TopogrElow

TensorFlow API r1.4

tf.layers.Conv3DTranspose

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Class Conv3DTranspose

Inherits From: Conv3D

Defined in tensorflow/python/layers/convolutional.py.

Transposed 3D convolution layer (sometimes called 3D Deconvolution).

Arguments:

- filters: Integer, the dimensionality of the output space (i.e. the number of filters in the convolution).
- kernel_size: An integer or tuple/list of 3 integers, specifying the depth, height and width of the 3D convolution window. Can be a single integer to specify the same value for all spatial dimensions.
- strides: An integer or tuple/list of 3 integers, specifying the strides of the convolution along the depth, height and width. Can be a single integer to specify the same value for all spatial dimensions.
- padding: One of "valid" or "same" (case-insensitive).
- data_format: A string, one of channels_last (default) or channels_first. The ordering of the dimensions in the inputs. channels_last corresponds to inputs with shape (batch, depth, height, width, channels) while channels_first corresponds to inputs with shape (batch, channels, depth, height, width).
- activation: Activation function. Set it to None to maintain a linear activation.
- use_bias: Boolean, whether the layer uses a bias.
- kernel_initializer: An initializer for the convolution kernel.
- bias_initializer: An initializer for the bias vector. If None, then no bias will be applied.
- kernel_regularizer: Optional regularizer for the convolution kernel.
- bias_regularizer: Optional regularizer for the bias vector.
- activity_regularizer: Optional regularizer function for the output.
- kernel_constraint: Optional projection function to be applied to the kernel after being updated by an Optimizer
 (e.g. used to implement norm constraints or value constraints for layer weights). The function must take as input the
 unprojected variable and must return the projected variable (which must have the same shape). Constraints are not
 safe to use when doing asynchronous distributed training.
- bias_constraint: Optional projection function to be applied to the bias after being updated by an Optimizer.
- trainable: Boolean, if True also add variables to the graph collection GraphKeys.TRAINABLE_VARIABLES (see tf.Variable).

name: A string, the name of the layer.

Properties

activity_regularizer

Optional regularizer function for the output of this layer.

dtype

graph

input

Retrieves the input tensor(s) of a layer.

Only applicable if the layer has exactly one input, i.e. if it is connected to one incoming layer.

Returns:

Input tensor or list of input tensors.

Raises:

• AttributeError: if the layer is connected to more than one incoming layers.

Raises:

- RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.
- AttributeError: If no inbound nodes are found.

input_shape

Retrieves the input shape(s) of a layer.

Only applicable if the layer has exactly one input, i.e. if it is connected to one incoming layer, or if all inputs have the same shape.

Returns:

Input shape, as an integer shape tuple (or list of shape tuples, one tuple per input tensor).

Raises:

- AttributeError: if the layer has no defined input_shape.
- RuntimeError: if called in Eager mode.

losses

name

Retrieves the output tensor(s) of a layer. Only applicable if the layer has exactly one output, i.e. if it is connected to one incoming layer. Returns: Output tensor or list of output tensors. Raises: • AttributeError: if the layer is connected to more than one incoming layers. • RuntimeError: if called in Eager mode. output_shape Retrieves the output shape(s) of a layer. Only applicable if the layer has one output, or if all outputs have the same shape. Returns: Output shape, as an integer shape tuple (or list of shape tuples, one tuple per output tensor). Raises: AttributeError: if the layer has no defined output shape. RuntimeError: if called in Eager mode. scope_name trainable_variables trainable_weights updates variables Returns the list of all layer variables/weights. Returns: A list of variables. weights

non_trainable_variables

non_trainable_weights

output

Returns the list of all layer variables/weights.

Returns:

A list of variables.

Methods

__init__

```
__init__(
   filters,
   kernel_size,
   strides=(1, 1, 1),
   padding='valid',
   data_format='channels_last',
   activation=None,
   use_bias=True,
   kernel_initializer=None,
   bias_initializer=tf.zeros_initializer(),
   kernel_regularizer=None,
   bias_regularizer=None,
   activity_regularizer=None,
    kernel_constraint=None,
   bias_constraint=None,
   trainable=True,
   name=None,
    **kwargs
```

__call__

```
__call__(
    inputs,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

Wraps call, applying pre- and post-processing steps.

Arguments:

- inputs: input tensor(s).
- *args: additional positional arguments to be passed to self.call.
- **kwargs: additional keyword arguments to be passed to self.call. Note: kwarg scope is reserved for use by the layer.

Returns:

Output tensor(s).



索 Note: - If the layer's call method takes a scope keyword argument, this argument will be automatically set to the current variable scope. - If the layer's call method takes a mask argument (as some Keras layers do), its default value will be set to the mask generated for inputs by the previous layer (if input did come from a layer that generated a corresponding mask, i.e. if it

Raises:

ValueError: if the layer's call method returns None (an invalid value).

__deepcopy__

```
__deepcopy__(memo)
```

add_loss

```
add_loss(
    losses,
    inputs=None
)
```

Add loss tensor(s), potentially dependent on layer inputs.

Some losses (for instance, activity regularization losses) may be dependent on the inputs passed when calling a layer. Hence, when reusing a same layer on different inputs **a** and **b**, some entries in **layer.losses** may be dependent on **a** and some on **b**. This method automatically keeps track of dependencies.

The get_losses_for method allows to retrieve the losses relevant to a specific set of inputs.

Arguments:

- losses: Loss tensor, or list/tuple of tensors.
- inputs: Optional input tensor(s) that the loss(es) depend on. Must match the inputs argument passed to the __call__ method at the time the losses are created. If None is passed, the losses are assumed to be unconditional, and will apply across all dataflows of the layer (e.g. weight regularization losses).

Raises:

RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

add_update

```
add_update(
    updates,
    inputs=None
)
```

Add update op(s), potentially dependent on layer inputs.

Weight updates (for instance, the updates of the moving mean and variance in a BatchNormalization layer) may be dependent on the inputs passed when calling a layer. Hence, when reusing a same layer on different inputs **a** and **b**, some entries in **layer.updates** may be dependent on **a** and some on **b**. This method automatically keeps track of dependencies.

The get_updates_for method allows to retrieve the updates relevant to a specific set of inputs.

This call is ignored in Eager mode.

Arguments:

- updates: Update op, or list/tuple of update ops.
- inputs: Optional input tensor(s) that the update(s) depend on. Must match the inputs argument passed to the __call__ method at the time the updates are created. If None is passed, the updates are assumed to be unconditional, and will apply across all dataflows of the layer.

add_variable

```
add_variable(
    name,
    shape,
    dtype=None,
    initializer=None,
    regularizer=None,
    trainable=True,
    constraint=None
)
```

Adds a new variable to the layer, or gets an existing one; returns it.

Arguments:

- name: variable name.
- shape: variable shape.
- dtype: The type of the variable. Defaults to self.dtype or float32.
- initializer: initializer instance (callable).
- regularizer: regularizer instance (callable).
- trainable: whether the variable should be part of the layer's "trainable_variables" (e.g. variables, biases) or "non_trainable_variables" (e.g. BatchNorm mean, stddev).
- constraint: constraint instance (callable).

Returns:

The created variable.

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode with regularizers.

apply

```
apply(
   inputs,
   *args,
   **kwargs
)
```

Apply the layer on a input.

This simply wraps self.__call__.

Arguments:

- inputs: Input tensor(s).
- *args: additional positional arguments to be passed to self.call.
- **kwargs: additional keyword arguments to be passed to self.call.

Returns:

Output tensor(s).

build

build(input_shape)

call

call(inputs)

count_params

count_params()

Count the total number of scalars composing the weights.

Returns:

An integer count.

Raises:

• ValueError: if the layer isn't yet built (in which case its weights aren't yet defined).

get_input_at

get_input_at(node_index)

Retrieves the input tensor(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

• node_index: Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. node_index=0 will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A tensor (or list of tensors if the layer has multiple inputs).

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_input_shape_at

```
get_input_shape_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the input shape(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

• node_index: Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. node_index=0 will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A shape tuple (or list of shape tuples if the layer has multiple inputs).

Raises:

RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_losses_for

```
get_losses_for(inputs)
```

Retrieves losses relevant to a specific set of inputs.

Arguments:

• inputs: Input tensor or list/tuple of input tensors. Must match the inputs argument passed to the __call__
method at the time the losses were created. If you pass inputs=None, unconditional losses are returned, such as weight regularization losses.

Returns:

List of loss tensors of the layer that depend on inputs.

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_output_at

```
get_output_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the output tensor(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

• node_index: Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. node_index=0 will correspond to the

first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A tensor (or list of tensors if the layer has multiple outputs).

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_output_shape_at

```
get_output_shape_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the output shape(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

• node_index: Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. node_index=0 will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A shape tuple (or list of shape tuples if the layer has multiple outputs).

Raises:

RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

get_updates_for

get_updates_for(inputs)

Retrieves updates relevant to a specific set of inputs.

Arguments:

• inputs: Input tensor or list/tuple of input tensors. Must match the inputs argument passed to the __call_ method at the time the updates were created. If you pass inputs=None, unconditional updates are returned.

Returns:

List of update ops of the layer that depend on inputs.

Raises:

• RuntimeError: If called in Eager mode.

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