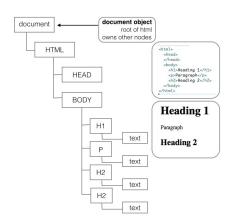
JavaScript Introduction

Document Object Model (DOM)

JavaScript

Document Object Model

The **DOM**



DOM

Document Object Model

The **DOM**

- A World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) Standard
- Defines standard for accessing web documents
- Represents the displayed web page
- Each element represented in the DOM by its own object
 - Access and modify individual elements
 - Add and delete elements

```
<script>
document.getElementById('demo').innerHTML = 'Hello JavaScript!';
</script>
```

HTML DOM Document Object

HTML DOM Nodes

In the HTML DOM (Document Object Model), everything is a node:

- The document itself is a document node
- All HTML elements are element nodes
- All HTML attributes are attribute nodes
- Text inside HTML elements are text nodes
- Comments are comment nodes

DOM

The Web Browser

On opening HTML document in browser:

- It becomes a document object
 - The document object is root node of HTML document
 - document object provides properties and methods to access node objects from within JavaScript.

```
<script>
let x = document.getElementsByName('map');
alert(map.length);
</script>
```

DOM Access

Demo change text

Click the button to change this text.

Try it

Hi ICTSkills

Try it

DOM Access

Using DOM method

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<h+m1>
 <body>
   Click the button to change this text.
   <button onclick="domAccess()">Tryit</button>
   <script src="dom.js"></script>
 </body>
</h+m1>
//file: dom.js
function domAccess(){
   document.getElementById('demo').innerHTML = 'Hi ICTSkills';
```

DOM Access

Using jQuery

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<h+m1>
 <body>
   Click the button to change this text.
   <button onclick="jQueryAccess()">Try it/button>
   <script src="jquery-2.0.0.js"></script>
   <script src="jq.js"></script>
 </body>
</h+m1>
//file: iq.is
function jQueryAccess(){
 $('#demo').html('Hi ICTSkills');
```

HTML Tags

Attributes name and id are not interchangeable

name: Identifies value in form dataid: Uniquely identifies an element so you can access it

```
//View (Semantic UI)
<input id="paypal" name="methodDonated" value="paypal" type="radio">
<label for="paypal">PayPal</label>
<input id="direct" name="methodDonated" value="direct" type="radio">
<label for="direct">Direct</label>
```

//Controller (Play): attribute name is methodDonated; content is value public static void donate(..., String methodDonated)

HTML Nodes

Methods to retrieve nodes

- document.getElementByld(id)
 - id unique on a page hence getElementByld
- document.getElementsByName(name)
 - returns array of elements with name attribute = name
 - name need not be unique hence getElementsByName
- node.getElementsByTagName(tagName)
 - returns array of elements with tagName attribute = tagName

Get element by id

Simple demo document.getElementById(id)

Prints the height of image whose id="img1"

```
Native JavaScript
//in html file
<img src="img/01.png" id="img1">
//in javascript file
let image = document.getElementById('img1');
alert('Image height is' + image.height);
                                    iQuery
//in html file
<imq src="img/01.png" id="img1">
//in javascript file
alert('Image height is' + $('#img1').height());
```

Get elements by name

Simple demo document.getElementsByName(name)

Discovers images with attribute name="imgs"

Native JavaScript

```
let images = document.getElementsByName('imgs');
for (let i = 0; i < images.length; i++) {
    alert('Image height is' + images[i].height);
}</pre>
```

jQuery

```
let $images = $('[name="imgs"]');
images.each(function (){
   alert('Image height is' + $(this).height());
});
```

Get elements by tagName

Simple demo node.getElementsByTagName(tagName)

Can be used on a sub-tree, not just entire document

Native JavaScript

```
let imgDiv = document.getElementById("ictskills-images");
let images = imgDiv.getElementsByTagName("img");
for (let i = 0; i < images.length; i ++) {
    alert("Image height is' + images[i].height);
}</pre>
```

jQuery

```
//let images: only those contained in node <div id="ictskills-imgs">
//with attribute name="imgs", e.g.: <img src="img/01.png" name="imgs">
let $images = $('#ictskills-imgs [name=\'imgs\']');
images.each(function () {
    alert('Image height is' + $(this).height());
});
```

Hide | Reveal Elements

Using Native JavaScript

```
HTML
   Watch me appear and disappear
   <button onclick="hide()">Hide</button>
   <button onclick="reveal()">Reveal/button>
                              JavaScript
function hide(){
   document.getElementById('text').style.visibility = 'hidden';
function reveal(){
 document.getElementById('text').style.visibility = 'visible';
```

Hide | Reveal Elements

Using jQuery

```
HTML
   Watch me appear and disappear
   <button onclick="hide()">Hide</button>
   <button onclick="reveal()">Reveal/button>
                              jQuery
function hide() {
 $('#text').hide();
function reveal(){
 $('#text').show();
```

Semantic UI

Enable Dropdown Box using JQuery

HTML

```
<div class="uiselection dropdown">
  <input name="amountDonated" type="hidden">
  <div class="default text">Amount</div>
  <i class="dropdown icon"></i>
  <div class="menu">
  <div class="item" data-value="100">$100</div>
  <div class="item" data-value="200">$200</div>
  <div class="item" data-value="300">$300</div>
  </div>
</div>
</div></div></div>
```

jQuery

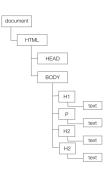
```
//Ensure you use latest version jQuery
//http://code.jquery.com/jquery-latest.min.js
<script>$('.ui.selection.dropdown').dropdown('enable');</script>
```

The DOM

Concluding with one expert's view

DOM (Document Object Model)

 "A vast source of incompatibilities, pain and misery" –Douglas Crockford



Summary

- Document Object Model (DOM)
 - HTML page underlying data structure.
 - Difficult development environment.
 - Better to use jQuery v native JavaScript.