

Idioms

Creating DTOs (POJOs/POCOs)

copy()

```
data class Customer(val name: String, val email: String)
provides a Customer class with the following functionality:
 — getters (and setters in case of vars) for all properties
 — equals()
    hashCode()
    toString()
```

— component1(), component2(), ..., for all properties (see <u>Data classes</u>)

Default values for function parameters

```
fun foo(a: Int = 0, b: String = "") { ... }
```

Filtering a list

```
val positives = list.filter { x -> x > 0 }
```

Or alternatively, even shorter:

```
val positives = list.filter { it > 0 }
```

String Interpolation

println("Name \$name")

Instance Checks

```
when (x) {
   is Foo -> ...
   is Bar -> ...
   else -> ...
}
```

Traversing a map/list of pairs

```
for ((k, v) in map) {
    println("$k -> $v")
}
```

k, v can be called anything.

Using ranges

```
for (i in 1..100) { ... } // closed range: includes 100
for (i in 1 until 100) { ... } // half-open range: does not include 100
for (x in 2..10 step 2) { ... }
for (x in 10 downTo 1) { ... }
if (x in 1..10) { ... }
```

Read-only list

```
val list = listOf("a", "b", "c")
```

Read-only map

```
val map = map0f("a" to 1, "b" to 2, "c" to 3)
```

Accessing a map

```
println(map["key"])
map["key"] = value
```

Extension Functions

```
fun String.spaceToCamelCase() { ... }
"Convert this to camelcase".spaceToCamelCase()
```

Creating a singleton

```
object Resource {
   val name = "Name"
}
```

If not null shorthand

```
val files = File("Test").listFiles()
println(files?.size)
```

If not null and else shorthand

```
val files = File("Test").listFiles()
println(files?.size ?: "empty")
```

Executing a statement if null

```
val values = ...
val email = values["email"] ?: throw IllegalStateException("Email is missing!")
```

Execute if not null

```
val value = ...
value?.let {
    ... // execute this block if not null
}
```

Return on when statement

```
fun transform(color: String): Int {
    return when (color) {
        "Red" -> 0
        "Green" -> 1
        "Blue" -> 2
        else -> throw IllegalArgumentException("Invalid color param value")
    }
}
```

'try/catch' expression

```
fun test() {
    val result = try {
        count()
    } catch (e: ArithmeticException) {
        throw IllegalStateException(e)
    }

    // Working with result
}
```

'if' expression

```
fun foo(param: Int) {
    val result = if (param == 1) {
        "one"
    } else if (param == 2) {
        "two"
    } else {
        "three"
    }
}
```

Single-expression functions

```
fun theAnswer() = 42
```

This is equivalent to

```
fun theAnswer(): Int {
   return 42
}
```

Calling multiple methods on an object instance ('with')

```
class Turtle {
    fun penDown()
    fun penUp()
    fun turn(degrees: Double)
    fun forward(pixels: Double)
val myTurtle = Turtle()
with(myTurtle) { //draw a 100 pix square
    penDown()
    for(i in 1..4) {
        forward(100.0)
        turn(90.0)
    penUp()
```