newstatmodelwlinearregression

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[]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import statistics as stat
     import scipy.stats as scip
     from numpy import random as rand
     from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
     from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures as polyfeat
     from statsmodels.graphics.gofplots import qqplot
     import matplotlib as mpl
     #makes the plot come out in sns format
     sns.set()
     #time between readings
     increment=300
     #read table into python and duration coloumn
     table= pd.read_csv('/Users/Windows/Documents/GitHub/Moisture-Sensor_val/07.03 0__
      ⇔moisture/Mall.csv')
     Sensor_val=np.array([table.loc[:,'M0'],table.loc[:,'M1'],table.loc[:,'M2']])
     n=len(Sensor val[0])
     #time array based on time between readings
     Time= np.linspace(0,increment*n)
     print(n)
[]: # Boxplot of Sensor_vals
     tablemelt=table.melt()
     sns.boxplot(x=tablemelt['variable'], y=tablemelt['value'], data=tablemelt)
     plt.title('Boxplot of SENSOR VALUES (nm)')
     plt.show()
[]: TrimMean=np.array([0.0,0.0,0.0])
     StdDev=np.array([0.0,0.0,0.0])
     Mean=np.array([0.0,0.0,0.0])
     CI=np.array([(0.,0.),((0.,0.)),(0.,0.)])
     #80% confidence interval
     alpha=0.2
     Z= scip.norm.ppf(1-alpha/2)
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[]: print(Sensor_val[1])

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[]: # %% 2b Polynomial Linear Regression Model
     def PolyRegress(x,y,n,plot):
         ##set bias to false so it is not automatically O
         Poly = polyfeat(degree=n,include bias= False)
         #using Polynomial Features as required
         PolyFeatures = Poly.fit_transform(x.reshape(-1,1))
         #fit polynomial regression model
         polymodel = LinearRegression()
         polymodel.fit(PolyFeatures, y)
         Pred=polymodel.predict(PolyFeatures)
         ##display model coefficients
         ##print(polymodel.intercept_, polymodel.coef_)
         #Number of parameters being estimated
         q=n+1
         StdDev= stat.stdev(Sensor val)
         #Residual sum of squares
         RSS= (np.sum((y-Pred)**2))
         #Log likelihood function with Egn from Stats book pg 150
         LL=-(len(y)*0.5*np.log(2*np.pi*(StdDev**2)))-(1/(2*StdDev**2))*RSS
         #AIC information
         AIC= 2*q-2*LL
         #Only plot if required
         if plot==True:
             plt.figure()
             plt.scatter(x,y)
             plt.plot(x,Pred,c='r',label='AIC='+str(np.round(AIC,decimals=2))+'__

¬RSS='+str(np.round(RSS,decimals=4)))
             plt.xlabel("Standardised Time Index")
             plt.ylabel("Sensor_val (nm)")
             plt.ticklabel_format(useOffset=False)
             plt.title("Sensor_val against Time with a Polynomial regression of \Box

order " + str(n))
             plt.legend()
             plt.show()
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print(n, AIC)

#Return prediction array
return Pred
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[]: # %% 2c Run Polynomial linear regress for different orders and standardise X
## Standardise the X variable, reason in report
StdTime= (Time-np.mean(Time))/stat.stdev(Time)
for i in range(1,7):
    MoisturePred=PolyRegress(StdTime,Sensor_val,i,True)
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[]: ##2d checking validity of linear regression assumptions
     #chosen model based on AIC
     MoisturePred= PolyRegress(Time,Sensor_val,6,False)
     Residuals=Sensor_val-MoisturePred
     plt.scatter(StdTime, Residuals)
     plt.xlabel("Standardised Time Index")
     plt.ylabel("Residual (nm)")
     plt.ticklabel_format(useOffset=False)
     plt.title("Residuals against Time for a Polynomial regression of order 6")
     plt.show()
     #do a histogram of residuals to see whether it is normally distributed
     sns.histplot(Residuals,bins=20,kde=True, stat="probability")
     plt.ylabel("Relative Frequency")
     plt.xlabel("Residual (nm)")
     plt.title('Histogram plot of Residuals')
     plt.show()
     #Standardise the residuals
     Residuals= (Residuals-np.mean(Residuals))/stat.stdev(Residuals)
     \#qqPLot of the distribution of the residuals versus the Standard normal
      \hookrightarrow distribution
     qqplot(Residuals,line='45')
     plt.xlabel('Theoretical')
     plt.ylabel('Sample')
     plt.title('Normal QQ plot of Residuals')
     plt.show()
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