# Research Project

## Load Packages

```
library(quantmod)
library(tidyverse)
library(XLConnect)
library(tidyquant)
library(tseries)
library(reshape2)
library(readxl)
```

## Function: Calculate monthly return

```
get_return <- function(symbol, start, end, compression = "m") {
   price <- get.hist.quote(instrument = symbol, start = start,
        end = end, compression = compression, quote = "Close",
        quiet = TRUE)
   Date <- index(price)

price <- (price %>% as.data.frame() %>% mutate(Date = Date) %>%
        select(Date, everything()))

returns <- price %>% mutate(returns = Close/lag(Close) -
        1) %>% select(-Close) %>% filter(complete.cases(returns))

returns <- returns %>% as.tibble()
   return(returns)
}
```

### Data range and query stock

```
start <- "2012-06-01"
end <- "2018-06-02"
query_stock <- "APA"</pre>
```

### I. Carhart four-factor model

#### 1) Query stock returns

```
returns <- get_return(query_stock, start, end)
returns Date <- as.yearmon(returns Date)
```

## 2) Data: Fama French 3 factors

```
ff_factors <- read.csv("F-F_Research_Data_Factors.CSV", header = TRUE,
    skip = 3, nrows = 1102)</pre>
```

#### 3) Data: Fama French Momentum

#### 4) Run Regression

```
# Merge stock returns, ff_mom, ff_factors by Date
df <- Reduce(function(x, y) merge(x, y, by = "Date"), list(ff_factors,</pre>
   ff_mom, returns))
# Calculate excess stock return
df <- df %>% mutate(Ex.return = returns - RF)
# Run regression
df <- df %>% select(-c(RF, returns))
summary(lm(Ex.return ~ ., data = df[, -1]))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Ex.return ~ ., data = df[, -1])
## Residuals:
                    1Q
                          Median
## -0.199535 -0.036759 -0.003474 0.047167 0.281671
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.01179
                           0.01110 -1.062 0.292319
## Mkt.RF
               0.71625
                           0.37029 1.934 0.057504 .
## SMB
                                     1.169 0.246939
                0.52665
                           0.45071
```

```
## HML 0.37236 0.52553 0.709 0.481185

## Mom -1.49069 0.40479 -3.683 0.000476 ***

## ---

## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

##

## Residual standard error: 0.083 on 64 degrees of freedom

## Multiple R-squared: 0.3652, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3255

## F-statistic: 9.206 on 4 and 64 DF, p-value: 6.127e-06
```

>> According to the Carhart four-factor model, momentum and market factor are significant.

#### II. PCA Analysis

1) Filter out stocks in the same sub-sector with query\_stock. (Data: GICS Subsector)

```
sub_industry <- read_xlsx("SP500 Sectors.xlsx", sheet = 1)</pre>
```

2) Sub-industry for query stock

```
query_industry <- sub_industry %>% filter(`Ticker symbol` ==
   query_stock) %>% select(`GICS Sub Industry`) %>% unlist()
query_industry %>% as.character()
```

```
## [1] "Oil & Gas Exploration & Production"
```

3) Filter out peers

```
peers <- sub_industry %>% filter(`GICS Sub Industry` == query_industry) %>%
    select(`Ticker symbol`)

colnames(peers) <- "symbol"

peers %>% unlist() %>% as.vector()

## [1] "APA" "APC" "COG" "COP" "CXO" "DVN" "EOG" "EQT" "MRO" "NBL" "NFX"
```

```
## [12] "OXY" "PXD" "XEC"
```

4) Calculate returns for stocks in the selected sub-sector

```
peers_return <- peers %>% mutate(returns = map(symbol, function(.x) get_return(.x, start, end)))

peers_return <- peers_return %>% unnest()

peers_return <- dcast(peers_return, Date ~ symbol)

# Exclude stocks with shorter history than the data range
# selected
peers_return <- peers_return[, colSums(is.na(peers_return)) == 0]</pre>
```

```
5) PCA analysis
```

```
pca <- prcomp(peers_return[, -1])</pre>
```

6) Select retained PCs based on Scaled Average Eigenvalues (Keep eigenvalues larger than 0.7\*mean(eigenvalues))

```
keep_scale <- mean(pca$sdev^2) * 0.7
n <- sum(pca$sdev^2 > keep_scale)
n
```

## [1] 3

7) Regress APA stock return on PCs

```
pcs <- pca$x[, c(1:n)]

pc_tbl <- peers_return %>% select(Date) %>% cbind(pcs)

pc_tbl$Date <- as.yearmon(pc_tbl$Date)

tbl <- merge(returns, pc_tbl)

summary(lm(returns ~ ., data = tbl[, -1]))</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = returns ~ ., data = tbl[, -1])
##
## Residuals:
        Min
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                               Max
                   1Q
## -0.103837 -0.040021 0.000003 0.030655 0.208151
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.004374 0.006746 -0.648
                                            0.5189
               0.306015 0.025415 12.041
                                            <2e-16 ***
## PC1
## PC2
               0.011107
                          0.071625 0.155
                                            0.8772
## PC3
               0.185544
                          0.081277
                                    2.283
                                            0.0256 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.05724 on 68 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6884, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6746
## F-statistic: 50.07 on 3 and 68 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

>> PC1 and PC3 are significant, R-squared is 0.6884.

#### 8) Variance explained by PCA

```
summary(pca)$importance[, 1:3]

## PC1 PC2 PC3

## Standard deviation     0.2673055 0.09485103 0.08358663
```

```
## Proportion of Variance 0.6443500 0.08113000 0.06301000 ## Cumulative Proportion 0.6443500 0.72548000 0.78849000
```

>> First three PCs have explained 78.85% of variation

## 9) PC1, PC2, PC3 loadings

```
pca$rotation[, 1:n]
##
             PC1
                         PC2
                                      PC3
## APA 0.30601460
                  0.01110738
                              0.18554418
## APC 0.28173368 0.02532967
                              0.18224084
## COG 0.08428241 0.69213010 -0.25283826
## COP 0.22934632 0.01654187
                              0.25576330
## CXO 0.24475107 -0.22934286 -0.36795702
## DVN 0.38876059 0.16541424 0.18130716
## EOG 0.24303301 -0.06536542 -0.13354567
## EQT 0.13371813 0.43954872 -0.40522715
## MRO 0.41485058 0.23304398 0.43195885
## NBL 0.24599763 -0.11200576 -0.09309682
## NFX 0.31873719 -0.31202004 -0.05127994
## OXY 0.15122415 -0.13066884 -0.09247165
## PXD 0.24967147 -0.24122999 -0.23158432
## XEC 0.24470525 -0.05480925 -0.43891234
```

>> All stocks have positive weights in PC1, check its correlation with Oil Price

#### 10) Data: WTI

```
WTI <- read.csv("WTI.csv", header = TRUE)
WTI$Date <- as.yearmon(as.Date(WTI$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y"))
WTI <- WTI %>% mutate(WTI.return = WTI/lag(WTI) - 1) %>% select(-WTI)
```

#### 11) Correlation tabel

```
df_new <- merge(tbl, WTI)

cor(df_new[, -1])</pre>
```

```
##
                 returns
                                  PC1
                                               PC2
                                                            PC3 WTI.return
## returns
             1.000000000
                          0.820202314
                                       0.001973072 0.146820534 0.3313157
## PC1
             0.820202314 1.000000000 -0.001632007 -0.001838155
## PC2
             0.001973072 -0.001632007 1.000000000 -0.003827019
                                                                 0.1558971
## PC3
             0.146820534 -0.001838155 -0.003827019 1.000000000 0.0875003
## WTI.return 0.331315750 0.447551489 0.155897139 0.087500301 1.0000000
```

>> The correlation between PC1 and WTI is 0.44, because the sub-industry of APA is Oil & Gas Exploration & Production, it may have higher correlation with Oil & Gas index, commodity index or PMI. (But those data cannot be downloaded from website, it is not feasible to verify this guess)

# III. Further thoughts

>> Because this poject is to study the return of one single stock, a model based on valuation variables would explain more firm-specific returns, factors including Size, P/B, ROE, Dividends per share, Debt/Price, etc. But those historical valuation data cannot be obtained online, so it is not feasible to do more research on this idea.