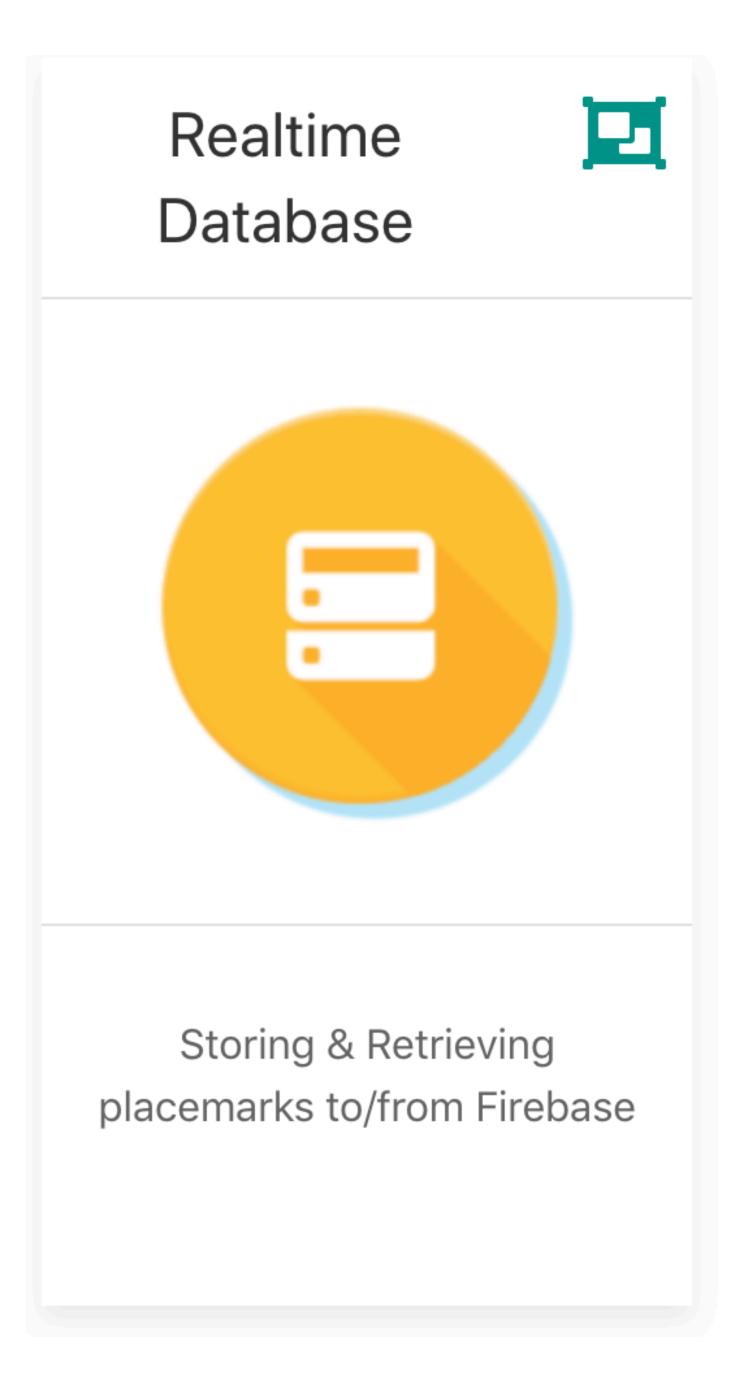
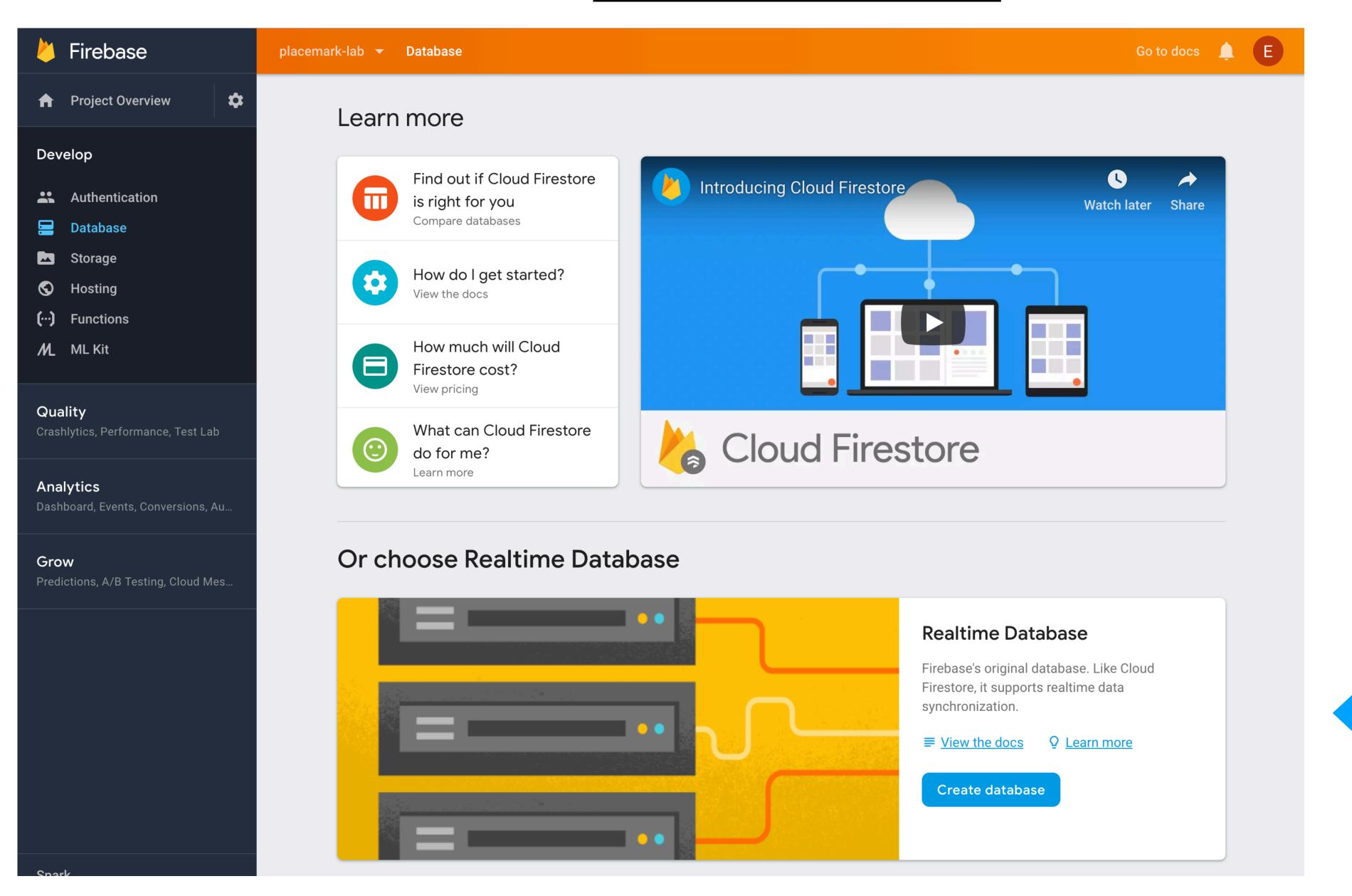
Firebase Database



Realtime Database



Security rules for Realtime Database Once you have defined your data structure you will have to write rules to secure your data. Learn more Start in locked mode Make your database private by denying all reads and writes "rules": { "read": true

Start in test mode

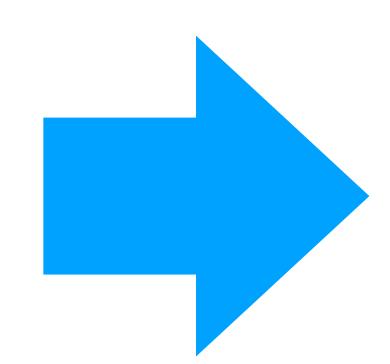
and writes to your database

Get set up quickly by allowing all reads

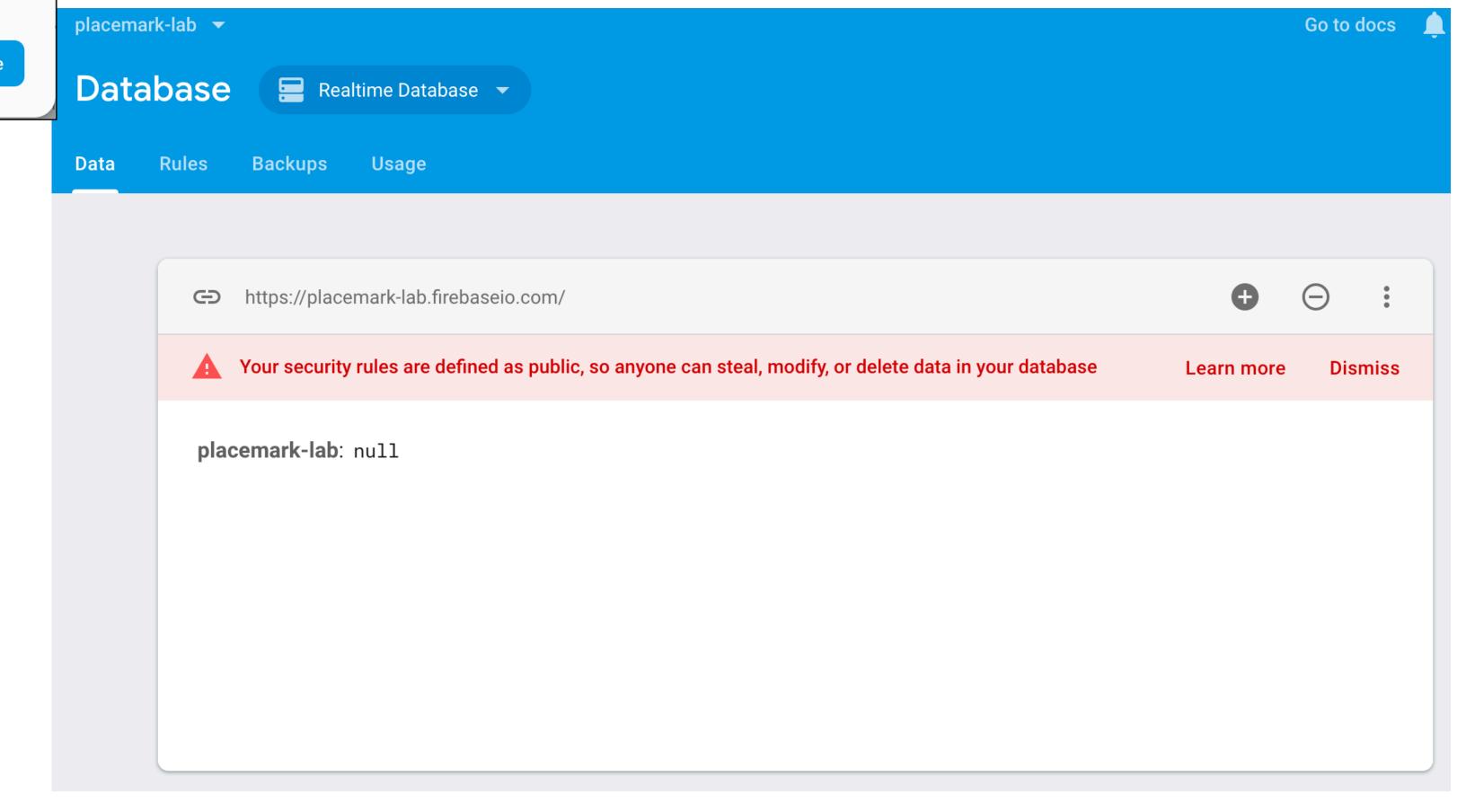
"rules": {
 ".read": true,
 ".write": true
 }
}
Anyone with your database reference will be able to read or write to your database

Cancel

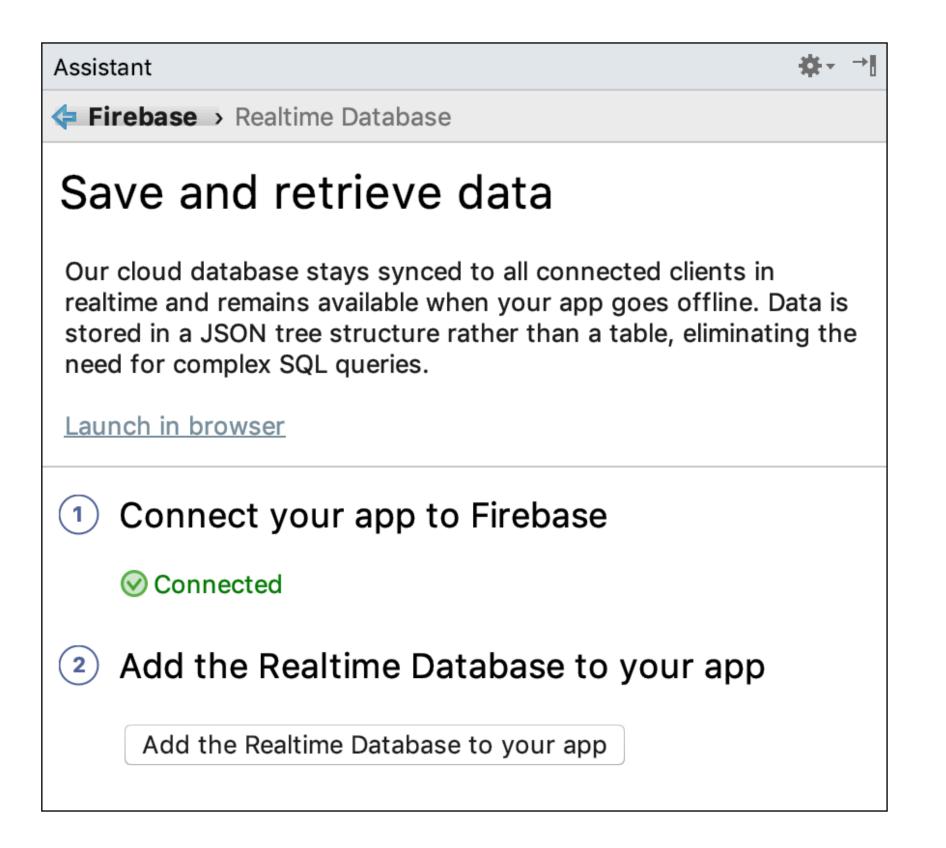
Enable

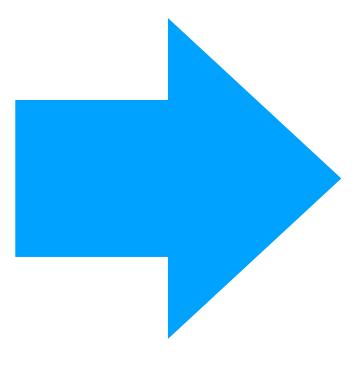


https://console.firebase.google.com



Android Studio





Updates app/google-services.json

```
"project_info": {
  "project_number": "4283XXXXX",
  "firebase_url": "https://placemark-XXXXd.firebaseio.com",
  "project_id": "placemark-XXXd",
"client": [
    "client_info": {
      "mobilesdk_app_id": "1:428338485028:android:634c4XXXce143",
     "android_client_info": {
       "package_name": "org.wit.placemark"
    "oauth_client": [
       "client_id": "4283XXXXX028-ntqXXXXXXXXXX19ot6ok3r.apps.googleusercontent.com",
       "client_type": 1,
       "android_info": {
         "package_name": "org.wit.placemark",
         "certificate_hash": "bcaa865ad78XXXXXXXXXX731db4da8b"
       "client_id": "42833848XXXXXXScup7XXXXXXk8s.apps.googleusercontent.com",
       "client_type": 3
    "api_key": [
       "current_key": "AIzaSyBXXXXXXXXXXXXOTeWhTqfKxbI"
    "services": {
     "analytics_service": {
       "status": 1
      "appinvite_service": {
       "status": 2,
       "other_platform_oauth_client": [
           "client_type": 3
       "status": 2
"configuration_version": "1"
```

<u>PlacemarkModel</u>

New Field: fbld - used to store Firebase key (a string)
Otherwise, model unchanged

PlacemarkFireStore

```
manifests
java
length org.wit.placemark
helpers
main
models
firebase
PlacemarkFireStore
json
mem
room
PlacemarkModel.kt
PlacemarkStore
views
```

```
class PlacemarkFireStore(val context: Context) : PlacemarkStore, AnkoLogger {
 val placemarks = ArrayList<PlacemarkModel>()
 lateinit var userId: String
 lateinit var db: DatabaseReference
 suspend override fun findAll(): List<PlacemarkModel> {
  return placemarks
 suspend override fun findById(id: Long): PlacemarkModel? {
  val foundPlacemark: PlacemarkModel? = placemarks.find { p -> p.id == id }
  return foundPlacemark
 suspend override fun create(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
  val key = db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").push().key
  placemark.fbId = key!!
  placemarks.add(placemark)
  db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").child(key).setValue(placemark)
 suspend override fun update(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
  var foundPlacemark: PlacemarkModel? = placemarks.find { p -> p.fbId == placemark.fbId }
  if (foundPlacemark != null) {
     foundPlacemark.title = placemark.title
    foundPlacemark.description = placemark.description
    foundPlacemark.image = placemark.image
     foundPlacemark.location = placemark.location
  db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").child(placemark.fbId).setValue(placemark)
 suspend override fun delete(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
  db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").child(placemark.fbId).removeValue()
  placemarks.remove(placemark)
 override fun clear() {
  placemarks.clear()
 fun fetchPlacemarks(placemarksReady: () -> Unit) {
  val valueEventListener = object : ValueEventListener {
    override fun onCancelled(error: DatabaseError) {
    override fun onDataChange(dataSnapshot: DataSnapshot) {
   dataSnapshot.children.mapNotNullTo(placemarks) { it.getValue<PlacemarkModel>(PlacemarkModel::class.java) }
       placemarksReady()
  userId = FirebaseAuth.getInstance().currentUser!!.uid
  db = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().reference
  placemarks.clear()
  db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").addListenerForSingleValueEvent(valueEventListener)
```

Firebase UserID (from Auth)

Firebase Database Reference

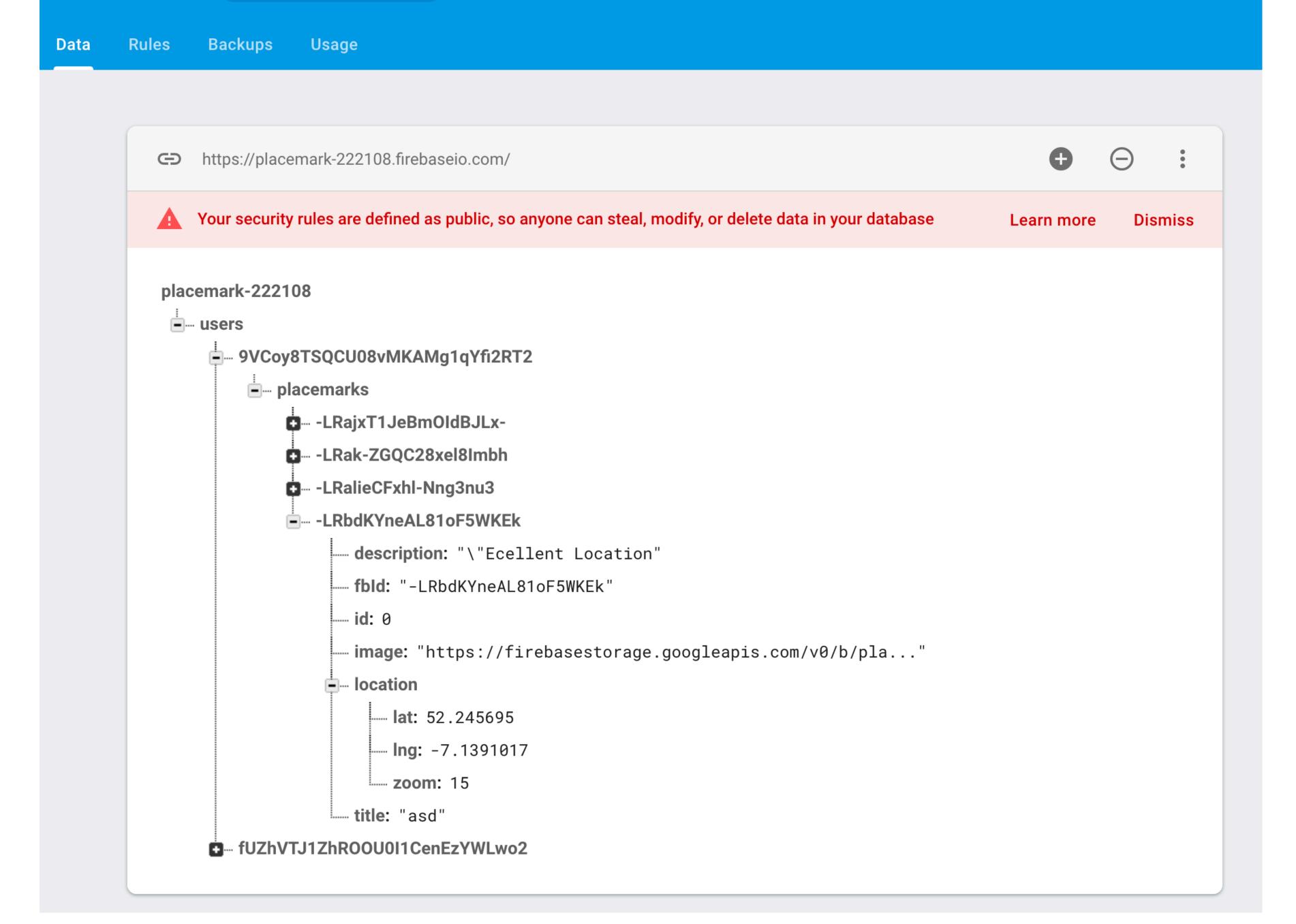
PlacemarkFireStore - Initialisation

```
class PlacemarkFireStore(val context: Context) : PlacemarkStore, AnkoLogger {
 val placemarks = ArrayList<PlacemarkModel>()
  lateinit var userId: String
  lateinit var db: DatabaseReference
 suspend override fun findAll(): List<PlacemarkModel> {
    return placemarks
 suspend override fun findById(id: Long): PlacemarkModel? {
   val foundPlacemark: PlacemarkModel? = placemarks.find { p -> p.id == id }
   return foundPlacemark
  - - -
  fun fetchPlacemarks(...) {
   userId = FirebaseAuth.getInstance().currentUser!!.uid
   db = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().reference
```

Database Structure

Database

■ Realtime Database ▼



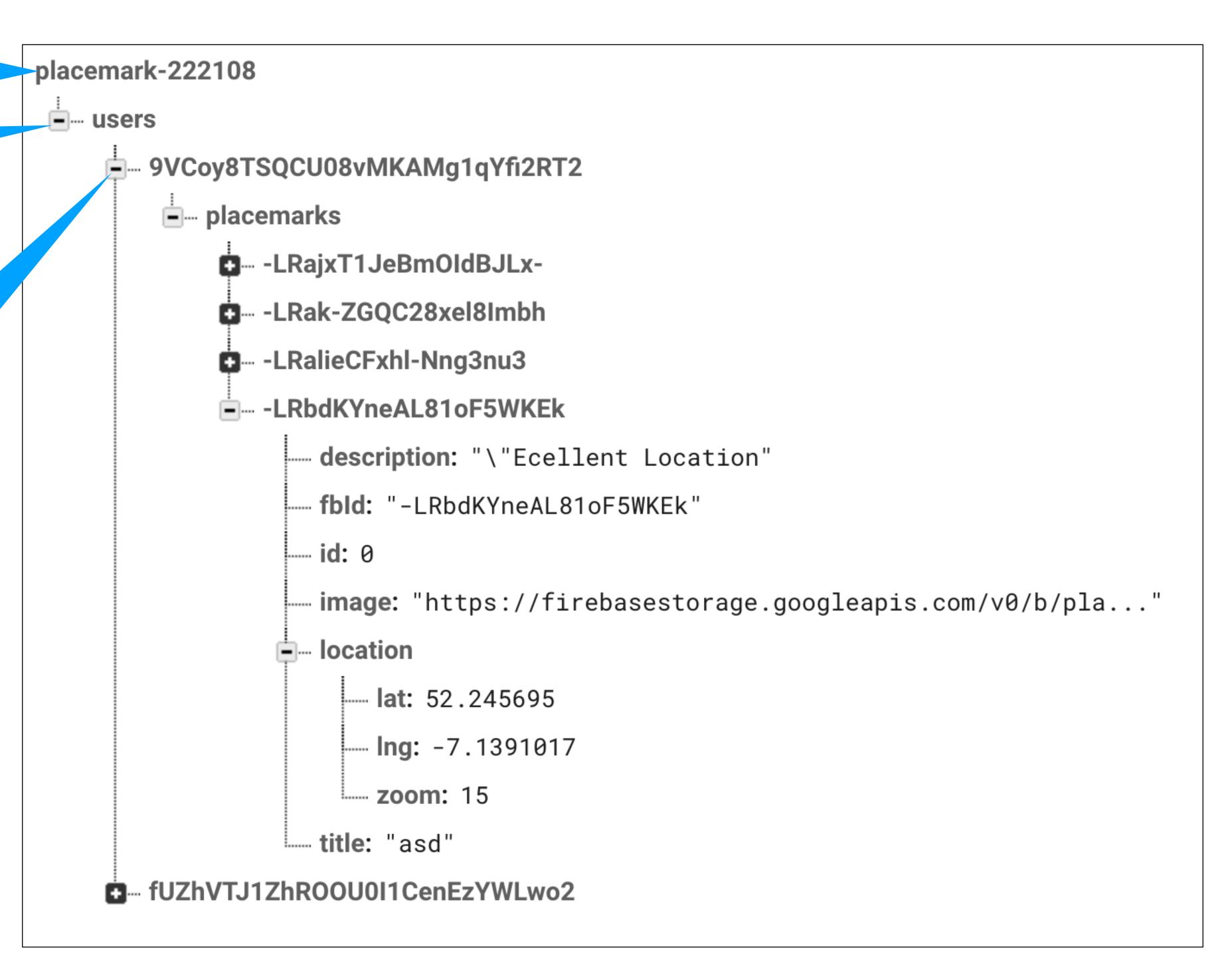
```
placemark-222108
• users
    9VCoy8TSQCU08vMKAMg1qYfi2RT2
        • placemarks
            -LRajxT1JeBmOldBJLx-
            -LRak-ZGQC28xel8Imbh
            -LRalieCFxhl-Nng3nu3
            --- description: "\"Ecellent Location"
                  fbld: "-LRbdKYneAL81oF5WKEk"
                 --- id: 0
                  -- image: "https://firebasestorage.googleapis.com/v0/b/pla..."
                i location
                      - lat: 52.245695
                      - Ing: -7.1391017
                    zoom: 15
                  --- title: "asd"
    fUZhVTJ1ZhROOU0I1CenEzYWLwo2
```

Collection of all Users



Collection of all Users

Individual user (based in Auth ID)



Collection of all Users

Individual user (based in Auth ID)

This Users' placemark collection

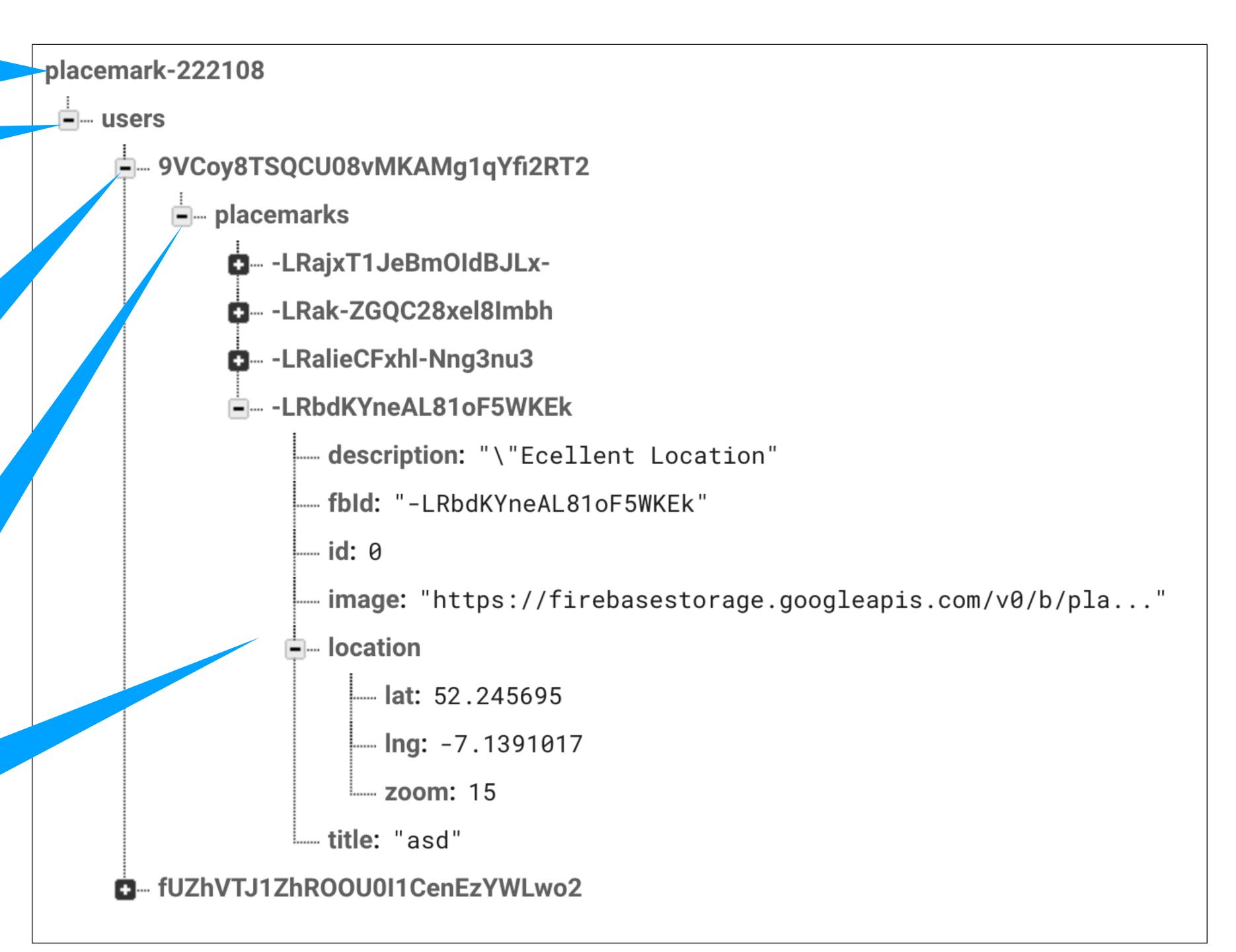


Collection of all Users

Individual user (based in Auth ID)

This Users' placemark collection

Individual Placemark



PlacemarkFireStore - Create

Create a new Placemark object in the Database

Retain firebase key in place mark object

Populate the object with Placemark details

```
class PlacemarkFireStore(val context: Context) : PlacemarkStore, AnkoLogger {
 val placemarks = ArrayList<PlacemarkModel>()
  lateinit var userId: String
  lateinit var db: DatabaseReference
  suspend override fun create(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
   val key = db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").push().key
                                                         Keep local copy of
   key?.let {
                                                             Placemark in
     placemark.fbId = key
                                                          placemarks array
     placemarks.add(placemark)
     db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").child(key).setValue(placemark)
```

PlacemarkFireStore - update

Update pacemark in local array

```
suspend override fun update(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
  var foundPlacemark: PlacemarkModel? = placemarks.find { p -> p.fbId == placemark.fbId }
  if (foundPlacemark != null) {
    foundPlacemark.title = placemark.title
    foundPlacemark.description = placemark.description
    foundPlacemark.image = placemark.image
    foundPlacemark.location = placemark.location
  }
  db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").child(placemark.fbId).setValue(placemark)
}
```

Replace placemark in database with new values

PlacemarkFireStore - delete

```
suspend override fun delete(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
   db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").child(placemark.fbId).removeValue()
   placemarks.remove(placemark)
}
```

PlacemarkFireStore - fetchPlacemarks

```
fun fetchPlacemarks(placemarksReady: () -> Unit) {
 val valueEventListener = object : ValueEventListener {
    override fun onCancelled(dataSnapshot: DatabaseError) {
      // Error connecting to database
    override fun onDataChange(dataSnapshot: DataSnapshot) {
      dataSnapshot!!.children.mapNotNullTo(placemarks) {
        it.getValue<PlacemarkModel>(PlacemarkModel::class.java)
      placemarksReady()
 userId = FirebaseAuth.getInstance().currentUser!!.uid
 db = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().reference
  placemarks.clear()
 db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").addListenerForSingleValueEvent(valueEventListener)
```

PlacemarkFireStore - fetchPlacemarks

```
fun fetchPlacemarks(placemarksReady: () -> Unit) {
 val valueEventListener = object : ValueEventListener {
   override fun onCancelled(dataSnapshot: DatabaseError) {
     // Error connecting to database
   override fun onDataChange(dataSnapshot: DataSnapshot) {
     dataSnapshot!!.children.mapNotNullTo(placemarks) {
       it.getValue<PlacemarkModel>(PlacemarkModel::class.java)
     placemarksReady()
                                                                                          Listener Callback
                                                                                         object for Database
                                                                                                updates
 userId = FirebaseAuth.getInstance().currentUser!!.uid
 db = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().reference
 placemarks.clear()
 db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").addListenerForSingleValueEvent(valueEventListener)
```

Listen for single update - in this case will be triggered with complete placemark collection

PlacemarkFireStore - fetchPlacemarks

```
fun fetchPlacemarks(placemarksReady: () -> Unit) {
                                                                          Copy retrieved
 val valueEventListener = object : ValueEventListener {
   override fun onCancelled(dataSnapshot: DatabaseError) {
                                                                         peacemakers to
     // Error connecting to database
                                                                             local array
   override fun onDataChange(dataSnapshot: DataSnapshot) {
     dataSnapshot!!.children.mapNotNullTo(placemarks) {
       it.getValue<PlacemarkModel>(PlacemarkModel::class.java)
     placemarksReady()
 userId = FirebaseAuth.getInstance().currentUser!!.uid
 db = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().reference
 placemarks.clear()
 db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").addListenerForSingleValueEvent(valueEventListener)
```

Lambda we will call when placemarks have been retrieved

PlacemarkFireStore - fetchPlacemarks

```
fun fetchPlacemarks(placemarksReady: () -> Unit) {
 val valueEventListener = object : ValueEventListener {
   override fun onCancelled(dataSnapshot: DatabaseError) {
     // Error connecting to database
   override fun onDataChange(dataSnapshot: DataSnapshot) {
     dataSnapshot!!.children.mapNotNullTo(placemarks) {
       it.getValue<PlacemarkModel>(PlacemarkModel::class.java)
      placemarksReady()
                                 Trigger lambda - as place
                                 marks have been retrieved
 userId = FirebaseAuth.getInstance().currentUser!!.uid
 db = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().reference
 placemarks.clear()
 db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").addListenerForSingleValueEvent(valueEventListener)
```

Lambda we will call when placemarks have been retrieved

PlacemarkFireStore - fetchPlacemarks

```
fun fetchPlacemarks(placemarksReady: () -> Unit) {
                                                                       Copy retrieved
 val valueEventListener = object : ValueEventListener {
   override fun onCancelled(dataSnapshot: DatabaseError) {
                                                                      peacemakers to
     // Error connecting to database
                                                                          local array
   override fun onDataChange(dataSnapshot: DataSnapshot) {
     dataSnapshot!!.children.mapNotNullTo(placemarks) {
       it.getValue<PlacemarkModel>(PlacemarkModel::class.java)
     placemarksReady()
                                Trigger lambda - as place
                                                                                       Listener Callback
                               marks have been retrieved
                                                                                     object for Database
                                                                                            updates
 userId = FirebaseAuth.getInstance().currentUser!!.uid
 db = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().reference
 placemarks.clear()
 db.child("users").child(userId).child("placemarks").addListenerForSingleValueEvent(valueEventListener)
```

Listen for single update - in this case will be triggered with complete placemark collection

<u>oginPresenter</u>

```
class LoginPresenter(view: BaseView) : BasePresenter(view) {
 var auth: FirebaseAuth = FirebaseAuth.getInstance()
  var fireStore: PlacemarkFireStore? = null
  init {
    if (app.placemarks is PlacemarkFireStore) {
      fireStore = app.placemarks as PlacemarkFireStore
  fun doLogin(email: String, password: String) {
    view?.showProgress()
    auth.signInWithEmailAndPassword(email, password).addOnCompleteListener(view!!) { task ->
      if (task.isSuccessful) {
        if (fireStore != null) {
          fireStore!!.fetchPlacemarks {
            view?.hideProgress()
            view?.navigateTo(VIEW.LIST)
        } else {
          view?.hideProgress()
          view?.navigateTo(VIEW.LIST)
      } else {
        view?.hideProgress()
        view?.toast("Sign Up Failed: ${task.exception?.message}")
```

LoginPresenter: doLogin

```
fun doLogin(email: String, password: String) {
  view?.showProgress()
  auth.signInWithEmailAndPassword(email, password).addOnCompleteListener(view!!) { task ->
    if (task.isSuccessful) {
     if (fireStore != null) {
       fireStore!!.fetchPlacemarks| {
                                              lambda to be called when
         view?.hideProgress()
         view?.navigateTo(VIEW.LIST)
                                                place marks have been
                                                         retrieved
     } else {
       view?.hideProgress()
       view?.navigateTo(VIEW.LIST)
   } else {
     view?.hideProgress()
     view?.toast("Sign Up Failed: ${task.exception?.message}")
```

LoginPresenter -> PlacemarkStore -> LoginPresenter

```
fun fetchPlacemarks(placemarksReady: ()
 val valueEventListener = object : ValueEve
   override fun onCancelled(dataSnapshot: Dat
                                            fun ac in(email: String, password: String) {
     // Error connecting to database
                                                       rogress()
                                              view?.sn.
                                              override fun onDataChange(dataSnapshot: D{
                                                if (task.isSue sful) {
     dataSnapshot!!.children.mapNotNullTo(pla
                                                  if (fireStore :- ll) {
       it.getValue<PlacemarkModel>(PlacemarkNodel)
                                                    fireStore!!.fetchPlacemarks {
                                                     view?.hideProgress()
     placemarksReady()
                                                      view?.navigateTo(VIEW.LIST)
                                                   else {
                                                    view?.hideProgress()
 userId = FirebaseAuth.getInstance().current(
                                                    view?.navigateTo(VIEW.LIST)
  db = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().referen
  placemarks.clear()
                                                } else {
                                                  view?.hideProgress()
 db.child("users").child(userId).child("place
                                                  view?.toast("Sign Up Failed: ${task.exception?.message}")
```

Supplementary Approach: Enabling Offline Capabilities

Firebase apps automatically handle temporary network interruptions.

Cached data is available while offline and Firebase resends any writes when network connectivity is restored.

FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().setPersistenceEnabled(true);

Persistence Behaviour
Keeping Data Fresh
Querying Data Offline
Handling Transactions Offline
Managing Presence
Detecting Connection State

Enabling Offline Capabilities on Android



Contents 🗸

Disk Persistence

Persistence Behavior

Keeping Data Fresh

Querying Data Offline

•••

Firebase applications work even if your app temporarily loses its network connection. In addition, Firebase provides tools for persisting data locally, managing presence, and handling latency.

Disk Persistence



Firebase apps automatically handle temporary network interruptions. Cached data is available while offline and Firebase resends any writes when network connectivity is restored.

When you enable disk persistence, your app writes the data locally to the device so your app can maintain state while offline, even if the user or operating system restarts the app.

You can enable disk persistence with just one line of code.

FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().setPersistenceEnabled(true);



Persistence Behavior

By enabling persistence, any data that the Firebase Realtime Database client would sync while online persists to disk and is available offline, even when the user or operating system restarts the app. This means your app works as it would online by using the local data stored in the cache. Listener callbacks will continue to fire for local updates.

The Firebase Realtime Database client automatically keeps a queue of all write operations that are performed while your app is offline. When persistence is enabled, this queue is also persisted to disk so all of your writes are available when the user or operating system restarts the app. When the app regains connectivity, all of the operations are sent to the Firebase Realtime Database server.

If your app uses Firebase Authentication, the Firebase Realtime Database client persists the user's authentication token across app restarts. If the auth token expires while your app is offline, the client pauses write operations until your app re-authenticates the user, otherwise the write operations might fail due to security rules.

https://firebase.google.com/docs/database/android/offline-capabilities

listeners. In addition, you can keep specific locations in sync.

DatabaseReference scoresRef = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().getReference(°ScoresRef.keepSynced(true);