

## tf.contrib.metrics.streaming\_sparse\_recall\_at\_k

```
streaming_sparse_recall_at_k(
    predictions,
    labels,
    k,
    class_id=None,
    weights=None,
    metrics_collections=None,
    updates_collections=None,
    name=None
)
```

Defined in [tensorflow/contrib/metrics/python/ops/metric\\_ops.py](#).

See the guide: [Metrics \(contrib\)](#) > [Metric Ops](#)

Computes recall@k of the predictions with respect to sparse labels.

If **class\_id** is not specified, we'll calculate recall as the ratio of true positives (i.e., correct predictions, items in the top **k** highest **predictions** that are found in the corresponding row in **labels**) to actual positives (the full **labels** row). If **class\_id** is specified, we calculate recall by considering only the rows in the batch for which **class\_id** is in **labels**, and computing the fraction of them for which **class\_id** is in the corresponding row in **labels**.

**streaming\_sparse\_recall\_at\_k** creates two local variables, **true\_positive\_at\_<k>** and **false\_negative\_at\_<k>**, that are used to compute the recall\_at\_k frequency. This frequency is ultimately returned as **recall\_at\_<k>**: an idempotent operation that simply divides **true\_positive\_at\_<k>** by total (**true\_positive\_at\_<k>** + **false\_negative\_at\_<k>**).

For estimation of the metric over a stream of data, the function creates an **update\_op** operation that updates these variables and returns the **recall\_at\_<k>**. Internally, a **top\_k** operation computes a **Tensor** indicating the top **k** **predictions**. Set operations applied to **top\_k** and **labels** calculate the true positives and false negatives weighted by **weights**. Then **update\_op** increments **true\_positive\_at\_<k>** and **false\_negative\_at\_<k>** using these values.

If **weights** is **None**, weights default to 1. Use weights of 0 to mask values.

#### Args:

- **predictions**: Float **Tensor** with shape [D1, ... DN, num\_classes] where N >= 1. Commonly, N=1 and predictions has shape [batch size, num\_classes]. The final dimension contains the logit values for each class. [D1, ... DN] must match **labels**.
- **labels**: **int64 Tensor** or **SparseTensor** with shape [D1, ... DN, num\_labels], where N >= 1 and num\_labels is the number of target classes for the associated prediction. Commonly, N=1 and **labels** has shape [batch\_size, num\_labels]. [D1, ... DN] must match **predictions**. Values should be in range [0, num\_classes), where num\_classes is the last dimension of **predictions**. Values outside this range always count towards **false\_negative\_at\_<k>**.
- **k**: Integer, k for @k metric.
- **class\_id**: Integer class ID for which we want binary metrics. This should be in range [0, num\_classes), where num\_classes is the last dimension of **predictions**. If class\_id is outside this range, the method returns NAN.
- **weights**: **Tensor** whose rank is either 0, or n-1, where n is the rank of **labels**. If the latter, it must be broadcastable to **labels** (i.e., all dimensions must be either **1**, or the same as the corresponding **labels** dimension).
- **metrics\_collections**: An optional list of collections that values should be added to.

- `updates_collections` : An optional list of collections that updates should be added to.
- `name` : Name of new update operation, and namespace for other dependent ops.

#### Returns:

- `recall` : Scalar `float64 Tensor` with the value of `true_positives` divided by the sum of `true_positives` and `false_negatives` .
- `update_op` : `Operation` that increments `true_positives` and `false_negatives` variables appropriately, and whose value matches `recall` .

#### Raises:

- `ValueError` : If `weights` is not `None` and its shape doesn't match `predictions` , or if either `metrics_collections` or `updates_collections` are not a list or tuple.

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