Analysis – Optimization/Effort Reduction

TF Web Application - New Architecture

Option 1

- Replicate Functionality as-is.
- No Design changes
- All UI/Services implemented as currently designed using React/Redux & Spring MVC
- Estimated Effort ~6000 hrs.
- Estimated Completion Date 4/6/2021

Option 1

- Concerns
 - o TimeLine/Effort
 - No optimization/automation opportunities explored.
 - o Project structure
 - Cascading impact of unknowns.
 - Positive impact of code reuse not captured/quantified.

Design Changes

- Present all CRUD forms as Modals (from grid pages).
- o Present all Lookup grids as Modals (from grid pages).
- o Present all child pages (with grids) as modals.
- Eliminate the need for related links.
 - Group pages/links together as modules.
 - o * Requires input from TF team.
- Eliminate recent usage (if possible)
 - Constraint All entities have specific API for recent usage.
- Build reusable pages and grid components per screen type*
 - Side effect increases API complexity.
- o Potentially reuse filter components. (generic filters)
 - Use grid filters to reduce filter complexity.
- o Potentially use a form builder to build simple CURD screens.
 - Side effect increases API complexity.

- Design/Implementation Optimization opportunities
 - o Type 1 Screens (#15 areas)
 - Have a single grid and form(s) for Create/Update/Deletion of a single entity.
 - Grid complexity ranges from Low to Medium (based on # columns)
 - CRUD complexity ranges from Low to Complex (2 fields to 58 fields)
 - Design/Implementation Approach
 - o Create components to reuse the following
 - Read only Grid with a link to CRUD form(s)
 - Build support for multiple data loading endpoints/APIs.
 - Build support for CRUD operations based on entity types.

- Design/Implementation Optimization opportunities
 - Type 2 Screens (#11 areas)
 - Lookup parent entity first & have a single grid and form(s) for Create/Update/Deletion of a single entity.
 - Grid complexity ranges from Low to Medium (based on # columns)
 - CRUD complexity ranges from Low to Complex (4 fields to 20 fields)
 - Design/Implementation Approach
 - Create components to reuse the following
 - Modal to pick parent entity.
 - Read only Grid with a link to CRUD form(s)
 - Build support for multiple data loading endpoints/APIs for
 - o Lookup parent entity grids.
 - o Child entity grids.
 - Build support for CRUD operations based on entity types.

- Design/Implementation Optimization opportunities
 - User Data Queries (reporting) (#34 reports)
 - Eliminate filters where applicable. (use JQ grid filters)
 - Use common read-only grid component.
 - Common page with filters/without filters.
 - o Impacts API complexity.
 - Use common filter components/lookups.
 - Design/Implementation Approach
 - o Create components to reuse the following
 - Modal for filters.
 - Read only Grid with filters to load data based on grid metadata.

- Design/Implementation Optimization opportunities
 - o All other pages/areas
 - Potential re-use of read-only grids.
 - Potential res-use of filter/lookup components

Option 2

- Estimated effort reduction approx. 25-30%
 - Focus on code reuse/automation.
 - o Build project infrastructure first.
 - Break application into modules based on related functionality.
 - Deliver to product team as and when done with each module.
 - Do certification in parallel.
 - Build APIs along with UI (no mock data/stub APIs)
- Project Structure (proposed)
 - o Establish a goal/end date for project.
 - o Drive towards goal via milestones/phases.
 - Use bi-weekly iterations.
 - o Do JIT planning (project plan) for next milestone/phase.
 - First milestone Infrastructure implementation (UI/API/Security/MAC)
 - o Includes re-usable UI components/widgets etc.
 - o Implement one area per screens type with APIs
 - o Approximate Duration: 6-8 weeks.
 - Next Milestones Implement each module in succession.