## Interaction with both forms

## Chaochen Wang

2020-11-23 09:27:25 JST created, 2020-11-23 21:22:01 updated

```
# simulate hyt, age, and physical activity among 500 individuals
set.seed(1000)
# age standardized
age = rnorm(500, mean = 0, sd = 1)
age2g <- age < 1.0 # dichotomize age into older and younger group
# physical activity standardized
physical = rnorm(500, mean = 0, sd = 1)
# assumed interaction effect between age2g and physical activity
lp = -2 + 0.68 * age2g - 2 * physical - 3*age2g*physical
link_lp = exp(lp)/(1 + exp(lp))
# generate hypertension binary outcome
hyt = (runif(500) < link_lp)
# correct model
log.int <- glm(hyt ~ age2g + physical + age2g*physical, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(log.int)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = hyt ~ age2g + physical + age2g * physical, family = binomial)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
       Min
                  1Q
                        Median
                                       30
                                                Max
## -2.37323 -0.29932 -0.06273 0.15375
                                            2.65435
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                      -2.2275
                                   0.5176 -4.304 1.68e-05 ***
## age2gTRUE
                       0.9371
                                   0.5616
                                           1.669 0.095212 .
                                   0.4977 -3.879 0.000105 ***
## physical
                      -1.9307
## age2gTRUE:physical -3.0025
                                   0.7311 -4.107 4.01e-05 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 661.05 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 240.35 on 496 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 248.35
```

```
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
# model with age (cont. adjusted) + physical
m0.1 <- glm(hyt ~ age + physical, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(m0.1)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = hyt ~ age + physical, family = binomial)
## Deviance Residuals:
                        Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
                  1Q
## -2.49310 -0.35905 -0.08354
                                 0.24546
                                            2.51361
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1.3958
                            0.1877 -7.438 1.03e-13 ***
               -0.6620
                            0.1799 -3.680 0.000233 ***
## age
               -3.7438
                           0.3558 -10.521 < 2e-16 ***
## physical
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 661.05 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 271.33 on 497 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 277.33
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
\# model with age (cont. adjutest) + physical + physical * age2g
m0.2 <- glm(hyt ~ age + physical + physical * age2g, family=binomial)</pre>
summary(m0.2)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = hyt ~ age + physical + physical * age2g, family = binomial)
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                        Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
## -2.39308 -0.29848 -0.06335
                                 0.15386
                                            2.63418
##
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                     -2.09978
                               0.65597 -3.201 0.001369 **
                      -0.08288
                                  0.26274 -0.315 0.752413
## age
                     -1.92803
                                  0.49766 -3.874 0.000107 ***
## physical
                                          1.071 0.284195
## age2gTRUE
                      0.78760
                                  0.73543
## physical:age2gTRUE -3.00598
                                  0.73142 -4.110 3.96e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
```

```
Null deviance: 661.05 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 240.25 on 495 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 250.25
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
lmtest::lrtest(m0.1, m0.2)
## Likelihood ratio test
##
## Model 1: hyt ~ age + physical
## Model 2: hyt ~ age + physical + physical * age2g
## #Df LogLik Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## 1 3 -135.67
## 2 5 -120.13 2 31.08 1.782e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# linear comparison (b0, b2, b3, b4, b5)
names(coef(m0.2))
## [1] "(Intercept)"
                            "age"
                                                 "physical"
## [4] "age2gTRUE"
                            "physical:age2gTRUE"
# we want physical effect in older age
library(multcomp)
summary(glht(m0.2, linfct = c("physical + physical:age2gTRUE = 0")))
##
##
    Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
## Fit: glm(formula = hyt ~ age + physical + physical * age2g, family = binomial)
## Linear Hypotheses:
                                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## physical + physical:age2gTRUE == 0 -4.9340
                                                 0.5358 -9.208
                                                                   <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
# Show the confidence interval
mod.lh <- glht(m0.2, linfct = c("physical + physical:age2gTRUE = 0"))</pre>
confint(mod.lh)
##
##
     Simultaneous Confidence Intervals
##
## Fit: glm(formula = hyt ~ age + physical + physical * age2g, family = binomial)
## Quantile = 1.96
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
                                      Estimate lwr
## physical + physical:age2gTRUE == 0 -4.9340 -5.9842 -3.8838
```

```
\exp(-4.9340); \exp(-5.9842); \exp(-3.8838)
## [1] 0.007197655
## [1] 0.002518227
## [1] 0.0205725
# physical effect in younger age
\exp(-1.92803); \exp(-1.92803 - 1.96 * 0.49766); \exp(-1.92803 + 1.96 * 0.49766)
## [1] 0.1454344
## [1] 0.05483407
## [1] 0.3857305
# correct effects
# linear comparison (b0, b2, b3, b4)
names(coef(log.int))
## [1] "(Intercept)"
                            "age2gTRUE"
                                                  "physical"
## [4] "age2gTRUE:physical"
# we want physical effect in older age
summary(glht(log.int, linfct = c("physical + age2gTRUE:physical = 0")))
##
##
    Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Fit: glm(formula = hyt ~ age2g + physical + age2g * physical, family = binomial)
## Linear Hypotheses:
                                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## physical + age2gTRUE:physical == 0 -4.9332
                                                   0.5355 -9.212
                                                                    <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
# Show the confidence interval
mod.lh <- glht(log.int, linfct = c("physical + age2gTRUE:physical = 0"))</pre>
confint(mod.lh)
##
    Simultaneous Confidence Intervals
##
## Fit: glm(formula = hyt ~ age2g + physical + age2g * physical, family = binomial)
##
## Quantile = 1.96
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
                                      Estimate lwr
## physical + age2gTRUE:physical == 0 -4.9332 -5.9828 -3.8835
\exp(-4.9332); \exp(-5.9828); \exp(-3.8835)
```

## [1] 0.007203415

```
## [1] 0.002521755
## [1] 0.02057867
# physical effect in younger age
exp(-1.9307); exp(-1.9307 - 1.96 * 0.4977); exp(-1.9307 + 1.96 * 0.4977)
## [1] 0.1450466
## [1] 0.05468357
## [1] 0.3847321
```