Questions 14-18

Do the following statements agree with the information given in Reading Passage 2?

In boxes 14-18 on your answer sheet, write

TRUE if the statement agrees with the information FALSE if the statement contradicts the information

NOT GIVEN if there is no information on this

- 14 Local gulls and migrating arctic terns behave in the same way when offered food.
- 15 Experts' definitions of migration tend to vary according to their area of study.
- 16 Very few experts agree that the movement of aphids can be considered migration.
- 17 Aphids' journeys are affected by changes in the light that they perceive.
- 18 Dingle's aim is to distinguish between the migratory behaviours of different species.

Questions 19–22

Complete each sentence with the correct ending, **A**–**G**, below.

Write the correct letter, **A–G**, in boxes 19–22 on your answer sheet.

- 19 According to Dingle, migratory routes are likely to
- 20 To prepare for migration, animals are likely to
- 21 During migration, animals are unlikely to
- 22 Arctic terns illustrate migrating animals' ability to
 - A be discouraged by difficulties.
 - B travel on open land where they can look out for predators.
 - **C** eat more than they need for immediate purposes.
 - **D** be repeated daily.
 - **E** ignore distractions.
 - **F** be governed by the availability of water.
 - **G** follow a straight line.

Questions 23–26

Complete the summary below.

Choose **ONE WORD ONLY** from the passage for each answer.

Write your answers in boxes 23–26 on your answer sheet.

The migration of pronghorns

Pronghorns rely on their eyesight and 23	to avoid predators. One particular
population's summer habitat is a national par	k, and their winter home is on
the 24, where they go to avoid the	danger presented by the snow at that time
of year. However, their route between these t	wo areas contains three 25
One problem is the construction of new home	es in a narrow 26 of land on the
pronghorns' route.	