SQL Week 1

Watch video: https://youtu.be/4MF5yYsphik?t=56m27s

- Library System
- SELECT
- Using AS and CONCAT
- Using WHERE
- Using LIKE
- Using BETWEEN...AND
- Using IN
- Using ORDER BY

SQL Week 1

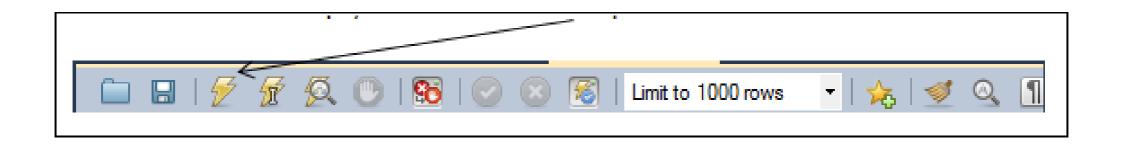
Library System

- For our labs, we will be using an existing database (library database). It has the following tables: book, bookcopy, student, loan, author and authorship.
- To run the script:
 - Under the File menu, choose Run SQL Script
 - When the dialog box opens, select library_script.sql.
 - Click the button Open and on the next dialog box, click Run.
 - When the Operation has run successfully, click Close.

SQL Week 1

Library System

- Alternatively:
 - Choose Open SQL Script
 - When the dialog box opens, select library_script.sql.
 - Click the button Open. This will open the script in a new tab.
 - To execute the script, choose the third option on the window.



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SQL Week 1 SELECT

 The select statement is used to query the database and retrieve selected data that match the criteria that you specify. The data returned is stored in a result table, called the *result-set*. Here is the format of a simple select statement:

```
SELECT [DISTINCT|ALL] {*|[columnExpression [AS newName]][,...]}
FROM Tablename [alias]
[JOIN Tablename ON ...]
[WHERE condition]
[GROUP BY columnlist] [HAVING condition]
[ORDER BY columnList];
```

SQL Week 1 SELECT

Examples:

```
SELECT * FROM student;
```

SELECT fname, Iname FROM student;

```
SELECT *
FROM student
WHERE county = 'Waterford';
```

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SQL Week 1 Using AS and CONCAT

To rename a column (returned value), use the AS clause.

SELECT fname AS 'First Name', Iname AS 'Last Name' FROM student;

SQL Week 1 Using AS and CONCAT

 To combine 2 or more strings or columns together use the CONCAT clause.

SELECT CONCAT(fname, ' ', Iname) AS 'Name' FROM student;

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SQL Week 1 Using WHERE

 The WHERE keyword is used when we want to filter results, and only see records that meet specific criteria.
 For example, we may only want to see books with the title 'JavaScript':

SELECT title FROM book WHERE title = 'JavaScript';

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SQL Week 1 Using LIKE

 With strings if you are using equality (=), you cannot always exactly match the data, so nothing will be returned. Pattern Matching through the LIKE clause allows you to enter a string with one or more wildcard characters. The % is a wildcard character meaning 0 or more characters.

SELECT CONCAT(fname, ' ', Iname) AS 'Name' FROM student WHERE Iname LIKE 'Mc%' OR Iname LIKE 'Mac%';

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SQL Week 1 Using BETWEEN...AND

 With numeric data, if you want to return records where one data field is in a particular range, then we use the BETWEEN...AND clause.

SELECT title

FROM book

WHERE price BETWEEN 10 AND 50;

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SQL Week 1 Using IN

 The IN clause means one of the following (from a list). It is useful when there are a few alternatives for a data field value.

SELECT CONCAT(fname, ' ', Iname) AS 'Name', county FROM student

WHERE county in('Kilkenny', 'Waterford', 'Wexford');

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SQL Week 1 Using ORDER BY

 The ORDER BY sorts the returned data in the order specified. The default is ASC (ascending), use DESC for descending order.

SELECT CONCAT(fname, ' ', Iname) AS 'Name', county FROM student

WHERE county in ('Kilkenny', 'Waterford', 'Wexford') ORDER BY county, Iname, fname;

Questions?

- Available live on Slack between 9:15 and 11:15 next Tuesday, 18th September
- Feel free to send questions any time between now and then; I will respond when I can or during the time slot above