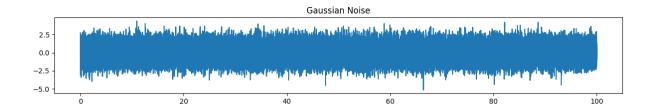
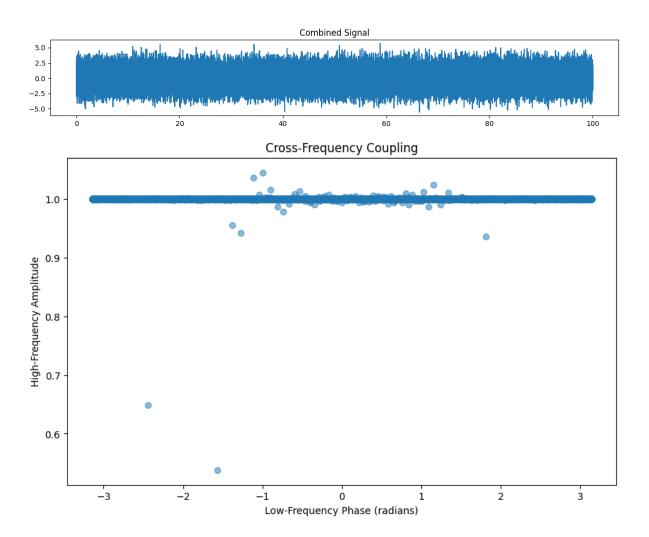
```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from scipy.signal import hilbert
        from scipy import signal
In [ ]: duration = 100 # seconds
        sampling_rate = 1000 # Hz
        num_samples = int(duration * sampling_rate)
        # Generate Gaussian noise
        noise = np.random.normal(0, 1, num samples)
        # Create a time vector
        time = np.arange(0, duration, 1/sampling_rate)
        # Low-frequency band (5-7 Hz)
        low freq band = (5, 7)
        low_freq_signal = np.sin(2 * np.pi * np.random.uniform(low_freq_band[0], low_freq_b
        # High-frequency band (80-120 Hz)
        high_freq_band = (80, 120)
        high_freq_signal = np.sin(2 * np.pi * np.random.uniform(high_freq_band[0], high_fre
        # Combine noise, low-frequency, and high-frequency signals
        combined_signal = noise + low_freq_signal + high_freq_signal
        # Hilbert transform to obtain instantaneous phase and amplitude
        hilbert_low = hilbert(low_freq_signal)
        hilbert_high = hilbert(high_freq_signal)
        # Compute the phase of the low-frequency signal
        phase_low = np.angle(hilbert_low)
        # Compute the amplitude envelope of the high-frequency signal
        amplitude_high = np.abs(hilbert_high)
        # Plot the signals
        plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
        plt.subplot(4, 1, 1)
        plt.plot(time, noise)
        plt.title('Gaussian Noise')
        plt.subplot(4, 1, 4)
        plt.plot(time, combined_signal)
        plt.title('Combined Signal')
        plt.tight_layout()
        plt.show()
        # Plot CFC
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
        plt.scatter(phase_low, amplitude_high, alpha=0.5)
        plt.title('Cross-Frequency Coupling')
        plt.xlabel('Low-Frequency Phase (radians)')
        plt.ylabel('High-Frequency Amplitude')
        plt.show()
```

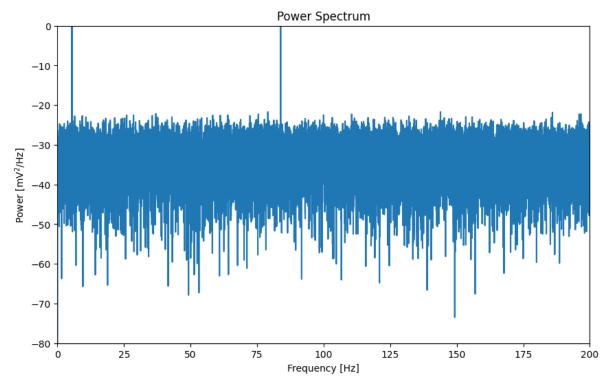




```
In [ ]: dt = time[1] - time[0]  # Define the sampling interval,

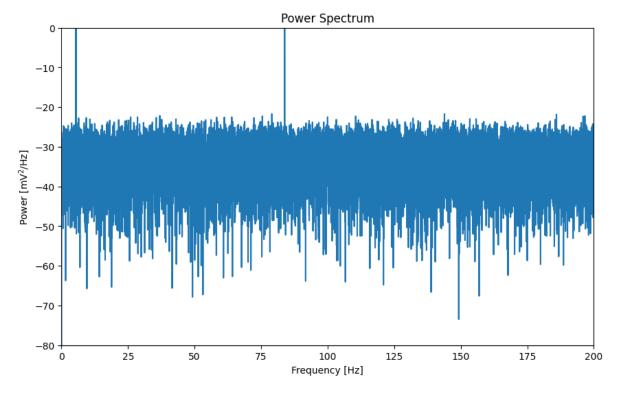
T = time[-1] - time[0]  # ... the duration of the data,

N = len(combined\_signal)  # ... and the no. of data points
         x = np.hanning(N) * combined signal # Multiply data by a Hanning taper
         xf = np.fft.rfft(x - x.mean()) # Compute Fourier transform
         Sxx = 2 * dt**2 / T * (xf * np.conj(xf)) # Compute the spectrum
         Sxx = np.real(Sxx)
                                                # Ignore complex components
         df = 1 / T
                                                 # Define frequency resolution,
         fNQ = 1 / dt / 2
                                                 # ... and Nyquist frequency.
         faxis = np.arange(0, fNQ + df, df) # Construct freq. axis
         # Plot the spectrum
         plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
         plt.plot(faxis, 10 * np.log10(Sxx)) # Plot spectrum vs freq.
         plt.xlim([0, 200])
                                               # Set freq. range,
                                               # Set decibel range
         plt.ylim([-80, 0])
         plt.xlabel('Frequency [Hz]') # Label the x-axis
         plt.ylabel('Power [mV$^2$/Hz]') # Label the y-axis
         plt.title('Power Spectrum')
         plt.show()
         # Extract the low-frequency band (5-7 Hz)
         low freq band indices = np.where((faxis >= 5) & (faxis <= 7))[0]
         power low freq band = 10 * np.log10(np.sum(Sxx[low freq band indices]))
         # Extract the high-frequency band (80-120 Hz)
         high_freq_band_indices = np.where((faxis >= 80) & (faxis <= 120))[0]
         power_high_freq_band = 10 * np.log10(np.sum(Sxx[high_freq_band_indices]))
         print(f'Power in the low-frequency band (5-7 Hz): {power low freq band} dB/Hz')
         print(f'Power in the high-frequency band (80-120 Hz): {power_high_freq_band} dB/Hz'
```



Power in the low-frequency band (5-7 Hz): 12.796492334085743 dB/Hz Power in the high-frequency band (80-120 Hz): 13.446351871342717 dB/Hz

```
In [ ]: dt = time[1] - time[0]  # Define the sampling interval,
    T = time[-1] - time[0]  # ... the duration of the data,
        T = time[-1] - time[0]
                                             # ... the duration of the data,
        N = len(combined signal) # ... and the no. of data points
        x = np.hanning(N) * combined signal # Multiply data by a Hanning taper
        xf = np.fft.rfft(x - x.mean()) # Compute Fourier transform
        Sxx = 2 * dt**2 / T * (xf * np.conj(xf)) # Compute the spectrum
        Sxx = np.real(Sxx)
                                              # Ignore complex components
        df = 1 / T
                                              # Define frequency resolution,
        fNQ = 1 / dt / 2
                                              # ... and Nyquist frequency.
        faxis = np.arange(0, fNQ + df, df) # Construct freq. axis
        # Plot the spectrum
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
        plt.plot(faxis, 10 * np.log10(Sxx)) # Plot spectrum vs freq.
        plt.xlim([0, 200])
                                             # Set freq. range,
        plt.ylim([-80, 0])
                                             # Set decibel range
        plt.xlabel('Frequency [Hz]')  # Label the x-axis
        plt.ylabel('Power [mV$^2$/Hz]') # Label the y-axis
        plt.title('Power Spectrum')
        plt.show()
        # Apply bandpass filters
        Wn_{lo} = [5, 7]
                                              # Set the passband for Low-frequency band
        n lo = 100
                                              # Filter order for low-frequency band
        b_lo = signal.firwin(n_lo, Wn_lo, nyq=fNQ, pass_zero=False, window='hamming')
        Vlo = signal.filtfilt(b lo, 1, combined signal)
                                               # Set the passband for high-frequency band
        Wn hi = [75, 120]
        n hi = 100
                                              # Filter order for high-frequency band
        b hi = signal.firwin(n hi, Wn hi, nyq=fNQ, pass zero=False, window='hamming')
        Vhi = signal.filtfilt(b_hi, 1, combined_signal)
        # Plot the signals
        plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
        plt.plot(time, combined_signal, label='LFP')
        plt.plot(time, Vlo, label='Low Filtered Freq')
```



Out[]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1c6b9792d50>]

