

Differential Equations Qualifying Exam
Spring, 2003
NAME:

1. Solve the problem:

$$\begin{cases} u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 1, & -\infty < x < +\infty, y < 2, \\ u(x, x) = \frac{x}{2}, & \text{for } -\infty < x < 2. \end{cases}$$

2. Show that $(4\pi|x|)^{-1}e^{-c|x|}$ is a fundamental solution of $-\Delta + c^2$ in \mathbb{R}^3 .

3. Describe the distributional derivative, f' , of the function $f(x) = \ln|x|$ on \mathbb{R} , i.e., find (and justify) a formula for $\langle f', \eta \rangle$ for any test function $\eta \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R})$. Is f' a tempered distribution?

4. Let Ω be a bounded domain in \mathbb{R}^3 with smooth boundary $\partial\Omega$. Let $u(x, t)$ be a sufficiently smooth solution of the problem

$$\begin{cases} u_t - \Delta u + u^3 = 0, & x \in \Omega, t > 0, \\ u|_{\partial\Omega} = 0. \end{cases}$$

Show that $\int_{\Omega} |u(x, t)|^2 dx \rightarrow 0$ as $t \rightarrow +\infty$.

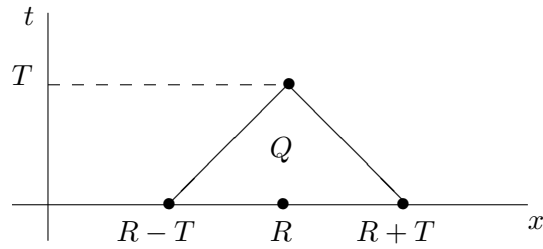
5. Find the 1-periodic in x solution $u(x, t)$ of the problem

$$u_{tt} + 4\pi u_t - u_{xx} = 0, \quad u(x, 0) = 0, \quad u_t(x, 0) = \cos(2\pi x).$$

6. Consider the problem

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} - u_{xx} - u_t + u = h(x, t), \\ u(0, x) = 0, \quad u_t(0, x) = 0. \end{cases}$$

Show that if $h(x, t) = 0$ inside the right triangle Q ,



then $u(x, t) = 0$ in Q .