

tf.FixedLengthRecordReader

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Inherits From: [ReaderBase](#)

Defined in [tensorflow/python/ops/io_ops.py](#).

See the guides: [Inputs and Readers > Readers](#), [Reading data > Reading from files](#)

A Reader that outputs fixed-length records from a file.

See ReaderBase for supported methods.

Properties

reader_ref

Op that implements the reader.

supports_serialize

Whether the Reader implementation can serialize its state.

Methods

__init__

```
__init__(
    record_bytes,
    header_bytes=None,
    footer_bytes=None,
    hop_bytes=None,
    name=None,
    encoding=None
)
```

Create a FixedLengthRecordReader.

Args:

- `record_bytes` : An int.
- `header_bytes` : An optional int. Defaults to 0.
- `footer_bytes` : An optional int. Defaults to 0.
- `hop_bytes` : An optional int. Defaults to 0.
- `name` : A name for the operation (optional).
- `encoding` : The type of encoding for the file. Defaults to none.

num_records_produced

```
num_records_produced(name=None)
```

Returns the number of records this reader has produced.

This is the same as the number of Read executions that have succeeded.

Args:

- `name` : A name for the operation (optional).

Returns:

An int64 Tensor.

num_work_units_completed

```
num_work_units_completed(name=None)
```

Returns the number of work units this reader has finished processing.

Args:

- `name` : A name for the operation (optional).

Returns:

An int64 Tensor.

read

```
read(  
    queue,  
    name=None  
)
```

Returns the next record (key, value) pair produced by a reader.

Will dequeue a work unit from queue if necessary (e.g. when the Reader needs to start reading from a new file since it has finished with the previous file).

Args:

- `queue` : A Queue or a mutable string Tensor representing a handle to a Queue, with string work items.
- `name` : A name for the operation (optional).

Returns:

A tuple of Tensors (key, value). `key` : A *string scalar Tensor*. `value` : A string scalar Tensor.

read_up_to

```
read_up_to(  
    queue,  
    num_records,  
    name=None  
)
```

Returns up to `num_records` (key, value) pairs produced by a reader.

Will dequeue a work unit from `queue` if necessary (e.g., when the Reader needs to start reading from a new file since it has finished with the previous file). It may return less than `num_records` even before the last batch.

Args:

- `queue` : A Queue or a mutable string Tensor representing a handle to a Queue, with string work items.
- `num_records` : Number of records to read.
- `name` : A name for the operation (optional).

Returns:

A tuple of Tensors (keys, values). `keys` : A *1-D string Tensor*. `values` : A 1-D string Tensor.

reset

```
reset(name=None)
```

Restore a reader to its initial clean state.

Args:

- `name` : A name for the operation (optional).

Returns:

The created Operation.

restore_state

```
restore_state(  
    state,  
    name=None  
)
```

Restore a reader to a previously saved state.

Not all Readers support being restored, so this can produce an Unimplemented error.

Args:

- `state` : A string Tensor. Result of a `SerializeState` of a Reader with matching type.
- `name` : A name for the operation (optional).

Returns:

The created Operation.

serialize_state

```
serialize_state(name=None)
```

Produce a string tensor that encodes the state of a reader.

Not all Readers support being serialized, so this can produce an Unimplemented error.

Args:

- `name` : A name for the operation (optional).

Returns:

A string Tensor.

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