Web Services Development



1. Introduction

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Agenda

- Me
- Module Outline
- What is a Web Service?
- Brief History of Web Services
- Current trends in Web Services

Me

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Module Outline(Tentative)

- Introduction to Web Services
- Javascript overview
- Representational State Transfer
- Web APIs
- Microservices

Technical Content(Tentative)

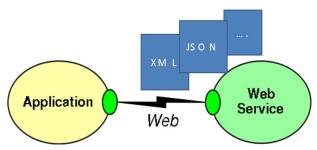
- Javascript
- Node.js
 - Express package
- NoSQL data stores
 - Mongo/Dynamo
- Cloud Platforms
 - Amazon/Azure/Bluemix

Module Assessment Structure

- 50% Continuous Assessment
 - 2 assignments
- 50% Exam
- Content administered via Moodle
- All assignment submission though Moodle
- Late assignments will be deducted 20% per day.
 - Please submit on time
 - Extensions only with proper certification.

What's a Web Service

- Apps that communicate over the World Wide Web(the www)
- Characteristics:
 - Based on open standards.
 - Interoperation between apps running on a varaiety of platforms and devices.
 - Web services can be combined to perform more complex processes.



WWW

· World Wide Web resulted in simple, straightforward technologies

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 Limiting web use to browsers restricts potential applications

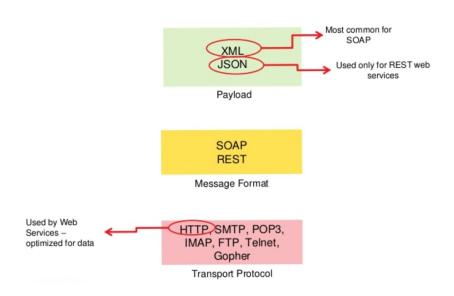


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- · What about using web infrastructure for richer interoperability between clients and servers?
- Allows provision of services that integrate several other services
 - · Even across different organisations

Open Standards

- Web Services should "support inter-operable machine-to-machine interaction over a network" using open protocols
- Examples of typical open sandards used in Web Service Development are:
 - HTTP
 - XML, JSON
 - SOAP



Web Service Interoperability

- Different languages on different platforms can communicate with each other in a open standards-based way.
 - Previously had several proprietry middleware solutions:
 - Microsoft Distributed Common Object Model(DCOM)
 - CORBA
 - Java Remote Method Invocation(RMI)
- Helps to address heterogeneity in DS systems.
- Component nature of web services promotes flexibility, modularity.

Brief History

- Web services evolved from older, legacy technologies used to develop Distributed Systems
 - RPC, ORPC (DCOM, CORBA and JAVA RMI)
- These old solutions had the following issues:
 - Interoperability
 - Firewalls
 - Complexity

Brief History - Interoperability

- Old Distributed systems had interoperability issues because vendor implemented its own proproetry technology for interprocess communciation.
 - DCOM apps strictly bound to Windows Operating system.
 - RMI bound to Java programming language.

Brief History - Firewalls

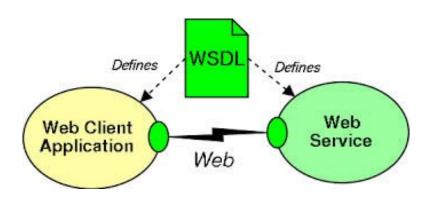
- Collaboration across organisations was an issue because distributed system middleware such as CORBA and DCOM used non-standard ports.
 - Firewalls usually don't like this and will block.
- Web Services use HTTP as a transport protocol
 - firewalls tend to allow access though port 80 (HTTP), leading to easier cross-organisation collaboration.

Brief History - Middleware

- Old middleware technologies such as RMI, COM, and CORBA are all different.
- New technologies and languages have to be learnt to implement these services.
 - Usually requires specialised "integrators" to deign/implement.
- Adds complexity and expense to

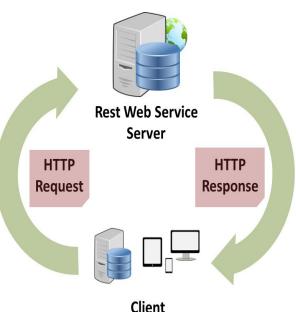
Brief History – XML/Big Web Services

- Sometimes known as SOAP-based or XML or WSDL web services (or any combination of).
 - Standards based
- Typically accessed by software
- Access is programmatic unlike access to web resource by browser(if it is in browser it's via Javascript/AJAX client).
- The reason it's programmatic is that each client of a service must be "coded" to the interface.
- Allows description of complex data structuress in request and response
- Using XML Schema standard http://www.w3.org/XML/Schema



Brief History – RESTful Web Services

- Short for REpresentational State Transfer
 - A software architecture style for distributed hypermedia systems(WWW)
- A set of principles that define how Web standards(HTTP and URIs) can be used.
- One "incarnation" of the REST style is HTTP (and a set of related set of standards, such as URI).
 - The way the Web's architecture "should" be use
- Coined by Roy Fielding in his PhD thesis
- The "right" way to implement heterogeneous application-to-application communication?...



Web APIs

- Web API term used alot to refer to REST-like web services
 - Communication done via HTTP
 - Nothing much else defined
- Trends Web API / REST in tech world.
 - "Big Web" Services are seen as inferior to Web APIs for some.
 - More complicated to develop and tend to use more resources(Memory/bandwidth.

Bibliography

 Java EE tutorial: https://docs.oracle.com/javaee/6/tutorial/doc/gij vh.html