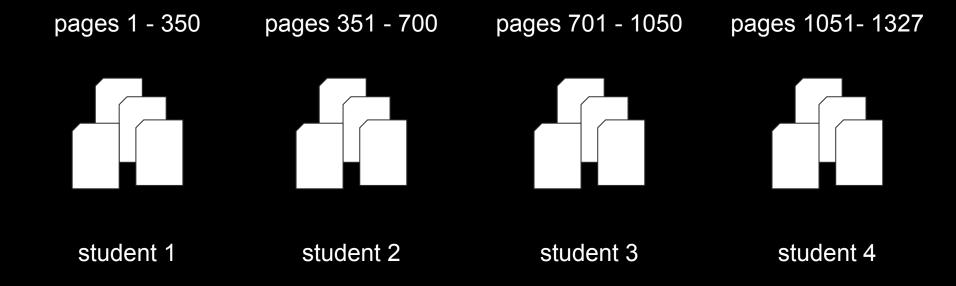


student 1

pages 701 - 1327



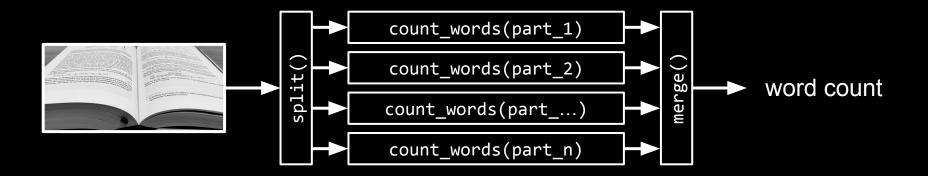
student 2



divide and conquer

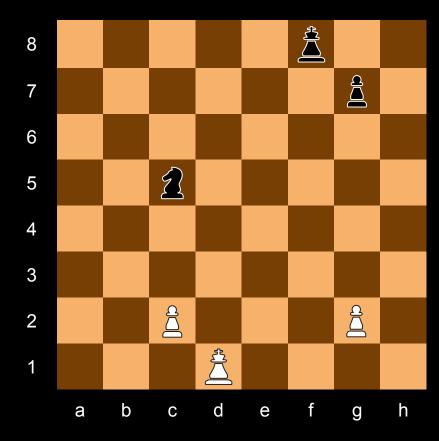
4

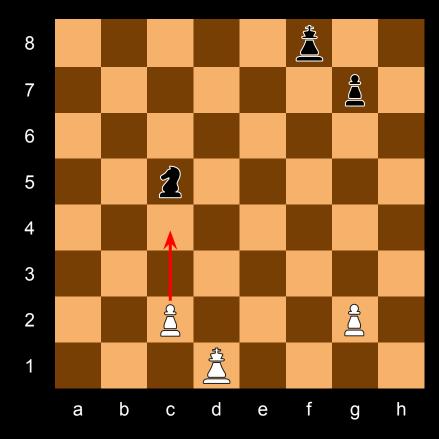
distribution and parallelization

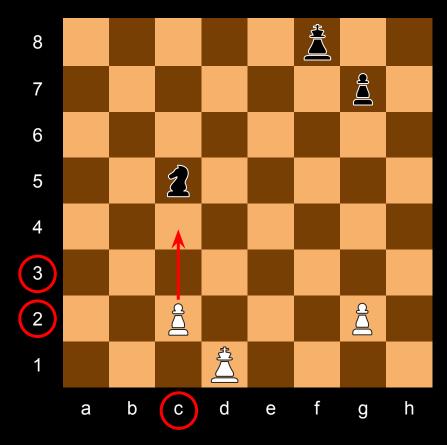


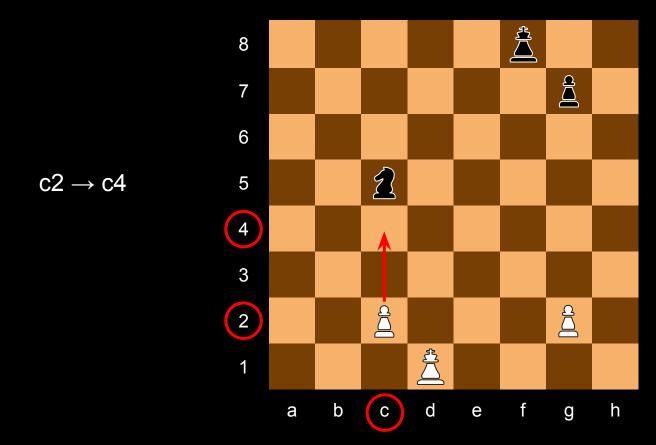
## INFORMATION

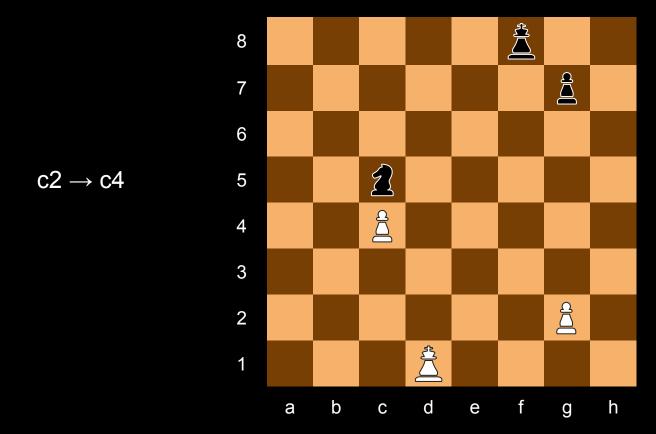


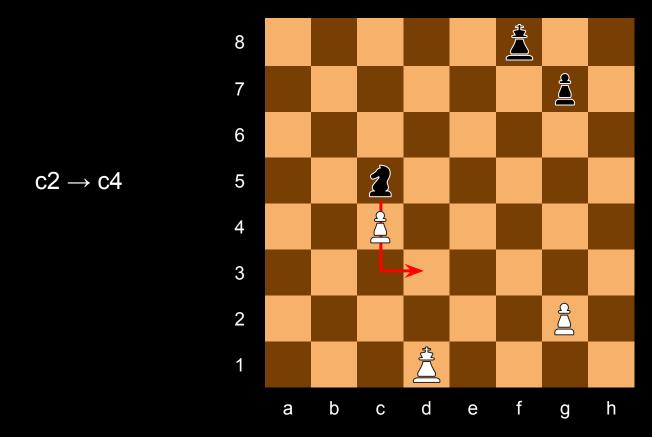


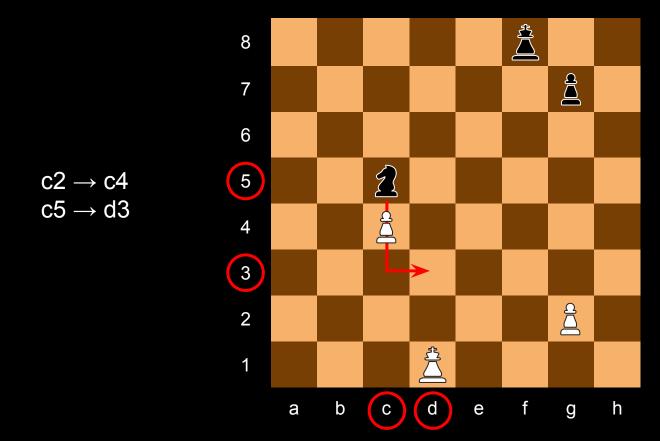


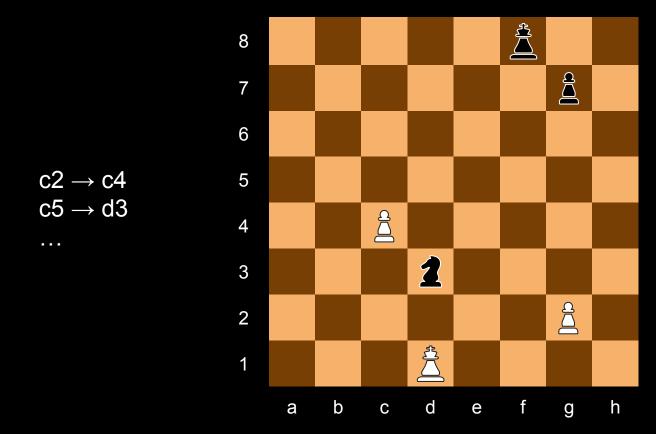














**{A}** 

AA

# {A, B}

{A, B}

AA

{A, B}

AB

BA

BB

AA, AB, BA, BB

## {A, B, C}

### {A, B, C}

AA, AB, BA, BB, AC, BC, CA, CB, CC

## {A, B, C, D}

### {A, B, C, D}

AA, AB, BA, BB, AC, BC, CA, CB, CC, AD, DA, BD, DB, CD, DC, DD

## {A, B, C, D, E}

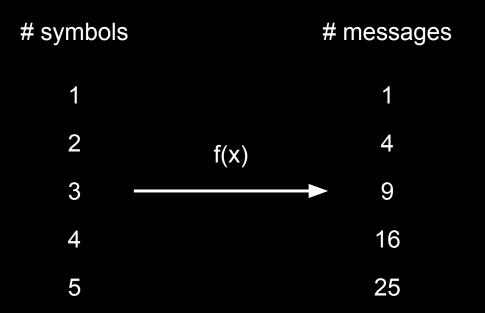
### {A, B, C, D, E}

AA, AB, BA, BB, AC, BC, CA, CB, CC, AD, DA, BD, DB, CD, DC, DD, AE, EA, BE, EB, CE, EC, DE, ED, EE

#### with length n = 2

# symbols	# messages
1	1
2	4
3	9
4	16
5	25

#### with length n = 2



### COUNTING

1 2 3

1 2 3 10<sup>2</sup> 10<sup>1</sup> 10<sup>0</sup> 1 2 3

 $10^2$   $10^1$   $10^0$ 

$$= 1 \times 10^{2} + 2 \times 10^{1} + 3 \times 10^{0}$$

$$= 1 \times 100 + 2 \times 10 + 3 \times 1$$

$$= 123$$

 4 1 2 3 ? 10<sup>2</sup> 10<sup>1</sup> 10<sup>0</sup>

$$= 4 \times 10^{3} + 1 \times 10^{2} + 2 \times 10^{1} + 3 \times 10^{0}$$

4 1 2 3 ? 10<sup>2</sup> 10<sup>1</sup> 10<sup>0</sup>

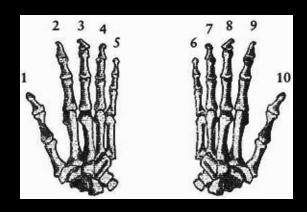
$$= 4 \times 10^{3} + 1 \times 10^{2} + 2 \times 10^{1} + 3 \times 10^{0}$$

$$= 4 \times 1000 + 1 \times 100 + 2 \times 10 + 3 \times 1$$

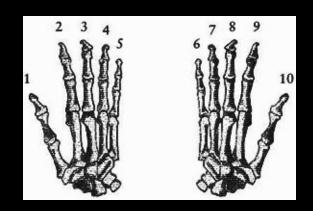
$$= 4 \times 10^{3} + 1 \times 10^{2} + 2 \times 10^{1} + 3 \times 10^{0}$$

$$= 4 \times 1000 + 1 \times 100 + 2 \times 10 + 3 \times 1$$

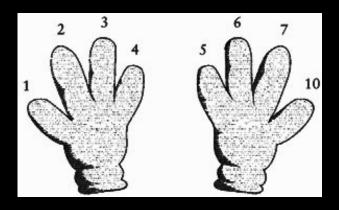
$$= 4123$$



Human Hand



Human Hand



Cartoon Character's Hand

2 3 (octal)

2 3 (octal)

8<sup>2</sup> 8<sup>1</sup> 8<sup>0</sup>

1 2 3 (octal)

8<sup>2</sup> 8<sup>1</sup> 8<sup>0</sup>

$$= 1 \times 8^{2} + 2 \times 8^{1} + 3 \times 8^{0}$$

2 3 (octal) 8<sup>2</sup> 8<sup>1</sup> 8<sup>0</sup>

$$= 1 \times 8^{2} + 2 \times 8^{1} + 3 \times 8^{0}$$

$$= 1 \times 64 + 2 \times 8 + 3 \times 1$$

2

3

(octal)

**8**<sup>2</sup>

**8**<sup>1</sup>

80

$$= 1 \times 8^{2} + 2 \times 8^{1} + 3 \times 8^{0}$$

$$= 1 \times 64 + 2 \times 8 + 3 \times 1$$

**= 83** (decimal)

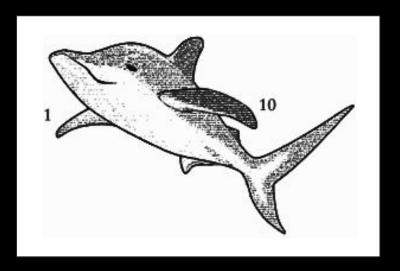
# decimal octal 8

### decimal octal

? ----

decimal octal 16 ?

decimal octal ?



What now?

0, 1, ...

0, 1, 10, ...

0, 1, 10, 11, ...

0, 1, 10, 11, 100, ...

0, 1, 10, 11, 100, 101, ...

0, 1, 10, 11, 100, 101, 110

(binary)



1 0 (binary)
2<sup>2</sup> 2<sup>1</sup> 2<sup>0</sup>

$$= 1 \times 2^{2} + 1 \times 2^{1} + 0 \times 2^{0}$$

1 0 (binary)
2<sup>2</sup> 2<sup>1</sup> 2<sup>0</sup>

$$= 1 \times 2^{2} + 1 \times 2^{1} + 0 \times 2^{0}$$

$$= 1 \times 4 + 1 \times 2 + 0 \times 1$$

1 0 (binary)

2<sup>2</sup> 2<sup>1</sup> 2<sup>0</sup>

$$= 1 \times 2^{2} + 1 \times 2^{1} + 0 \times 2^{0}$$

$$= 1 \times 4 + 1 \times 2 + 0 \times 1$$

$$= 6 \text{ (decimal)}$$

2 3 4 5 6 0, 1, 10, 11, 100, 101, 110

#### Place Value Systems

$$N = d_n * R^{n-1} + ... + d_1 * R^1 + d_0 *$$

$$d \in \{0, 1, ... R-1\}$$

n = Number of digits

### Place Value Systems

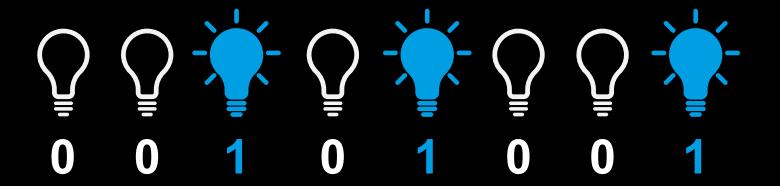
**R ≥ 2** 

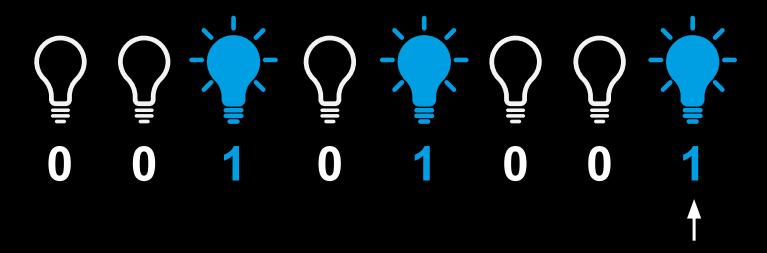
# BITS

# Why do computers think binary?

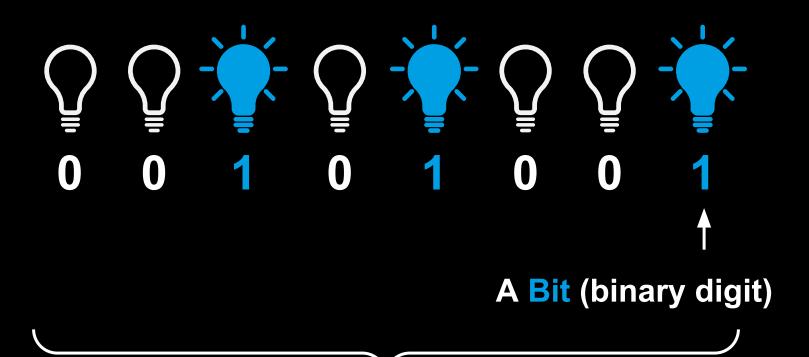




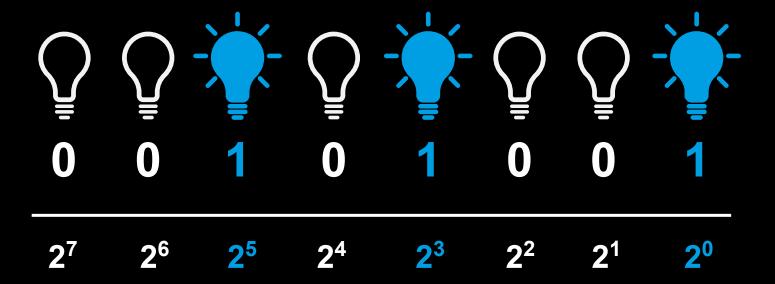


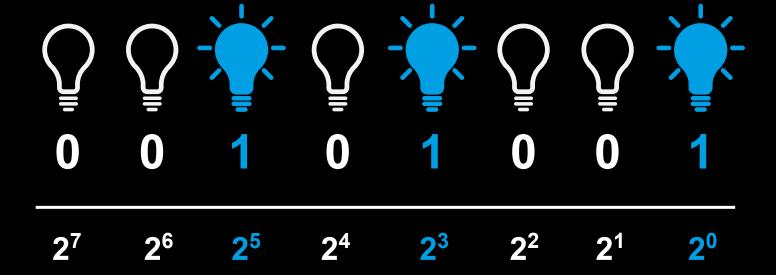


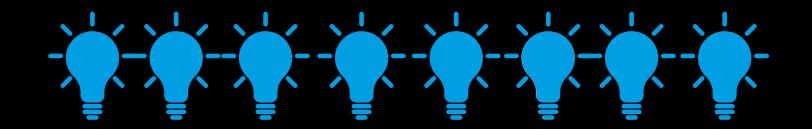
A Bit (binary digit)



A byte (8 bits)

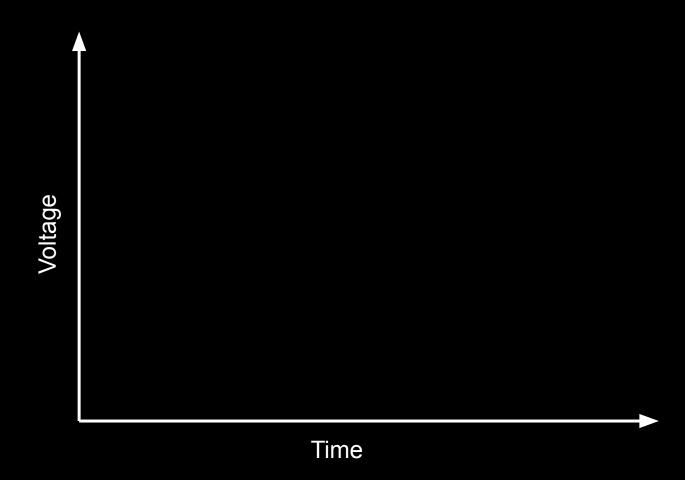


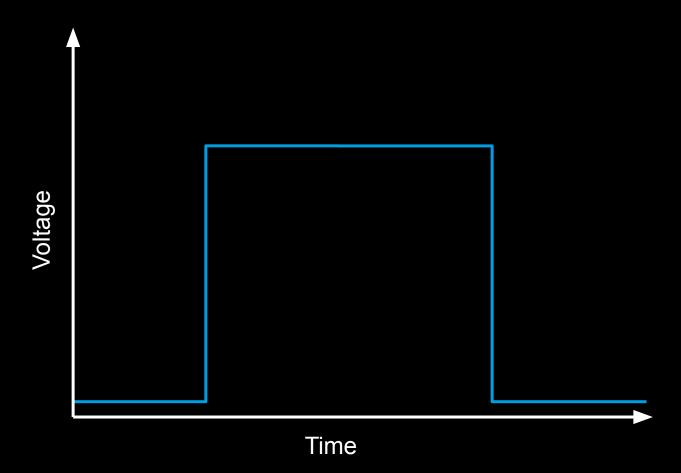


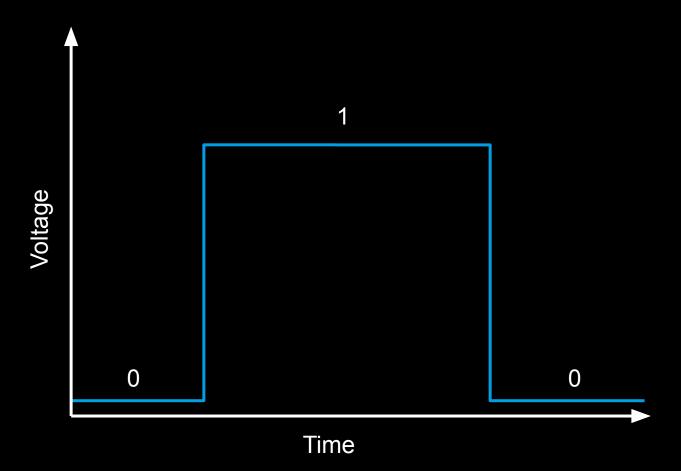


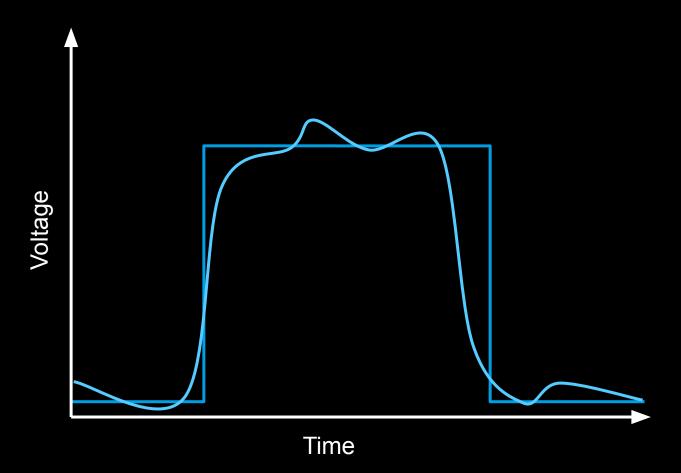
What can we store in one byte?

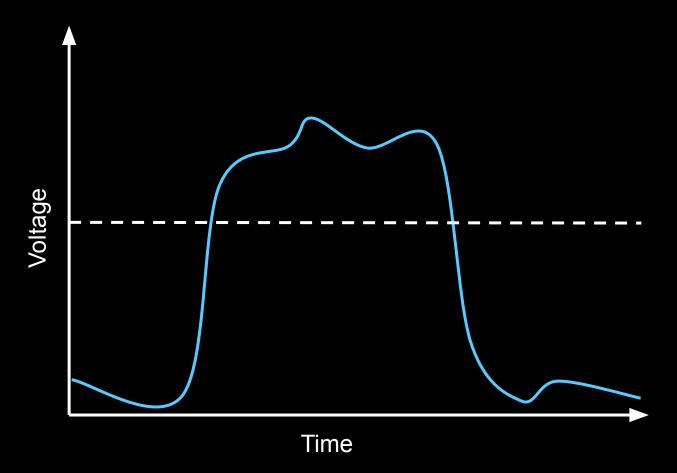
## Are we stuck with binary?

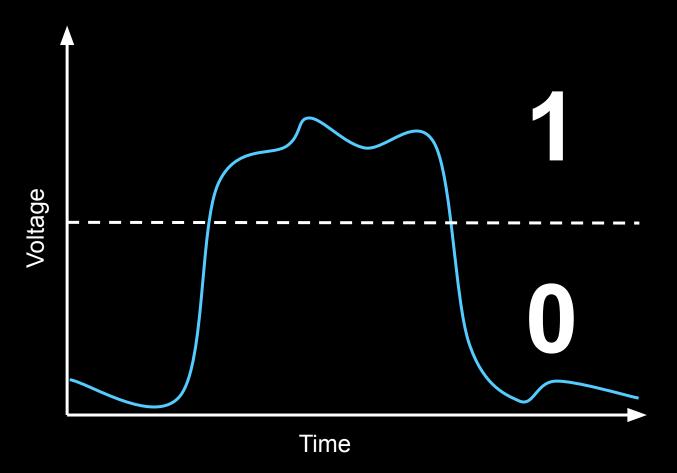


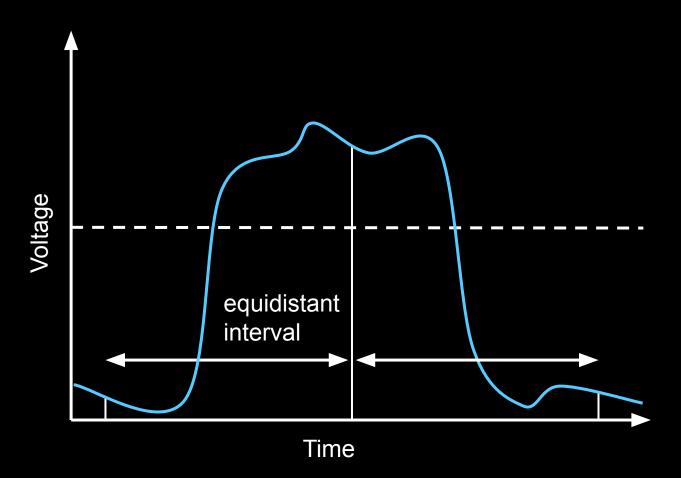


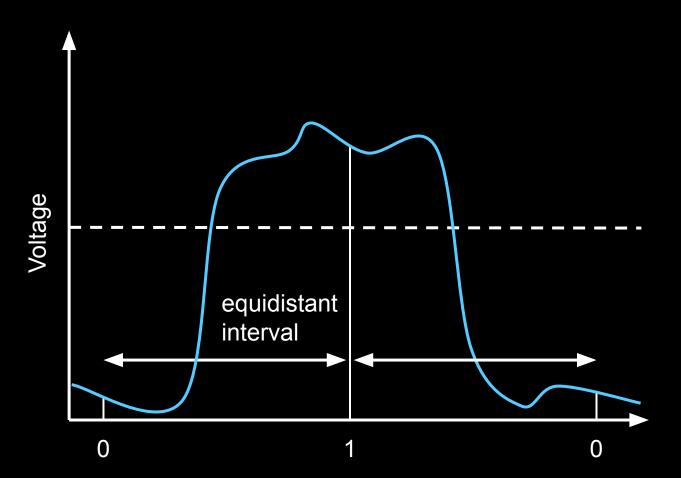


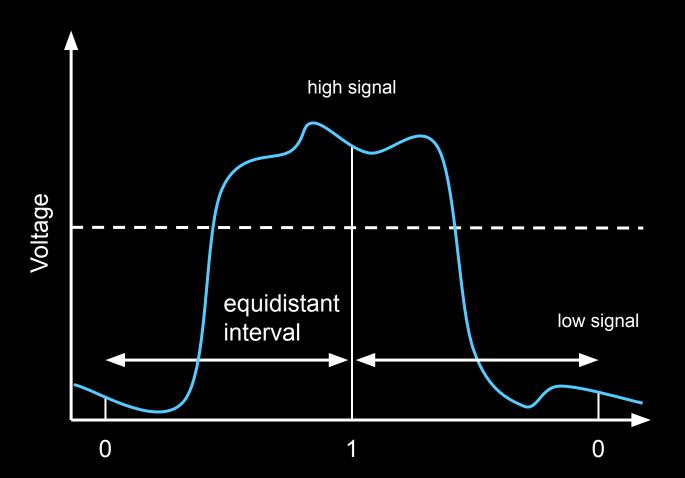




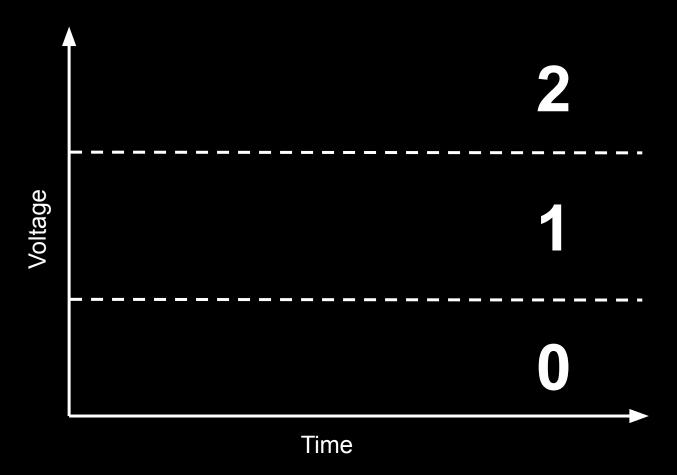


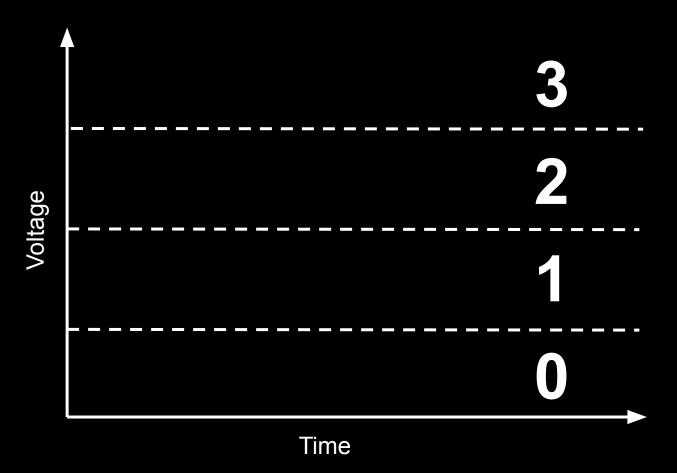


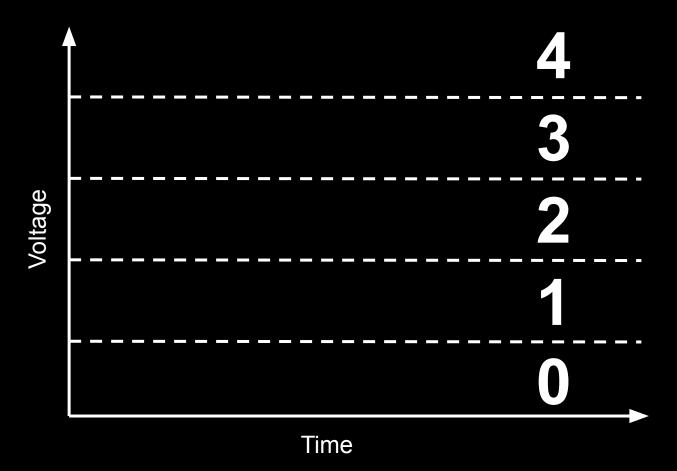


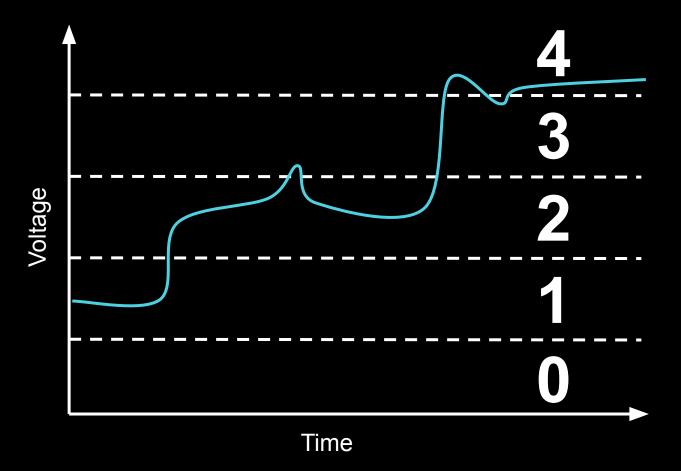


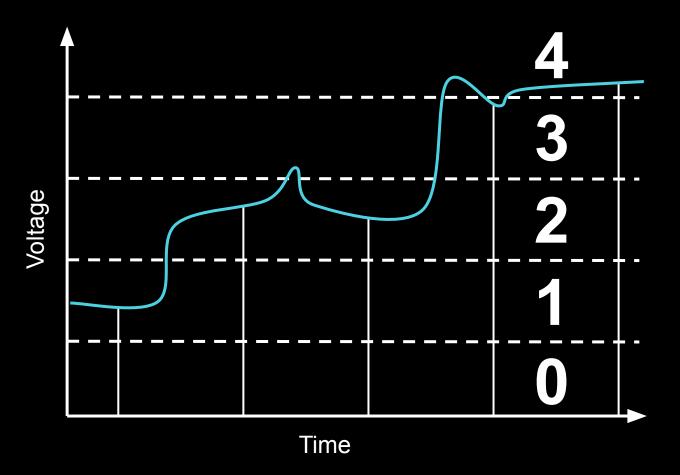
## What about ternary?

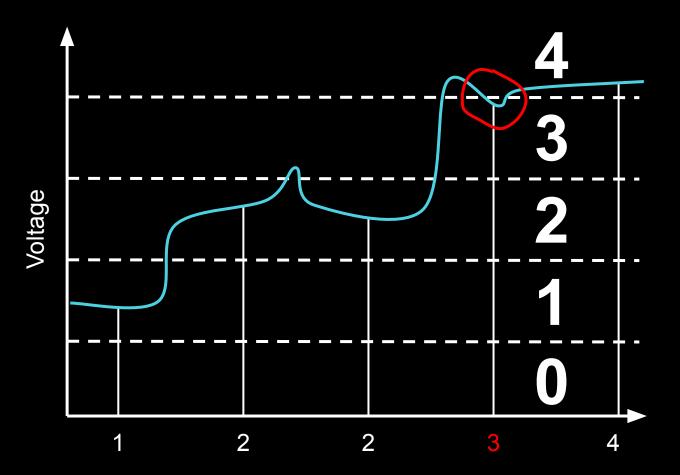






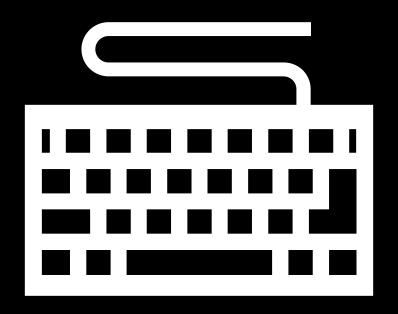






# CODES





A B C D ... a b c d
65 66 67 68 97 98 99 100

#### **ASCII Code**

A B C D ... a b c d 65 66 67 68 97 98 99 100

















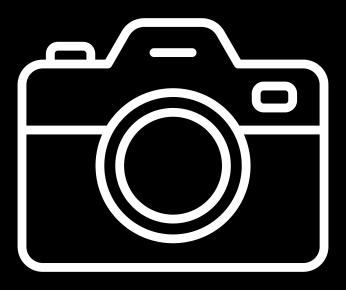
1F600 1F601 1F602 1F603

1F648

1F649 1F64A 1F64B

#### Unicode









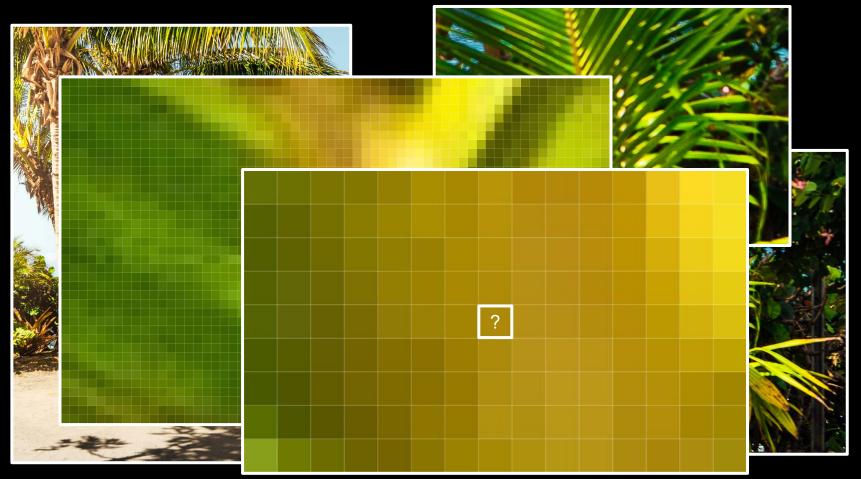


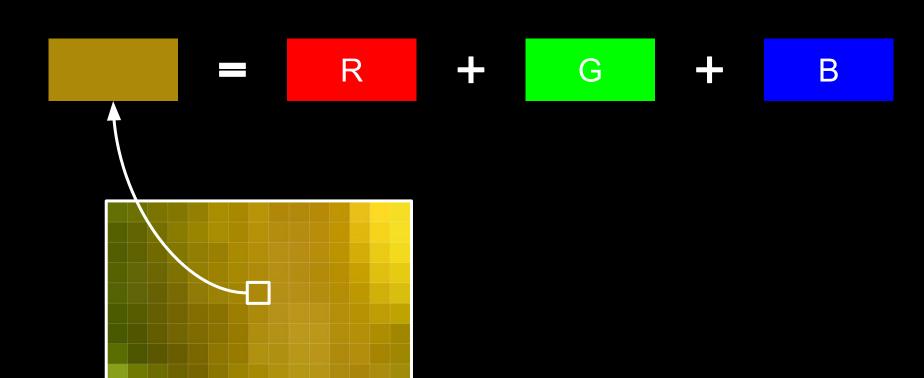


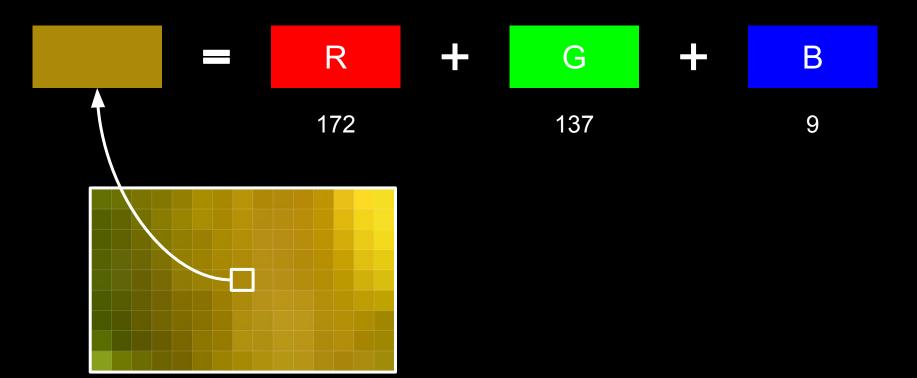






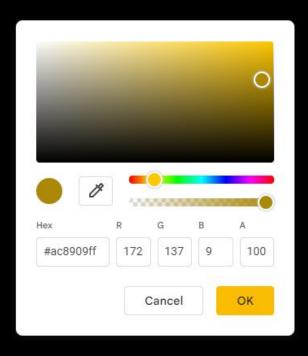


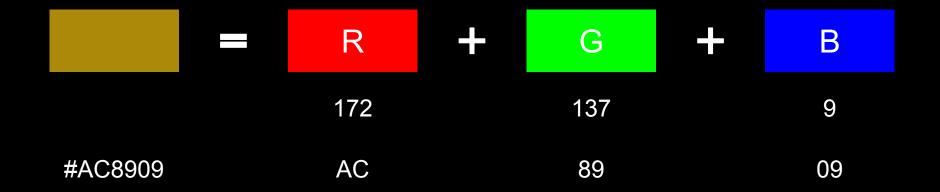






#AC8909





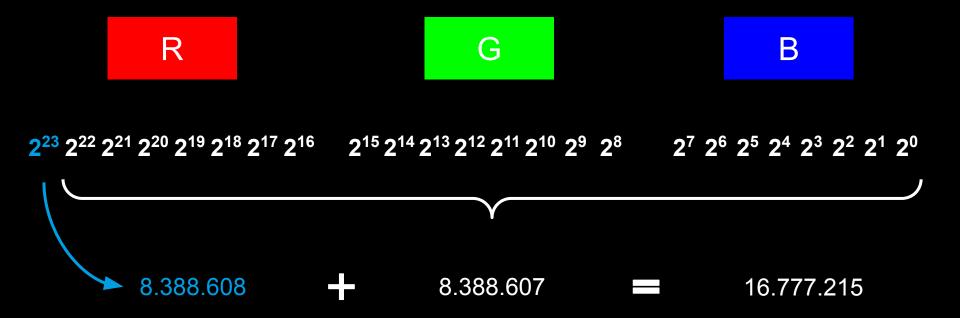


#### # possible colors?

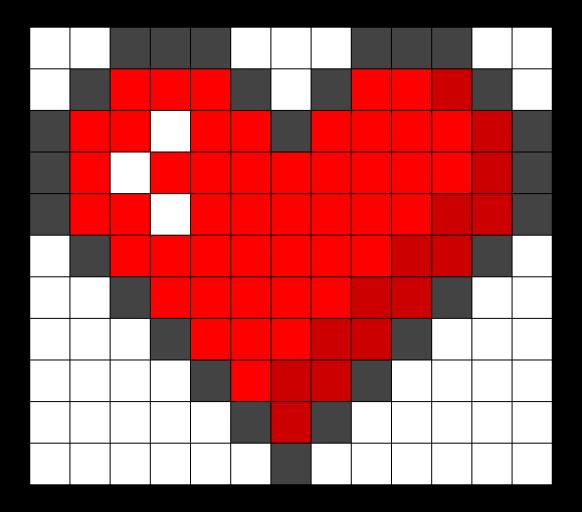
R

2<sup>7</sup> 2<sup>6</sup> 2<sup>5</sup> 2<sup>4</sup> 2<sup>3</sup> 2<sup>2</sup> 2<sup>1</sup> 2<sup>0</sup>



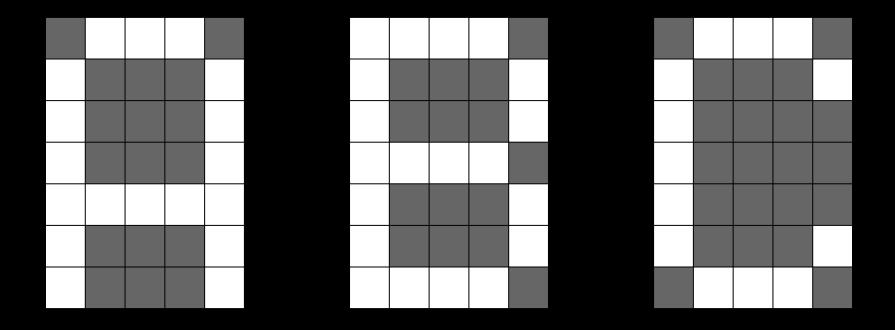


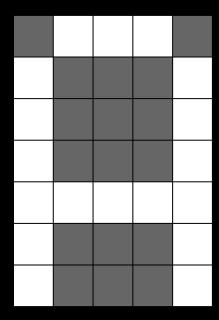






### compression?





0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1

0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1

 $0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1$ 

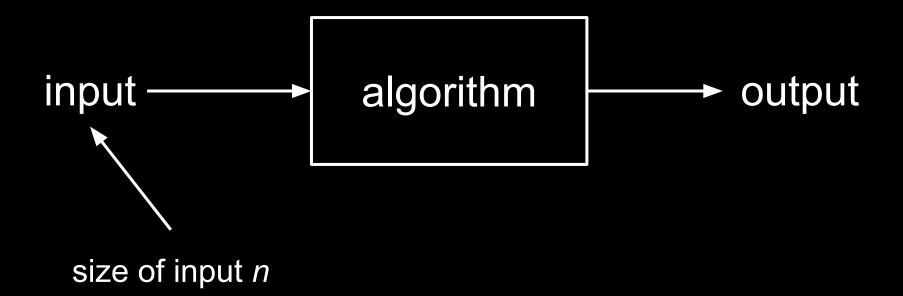
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1

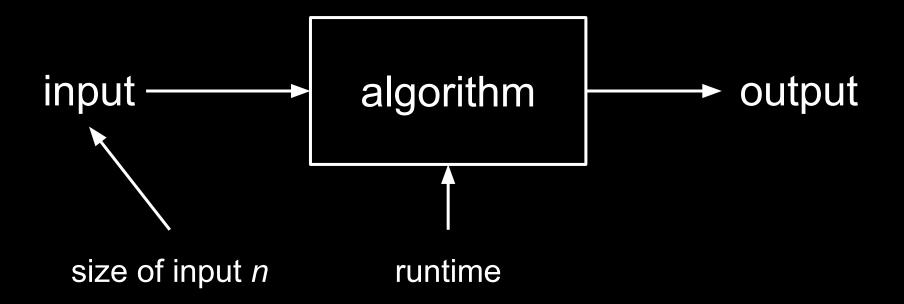
 $0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1$ 

## ALGORITHMS

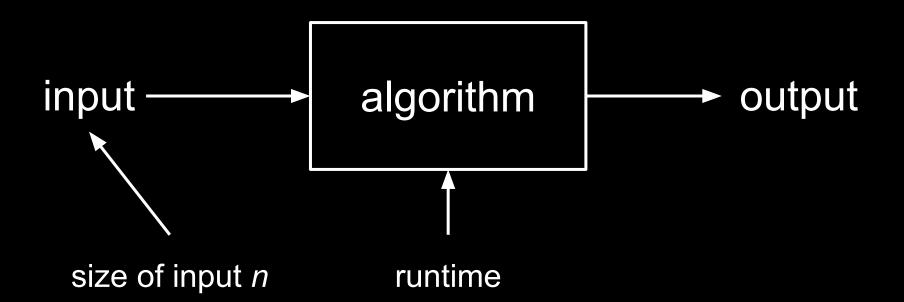
## complexity







#### O(n)



## COMPUTERS

## ARITHMETIC

## MEMORY

# ANALOG VS. DIGITAL