

Time Series Analysis

Lecture 4

Mixed Autoregressive Moving Average (ARMA) Models

Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) Models

Seasonal ARIMA (SARIMA) Models

ARMA Models and MA Models

Modeling Using the British Pound–New Zealand Dollar Exchange Rate, Part 2

Estimation: ARMA(1,1) Model

- Based on the time series, ACF, and PACF plots, a low-order ARMA model may do a better job than does a high-order pure MA model.
- Let's estimate a ARMA(1,1) model.
- All the AR and MA parameters are statistically significant.
- Note that the estimated AR parameter is close 1.

```
> fit8 <- Arima(bpnz$xrates, order=c(1,0,1))
> summary(fit8)
Series: bpnz$xrates
ARIMA(1,0,1) with non-zero mean

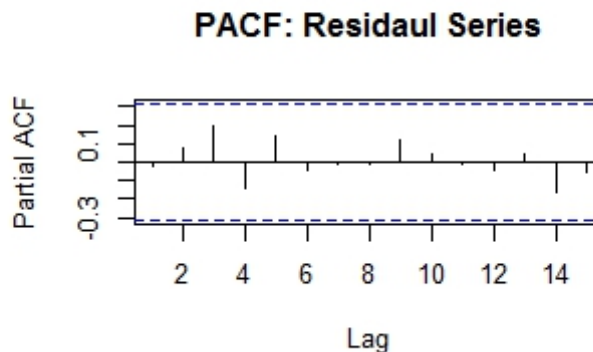
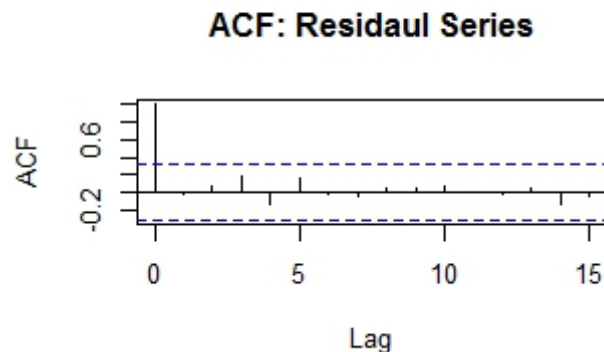
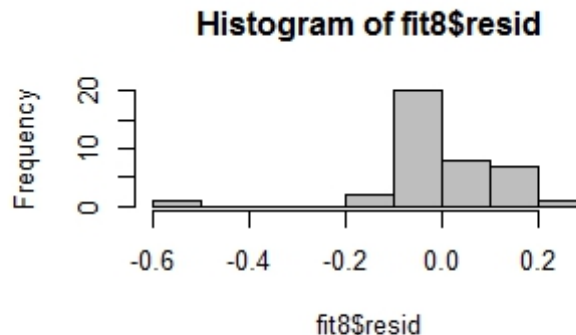
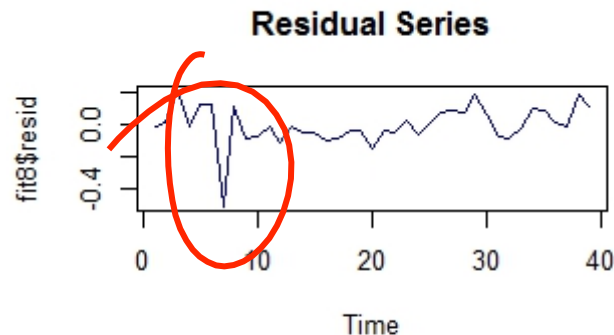
Coefficients:
    ar1    ma1  intercept
    0.892  0.53      2.96
s.e.    0.076  0.20      0.24

sigma^2 estimated as 0.0151:  log likelihood=25
AIC=-42  AICc=-41  BIC=-36

Training set error measures:
              ME RMSE   MAE   MPE  MAPE  MASE   ACF1
Training set 0.00029 0.12 0.085 -0.21    3 0.85 -0.018
```

Model Diagnostics

- The ACF, PACF, and Lyung-Box statistics cannot reject the hypothesis that the residual series comes from a white noise process.

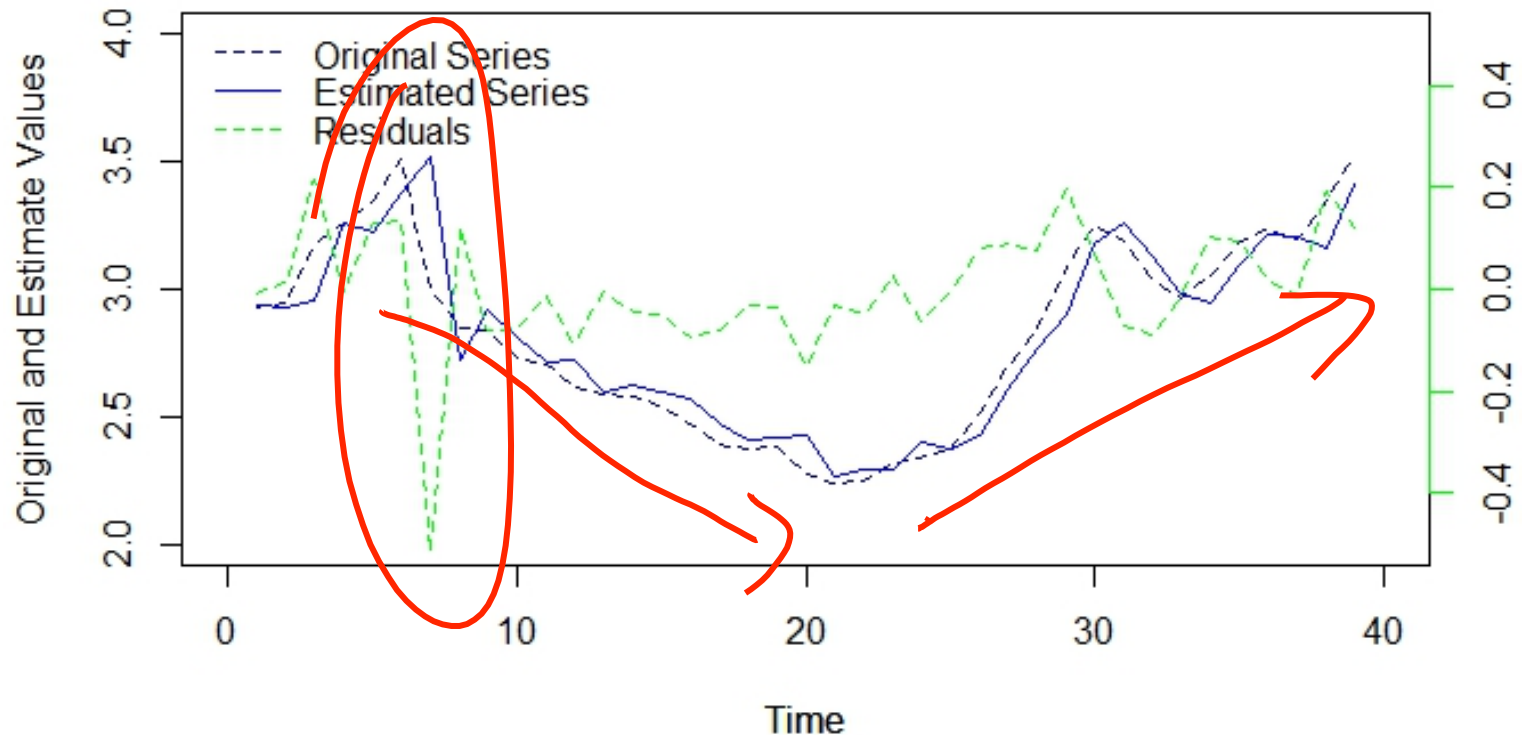


```
> Box.test(fit8$resid, type="Ljung-Box")  
  
Box-Ljung test  
  
data: fit8$resid  
X-squared = 0.014, df = 1, p-value = 0.9063
```

Model Performance Evaluation: In-Sample Fit

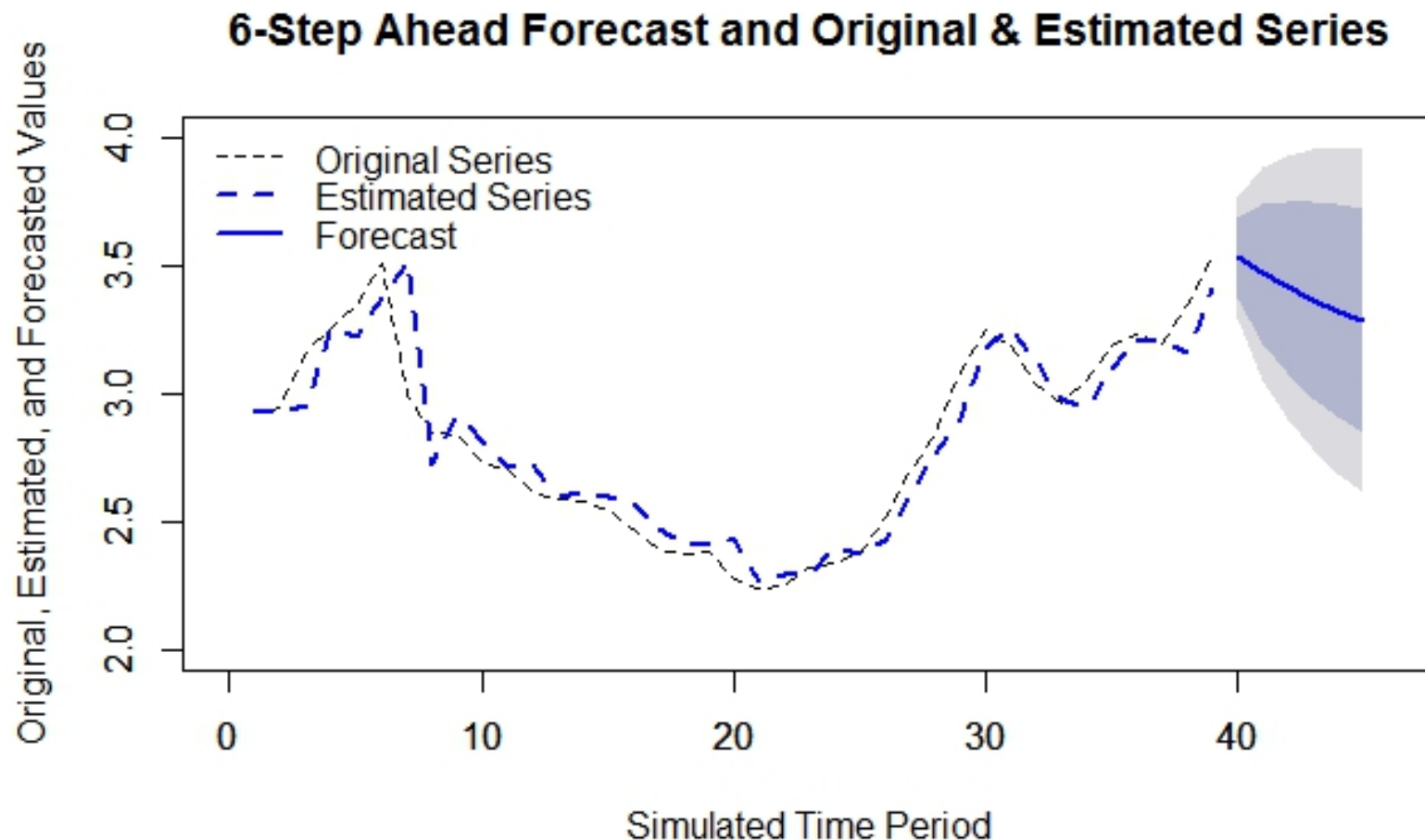
- Like that of the MA(5) model, the in-sample fit from the ARMA(1,1) model looks reasonable.

Original vs a ARMA(1,1) Estimated Series with Residuals



Forecasting

- Notice that the forecast still trends downward, although it does not decline as rapidly as that of the MA(5) model.



Back-Testing and Out-of-Sample Forecasting

- Reestimate the ARMA(1,1) model using only the first 33 (of the 39) observations in the original series.
- All of the parameters continue to be significant.

```
Series: bpnz$xrates[1:(length(bpnz$xrates) - 6)]  
ARIMA(1,0,1) with non-zero mean
```

Coefficients:

	ar1	ma1	intercept
	0.846	0.48	2.80
s.e.	0.091	0.23	0.18

sigma^2 estimated as 0.0155: log likelihood=21
AIC=-34 AICC=-32 BIC=-28

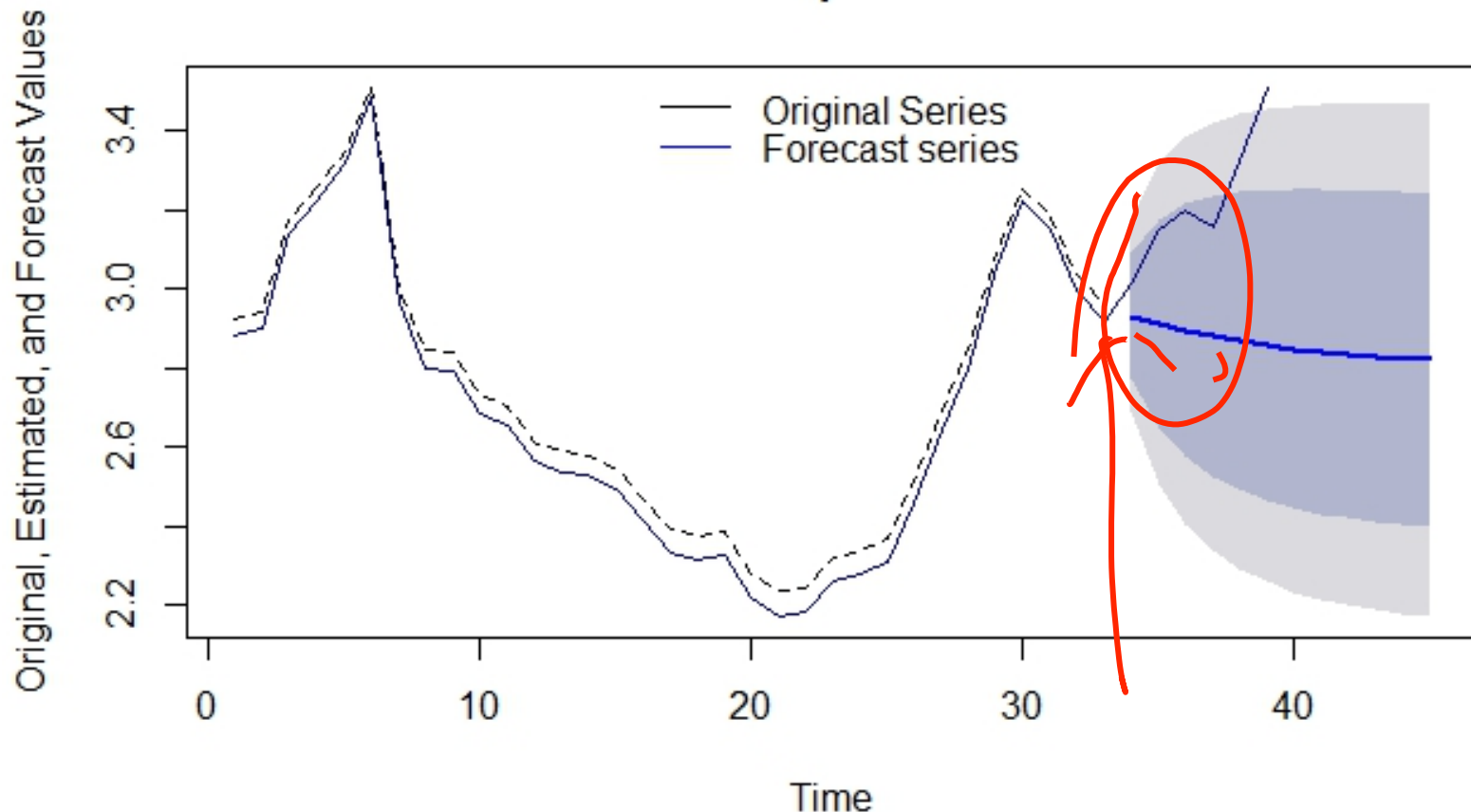
Training set error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	-0.0043	0.12	0.087	-0.37	3.1	0.87	0.0048

Back-Testing and Out-of-Sample Forecasting

- The forecasts still deviate from the actual values.
- However, 95% confidence intervals still include the actual values, meaning that the difference is not statistically significant.

Out-of-Sample Forecast



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