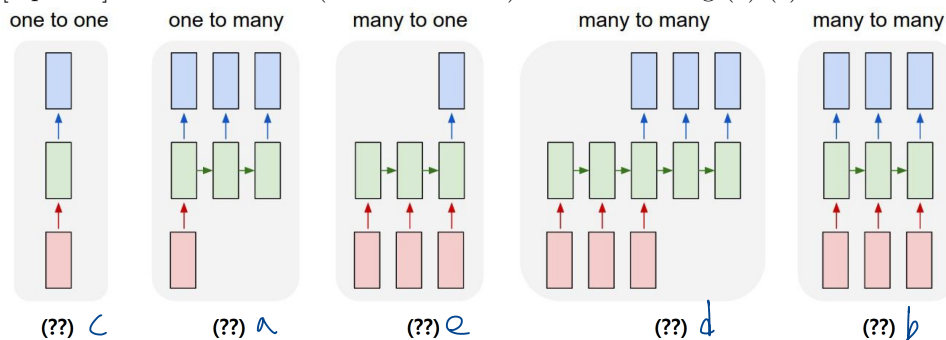


Day33: FinalTerm

1. [10 points] For each of the following statements, indicate if it is *true* or *false*. A correct answer will get 2 points, but a wrong answer will get -2 points. No answer will get 0 point.
- (a) Each element of a cell vector in LSTM is always between -1 and 1. $F \Rightarrow C_t = C_{t-1} \odot f_t + i_t \odot g_t$
 - (b) Gated recurrent units (GRUs) have fewer parameters than LSTMs. T
 - (c) Attention mechanism helps to interpret the output of the networks. T
 - (d) In GAN, output of the discriminator is between ~~0~~ to 1. F
 - (e) A self-supervised learning is under the category of the unsupervised learning. \times True

2. [5 points] Fill in the blank (marked with ??) with one among (a)-(e)



- (*a*) Image captioning
- (*b*) Video classification on a frame level
- (*c*) Vanilla neural networks
- (*d*) Machine translation
- (*e*) Sentiment classification

3. [6 points] Consider the following vectors in a time step t in an LSTM cell:

$$c_{t-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, f = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, i = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, g = \begin{bmatrix} -0.7 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.8 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ and } o = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.6 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Compute c_t and h_t . (You do not need to compute $\tanh(x)$. Instead, just write $\tanh(x)$ in your answer by replacing x with a particular value you computed.)

$$c_t = f \cdot c_{t-1} + i \cdot g = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -0.7 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -0.7 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.7 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$h_t = o_t \cdot \tanh(c_t) = \tanh \begin{bmatrix} -0.7 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. [5 points] Consider a variant of the original RNNs as follows:

$$h_t = \tanh(W_h(h_{t-1} + x_t))$$

$$y_t = W_y h_t.$$

$$h_t = \tanh(W_{hh} h_{t-1} + W_{hx} x_t)$$

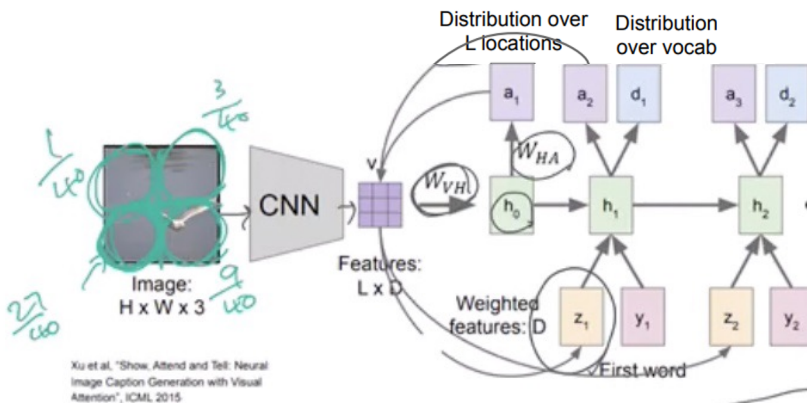
W_{hx} 가 없다.

- (a) [2 points] What has changed in this model, compared to the original RNNs? W_{hx} 가 identity matrix.

- (b) [3 points] What is the restriction of this model in terms of an input vector dimension?

Input과 hidden-state의 dim이 동일해야 한다.

5. [8 points] Below is the image captioning model with attention. Please answer the following questions.



Let $L=4$ and $D=2$ where

$$L=H \times W$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W_{VH} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W_{HA} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.5 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) [4 points] Compute a_1 . (You can assume $e \approx 3$ for softmax function.)

$$h_0 = V \cdot W_{VH} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S_1 = h_0 \cdot W_{HA}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z_1 = \frac{1}{40} [0 \ 0] + \frac{3}{40} [1 \ 0]$$

$$+ \frac{27}{40} [1 \ 1] + \frac{9}{40} [0 \ 1]$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{30}{40} & \frac{36}{40} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{15}{20} & \frac{18}{20} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_1 = \text{softmax}(S_1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{e^0 + e^1 + e^3 + e^2} \begin{bmatrix} e^0 \\ e^1 \\ e^3 \\ e^2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{40} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 27 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

6. [6 points] Answer the following questions about the Generative Adversarial Networks.

(a) [3 points] Which of the following loss induces the non-saturating generator for GANs (G is the generator and D is the discriminator)?

- i. $J(G) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \log(1 - D(G(z^i)))$
- ✓ ii. $J(G) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \log(D(G(z^i)))$
- iii. $J(G) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \log(1 - G(D(z^i)))$
- iv. $J(G) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \log(G(D(z^i)))$

\Rightarrow 학습이 용이함.

7. [3 points] Training the model with the Contrastive Learning is highly unstable due to the moving targets. Fill in the blank (marked with ??) with among (a)-(c).

