Javascript: Variables & Objects

#### var

 The variable statement declares a variable, optionally initializing it to a value.

```
// String
var greeting = "hello";
// Number
var favoriteNum = 33;
// Boolean
var isAwesome = true;
// undefined
var foo;
var setToUndefined = undefined;
// null
var empty = null;
```

#### const

- Similar to the var statement\*
- However, the value cannot be redeclared or reassigned.
- It is thus CONSTANT

```
// String
const greeting = 'hello';
// Number
const favoriteNum = 33;
// Boolean
const isAwesome = true;
```

<sup>\*</sup> but block scoped. More on this later...

### const Errors

```
// Number
const favoriteNum = 33;

favoriteNum = 23;
```

- Cannot change your mind once const initialised
- Reassignment prohibited error if attempted.

### let

 The let statement declares a variable, optionally initializing it to a value.

```
// Number
let favoriteNum = 33;
favoriteNum = 23;
```

 The variable may be assigned a different value at any time

Always use const or let

Never use **var** - it can be considered obsolete for our purposes

## Primitive Data Types

- 6 Primitive Data Types
- JavaScript is known as a "weakly" typed language.
- This means is that when you create variables and assign them to values, you do not have to specify the type of data you are working with.

```
// String
const greeting = "hello";
// Number
let favoriteNum = 33;
// Boolean
const isAwesome = true;
// undefined
let foo;
let setToUndefined = undefined;
// null
let empty = null;
```

## Object Data Types

- Whereas primitive data typed variables hold individual values. e.g.
  - numbers
  - strings
  - boolean etc...
- Object types can hold more than one value. e.g.:
  - a number AND a string.
  - 2 numbers and a boolean and a string
  - 3 strings and 2 numbers
- Objects are central to creating interesting and powerful programs

## Creating an Object

- Introduces singe variable called 'homer'.
- This is an object with two fields
  - firstName, containing 'homer'
  - lastName, containing 'simpson'

```
const homer = {
  firstName: 'homer',
  lastName: 'simpson',
};
```

## Objects with Strings & Numbers

```
const bart = {
  firstName: 'bart',
  lastName: 'simpson',
  age: 10,
};
console.log(bart);
```

 An object containing 2 strings and a number.

# Anatomy of an Object

### name of the object

attributes (fields) of the object

```
const homer = {
  firstName: 'homer',
  lastName: 'simpson',
  age: 50,
};
```

attribute (field)
values for the
homer object

a specific attribute - called 'age'

## Objects in the Console

```
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Preserve log Show all messages

const homer = {
  firstName: 'homer',
  lastName: 'simpson',
  };

undefined

console.log(homer);

Defict {firstName: "homer", lastName: "simpson"}

undefined

undefined

undefined
```

- We can paste code directly in the console for experimentation purposes
- Can be useful when learning or to clarify your understanding about some syntax/feature

## Objects with Functions

```
const marge = {
  firstName: 'marge',
  lastName: 'simpson',
  age: 10,
  sayHello() {
    console.log('Hello from me!');
  },
};

marge.sayHello();
```

```
const marge = {
  data
                                                               attribute
                  firstName: 'marge',
attributes
                                                              values for
                  lastName: 'simpson',
(fields) of
                                                              the object
the object
                  age: 45,
                  sayHello() {
    a function
                    console.log('Hello from me!');
   attribute of
                  },
    the object
               };
               console log(marge);
                                                             accessing
               console.log(marge.firstName);
                                                              marge's
                                                               fields
               console.log(marge.age);
 calling the
 function
               marge.sayHello();
 within the
  marge
  object.
```

```
this refers
to the
'current'
object. Ned
in this case
```

```
const ned = {
  firstName: 'ned',
  lastName: 'flanders',
  age: 45,
  speak() {
    console.log('How diddley do? says ' + this.firstName);
  },
};
ned.speak();
```



How diddley do? says ned