GC3 Workshop: Making a Reproducible Report

Winnie Wing-Yee Tse

2022-10-20

Contents

Reproducibility	1
Tip 1: Set things up at the beginning	 1
Tip 2: Create a new data frame after making changes	 1
Tip 3: Avoid hard coding	 2
Document format	3
Tip 1: Set chunk options	 3
Tip 2: Table of content	 4
Tip 3: Cheatsheet & Miscellaneous	 5

Reproducibility

Tip 1: Set things up at the beginning

It's a good practice to load all libraries and import data that will be used at the top of the document.

```
# load library
library(tidyverse)
# import data (beliefs about crying scale)
bacs <- read.csv("https://osf.io/6gsy8/download")</pre>
```

Tip 2: Create a new data frame after making changes

I highly recommend saving the wrangled data frame into a new object and keep a copy of the original data frame. In any case the new data frame is messed up, we can always start again from the original data frame.

```
# good practice
bacs_sub <- bacs %>%
  select(Gender, Age)
# oh I forgot to include Ethnic
# let's start again from bacs which contains all variables
bacs_sub <- bacs %>%
  select(Gender, Age, Ethnic)
```

```
# bad practice
bacs <- bacs %>%
    select(Gender, Age)
# now if we need Ethnic, all variables except Gender and Age are gone...
names(bacs)
# we need to reload the data to restore all variables
bacs <- read.csv("https://osf.io/6gsy8/download")</pre>
```

Tip 3: Avoid hard coding

Let's say we would like to report the mean of the sum scores of belief about crying.

```
(bacs_mean <- mean(bacs_sum$bacs_sum))
```

```
## [1] 44.72381
```

We should avoid hard coding by typing the number 44.72, but instead use "44.72" to print the result.

Document format

Tip 1: Set chunk options

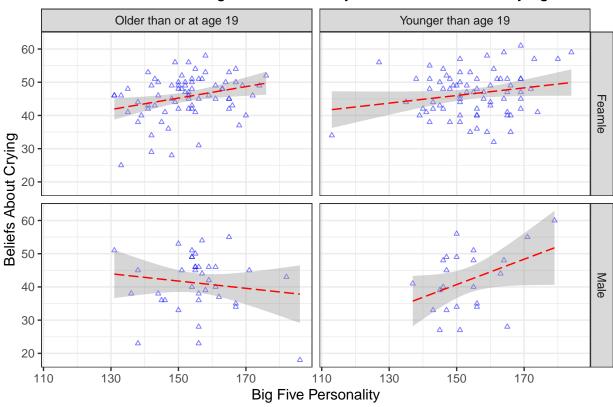
To hide outputs, such as a long data frame, use the chunk option results='hide'.

bacs

To hide codes, use the chunk option echo=FALSE.

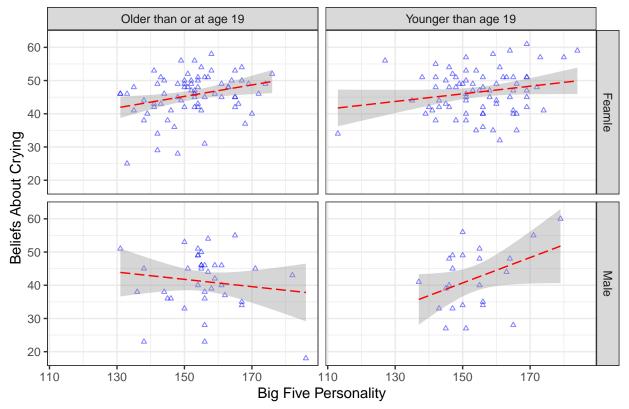
- ## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
- ## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).
- ## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

Correlation between Big Five Personality and Beliefs About Crying



To suppress warnings and messages, use the chunk option warnings=FALSE and message=FALSE.





To show but not evaluate a code chunk, use the chunk option eval=FALSE.

```
# will not be evaluated
bacs_test <- bacs</pre>
```

If a code chunk produces an error, R will stop knitting the entire document. It's best to fix the bugs and resolve the errors. But sometimes if we want to force R to knit a document even if there an error, use the chunk option error=TRUE

```
# as the above chunk wasn't evaluated,
# bacs_test does not exist
bacs_test
```

Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'bacs_test' not found

Tip 2: Table of content

The very top of the document contains the YAML metadata which determines the output format of the document.

```
title: 'GC3 Workshop: Making a Reproducible Report'
author: "Winnie Wing-Yee Tse"
date: "`r Sys.Date()`"
output:
```

```
html_document:
    toc: yes
    toc_depth: '2'
    df_print: paged
pdf_document:
    toc: yes
    toc_depth: 2
---
```

toc: TRUE indicates that we want to include a table of content, and toc_depth: 2 denotes that the level-1 and level-2 headers will be shown in the content page.

Tip 3: Cheatsheet & Miscellaneous

Here is a Rmarkdown cheatsheet, which includes details about section headers, lists, etc.

Remember that one of my favorite functions is ggsave()? We can attach a previously exported image to a document, which sometimes saves us time from knitting the document when the running the analysis and making a plot are complex and computational intensive.

knitr::include_graphics("big5_bacs.png")

Correlation between Big Five Personality and Beliefs About Crying

