

BASIC BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS

Function	Explanation
<code>print()</code>	Print text to the console.
<code>input()</code>	Get keyboard input via the console.
<code>import</code>	Announce the use of a specific library in our program.
<code>int()</code>	Convert a string to a numerical value of data type integer.
<code>float()</code>	Convert a string to a numerical value of data type float.
...	...
...	...

LOGICAL OPERATORS IN CONDITIONS

Operator	Explanation
<code>=</code>	Assign a value to a variable (not a logical operator!).
<code>==</code>	Compare two values and return <code>True</code> if they are equal.
<code>> or >=</code>	Compares two values and returns true if the left is greater than (or equal to) the right.
<code>< or <=</code>	Compares two values and returns true if the left is less than (or equal to) the right.
<code>!=</code>	Compares two values if they are not equal.
<code>and, or</code>	These operators logically combine two conditions.
<code>not</code>	Negates the expression's result.
<code>x is None</code>	Check if a value if <code>x</code> is <code>None</code> , i.e., not existing.

VARIABLES

Command	Explanation
<code>x = 1</code>	Declaration of a variable <code>x</code> with a value of type integer.
<code>PI = 3.14159</code>	Declaration of a constant PI with a value of type float.
<code>name = "Anna"</code>	Declaration of a variable with a value of type string.
<code>is_over_18 = True</code>	Declaration of a variable with a value of type boolean.
<code>ipcon = IPConnection()</code>	Declaration of a variable holding a complex object.

MATH OPERATORS

Operator	Explanation
<code>+ - / *</code>	The basic arithmetic operators.
<code>% //</code>	Calculates the modulo/integer division of two numbers.
<code>2**3</code>	Calculates 2 to the power of 3.
<code>pow(a, b)</code>	Calculates <code>a</code> to the power of <code>b</code> .

STRINGS

Expression	Explanation
<code>f"Pi is {PI}"</code>	Format string with placeholders in curly braces.
<code>name[1]</code>	Returns the second symbol from the string <code>name</code> .
<code>len(name)</code>	Returns the number of characters in the string.
<code>"n" in Anna</code>	Checks if the string on the left is contained in the string on the right.
<code>name.strip()</code>	Remove whitespaces at the beginning/end of a string.
<code>name.upper()</code>	Make all letters uppercase.
<code>name.lower()</code>	Make all letters lowercase.

This **Python Cheat Sheet** was created at the University of Applied Sciences in Osnabrueck. You are free to share it publicly.

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TIME		CONDITIONALS		LISTS	
Function	Explanation	Command	Explanation	Expression	Explanation
<code>time.sleep(1.5)</code>	Wait for 1.5 seconds.	<code>if x == 1:</code>	Check if <code>x</code> is one and execute the code block if true.	<code>vals = [1, 2, 3]</code>	Create a list with three elements.
<code>time.time()</code>	Get the current date/time as a UNIX timestamp.	<code>elif x == 2:</code>	Add another case to an existing <code>if</code> -statement.	<code>vals[0]</code>	Get the first element from <code>vals</code> .
RANDOM		<code>else:</code>	Default code branch if all conditions are false.	<code>vals.append(5)</code>	Append an element (5) to the list <code>vals</code> .
MATH		CUSTOM FUNCTIONS		DATE & TIME	
Operator	Explanation	Operator	Explanation	Command	Explanation
<code>math.sqrt(a)</code>	Calculate the square root from <code>a</code> .	<code>def my_func(x):</code>	Define a function <code>my_func</code> with one parameter <code>x</code> .	<code>while a < b:</code>	Repeat code as long as <code>a</code> is less than <code>b</code> .
<code>math.pi, math.e</code>	Get the value of the mathematical constants.	<code>return x**2</code>	Return a result from a function to the caller.	<code>for i in range(10):</code>	Repeat 10 times (for values <code>i = 0...9</code>).
<code>round()</code>	Round to the nearest integer.	<code>def power(exp=2):</code>	Define a function with one parameter that has a default value.	<code>break</code>	Leave the loop immediately.
<code>math.floor() math.ceil()</code>	Round up or down.	LOOPS			
<code>math.log()</code>	Natural logarithm	Operator	Explanation		
<code>math.log(x, base)</code>	Logarithm to base.	<code>while a < b:</code>	Repeat code as long as <code>a</code> is less than <code>b</code> .		
		<code>for i in range(10):</code>	Repeat 10 times (for values <code>i = 0...9</code>).		
		<code>break</code>	Leave the loop immediately.		