

## tf.contrib.crf.CrfDecodeBackwardRnnCell

### Contents

Class CrfDecodeBackwardRnnCell

### Properties

activity\_regularizer

dtype

## Class **CrfDecodeBackwardRnnCell**

Inherits From: [RNNCell](#)

Defined in [tensorflow/contrib/crf/python/ops/crf.py](#).

Computes backward decoding in a linear-chain CRF.

## Properties

### **activity\_regularizer**

Optional regularizer function for the output of this layer.

### **dtype**

### **graph**

### **input**

Retrieves the input tensor(s) of a layer.

Only applicable if the layer has exactly one input, i.e. if it is connected to one incoming layer.

Returns:

Input tensor or list of input tensors.

Raises:

- `AttributeError` : if the layer is connected to more than one incoming layers.

Raises:

- `RuntimeError` : If called in Eager mode.
- `AttributeError` : If no inbound nodes are found.

## **input\_shape**

Retrieves the input shape(s) of a layer.

Only applicable if the layer has exactly one input, i.e. if it is connected to one incoming layer, or if all inputs have the same shape.

Returns:

Input shape, as an integer shape tuple (or list of shape tuples, one tuple per input tensor).

Raises:

- `AttributeError` : if the layer has no defined `input_shape`.
- `RuntimeError` : if called in Eager mode.

## **losses**

**name**

**non\_trainable\_variables**

**non\_trainable\_weights**

**output**

Retrieves the output tensor(s) of a layer.

Only applicable if the layer has exactly one output, i.e. if it is connected to one incoming layer.

Returns:

Output tensor or list of output tensors.

Raises:

- `AttributeError` : if the layer is connected to more than one incoming layers.
- `RuntimeError` : if called in Eager mode.

## **output\_shape**

Retrieves the output shape(s) of a layer.

Only applicable if the layer has one output, or if all outputs have the same shape.

Returns:

Output shape, as an integer shape tuple (or list of shape tuples, one tuple per output tensor).

Raises:

- `AttributeError` : if the layer has no defined output shape.

- `RuntimeError`: if called in Eager mode.

**output\_size**

**scope\_name**

**state\_size**

**trainable\_variables**

**trainable\_weights**

**updates**

**variables**

Returns the list of all layer variables/weights.

Returns:

A list of variables.

**weights**

Returns the list of all layer variables/weights.

Returns:

A list of variables.

## Methods

---

**`__init__`**

```
__init__(num_tags)
```

Initialize the CrfDecodeBackwardRnnCell.

Args:

num\_tags

**`__call__`**

```
__call__(
    inputs,
    state,
    scope=None
)
```

Build the CrfDecodeBackwardRnnCell.

Args:

- `inputs` : [batch\_size, num\_tags], backpointer of next step (in time order).
- `state` : [batch\_size, 1], next position's tag index.
- `scope` : Unused variable scope of this cell.

Returns:

`new_tags`, `new_tags`: A pair of [batch\_size, num\_tags] tensors containing the new tag indices.

## `__deepcopy__`

```
__deepcopy__(memo)
```

## `add_loss`

```
add_loss(  
    losses,  
    inputs=None  
)
```

Add loss tensor(s), potentially dependent on layer inputs.

Some losses (for instance, activity regularization losses) may be dependent on the inputs passed when calling a layer. Hence, when reusing a same layer on different inputs `a` and `b`, some entries in `layer.losses` may be dependent on `a` and some on `b`. This method automatically keeps track of dependencies.

The `get_losses_for` method allows to retrieve the losses relevant to a specific set of inputs.

Arguments:

- `losses` : Loss tensor, or list/tuple of tensors.
- `inputs` : Optional input tensor(s) that the loss(es) depend on. Must match the `inputs` argument passed to the `__call__` method at the time the losses are created. If `None` is passed, the losses are assumed to be unconditional, and will apply across all dataflows of the layer (e.g. weight regularization losses).

Raises:

- `RuntimeError` : If called in Eager mode.

## `add_update`

```
add_update(  
    updates,  
    inputs=None  
)
```

Add update op(s), potentially dependent on layer inputs.

Weight updates (for instance, the updates of the moving mean and variance in a BatchNormalization layer) may be dependent on the inputs passed when calling a layer. Hence, when reusing a same layer on different inputs `a` and `b`, some entries in `layer.updates` may be dependent on `a` and some on `b`. This method automatically keeps track of

dependencies.

The `get_updates_for` method allows to retrieve the updates relevant to a specific set of inputs.

This call is ignored in Eager mode.

Arguments:

- `updates` : Update op, or list/tuple of update ops.
- `inputs` : Optional input tensor(s) that the update(s) depend on. Must match the `inputs` argument passed to the `__call__` method at the time the updates are created. If `None` is passed, the updates are assumed to be unconditional, and will apply across all dataflows of the layer.

## add\_variable

```
add_variable(  
    name,  
    shape,  
    dtype=None,  
    initializer=None,  
    regularizer=None,  
    trainable=True,  
    constraint=None  
)
```

Adds a new variable to the layer, or gets an existing one; returns it.

Arguments:

- `name` : variable name.
- `shape` : variable shape.
- `dtype` : The type of the variable. Defaults to `self.dtype` or `float32`.
- `initializer` : initializer instance (callable).
- `regularizer` : regularizer instance (callable).
- `trainable` : whether the variable should be part of the layer's "trainable\_variables" (e.g. variables, biases) or "non\_trainable\_variables" (e.g. BatchNorm mean, stddev).
- `constraint` : constraint instance (callable).

Returns:

The created variable.

Raises:

- `RuntimeError` : If called in Eager mode with regularizers.

## apply

```
apply(  
    inputs,  
    *args,  
    **kwargs  
)
```

Apply the layer on a input.

This simply wraps `self.__call__`.

Arguments:

- `inputs`: Input tensor(s).
- `*args`: additional positional arguments to be passed to `self.call`.
- `**kwargs`: additional keyword arguments to be passed to `self.call`.

Returns:

Output tensor(s).

## build

```
build(_)
```

## call

```
call(  
    inputs,  
    **kwargs  
)
```

The logic of the layer lives here.

Arguments:

- `inputs`: input tensor(s).
- `**kwargs`: additional keyword arguments.

Returns:

Output tensor(s).

## count\_params

```
count_params()
```

Count the total number of scalars composing the weights.

Returns:

An integer count.

Raises:

- `ValueError` : if the layer isn't yet built (in which case its weights aren't yet defined).

## **get\_input\_at**

```
get_input_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the input tensor(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

- `node_index` : Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. `node_index=0` will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A tensor (or list of tensors if the layer has multiple inputs).

Raises:

- `RuntimeError` : If called in Eager mode.

## **get\_input\_shape\_at**

```
get_input_shape_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the input shape(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

- `node_index` : Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. `node_index=0` will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A shape tuple (or list of shape tuples if the layer has multiple inputs).

Raises:

- `RuntimeError` : If called in Eager mode.

## **get\_losses\_for**

```
get_losses_for(inputs)
```

Retrieves losses relevant to a specific set of inputs.

Arguments:

- `inputs` : Input tensor or list/tuple of input tensors. Must match the `inputs` argument passed to the `__call__` method at the time the losses were created. If you pass `inputs=None`, unconditional losses are returned, such as weight regularization losses.

Returns:

List of loss tensors of the layer that depend on `inputs`.

Raises:

- `RuntimeError` : If called in Eager mode.

## **get\_output\_at**

```
get_output_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the output tensor(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

- `node_index` : Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. `node_index=0` will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A tensor (or list of tensors if the layer has multiple outputs).

Raises:

- `RuntimeError` : If called in Eager mode.

## **get\_output\_shape\_at**

```
get_output_shape_at(node_index)
```

Retrieves the output shape(s) of a layer at a given node.

Arguments:

- `node_index` : Integer, index of the node from which to retrieve the attribute. E.g. `node_index=0` will correspond to the first time the layer was called.

Returns:

A shape tuple (or list of shape tuples if the layer has multiple outputs).

Raises:

- `RuntimeError` : If called in Eager mode.



## get\_updates\_for

```
get_updates_for(inputs)
```

Retrieves updates relevant to a specific set of inputs.

### Arguments:

- `inputs`: Input tensor or list/tuple of input tensors. Must match the `inputs` argument passed to the `__call__` method at the time the updates were created. If you pass `inputs=None`, unconditional updates are returned.

### Returns:

List of update ops of the layer that depend on `inputs`.

### Raises:

- `RuntimeError`: If called in Eager mode.

## zero\_state

```
zero_state(  
    batch_size,  
    dtype  
)
```

Return zero-filled state tensor(s).

### Args:

- `batch_size`: int, float, or unit Tensor representing the batch size.
- `dtype`: the data type to use for the state.

### Returns:

If `state_size` is an int or TensorShape, then the return value is a **N-D** tensor of shape `[batch_size x state_size]` filled with zeros.

If `state_size` is a nested list or tuple, then the return value is a nested list or tuple (of the same structure) of **2-D** tensors with the shapes `[batch_size x s]` for each `s` in `state_size`.

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