## TanaarElaw

TensorFlow API r1.4

tf.contrib.metrics.streaming\_auc

```
streaming_auc(
    predictions,
    labels,
    weights=None,
    num_thresholds=200,
    metrics_collections=None,
    updates_collections=None,
    curve='ROC',
    name=None
)
```

Defined in tensorflow/contrib/metrics/python/ops/metric\_ops.py.

See the guide: Metrics (contrib) > Metric Ops

Computes the approximate AUC via a Riemann sum.

The streaming\_auc function creates four local variables, true\_positives, true\_negatives, false\_positives and false\_negatives that are used to compute the AUC. To discretize the AUC curve, a linearly spaced set of thresholds is used to compute pairs of recall and precision values. The area under the ROC-curve is therefore computed using the height of the recall values by the false positive rate, while the area under the PR-curve is the computed using the height of the precision values by the recall.

This value is ultimately returned as **auc**, an idempotent operation that computes the area under a discretized curve of precision versus recall values (computed using the aforementioned variables). The **num\_thresholds** variable controls the degree of discretization with larger numbers of thresholds more closely approximating the true AUC. The quality of the approximation may vary dramatically depending on **num\_thresholds**.

For best results, **predictions** should be distributed approximately uniformly in the range [0, 1] and not peaked around 0 or 1. The quality of the AUC approximation may be poor if this is not the case.

For estimation of the metric over a stream of data, the function creates an **update\_op** operation that updates these variables and returns the **auc** .

If weights is None, weights default to 1. Use weights of 0 to mask values.

## Args:

- predictions: A floating point Tensor of arbitrary shape and whose values are in the range [0, 1].
- labels: A bool Tensor whose shape matches predictions.
- weights: Tensor whose rank is either 0, or the same rank as labels, and must be broadcastable to labels (i.e., all dimensions must be either 1, or the same as the corresponding labels dimension).
- num\_thresholds: The number of thresholds to use when discretizing the roc curve.
- metrics\_collections : An optional list of collections that auc should be added to.
- updates\_collections: An optional list of collections that update\_op should be added to.
- curve: Specifies the name of the curve to be computed, 'ROC' [default] or 'PR' for the Precision-Recall-curve.
- name: An optional variable\_scope name.

## Returns:

- auc : A scalar **Tensor** representing the current area-under-curve.
- update\_op: An operation that increments the **true\_positives**, **true\_negatives**, **false\_positives** and **false\_negatives** variables appropriately and whose value matches **auc**.

## Raises:

ValueError: If predictions and labels have mismatched shapes, or if weights is not None and its shape
doesn't match predictions, or if either metrics\_collections or updates\_collections are not a list or tuple.

Except as otherwise noted, the content of this page is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 License, and code samples are licensed under the Apache 2.0 License. For details, see our Site Policies. Java is a registered trademark of Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Last updated November 2, 2017.

