# MATH 311 The Tank Problem

Will Townsend

March 14, 2022

### Problem 1

$$\begin{split} \frac{dA}{dt} &= 8(0.05) - \frac{8A}{100} = > \frac{dA}{dt} + \frac{2A}{25} = 0.4 = > I(t) = e^{\int \frac{2dt}{25}} = e^{\frac{2}{25}t} \\ e^{\frac{2}{25}t} \frac{dA}{dt} &+ \frac{2}{25} e^{\frac{2}{25}t} A = 0.4 e^{\frac{2}{25}t} = > \int (e^{\frac{2}{25}t} A)' = \int 0.4 e^{\frac{2}{25}t} = > e^{\frac{2}{25}t} A = 0.4 \frac{25}{2} e^{\frac{2}{25}t} + C \\ A &= 5 + C e^{-\frac{2}{25}t} \\ A(0) &= 0.5 \qquad 0.5 = 5 + C = > C = -4.5 \end{split}$$

$$A(t) = 5 - 4.5e^{-\frac{2}{25}t}$$

$$A(t) = 2$$
  $2 = 5 - 4.5e^{-\frac{2}{25}t} = \ln \frac{2}{3} = -\frac{2}{25}t = t = -\frac{25 \ln \frac{2}{3}}{2}$ 

 $t \approx 5.07 \text{ min}$ 

## Problem 2

$$\begin{split} \frac{dA}{dt} &= 6(0.05) - \frac{6A}{50} = > \frac{dA}{dt} + \frac{3A}{25} = 0.3 = > I(t) = e^{\int \frac{3dt}{25}} = e^{\frac{3}{25}t} \\ e^{\frac{3}{25}t} \frac{dA}{dt} &+ \frac{3}{25} e^{\frac{3}{25}t} A = 0.3 e^{\frac{3}{25}t} = > \int (e^{\frac{3}{25}t} A)' = \int 0.3 e^{\frac{3}{25}t} = > e^{\frac{3}{25}t} A = 0.3 \frac{25}{3} e^{\frac{3}{25}t} + C \\ A &= 2.5 + C e^{-\frac{3}{25}t} \\ A(0) &= 0.5 \qquad 0.5 = 2.5 + C = > C = -2 \\ A(t) &= 2.5 - 2 e^{-\frac{3}{25}t} \end{split}$$

$$A(t) = 1.5 \qquad 1.5 = 2.5 - 2e^{-\frac{3}{25}t} => 0.5 = e^{-\frac{3}{25}t} => \ln 0.5 = -\frac{3}{25}t => t = -\frac{25 \ln 0.5}{3}$$

 $t \approx 5.78 \text{ min}$ 

### Problem 4

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 0.8 - \frac{3A}{100 + t} = \frac{dA}{dt} + \frac{3A}{100 + t} = 0.8 = I(t) = (100 + t)^3$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt}(100 + t)^3 + 3A(100 + t)^2 = 0.8(100 + t)^3 = \int (A(100 + t)^3)' = \int 0.8(100 + t)^3 = A(100 + t)^3 = 0.2(100 + t)^4 + C$$

$$A = 0.2(100 + t) + C(100 + t)^{-3}$$

$$A(0) = 0 \qquad 0 = 20 + 100^{-3}C = C = -2 \cdot 10^7$$

$$A(t) = 0.2(100 + t) - \frac{2 \cdot 10^7}{(100 + t)^3}$$

$$A(?) = 0.1(100 + t) \qquad \frac{0.2(100 + t)^4 - 2 \cdot 10^7}{(100 + t)^4} = 0.1 = \frac{2 \cdot 10^7}{(100 + t)^4} = 0.1$$

$$(100 + t)^4 = \frac{20000000}{0.1} = t = \sqrt[4]{\frac{20000000}{0.1}} - 100 = t \approx 18.92 \text{ min}$$

## Problem 5

Troblem 5
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 5(0.001) - \frac{A}{2000} = > \frac{dA}{dt} + \frac{A}{2000} = 0.005 = > I(t) = e^{\int 0.0005} = e^{0.0005t}$$

$$e^{0.0005t} \frac{dA}{dt} + 0.0005e^{0.0005t} A = 0.005e^{0.0005t} = > \int (Ae^{0.0005t})' = \int 0.005e^{0.0005t}$$

$$Ae^{0.0005t} = 10e^{0.0005t} + C = > A = 10 + Ce^{-0.0005t}$$

$$A(0) = 0.01(10000) = 100 \qquad 100 = 10 + C = > C = 90$$

$$A(t) = 10 + 90e^{-0.0005t}$$

$$A(60) = 10 + 90e^{-0.0005(60)} \approx 97.34 \text{ then } \frac{97.43}{10000} \approx 0.0097\%$$

$$A(?) = 0.002(10000) = 20 \qquad 20 = 10 + 90e^{-0.0005t} = > \frac{1}{9} = e^{-0.0005t} = > \ln \frac{1}{9} = -0.0005t$$

$$t = -2000 \ln \frac{1}{9} \approx 4394.45 \text{ min or } 73.24 \text{ hrs}$$