

## tf.nn.embedding\_lookup\_sparse

```
embedding_lookup_sparse(  
    params,  
    sp_ids,  
    sp_weights,  
    partition_strategy='mod',  
    name=None,  
    combiner=None,  
    max_norm=None  
)
```

Defined in [tensorflow/python/ops/embedding\\_ops.py](#).

See the guide: [Neural Network > Embeddings](#)

Computes embeddings for the given ids and weights.

This op assumes that there is at least one id for each row in the dense tensor represented by `sp_ids` (i.e. there are no rows with empty features), and that all the indices of `sp_ids` are in canonical row-major order.

It also assumes that all id values lie in the range  $[0, p_0)$ , where  $p_0$  is the sum of the size of `params` along dimension 0.

### Args:

- `params`: A single tensor representing the complete embedding tensor, or a list of  $P$  tensors all of same shape except for the first dimension, representing sharded embedding tensors. Alternatively, a `PartitionedVariable`, created by partitioning along dimension 0. Each element must be appropriately sized for the given `partition_strategy`.
- `sp_ids`:  $N \times M$  SparseTensor of int64 ids (typically from `FeatureValueTold`), where  $N$  is typically batch size and  $M$  is arbitrary.
- `sp_weights`: either a SparseTensor of float / double weights, or None to indicate all weights should be taken to be 1. If specified, `sp_weights` must have exactly the same shape and indices as `sp_ids`.
- `partition_strategy`: A string specifying the partitioning strategy, relevant if `len(params) > 1`. Currently `"div"` and `"mod"` are supported. Default is `"mod"`. See `tf.nn.embedding_lookup` for more details.
- `name`: Optional name for the op.
- `combiner`: A string specifying the reduction op. Currently `"mean"`, `"sqrtn"` and `"sum"` are supported. `"sum"` computes the weighted sum of the embedding results for each row. `"mean"` is the weighted sum divided by the total weight. `"sqrtn"` is the weighted sum divided by the square root of the sum of the squares of the weights.
- `max_norm`: If provided, each embedding is normalized to have l2 norm equal to `max_norm` before combining.

### Returns:

A dense tensor representing the combined embeddings for the sparse ids. For each row in the dense tensor represented by `sp_ids`, the op looks up the embeddings for all ids in that row, multiplies them by the corresponding weight, and combines these embeddings as specified.

In other words, if

$\text{shape}(\text{combined params}) = [p_0, p_1, \dots, p_m]$

and

```
shape(sp_ids) = shape(sp_weights) = [d0, d1, ..., dn]
```

then

```
shape(output) = [d0, d1, ..., dn-1, p1, ..., pm].
```

For instance, if params is a 10x20 matrix, and sp\_ids / sp\_weights are

[0, 0]: id 1, weight 2.0 [0, 1]: id 3, weight 0.5 [1, 0]: id 0, weight 1.0 [2, 3]: id 1, weight 3.0

with **combiner** = "mean", then the output will be a 3x20 matrix where

```
output[0, :] = (params[1, :] * 2.0 + params[3, :] * 0.5) / (2.0 + 0.5) output[1, :] = params[0, :] * 1.0 output[2, :] = params[1, :] * 3.0
```

Raises:

- **TypeError** : If sp\_ids is not a SparseTensor, or if sp\_weights is neither None nor SparseTensor.
- **ValueError** : If combiner is not one of {"mean", "sqrtn", "sum"}.

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