READING PASSAGE 2

You should spend about 20 minutes on Questions 14–26, which are based on Reading Passage 2 on pages 21 and 22.

Questions 14-19

Reading Passage 2 has six paragraphs, A-F.

Choose the correct heading for each paragraph from the list of headings below.

Write the correct number, i-viii, in boxes 14-19 on your answer sheet.

List of Headings

The productive outcomes that may result from boredom

- ii What teachers can do to prevent boredom
- iii A new explanation and a new cure for boredom
- iv Problems with a scientific approach to boredom
- v A potential danger arising from boredom
- vi Creating a system of classification for feelings of boredom
- vii Age groups most affected by boredom
- viii Identifying those most affected by boredom
- 14 Paragraph A
- 15 Paragraph B
- 16 Paragraph C
- 17 Paragraph D
- 18 Paragraph E
- 19 Paragraph F

Destions 20-23

at the following people (Questions 20–23) and the list of ideas below.

Match each person with the correct idea, A-E.

the correct letter, A-E, in boxes 20-23 on your answer sheet.

- Peter Toohey
- 21 Thomas Goetz
- 22 John Eastwood
- Francoise Wemelsfelder

List of Ideas

- A The way we live today may encourage boredom.
- B One sort of boredom is worse than all the others.
- C Levels of boredom may fall in the future.
- D Trying to cope with boredom can increase its negative effects.
- **E** Boredom may encourage us to avoid an unpleasant experience.

Questions 24-26

Complete the summary below.

Choose ONE WORD ONLY from the passage for each answer.

Mrite your answers in boxes 24–26 on your answer sheet.

Responses to boredom

For John Eastwood, the central feature of boredom is that people cannot
24, due to a failure in what he calls the 'attention system', and as a
result they become frustrated and irritable. His team suggests that those for whom
25 is an important aim in life may have problems in coping with
boredom, whereas those who have the characteristic of 26can
generally cope with it.