Topology Qualifying Exam Fall 1996

Choose and work any 6 of the following 14 problems. Start each problem on a new sheet of paper. **Do not turn in more than six problems**. A space always means a topological space below.

- 1. Prove that the unit interval [0, 1] is connected.
- 2. Prove that if X is a space with the property that each filter on X has a cluster point, then X is compact.
- 3. Prove or disprove: There exists an infinite strictly decreasing sequence of ordinal numbers.
- **4.** Prove or disprove:
 - (a) Every path connected space is connected.
 - (b) Every connected space is path connected.
- **5.** Let $f: X \to Y$ be a surjective continuous function with compact Hausdorff domain. Prove that Y is Hausdorff if and only if f is closed.
- **6.** For a topological space (X, τ) define $I: P(X) \to P(X)$ by $I(A) = A^{\circ}$ and $C: P(X) \to P(X)$ by $C(A) = \overline{A}$. For a set A of X, consider the sequence: $A, I(A), CI(A), ICI(A), CICI(A), \ldots$
 - (a) For any space, what is the largest number of distinct sets that this sequence can contain?
 - (b) Find $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ for which this largest number is obtained (where \mathbb{R} has the usual topology).
- 7. Prove or disprove: The product of two normal spaces is normal.
- 8. Prove that a product of spaces $\Pi_{\alpha \in I} X_{\alpha}$ is locally connected if and only if each space X_{α} is locally connected and all but finitely many of the X_{α} are connected.
- 9. Prove that a metric space is compact if and only if it is complete and totally bounded.
- **10.** Prove that if $f: X \to Y$ is a continuous function between Hausdorff spaces with f[X] dense in Y, then $|Y| < 2^{2|x|}$.
- 11. Let $f: X \to Y$ be a continuous open surjection. Assume that X is a Baire space. Prove that Y is a Baire space.
- 12. Prove or disprove: There is a completely regular T_1 space X such that the Čech-Stone compactification of X is homeomorphic to the Alexandroff compactification of X.
- 13. Find an error in the following purported proof that "Every compact T_2 space is metrizable." **Proof** If X is compact T_2 it is locally compact T_2 and so it is completely regular. Since X is completely regular, it can be embedded in a Hilbert cube, I^{\aleph_0} . But I^{\aleph_0} is metrizable, and metrizability is hereditary. Thus, since X is homeomorphic to a metrizable space, it must be metrizable.
- 14. Prove that every space that is paracompact and countably compact must be compact.