Back to Deep Learning Nanodegree

Generate TV Scripts

	REVIEW
	CODE REVIEW
	HISTORY
Me	ets Specifications
Hey I	Jdacian,
	ly enjoyed reviewing your project. It is truly a remarkable sight that your network is able to genera cript as shown. It is amazing indeed. Good job here :).
All th	e best for upcoming projects.
Req	uired Files and Tests
Th	e project submission contains the project notebook, called "dlnd_tv_script_generation.ipynb".
All	the unit tests in project have passed.

2018/9/12 Udacity Reviews

The function | create_lookup_tables | create two dictionaries:

- Dictionary to go from the words to an id, we'll call vocab_to_int
- Dictionary to go from the id to word, we'll call int_to_vocab

The function create_lookup_tables return these dictionaries in the a tuple (vocab_to_int, int_to_vocab)

The function token_lookup returns a dict that can correctly tokenizes the provided symbols.

Build the Neural Network

Implemented the get_inputs function to create TF Placeholders for the Neural Network with the following placeholders:

- Input text placeholder named "input" using the TF Placeholder name parameter.
- Targets placeholder
- Learning Rate placeholder

The get_inputs function return the placeholders in the following the tuple (Input, Targets, LearingRate)

The get_init_cell function does the following:

- Stacks one or more BasicLSTMCells in a MultiRNNCell using the RNN size rnn_size.
- Initializes Cell State using the MultiRNNCell's | zero_state | function
- The name "initial_state" is applied to the initial state.
- The get_init_cell function return the cell and initial state in the following tuple (Cell, InitialState)

Maybe using 3 layers is making the network too complex, As a result, the model is training slowly.

The function get_embed applies embedding to input_data and returns embedded sequence.

The function build_rnn does the following:

- Builds the RNN using the tf.nn.dynamic_rnn .
- Applies the name "final_state" to the final state.
- Deturns the outputs and final state state in the following tunle (Outputs EinalState)

• NECULIS THE OUTPUTS AND INIAI_STATE STATE IN THE FOLLOWING TUPIE (OUTPUTS, FINAISTATE)

The build_nn function does the following in order:

- Apply embedding to input_data using get_embed function.
- Build RNN using cell using build_rnn function.
- Apply a fully connected layer with a linear activation and vocab_size as the number of outputs.
- Return the logits and final state in the following tuple (Logits, FinalState)

So basically, the fully connecter layer use the relu activation layer by default which is a non linear activation function (read here) as presented below:

The get_batches function create batches of input and targets using int_text. The batches should be a Numpy array of tuples. Each tuple is (batch of input, batch of target).

- The first element in the tuple is a single batch of input with the shape [batch size, sequence length]
- The second element in the tuple is a single batch of targets with the shape [batch size, sequence length]

Neural Network Training

- Enough epochs to get near a minimum in the training loss, no real upper limit on this. Just need to make sure the training loss is low and not improving much with more training.
- Batch size is large enough to train efficiently, but small enough to fit the data in memory. No real "best" value here, depends on GPU memory usually.
- Size of the RNN cells (number of units in the hidden layers) is large enough to fit the data well. Again, no real "best" value.
- The sequence length (seq_length) here should be about the size of the length of sentences you want to generate. Should match the structure of the data.
 - The learning rate shouldn't be too large because the training algorithm won't converge. But needs to be large enough that training doesn't take forever.
 - Set show_every_n_batches to the number of batches the neural network should print progress.

The project gets a loss less than 1.0

Udacity Reviews

Generate TV Script

"input:0", "initial_state:0", "final_state:0", and "probs:0" are all returned by get_tensor_by_name , in that order, and in a tuple

The pick_word function predicts the next word correctly.

Great job.

The generated script looks similar to the TV script in the dataset.

It doesn't have to be grammatically correct or make sense.

Finally!, the generated script is similar to the script in the dataset. These conversations are amazing knowing they are produced by an RNN. I am sure training on the whole series will produce better results, who knows, an episode itself.

J DOWNLOAD PROJECT

RETURN TO PATH