TencorFlow

TensorFlow API r1.4

tf.contrib.rnn.GRUBlockCell

Contents
Class GRUBlockCell
Properties
activity_regularizer
dtype

Class GRUBlockCell

Inherits From: RNNCell

Defined in tensorflow/contrib/rnn/python/ops/gru_ops.py.

See the guide: RNN and Cells (contrib) > Core RNN Cell wrappers (RNNCells that wrap other RNNCells)

Block GRU cell implementation.

Deprecated: use GRUBlockCellV2 instead.

The implementation is based on: http://arxiv.org/abs/1406.1078 Computes the GRU cell forward propagation for 1 time step.

This kernel op implements the following mathematical equations:

Biases are initialized with:

- **b_ru** constant_initializer(1.0)
- **b_c** constant_initializer(0.0)

```
x_h_prev = [x, h_prev]

[r_bar u_bar] = x_h_prev * w_ru + b_ru

r = sigmoid(r_bar)
u = sigmoid(u_bar)

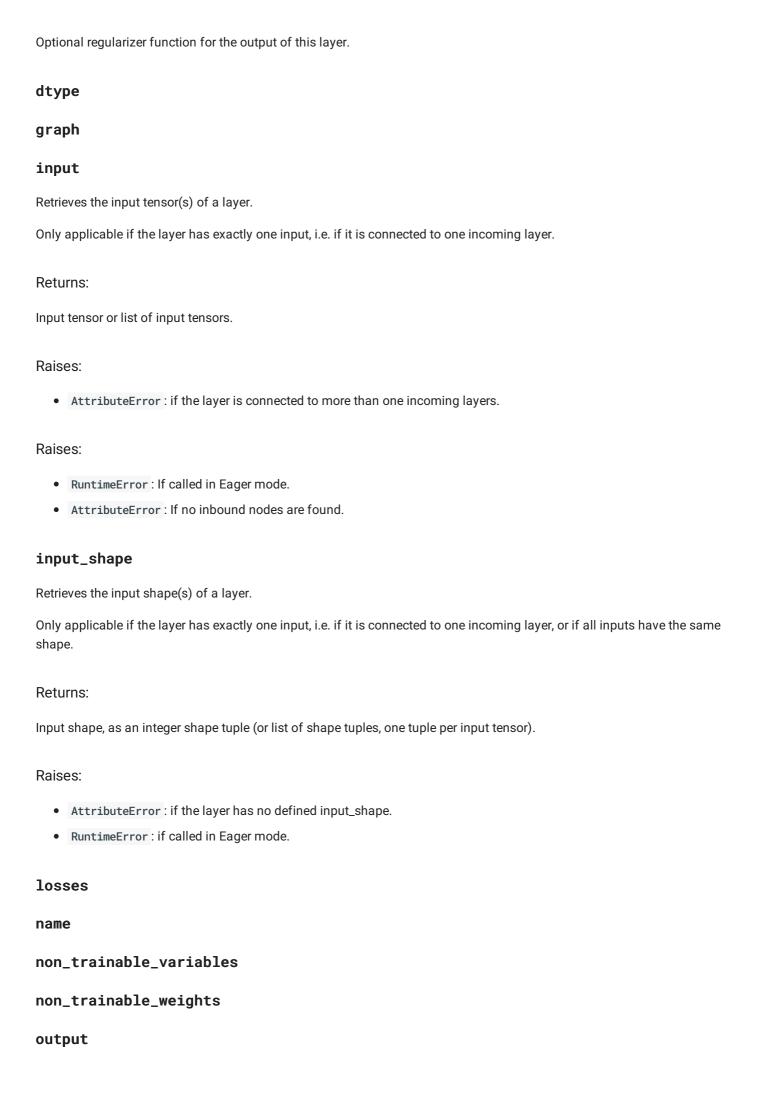
h_prevr = h_prev \circ r

x_h_prevr = [x h_prevr]

c_bar = x_h_prevr * w_c + b_c
c = tanh(c_bar)

h = (1-u) \circ c + u \circ h_prev
```

Properties



| Retrieves the output tensor(s) of a layer. |
|---|
| Only applicable if the layer has exactly one output, i.e. if it is connected to one incoming layer. |
| Returns: |
| Output tensor or list of output tensors. |
| Raises: |
| AttributeError: if the layer is connected to more than one incoming layers. RuntimeError: if called in Eager mode. |
| output_shape |
| Retrieves the output shape(s) of a layer. |
| Only applicable if the layer has one output, or if all outputs have the same shape. |
| Returns: |
| Output shape, as an integer shape tuple (or list of shape tuples, one tuple per output tensor). |
| Raises: |
| AttributeError: if the layer has no defined output shape. |
| RuntimeError: if called in Eager mode. |
| output_size |
| scope_name |
| state_size |
| trainable_variables |
| trainable_weights |
| updates |
| variables |
| Returns the list of all layer variables/weights. |
| Returns: |
| A list of variables. |
| weights |

Returns the list of all layer variables/weights.

Returns:

A list of variables.

Methods

__init__

```
__init__(
   num_units=None,
   cell_size=None
)
```

Initialize the Block GRU cell. (deprecated arguments)

SOME ARGUMENTS ARE DEPRECATED. They will be removed in a future version. Instructions for updating: cell_size is deprecated, use num_units instead

Args:

- num_units: int, The number of units in the GRU cell.
- cell_size: int, The old (deprecated) name for num_units.

Raises:

• ValueError: if both cell_size and num_units are not None; or both are None.

__call__

```
__call__(
    x,
    h_prev,
    scope=None
)
```

GRU cell.

__deepcopy__

```
__deepcopy__(memo)
```

add_loss

```
add_loss(
   losses,
   inputs=None
)
```

Add loss tensor(s), potentially dependent on layer inputs.

Some losses (for instance, activity regularization losses) may be dependent on the inputs passed when calling a layer. Hence, when reusing a same layer on different inputs **a** and **b**, some entries in **layer.losses** may be dependent on **a**

and some on **b**. This method automatically keeps track of dependencies.

The get_losses_for method allows to retrieve the losses relevant to a specific set of inputs.

Arguments:

- losses: Loss tensor, or list/tuple of tensors.
- inputs: Optional input tensor(s) that the loss(es) depend on. Must match the inputs argument passed to the __call__ method at the time the losses are created. If None is passed, the losses are assumed to be unconditional, and will apply across all dataflows of the layer (e.g. weight regularization losses).

Raises:

RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

add_update

```
add_update(
    updates,
    inputs=None
)
```

Add update op(s), potentially dependent on layer inputs.

Weight updates (for instance, the updates of the moving mean and variance in a BatchNormalization layer) may be dependent on the inputs passed when calling a layer. Hence, when reusing a same layer on different inputs **a** and **b**, some entries in **layer.updates** may be dependent on **a** and some on **b**. This method automatically keeps track of dependencies.

The **get_updates_for** method allows to retrieve the updates relevant to a specific set of inputs.

This call is ignored in Eager mode.

Arguments:

- updates: Update op, or list/tuple of update ops.
- inputs: Optional input tensor(s) that the update(s) depend on. Must match the inputs argument passed to the __call__ method at the time the updates are created. If None is passed, the updates are assumed to be unconditional, and will apply across all dataflows of the layer.

add_variable

```
add_variable(
   name,
   shape,
   dtype=None,
   initializer=None,
   regularizer=None,
   trainable=True,
   constraint=None
)
```

Adds a new variable to the layer, or gets an existing one; returns it.

Arguments:

- name: variable name.
- shape: variable shape.
- dtype: The type of the variable. Defaults to self.dtype or float32.
- initializer : initializer instance (callable).
- regularizer : regularizer instance (callable).
- trainable: whether the variable should be part of the layer's "trainable_variables" (e.g. variables, biases) or "non_trainable_variables" (e.g. BatchNorm mean, stddev).
- constraint : constraint instance (callable).

Returns:

The created variable.

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode with regularizers.

apply

```
apply(
   inputs,
   *args,
   **kwargs
)
```

Apply the layer on a input.

This simply wraps self.__call__.

Arguments:

- inputs: Input tensor(s).
- *args: additional positional arguments to be passed to self.call.
- **kwargs: additional keyword arguments to be passed to self.call.

Returns:

Output tensor(s).

build

```
build(_)
```

call

```
call(
  inputs,
  **kwargs
)
```

The logic of the layer lives here.

Arguments:

- inputs: input tensor(s).
- **kwargs: additional keyword arguments.

Returns:

Output tensor(s).

count_params

```
count_params()
```

Count the total number of scalars composing the weights.

Returns:

An integer count.

Raises:

• ValueError: if the layer isn't yet built (in which case its weights aren't yet defined).

get_input_at

```
get_input_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the input tensor(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

• node_index: Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. node_index=0 will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A tensor (or list of tensors if the layer has multiple inputs).

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_input_shape_at

```
get_input_shape_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the input shape(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

• node_index: Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. node_index=0 will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A shape tuple (or list of shape tuples if the layer has multiple inputs).

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_losses_for

```
get_losses_for(inputs)
```

Retrieves losses relevant to a specific set of inputs.

Arguments:

• inputs: Input tensor or list/tuple of input tensors. Must match the inputs argument passed to the __call__ method at the time the losses were created. If you pass inputs=None, unconditional losses are returned, such as weight regularization losses.

Returns:

List of loss tensors of the layer that depend on inputs.

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_output_at

```
get_output_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the output tensor(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

• node_index: Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. node_index=0 will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A tensor (or list of tensors if the layer has multiple outputs).

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_output_shape_at

```
get_output_shape_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the output shape(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

• node_index: Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. node_index=0 will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A shape tuple (or list of shape tuples if the layer has multiple outputs).

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_updates_for

```
get_updates_for(inputs)
```

Retrieves updates relevant to a specific set of inputs.

Arguments:

• inputs: Input tensor or list/tuple of input tensors. Must match the inputs argument passed to the __call__ method at the time the updates were created. If you pass inputs=None, unconditional updates are returned.

Returns:

List of update ops of the layer that depend on inputs.

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

zero_state

```
zero_state(
   batch_size,
   dtype
)
```

Return zero-filled state tensor(s).

Args:

- batch_size: int, float, or unit Tensor representing the batch size.
- dtype: the data type to use for the state.

Returns:

If **state_size** is an int or TensorShape, then the return value is a **N-D** tensor of shape **[batch_size x state_size]** filled with zeros

If **state_size** is a nested list or tuple, then the return value is a nested list or tuple (of the same structure) of **2-D** tensors with the shapes [**batch_size** x s] for each s in **state_size**.

Except as otherwise noted, the content of this page is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 License, and code samples are licensed under the Apache 2.0 License. For details, see our Site Policies. Java is a registered trademark of Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Last updated November 2, 2017.

