# **Explore and Transform REWE Products**

## **Practice Exercise**

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# **Preparation**

Load the REWE products data set with the following lines:

```
library(tidyverse)
rewe <- read_csv("data/rewe_products.csv")</pre>
```

# Exercise 1: Explore the data set

- 1. How many columns and rows are in the data set?
- 2. Output all column names to the console!
- 3. Which and how many columns have a numeric data type?
- 4. Display the first 20 product names! How can you see all products?
- 5. Output the first 30 brands! What do you notice? How could you solve this?
- 6. Summarize the value ranges of the columns 'vegan' and 'vegetarian'. What do you think about the data quality of the two columns?
- 7. Create a summary of all columns that contain a value in grams. What different ways do you find to achieve this?

## Exercise 2: Select columns with select

Find solutions for the following tasks, in which you have to select a subset of the columns:

1. Create a new data frame containing the product name, the product category and the sales price!

- 2. Create a new data frame with all nutritional information as well as the product name and the product category!
- 3. Create a new data frame that contains only numeric columns. Check the columns and write down what you notice!

#### Exercise 3: Reduce rows with filter

Find a solution to restrict the rows of the data set as described:

- 1. Filter the data so that only products from Germany are included! Keep only the product name and the country of origin in the result!
- 2. Find all vegan organic products!
- 3. Which types of beer are offered in the REWE online store?
- 4. Find all red wines under 2 EUR!
- 5. Find all products which contain the allergen soy! Take a look at the function str\_detect() for this.

# Exercise 4: Modify or create new columns with mutate or transmute

- 1. Change the data type of the two columns productId and gtin to strings (chr).
- 2. Create a new column sum\_nutrition in which you form the sum of all nutritional values. Leave only the new sum column and the individual nutrition columns in the result.
- 3. Calculate if a product contains more than 90% fat and store this information on a new column high\_fat! For checking purposes, displays only rows where the value is TRUE. The new column should be inserted before the productDescription column.
- 4. Create a column imported\_bio which should contain TRUE if the product is an organic product and at the same time is not from Germany.

## Exercise 5: Summarize data with group\_by and summarize.

- 1. How many products are in the data set?
- 2. How many products does each product category have?
- 3. In addition to the product category and the number of products, now include the average selling price!

- 4. List all product categories according to the average fat content of their products! What problem do you encounter and how can you solve it?
- 5. Use the previous result and keep only the top 5 categories with the highest average fat content of their products!
- 6. Which brands (brand) have the products with the highest protein content in their assortment? List the top 10!