TancarFlow

TensorFlow API r1.4

tf.sparse_tensor_dense_matmul

```
sparse_tensor_dense_matmul(
    sp_a,
    b,
    adjoint_a=False,
    adjoint_b=False,
    name=None
)
```

Defined in tensorflow/python/ops/sparse_ops.py.

See the guide: Sparse Tensors > Math Operations

Multiply SparseTensor (of rank 2) "A" by dense matrix "B".

No validity checking is performed on the indices of **A** . However, the following input format is recommended for optimal behavior:

- If adjoint_a == false: A should be sorted in lexicographically increasing order. Use sparse_reorder if you're not sure
- If adjoint_a == true: A should be sorted in order of increasing dimension 1 (i.e., "column major" order instead of "row major" order).

Using **tf.nn.embedding_lookup_sparse** for sparse multiplication:

It's not obvious but you can consider **embedding_lookup_sparse** as another sparse and dense multiplication. In some situations, you may prefer to use **embedding_lookup_sparse** even though you're not dealing with embeddings.

There are two questions to ask in the decision process: Do you need gradients computed as sparse too? Is your sparse data represented as two **SparseTensor** s: ids and values? There is more explanation about data format below. If you answer any of these questions as yes, consider using **tf.nn.embedding_lookup_sparse**.

Following explains differences between the expected SparseTensors: For example if dense form of your sparse data has shape [3, 5] and values:

```
[[ a ] [b c] [ d ]]
```

SparseTensor format expected by sparse_tensor_dense_matmul: sp_a (indices, values):

```
[0, 1]: a
[1, 0]: b
[1, 4]: c
[2, 2]: d
```

SparseTensor format expected by embedding_lookup_sparse: sp_ids sp_weights

Deciding when to use sparse_tensor_dense_matmul vs. matmul (a_is_sparse=True):

There are a number of questions to ask in the decision process, including:

- Will the SparseTensor A fit in memory if densified?
- Is the column count of the product large (>> 1)?
- Is the density of A larger than approximately 15%?

If the answer to several of these questions is yes, consider converting the **SparseTensor** to a dense one and using **tf.matmul** with **a_is_sparse=True**.

This operation tends to perform well when **A** is more sparse, if the column size of the product is small (e.g. matrix-vector multiplication), if **sp_a.dense_shape** takes on large values.

Below is a rough speed comparison between sparse_tensor_dense_matmul, labeled 'sparse', and
matmul (a_is_sparse=True), labeled 'dense'. For purposes of the comparison, the time spent converting from a
SparseTensor to a dense Tensor is not included, so it is overly conservative with respect to the time ratio.

Benchmark system: CPU: Intel Ivybridge with HyperThreading (6 cores) dL1:32KB dL2:256KB dL3:12MB GPU: NVidia Tesla k40c

Compiled with: -c opt --config=cuda --copt=-mavx

```
tensorflow/python/sparse_tensor_dense_matmul_op_test --benchmarks
A sparse [m, k] with % nonzero values between 1% and 80%
B dense [k, n]
                        dt(dense) dt(sparse) dt(sparse)/dt(dense)
% nnz n gpu m
0.01 1 True 100 100 0.000221166 0.00010154 0.459112
0.01 1 True 100 1000 0.00033858 0.000109275 0.322745
         True 1000 100 0.000310557 9.85661e-05 0.317385
0.01 1
         True 1000 1000 0.0008721 0.000100875 0.115669
0.01
    1
0.01 1 False 100 100 0.000208085 0.000107603 0.51711
0.01 1 False 100 1000 0.000327112 9.51118e-05 0.290762
0.01 1 False 1000 100 0.000308222 0.00010345 0.335635
0.01 1 False 1000 1000 0.000865721 0.000101397 0.117124
0.01 10 True 100 100 0.000218522 0.000105537 0.482958
0.01 10 True 100 1000 0.000340882 0.000111641 0.327506
        True 1000 100 0.000315472 0.000117376 0.372064
0.01
     10
0.01 10 True 1000 1000 0.000905493 0.000123263 0.136128
0.01 10 False 100 100 0.000221529 9.82571e-05 0.44354
0.01 10 False 1000 100 0.000341277 0.000114097 0.334324
0.01 10 False 1000 1000 0.000819944 0.000120982 0.147549
     25 True 100 100 0.000207806 0.000105977 0.509981
0.01
         True 100 1000 0.000322879 0.00012921 0.400181
0.01
     25
0.01 25 True 1000 100 0.00038262 0.00014158
                                              0.370035
0.01 25 True 1000 1000 0.000865438 0.000202083 0.233504
0.01 25 False 100 100 0.000209401 0.000104696 0.499979
0.01 25 False 100 1000 0.000321161 0.000130737 0.407076
0.01 25 False 1000 100 0.000377012 0.000136801 0.362856
0.01 25 False 1000 1000 0.000861125 0.00020272 0.235413
         True 100 100 0.000206952 9.69219e-05 0.46833
True 100 1000 0.000348674 0.000147475 0.422959
0.2
     1
0.2
     1
     1
         True 1000 100 0.000336908 0.00010122 0.300439
0.2
0.2 1 True 1000 1000 0.001022 0.000203274 0.198898
0.2 1 False 100 100 0.000207532 9.5412e-05 0.459746
0.2 1 False 100 1000 0.000356127 0.000146824 0.41228
0.2 1 False 1000 100 0.000322664 0.000100918 0.312764
     1 False 1000 1000 0.000998987 0.000203442 0.203648
0.2
0.2
                   100 0.000211692 0.000109903 0.519165
     10 True 100
0.2
     10 True 100
                  1000 0.000372819 0.000164321 0.440753
0.2 10 True 1000 100 0.000338651 0.000144806 0.427596
```

0.2	10	True	1000	1000	0.00108312	0.000758876	0.70064
0.2	10	False	100	100	0.000215727	0.000110502	0.512231
0.2	10	False	100	1000	0.000375419	0.0001613	0.429653
0.2	10	False	1000	100	0.000336999	0.000145628	0.432132
0.2	10	False	1000	1000	0.00110502	0.000762043	0.689618
0.2	25	True	100	100	0.000218705	0.000129913	0.594009
0.2	25	True	100	1000	0.000394794	0.00029428	0.745402
0.2	25	True	1000	100	0.000404483	0.0002693	0.665788
0.2	25	True	1000	1000	0.0012002	0.00194494	1.62052
0.2	25	False	100	100	0.000221494	0.0001306	0.589632
0.2	25	False	100	1000	0.000396436	0.000297204	0.74969
0.2	25	False	1000	100	0.000409346	0.000270068	0.659754
0.2	25	False	1000	1000	0.00121051	0.00193737	1.60046
0.5	1		100	100	0.000214981	9.82111e-05	0.456836
0.5	1	True	100	1000	0.000415328	0.000223073	0.537101
0.5	1	True	1000	100	0.000358324	0.00011269	0.314492
0.5	1		1000	1000	0.00137612	0.000437401	0.317851
0.5	1	False		100	0.000224196	0.000101423	0.452386
0.5	1	False		1000	0.000400987	0.000223286	0.556841
0.5	1	False		100	0.000368825	0.00011224	0.304318
0.5	1	False		1000	0.00136036	0.000429369	0.31563
0.5	10		1000	100	0.000222125	0.000423303	0.505608
0.5	10	True	100	1000	0.000222123	0.000112300	0.701753
0.5	10	True	1000	1000	0.000394624	0.00032537	
0.5	10		1000	1000	0.00158027	0.000223497	1.20801
0.5	10	False		100	0.000232083	0.00114978	0.495418
		False		1000	0.000454574	0.000114978	
0.5	10 10						0.714146
0.5	10	False		100	0.000379097	0.000227768	
0.5	10	False		1000	0.00160292	0.00190168	1.18638
0.5	25	True	100	100	0.00023429	0.000151703	0.647501
0.5	25	True	100	1000	0.000497462	0.000598873	1.20386
0.5	25	True	1000	100	0.000460778		1.20891
0.5	25		1000	1000	0.00170036	0.00467336	2.74845
0.5	25	False		100	0.000228981	0.000155334	
0.5	25	False		1000	0.000496139	0.000620789	1.25124
0.5	25	False		100	0.00045473	0.000551528	1.21287
0.5		False			0.00171793	0.00467152	2.71927
0.8	1		100	100	0.000222037	0.000105301	0.47425
0.8	1	True	100	1000	0.000410804	0.000329327	0.801664
0.8	1		1000	100	0.000349735	0.000131225	0.375212
0.8	1		1000	1000	0.00139219	0.000677065	0.48633
0.8	1	False		100	0.000214079	0.000107486	0.502085
0.8	1	False		1000	0.000413746	0.000323244	0.781261
0.8	1	False	1000	100	0.000348983	0.000131983	0.378193
0.8	1	False	1000	1000	0.00136296	0.000685325	0.50282
0.8	10	True	100	100	0.000229159	0.00011825	0.516017
0.8	10	True	100	1000	0.000498845	0.000532618	1.0677
0.8	10	True	1000	100	0.000383126	0.00029935	0.781336
0.8	10	True	1000	1000	0.00162866	0.00307312	1.88689
0.8	10	False	100	100	0.000230783	0.000124958	0.541452
0.8	10	False	100	1000	0.000493393	0.000550654	1.11606
0.8	10	False	1000	100	0.000377167	0.000298581	0.791642
0.8	10	False	1000	1000	0.00165795	0.00305103	1.84024
0.8	25	True	100	100	0.000233496	0.000175241	0.75051
0.8	25	True	100	1000	0.00055654	0.00102658	1.84458
0.8	25	True	1000	100	0.000463814	0.000783267	1.68875
0.8	25		1000	1000	0.00186905	0.00755344	4.04132
0.8	25	False		100	0.000240243	0.000175047	0.728625
0.8	25	False		1000	0.000578102	0.00104499	1.80763
0.8	25	False		100	0.000485113	0.000776849	1.60138
0.8	25	False		1000	0.00211448	0.00752736	3.55992

- sp_a: SparseTensor A, of rank 2.
- b: A dense Matrix with the same dtype as sp_a.
- adjoint_a: Use the adjoint of A in the matrix multiply. If A is complex, this is transpose(conj(A)). Otherwise it's transpose(A).
- adjoint_b: Use the adjoint of B in the matrix multiply. If B is complex, this is transpose(conj(B)). Otherwise it's transpose(B).
- name: A name prefix for the returned tensors (optional)

Returns:

A dense matrix (pseudo-code in dense np.matrix notation): A = A.H if adjoint_a else A B = B.H if adjoint_b else
B return A*B

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Last updated November 2, 2017.

