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# Wisent Guard: A General Framework for Reliable Representation Identification and Representation Steering

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## Abstract

1 Representation engineering is a powerful method for identifying and modifying  
2 high-level concepts within the internal layers of large language models. Despite  
3 its potential, real-life deployments of activation steering remain difficult. We  
4 present Wisent-Guard, a flexible, open-source framework for monitoring and  
5 steering internal activations of large language models. Practical applications of the  
6 framework show 95 percent hallucination reduction, 25 percent improvement in  
7 coding ability and deep personalization capabilities.

## 8 1 Introduction

9 Large language models, with billions of parameters and Internet-scale training dataset, have displayed  
10 significant capabilities across a wide range of tasks, such as writing, coding or reasoning. However,  
11 their internal mechanisms of generating the next token cannot be precisely explained, with interactions  
12 between layers and parameters increasing in complexity as the size of these models increases.

13 Experiments with representation engineering (also known as steering or activation steering) have  
14 shown activation modification to be a powerful method of identifying and influencing high-level  
15 concepts (representations) within the layers of an LLM. Despite strong empirical performance on  
16 selected truthfulness, safety or personalization tasks, representation engineering methods lack a  
17 universal formulation and a unifying framework for understanding the underlying phenomenon,  
18 comparing methods and applying them to new problems.

19 We propose Wisent-Guard, a modular framework for analyzing the internal mechanisms within a  
20 large language model and influencing them to improve performance and individual alignment.

## 21 2 Representation Engineering Problem

22 We formulate the **Representation Engineering Problem** as the following:

23 For a given model  $M$  and a Representation

## 24 3 Representation Reading Functionalities

### 25 3.1 Classifier

### 26 3.2 Detection Handling Method

## 27 4 Representation Control Functionalities

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## 247 **A Wisent Guard Primitives**

### 248 **A.1 Model**

### 249 **A.2 Contrastive Pair**

### 250 **A.3 Activations**

### 251 **A.4 Activation Collection Method**

### 252 **A.5 Additional Utilities**

## 253 **B Representation Reading Functionalities**

### 254 **B.1 Classifier**

### 255 **B.2 Detection Handling Method**

## 256 **C Representation Control Functionalities**

## 257 **D Ablation**

## 258 **A All supported benchmarks**

259 This section enumerates all benchmarks used in our study, the task traits, the evaluation protocol, and  
260 the contrastive pair generation method applied to produce minimally perturbed negative targets. We  
261 first merged the *coding* and *mathematics* benchmark lists you provided and then appended them to  
262 the original master list.

### 263 **Contrastive pair generation methods (definitions)**

264 **Reading Comprehension Abstention Swap** [RC-Abstain] For extractive/open-domain RC: posi-  
265 tive is the gold span; negative is an abstention (e.g., “Not provided in the text.”). If gold is  
266 *No answer*, the negative is a confident but wrong claim.

267 **Conversational Reading Comprehension Abstention** [ConvRC-Abstain] As RC-Abstain, but  
268 with dialogue context (CoQA). Negatives are generic abstentions; yes/no items are flipped  
269 when applicable.

270 **Language Modeling Corrupted Continuation** [LM-CorruptCont] Language modeling: positive  
271 is the true continuation; negative is a corrupted continuation (local shuffles/randomization)  
272 to break coherence.

273 **Two-Choice Flip** [2C-Flip] Two-option tasks (PIQA, COPA, WinoGrande, CB): negative is simply  
274 the other option.

275 **Multichoice First Distractor** [MC-FirstDistr] Multi-choice tasks: negative is the first incorrect  
276 option in the provided order (deterministic).

277 **Multichoice Random Distractor** [MC-RandDistr] Multi-choice tasks: negative is a randomly cho-  
278 sen incorrect option from the same set.

279 **Exact Match Partial Mask** [EM-PartialMask] Exact-match free-form answers (HLE-EM): nega-  
280 tive is the gold text with partial token masking (approximately 1/3 words, or partial masking  
281 for single-word answers).

282 **Keyword-Preserving Token Deletion** [KP-Del] Coding tasks: negative program created by delet-  
283 ing non-keyword tokens while preserving syntax-critical keywords; aims to remain plausible  
284 but fail unit tests.

285 **Numeric Offset (+1) Perturbation** [Num+1] Negative is the correct numeric answer offset by a  
286 small integer (typically +1); for non-integer answers, apply the minimal unit offset.

287	<b>Summary Content-Polarity Flip</b> [Summ-PolFlip] Code to text summarization: make a negative
288	description by flipping key action words with simple opposites or adding “not” (e.g., “return”
289	to “does not return”, “add” to “remove”), while keeping the rest of the sentence the same.
290	<b>Library Specific Flip</b> [Lib-Spec-Filip] Coding tasks: negative program created by flipping func-
291	tions, parameters (e.g. for numpy flip axis 0 to 1, for pandas flip mean() to sum()).
292	<b>Logic inversion</b> [Log-Inv] Coding tasks: negative program created by flipping bools, operators in
293	code (e.g. return True to return False, <= to >=).
294	<b>Offset (+-1)</b> [+1] Coding tasks: negative program created by adding/subtracting 1 from range or
295	numeric value.
296	<b>Replace empty</b> [Empty] Coding tasks: negative program created by replacing string to empty string,
297	list to empty list.
298	<b>Generic incorrect continuation</b> [Gen-Inc-Cont] Answer generation tasks: negative is created by
299	generic incorrect answer.
300	<b>Early return</b> [Return] Coding tasks: negative program created by early return.
301	<b>Evaluation types (definitions)</b>
302	<b>Log-likelihood option scoring</b> [LL] The model scores each provided option/target by conditional
303	log-probability given the prompt. Metrics typically compute accuracy over the highest-
304	likelihood choice (MC tasks) or compare likelihoods of gold vs. negative targets.
305	<b>Text generation string matching</b> [TG] The model generates free-form text (or a number), which
306	is then judged by task-specific metrics (e.g., exact match on numerical value for
307	GSM8K/MATH; span/string matching for RC tasks; structured checks for DROP). Used
308	also for CoT/generative GPQA variants and HLE-Exact-Match.
309	<b>Perplexity (language modeling)</b> [PPL] The model’s next-token distribution is evaluated over a
310	reference text to compute Perplexity (lower is better). Used for language-modeling corpora
311	like WikiText.
312	<b>Code execution against unit tests</b> [CE] The model generates code, which is executed in a sandbox
313	against unit tests provided by a dataset (e.g., pass@1). Applies to HumanEval/MBPP/APPS,
314	MultiPL-E, DS-1000, LiveCodeBench, etc.

Table 1: Benchmarks (short names), evaluation abbreviations, contrastive method (short), and traits. Versions merged where applicable.

Benchmark	Eval	Method [CM]	Traits
DROP [20]	[TG]	<b>RC-Abstain</b>	reading comprehension
ReCoRD [72]	[TG]	<b>RC-Abstain</b>	reading comprehension
SQuAD2 [53]	[TG]	<b>RC-Abstain</b>	reading comprehension
WebQuestions [5]	[TG]	<b>RC-Abstain</b>	factual QA
Natural Questions [30]	[TG]	<b>RC-Abstain</b>	factual QA
TriviaQA [28]	[TG]	<b>RC-Abstain</b>	factual QA
CoQA [54]	[TG]	<b>ConvRC-Abstain</b>	conversational RC
BoolQ [10]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	boolean RC
Race [31]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	reading comprehension
QA4MRE [49]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	machine reading
QASPER [15]	[TG]	<b>RC-Abstain</b>	scientific QA
QuAC [9]	[TG]	<b>ConvRC-Abstain</b>	conversational QA
MultiRC [29]	[LL]		multi-sentence reasoning
WinoGrande [57]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	commonsense
PIQA [6]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	commonsense
COPA [56]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	causal reasoning
HellaSwag [71]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	commonsense
SWAG [70]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	commonsense









Benchmark	Eval	Method [CM]	Traits
OpenBookQA [44]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	science MCQ
ARC Easy [11]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	science reasoning
ARC Challenge [11]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	science reasoning
LogiQA [38]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	logical reasoning
LogiQA2 [37]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	logical reasoning
WSC [33]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	commonsense reasoning
WSC273 [34]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	commonsense reasoning
MC-TACO [73]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	temporal commonsense
Social IQA [58]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	social reasoning
PROST [2]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	physical reasoning
SuperGPQA [19]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
SuperGPQA Biology [19]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
SuperGPQA Chemistry [19]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
SuperGPQA Physics [19]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
HLE [50]	[TG]/[LL]	<b>EM-PartialMask; MC-FirstDistr</b>	expert exams
HLE Exact Match [50]	[TG]	<b>EM-PartialMask</b>	expert exams
HLE Multiple Choice [50]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	expert exams
MMMLU []	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	multilingual knowledge
TruthfulQA MC1 [35]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	truthfulness
TruthfulQA MC2 [35]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	truthfulness
TruthfulQA Gen [35]	[TG]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	truthfulness
PubMedQA [27]	[LL]		biomedical QA
SciQ [67]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	science MCQ
HeadQA [63]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	healthcare QA
MedQA [26]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	medical QA
GPQA Diamond CoT Zeroshot [55]	[LL]/[TG]	<b>MC-RandDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
GPQA Diamond Zeroshot [55]	[LL]/[TG]	<b>MC-RandDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
GPQA Extended CoT Zeroshot [55]	[LL]/[TG]	<b>MC-RandDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
GPQA Extended Zeroshot [55]	[LL]/[TG]	<b>MC-RandDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
GPQA Main CoT Zeroshot [55]	[LL]/[TG]	<b>MC-RandDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
GPQA Main Zeroshot [55]	[LL]/[TG]	<b>MC-RandDistr</b>	expert STEM exams
GSM8K [12]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
ASDiv [43]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 1ds	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 2da	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 2dm	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 2ds	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 3da	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 3ds	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 4da	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 4ds	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 5da	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Arithmetic 5ds	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
MATH [23]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (contest)
MATH-500	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (contest)
AIME	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (contest)
AIME2024	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (contest)
AIME2025	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (contest)
HMMT	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (contest)

Benchmark	Eval	Method [CM]	Traits
HMMT Feb 2025	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (contest)
PolyMath [65]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	multilingual mathematics
Polymath EN Medium [65]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (olympiad)
Polymath ZH Medium [65]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (olympiad)
Polymath EN High [65]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (olympiad)
Polymath ZH High [65]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (olympiad)
LiveMathBench [40]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
LiveMathBench CNMO EN [40]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
LiveMathBench CNMO ZH [40]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics
Hendrycks MATH [23]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	mathematics (contest)
Math QA [1]	[TG]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	mathematics
MGSM [59]	[TG]	<b>Num+1</b>	multilingual mathematics
MBPP [3]	[CE]	<b>+1; Empty; Return</b>	coding (Python)
MBPP+ [39]	[CE]	<b>+1; Empty; Return</b>	coding (Python)
HumanEval [8]	[CE]	<b>Log-Inv; +-1</b>	coding (Python)
HumanEval+ [39]	[CE]	<b>Log-Inv; +-1</b>	coding (Python)
HumanEvalPack [45]	[CE]	<b>Log-Inv; +-1</b>	coding (multi-language)
InstructHumanEval	[CE]	<b>Log-Inv; +-1</b>	coding (Python)
CoNaLa [69]	[CE]	<b>KP-Del</b>	coding (Python)
CONCODE [24]	[CE]	<b>KP-Del</b>	coding (Java)
Mercury [18]	[CE]	<b>Log-Inv; +-1</b>	coding (multi-language)
APPS [22]	[CE]	<b>KP-Del</b>	coding (Python)
DS-1000 [32]	[CE]	<b>Lib-Spec-Flip</b>	coding (Python)
ReCode [64]	[CE]	<b>Log-Inv; +-1</b>	coding (Python)
LiveCodeBench [25]	[CE]	<b>KP-Del</b>	coding (Python)
Multiple CPP [7]	[CE]		coding (C++)
Multiple Go [7]	[CE]		coding (Go)
Multiple Java [7]	[CE]		coding (Java)
Multiple JS [7]	[CE]		coding (JavaScript)
Multiple PY [7]	[CE]		coding (Python)
Multiple RS [7]	[CE]		coding (Rust)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text Python [41]	[TG]	<b>Summ-PolFlip</b>	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text Go [41]	[TG]	<b>Summ-PolFlip</b>	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text Java [41]	[TG]	<b>Summ-PolFlip</b>	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text JavaScript [41]	[TG]	<b>Summ-PolFlip</b>	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text PHP [41]	[TG]	<b>Summ-PolFlip</b>	coding (code-to-text)
CodeXGLUE Code to Text Ruby [41]	[TG]	<b>Summ-PolFlip</b>	coding (code-to-text)
CB [16]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	NLI
WikiText [42]	[PPL]	<b>LM-CorruptCont</b>	language modeling
MRPC [17]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	paraphrase detection
QNLI	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	NLI
QQP	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	paraphrase detection
RTE	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	NLI
SST2 [60]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	sentiment analysis
WNLI	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	NLI

Benchmark	Eval	Method [CM]	Traits
WiC [51]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	word-in-context
Mutual [14]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	dialogue reasoning
ANLI [47]	[LL]	<b>MC-FirstDistr</b>	NLI
BLIMP [66]	[LL]		linguistic knowledge
Toxigen [21]	[LL]		toxicity detection
Crows Pairs [46]	[LL]		bias measurement
PAWS-X [68]	[LL]		cross-lingual paraphrase
Unscramble	[TG]		word unscrambling
LAMBADA [48]	[LL]		language modeling
LAMBADA Cloze [48]	[LL]		language modeling
LAMBADA Multilingual [48]	[LL]		multilingual LM
LAMBADA Standard Cloze	[LL]		language modeling
YAML [48]			
Belebele [4]	[LL]	<b>MC-firstDistr</b>	multilingual RC
XCOPA [52]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	cross-lingual reasoning
XNLI [13]	[LL]		cross-lingual NLI
XStoryCloze [36]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	cross-lingual story
XWinograd [62]	[LL]	<b>2C-Flip</b>	cross-lingual reasoning
BIG-Bench [61]	[LL]/[TG]	<b>MC-FirstDistr; Gen-Inc-Cont</b>	comprehensive evaluation

### 315 Category legend

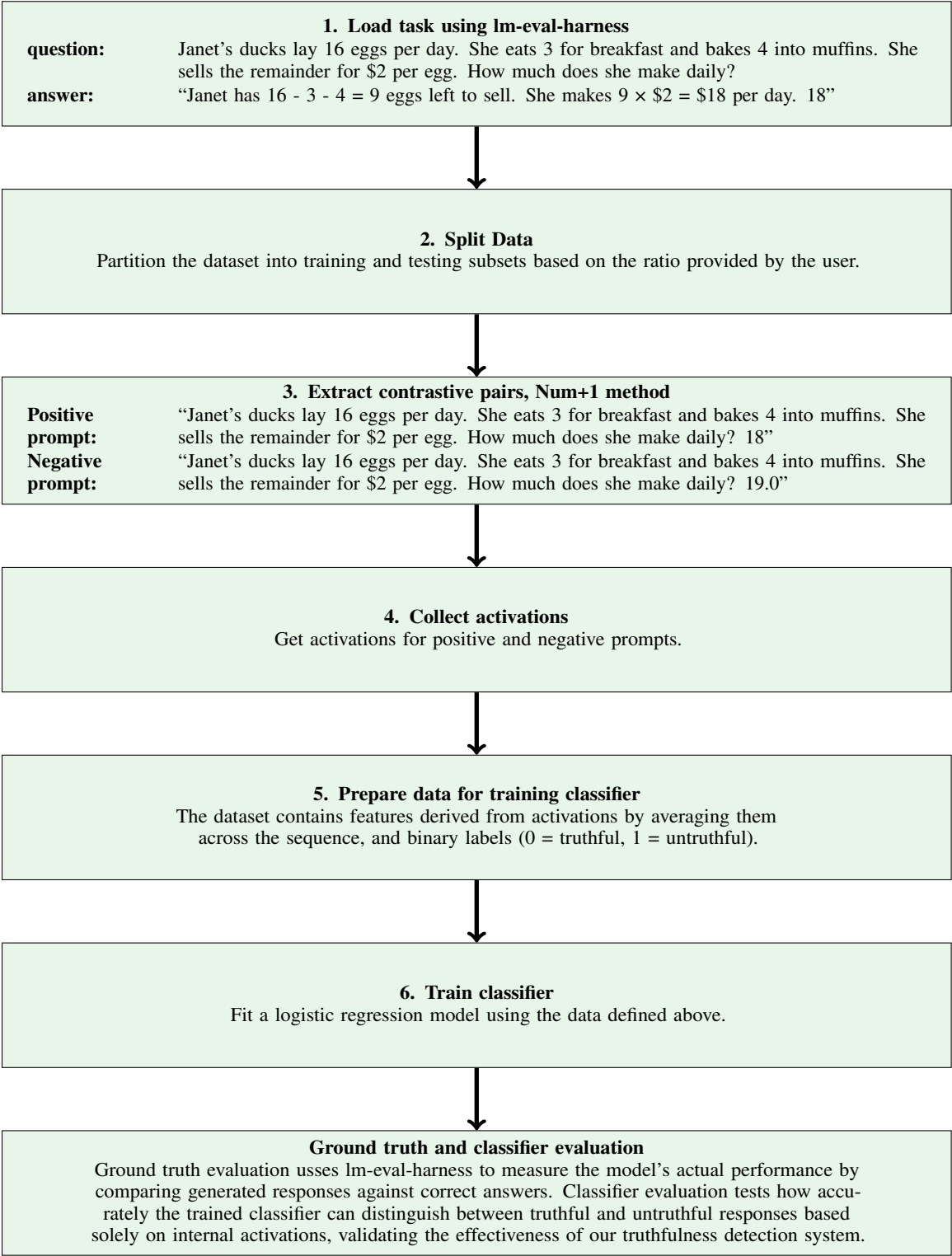
	RC/ODQA
	Multi-choice Reasoning
	Exams & Knowledge Tests
	Mathematics
	Coding
	Other (Truthfulness/NLI/LM)

### Abbreviation legend

[LL]	Log-likelihood option scoring
[TG]	Text generation (string match)
[PPL]	Perplexity (LM)
[CE]	Code execution vs. unit tests

### Method [CM] codes

RC-Abstain	RC abstention swap
ConvRC-Abstain	Conversational RC abstention
LM-CorruptCont	LM corrupted continuation
2C-Flip	Two-choice flip
MC-FirstDistr	First distractor (MC)
MC-RandDistr	Random distractor (MC)
MC-LetterSwap	Letter swap (MC)
Bool-Flip	Boolean flip
EM-PartialMask	Exact-match partial mask
KP-Del	Keyword-preserving deletion
Summ-WordDrop	Summary word drop
Num+1	Numeric offset (+1)



317  
318 *Figure: GSM8K evaluation pipeline showing data flow from task loading through dual evaluation.*