

## ▼ MLP Gradient Descent

- Without Error Backpropagation

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

## ▼ I. 함수 정의

### ▼ 1) Activation - sigmoid( )

```
import numpy as np
np.set_printoptions(suppress = True, precision = 3)

def sigmoid(x):
    y = 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
    return y
```

### ▼ 2) Classification - Machine( )

```
def Machine(x1, x2,
            w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
            w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
            w2_11, w2_12, b2_1):

    y1 = sigmoid(x1 * w1_11 + x2 * w1_12 + b1_1)
    y2 = sigmoid(x1 * w1_21 + x2 * w1_22 + b1_2)

    y_hat = sigmoid(y1 * w2_11 + y2 * w2_12 + b2_1)

    return y_hat
```

### ▼ 3) Binary Cross Entropy - Cost( )

```
def Cost(x1, x2, y,
         w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
         w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
         w2_11, w2_12, b2_1):

    y_hat = Machine(x1, x2,
                    w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
```

```

        w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
        w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
        w2_11, w2_12, b2_1)

    loss = np.mean(-y * np.log(y_hat) - (1 - y) * np.log(1 - y_hat))

    return loss

```

## ▼ 4) Gradient Descent - Learning()

```

def Learning(x1, x2, y,
            w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
            w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
            w2_11, w2_12, b2_1,
            step):

    current = Cost(x1, x2, y,
                  w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
                  w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
                  w2_11, w2_12, b2_1)

    dw1_11 = (Cost(x1, x2, y,
                  w1_11 + 0.0001, w1_12, b1_1,
                  w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
                  w2_11, w2_12, b2_1) - current) / 0.0001

    dw1_12 = (Cost(x1, x2, y,
                  w1_11, w1_12 + 0.0001, b1_1,
                  w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
                  w2_11, w2_12, b2_1) - current) / 0.0001

    db1_1 = (Cost(x1, x2, y,
                  w1_11, w1_12, b1_1 + 0.0001,
                  w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
                  w2_11, w2_12, b2_1) - current) / 0.0001

    dw1_21 = (Cost(x1, x2, y,
                  w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
                  w1_21 + 0.0001, w1_22, b1_2,
                  w2_11, w2_12, b2_1) - current) / 0.0001

    dw1_22 = (Cost(x1, x2, y,
                  w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
                  w1_21, w1_22 + 0.0001, b1_2,
                  w2_11, w2_12, b2_1) - current) / 0.0001

    db1_2 = (Cost(x1, x2, y,
                  w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
                  w1_21, w1_22, b1_2 + 0.0001,
                  w2_11, w2_12, b2_1) - current) / 0.0001

    dw2_11 = (Cost(x1, x2, y,
                  w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,

```

```

        w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
        w2_11 + 0.0001, w2_12, b2_1) - current) / 0.0001

dw2_12 = (Cost(x1, x2, y,
               w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
               w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
               w2_11, w2_12 + 0.0001, b2_1) - current) / 0.0001

db2_1 = (Cost(x1, x2, y,
              w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
              w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
              w2_11, w2_12, b2_1 + 0.0001) - current) / 0.0001

w1_11 = w1_11 - step * dw1_11
w1_12 = w1_12 - step * dw1_12
b1_1 = b1_1 - step * db1_1

w1_21 = w1_21 - step * dw1_21
w1_22 = w1_22 - step * dw1_22
b1_2 = b1_2 - step * db1_2

w2_11 = w2_11 - step * dw2_11
w2_12 = w2_12 - step * dw2_12
b2_1 = b2_1 - step * db2_1

return np.array([w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
                  w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
                  w2_11, w2_12, b2_1])

```

## ▼ II. Data Set - Default.csv

### ▼ 1) File Read

```

import pandas as pd

url = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rusita-ai/pyData/master/Default.csv'
DF = pd.read_csv(url)

DF.head()

```

## 2) 'x1', 'x2' and 'target' Data

```

      1         INFO      RES      017.100407      12100.13470
x1 = np.array(DF[['balance']].head(2000))
x2 = np.array(DF[['income']].head(2000))

target = DF['default'].head(2000)

```

## 3) 'target' One-Hot Encoding

```

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

encoder = LabelEncoder()
encoder.fit(target)
y = encoder.transform(target)

y.shape

(2000,)

```

# III. Model Training(Learning)

## 1) Prameters(w & b) 초기화

```

w1_11 = 0.001
w1_12 = 0.002
b1_1  = 0.003

w1_21 = 0.004
w1_22 = 0.005
b1_2  = 0.006

w2_11 = 0.007
w2_12 = 0.008
b2_1  = 0.009

```

## 2) 학습 실행

- 약 2분

```
%%time
```

```

cost = np.ones(500)

for i in range(0, 500):

    cost[i] = Cost(x1, x2, y,
                   w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
                   w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
                   w2_11, w2_12, b2_1)

    temp = Learning(x1, x2, y,
                    w1_11, w1_12, b1_1,
                    w1_21, w1_22, b1_2,
                    w2_11, w2_12, b2_1,
                    0.05)

    w1_11 = temp[0]
    w1_12 = temp[1]
    b1_1 = temp[2]

    w1_21 = temp[3]
    w1_22 = temp[4]
    b1_2 = temp[5]

    w2_11 = temp[6]
    w2_12 = temp[7]
    b2_1 = temp[8]

```

CPU times: user 1min 38s, sys: 351 ms, total: 1min 38s  
 Wall time: 1min 38s

### ▼ 3) Updated Parameters

```

print(temp)

[ 0.001  0.002  0.003  0.004  0.005  0.006 -1.077 -1.076 -1.075]

```

### ▼ 4) loss Visualization

```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.plot(cost)
plt.show()

```

#

#

#

# The End

#

#

#