EC500: Final Project

Ariya Shajii, Huy Le, Winston Chen April 26, 2016

1 Introduction

In this project, we solve in two dimensions the heat equation

$$\rho c_p \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} - \nabla \cdot (k \nabla T) = \dot{q}, \tag{1.1}$$

where

- k is a constant taken to be 1,
- ρ is the density of the medium (assumed to be constant),
- ullet c_p is the specific heat of the medium (assumed to be constant),
- \dot{q} is the volumetric heat flux as a function of spacial coordinates (x,y), and
- T is the temperature of the material as a function of spatial coordinates (x, y) and of time t.

In discrete form, the equation can be written as follows:

$$\rho c_p(T_{x,y,t+1} - T_{x,y,t}) - k(T_{x+1,y,t} + T_{x-1,y,t} + T_{x,y+1,t} + T_{x,y-1,t} - 4T_{x,y,t}) = \dot{q}. \quad (1.2)$$

The time step and spatial step have both been taken to be 1 in the finite difference approximations.

We now solve this problem using three different approaches:

- Red-black iteration, parallelized with OpenMP and MPI
- Conjugate gradient method
- \bullet Using a triangular lattice instead of a conventional square lattice
 - 2 Parallelized Red-Black
 - 3 Conjugate Gradient Method
 - 4 Triangular Lattice