# Wisent Guard: A General Framework for Reliable Representation Identification and Representation Steering

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#### **Abstract**

Representation engineering is a powerful method for identifying and modifying high-level concepts within the internal layers of large language models. Despite its potential, real-life deployments of activation steering remain difficult. We present Wisent-Guard, a flexible, open-source framework for monitoring and steering internal activations of large language models. Practical applications of the framework show 95 percent hallucination reduction, 25 percent improvement in coding ability and deep personalization capabilities.

#### 8 1 Introduction

- Large language models, with billions of parameters and Internet-scale training dataset, have displayed
   significant capabilities across a wide range of tasks, such as writing, coding or reasoning. However,
   their internal mechanisms of generating the next token cannot be precisely explained, with interactions
- between layers and parameters increasing in complexity as the size of these models increases.
- 13 Experiments with representation engineering (also known as steering or activation steering) have
- shown activation modification to be a powerful method of identifying and influencing high-level
- 15 concepts (representations) within the layers of an LLM. Despite strong empirical performance on
- selected truthfulness, safety or personalization tasks, representation engineering methods lack a
- 17 universal formulation and a unifying framework for understanding the underlying phenomenon,
- comparing methods and applying them to new problems.
- 19 We propose Wisent-Guard, a modular framework for analyzing the internal mechanisms within a
- 20 large language model and influencing them to improve performance and individual alignment.

## 2 Representation Engineering Problem

- 22 We formulate the **Representation Engineering Problem** as the following:
- For a given model M and a Representation

## 24 3 Representation Reading Functionalities

- 25 3.1 Classifier
- 26 3.2 Detection Handling Method

## 4 Representation Control Functionalities

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### A Wisent Guard Primitives

- 256 A.1 Model
- 257 A.2 Contrastive Pair
- 258 A.3 Activations
- 259 A.4 Activation Collection Method
- 260 A.5 Additional Utilities

## 261 B Representation Reading Functionalities

- 262 B.1 Classifier
- 263 B.2 Detection Handling Method
- 264 C Representation Control Functionalities
- 265 D Ablation

## 266 A All supported benchmarks

- This section enumerates all benchmarks used in our study, the task traits, the evaluation protocol, and the contrastive pair generation method applied to produce minimally perturbed negative targets. We first merged the *coding* and *mathematics* benchmark lists you provided and then appended them to the original master list.
- 271 Contrastive pair generation methods (definitions)
- Reading Comprehension Abstention Swap [RC-Abstain] For extractive/open-domain RC: positive is the gold span; negative is an abstention (e.g., "Not provided in the text."). If gold is

  No answer, the negative is a confident but wrong claim.
- Conversational Reading Comprehension Abstention [ConvRC-Abstain] As RC-Abstain, but with dialogue context (CoQA). Negatives are generic abstentions; yes/no items are flipped when applicable.
- Language Modeling Corrupted Continuation [LM-CorruptCont] Language modeling: positive is the true continuation; negative is a corrupted continuation (local shuffles/randomization) to break coherence.
- Two-Choice Flip [2C-Flip] Two-option tasks (PIQA, COPA, WinoGrande, CB): negative is simply the other option.
- Multichoice First Distractor [MC-FirstDistr] Multi-choice tasks: negative is the first incorrect option in the provided order (deterministic).
- Multichoice Random Distractor [MC-RandDistr] Multi-choice tasks: negative is a randomly chosen incorrect option from the same set.
- Exact Match Partial Mask [EM-PartialMask] Exact-match free-form answers (HLE-EM): negative is the gold text with partial token masking (approximately 1/3 words, or partial masking for single-word answers).
- Keyword-Preserving Token Deletion [KP-Del] Coding tasks: negative program created by deleting non-keyword tokens while preserving syntax-critical keywords; aims to remain plausible but fail unit tests.
- Numeric Offset (+1) Perturbation [Num+1] Negative is the correct numeric answer offset by a small integer (typically +1); for non-integer answers, apply the minimal unit offset.

- Summary Content-Polarity Flip [Summ-PolFlip] Code to text summarization: make a negative description by flipping key action words with simple opposites or adding "not" (e.g., "return" to "does not return", "add" to "remove"), while keeping the rest of the sentence the same.
- Library Specific Flip [Lib-Spec-Filip] Coding tasks: negative program created by flipping functions, parameters (e.g. for numpy flip axis 0 to 1, for pandas flip mean() to sum()).
- Logic inversion [Log-Inv] Coding tasks: negative program created by fliping bools, operators in code (e.g. return True to return False, <= to >=).
- Offset (+-1) [+-1] Coding tasks: negative program created by adding/subtracting 1 from range or numeric value.
- Replace empty [Empty] Coding tasks: negative program created by replacing string to empty string, list to empty list.
- Generic incorrect continuation [Gen-Inc-Cont] Answer generation tasks: negative is created by generic incorrect answer.
- Early return [Return] Coding tasks: negative program created by early return.

#### **Evaluation types (definitions)**

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- Log-likelihood option scoring [LL] The model scores each provided option/target by conditional log-probability given the prompt. Metrics typically compute accuracy over the highest-likelihood choice (MC tasks) or compare likelihoods of gold vs. negative targets.
  - **Text generation string matching** [TG] The model generates free-form text (or a number), which is then judged by task-specific metrics (e.g., exact match on numerical value for GSM8K/MATH; span/string matching for RC tasks; structured checks for DROP). Used also for CoT/generative GPQA variants and HLE-Exact-Match.
  - **Perplexity** (language modeling) [PPL] The model's next-token distribution is evaluated over a reference text to compute Perplexity (lower is better). Used for language-modeling corpora like WikiText.
  - Code execution against unit tests [CE] The model generates code, which is executed in a sandbox against unit tests provided by a dataset (e.g., pass@1). Applies to HumanEval/MBPP/APPS, MultiPL-E, DS-1000, LiveCodeBench, etc.

Table 1: Benchmarks (short names), evaluation abbreviations, contrastive method (short), and traits. Versions merged where applicable.

Benchmark	Eval	Method [CM]	Traits
DROP [20]	[TG]	RC-Abstain	reading comprehension
ReCoRD [74]	[TG]	RC-Abstain	reading comprehension
SQuAD2 [55]	[TG]	RC-Abstain	reading comprehension
WebQuestions [5]	[TG]	RC-Abstain	factual QA
Natural Questions [32]	[TG]	RC-Abstain	factual QA
TriviaQA [30]	[TG]	RC-Abstain	factual QA
CoQA [56]	[TG]	ConvRC-Abstain	conversational RC
BoolQ [10]	[LL]	2C-Flip	boolean RC
Race [33]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	reading comprehension
QA4MRE [51]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	machine reading
QASPER [15]	[TG]	RC-Abstrain	scientific QA
QuAC [9]	[TG]	ConvRC-Abstain	conversational QA
MultiRC [31]	[LL]		multi-sentence reasoning
WinoGrande [59]	[LL]	2C-Flip	commonsense
PIQA [6]	[LL]	2C-Flip	commonsense
COPA [58]	[LL]	2C-Flip	causal reasoning
HellaSwag [73]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	commonsense
SWAG [72]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	commonsense

Benchmark	Eval	Method [CM]	Traits
OpenBookQA [46]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	science MCQ
ARC Easy [11]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	science reasoning
ARC Challenge [11]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	science reasoning
AI2 ARC [11]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	science reasoning
LogiQA [40]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	logical reasoning
LogiQA2 [39]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	logical reasoning
AGIEval LogiQA EN [75]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	logical reasoning
AGIEval LogiQA ZH [75]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	logical reasoning
WSC [35]	[LL]	2C-Flip	commonsense reasoning
WSC273 [36]	[LL]	2C-Flip	commonsense reasoning
MC-TACO [76]	[LL]	2C-Flip	temporal commonsense
Social IQA [60]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	social reasoning
PROST [2]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	physical reasoning
MMLU [24]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	multi-subject exams
SuperGPQA [19]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	expert STEM exams
SuperGPQA Biology [19]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	expert STEM exams
SuperGPQA Chemistry [19]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	expert STEM exams
SuperGPQA Physics [19]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	expert STEM exams
HLE [52]	[TG]/[LL]	EM-PartialMask; MC-	expert exams
[]	[]	FirstDistr	
HLE Exact Match [52]	[TG]	<b>EM-PartialMask</b>	expert exams
HLE Multiple Choice [52]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	expert exams
MMMLU []	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	multilingual knowledge
TruthfulQA MC1 [37]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	truthfulness
TruthfulQA MC2 [37]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	truthfulness
TruthfulQA Gen [37]	[TG]	MC-FirstDistr	truthfulness
PubMedQA [29]	[LL]		biomedical QA
SciQ [69]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	science MCQ
Hendrycks Ethics [23]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	moral reasoning
HeadQA [65]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	healthcare QA
MedQA [28]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	medical QA
GPQA Diamond CoT Zeroshot [57]	[LL]/[TG]	MC-RandDistr	expert STEM exams
GPQA Diamond Zeroshot [57]	[LL]/[TG]	MC-RandDistr	expert STEM exams
GPQA Extended CoT Zeroshot	[LL]/[TG]	MC-RandDistr	expert STEM exams
[57]	[22]/[10]	We KunuDisti	expert 5 1211 exams
GPQA Extended Zeroshot [57]	[LL]/[TG]	MC-RandDistr	expert STEM exams
GPQA Main CoT Zeroshot [57]	[LL]/[TG]	MC-RandDistr	expert STEM exams
GPQA Main Zeroshot [57]	[LL]/[TG]	MC-RandDistr	expert STEM exams
GSM8K [12]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
ASDiv [45]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 1ds	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 2da	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 2dm	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 2ds	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 3da	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 3ds	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 4da	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 4ds	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 5da	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Arithmetic 5ds	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
MATH [25]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (contest)

Benchmark	Eval	Method [CM]	Traits
MATH-500	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (contest)
AIME	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (contest)
AIME2024	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (contest)
AIME2025	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (contest)
HMMT	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (contest)
HMMT Feb 2025	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (contest)
PolyMath [67]	[TG]	Num+1	multilingual mathematics
Polymath EN Medium [67]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (olympiad)
Polymath ZH Medium [67]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (olympiad)
Polymath EN High [67]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (olympiad)
Polymath ZH High [67]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (olympiad)
LiveMathBench [42]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
LiveMathBench CNMO EN [42]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
LiveMathBench CNMO ZH [42]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics
Hendrycks MATH [25]	[TG]	Num+1	mathematics (contest)
Math QA [1]	[TG]	MC-FirstDistr	mathematics
MGSM [61]	[TG]	Num+1	multilingual mathematics
MBPP [3]	[CE]	+-1; Empty; Return	coding (Python)
MBPP+ [41]	[CE]	+-1; Empty; Return	coding (Python)
HumanEval [8]	[CE]	Log-Inv; +-1	coding (Python)
HumanEval+ [41]	[CE]	Log-Inv; +-1	coding (Python)
HumanEvalPack [47]	[CE]	Log-Inv; +-1	coding (multi-language)
InstructHumanEval	[CE]	Log-Inv; +-1	coding (Python)
CoNaLa [71]	[CE]	KP-Del	coding (Python)
CONCODE [26]	[CE]	KP-Del	coding (Java)
Mercury [18]	[CE]	Log-Inv; +-1	coding (multi-language)
APPS [22]	[CE]	KP-Del	coding (Python)
DS-1000 [34]	[CE]	Lib-Spec-Flip	coding (Python)
ReCode [66]	[CE]	Log-Inv; +-1	coding (Python)
LiveCodeBench [27]	[CE]	KP-Del	coding (Python)
Multiple CPP [7]	[CE]		coding (C++)
Multiple Go [7]	[CE]		coding (Go)
Multiple Java [7]	[CE]		coding (Java)
Multiple JS [7]	[CE]		coding (JavaScript)
Multiple PY [7]	[CE]		coding (Python)
Multiple RS [7]	[CE]		coding (Rust)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text Python [43]	[TG]	Summ-PolFlip	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text Go [43]	[TG]	Summ-PolFlip	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text Java [43]	[TG]	Summ-PolFlip	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text JavaScript [43]	[TG]	Summ-PolFlip	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text PHP [43]	[TG]	Summ-PolFlip	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text Ruby [43]	[TG]	Summ-PolFlip	coding (code-to-text)
CB [16]	[LL]		NLI
WikiText [44]	[PPL]	LM-CorruptCont	language modeling
MRPC [17]	[LL]	2C-Flip	paraphrase detection

Benchmark	Eval	Method [CM]	Traits
QNLI	[LL]	2C-Flip	NLI
QQP	[LL]	2C-Flip	paraphrase detection
RTE	[LL]	2C-Flip	NLI
SST2 [62]	[LL]	2C-Flip	sentiment analysis
WNLI	[LL]	2C-Flip	NLI
WiC [53]	[LL]		word-in-context
Mutual [14]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	dialogue reasoning
ANLI [49]	[LL]	MC-FirstDistr	NLI
BLIMP [68]	[LL]		linguistic knowledge
Toxigen [21]	[LL]		toxicity detection
Crows Pairs [48]	[LL]		bias measurement
PAWS-X [70]	[LL]		cross-lingual paraphrase
Unscramble	[TG]		word unscrambling
LAMBADA [50]	[LL]		language modeling
LAMBADA Cloze [50]	[LL]		language modeling
LAMBADA Multilingual [50]	[LL]		multilingual LM
LAMBADA Standard Cloze	[LL]		language modeling
YAML [50]			
Belebele [4]	[LL]	MC-firstDistr	multilingual RC
XCOPA [54]	[LL]	2C-Flip	cross-lingual reasoning
XNLI [13]	[LL]		cross-lingual NLI
XStoryCloze [38]	[LL]	2C-Flip	cross-lingual story
XWinograd [64]	[LL]	2C-Flip	cross-lingual reasoning
BIG-Bench [63]	[LL]/[TG]	MC-FirstDistr; Gen-	comprehensive evaluation
		Inc-Cont	

#### Category legend Method [CM] codes RC/ODQA RC-Abstain RC abstention swap ConvRC-Abstain Conversational RC abstention Multi-choice Reasoning LM-CorruptCont LM corrupted continuation Exams & Knowledge Tests 2C-Flip Two-choice flip Mathematics MC-FirstDistr First distractor (MC) Coding MC-RandDistr Random distractor (MC) Other (Truthfulness/NLI/LM) MC-LetterSwap Letter swap (MC) Bool-Flip Boolean flip Abbreviation legend EM-PartialMask Exact-match partial mask [LL] Log-likelihood option scoring KP-Del Keyword-preserving deletion Text generation (string match) [TG] Summ-WordDrop Summary word drop [PPL] Perplexity (LM) Num+1 Numeric offset (+1) [CE] Code execution vs. unit tests

## B GSM8K Pipeline Visualization

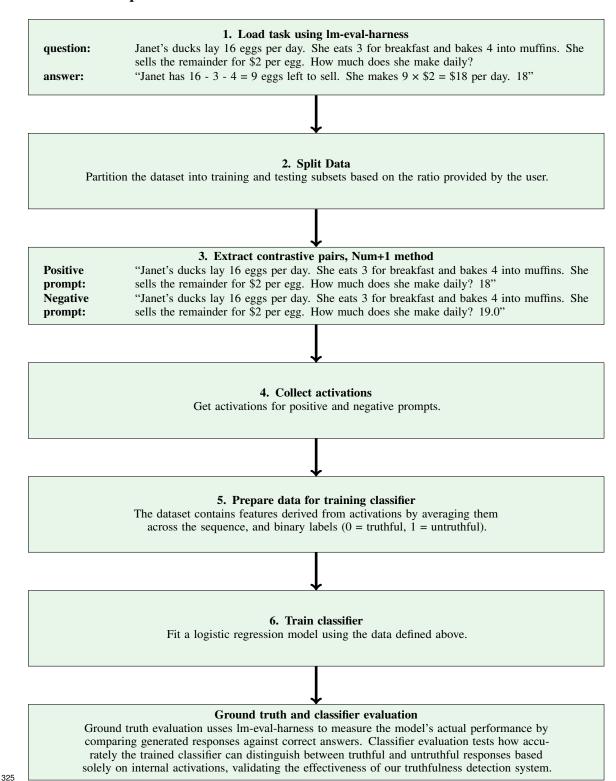


Figure: GSM8K evaluation pipeline showing data flow from task loading through dual evaluation.

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