

Project 1--CDA 3101 (Spring 2014)

Worth: 100 points (10% of course grade)

Assigned: Friday, Jan 24, 2014

Due: 1:25 pm, Monday, Feb 24, 2014

1. Purpose

Symbolic addresses refer to labels. For lw or sw instructions, the assembler should compute offsetField to be equal to the address of the label. This could

```
negl .fill -1
stAddr .fill start          will contain the address of start (2)
```

And here is the corresponding machine language:

```
(address 0): 8454151 (hex 0x810007)
(address 1): 9043971 (hex 0x8a0003)
(address 2): 655361 (hex 0xa0001)
(address 3): 16842754 (hex 0x1010002)
(address 4): 16842749 (hex 0x100fffd)
(address 5): 29360128 (hex 0x1c00000)
(address 6): 25165824 (hex 0x1800000)
(address 7): 5 (hex 0x5)
(address 8): -1 (hex 0xffffffff)
(address 9): 2 (hex 0x2)
```

Be sure you understand how the above assembly-language program got translated to machine language.

Since your programs will always start at address 0, your program should only output the contents, not the addresses.

```
8454151
9043971
655361
16842754
16842749
```

file, one instruction per22ltioney22l d22levnr22lftrr22l(ne

Hints: the example assembly-language program above is a good case to include in your test suite, though you'll need to write more test cases to get full credit. Remember to create some test cases that test the ability of an assembler to check for the errors in Section 4.2.

4.4. Assembler Hints

Since `offsetField` is a 2's complement number, it can only store numbers ranging from -32768 to 32767. For symbolic addresses, your assembler will compute `offsetField` so that the instruction refers to the correct label.

Remember that `offsetField` is only an 16-bit 2's complement number. Since most machines you run your assembler on have 32-bit or 64-bit integers, you will have to truncate all but the lowest 16 bits for negative values of `offsetField`.

5. Behavioral Simulator (40%)

The second part of this assignment is to write a program that can simulate any legal LC3101 machine-code program. The input for this part will be the machine-code file that you created with your assembler. With a program name of "simulate" and a machine-code file of "program.mc", your program should be run as follows:

```
simulate program.mc > output
```

This directs all print statements to the file "output".

As with the assembler, you will write a suite of test cases to validate the LC3101 simulator.

program halts. You may assume that the two input numbers are at most 15 bits

For the simulator test suite, we will correctly assemble each test case, then use it as input to a set of buggy simulators. A test case exposes a


```

    /* after doing a readAndParse, you may want to do the following to
test the
        opcode */
    if (!strcmp(opcode, "add")) {
        /* do whatever you need to do for opcode "add" */
    }

    return(0);
}

/*
 * Read and parse a line of the assembly-language file. Fields are
returned
 * in label, opcode, arg0, arg1, arg2 (these strings must have memory
already
 * allocated to them).
 *
 * Return values:
 *     0 if reached end of file
 *     1 if all went well
 *
 * exit(1) if line is too long.
 */
int
readAndParse(FILE *inFilePtr, char *label, char *opcode, char *arg0,
             char *arg1, char *arg2)
{
    char line[MAXLINELENGTH];
    char *ptr = line;

    /* delete prior values */
    label[0] = opcode[0] = arg0[0] = arg1[0] = arg2[0] = '\0';

    /* read the line from the assembly-language file */
    if (fgets(line, MAXLINELENGTH, inFilePtr) == NULL) {
        /* reached end of file */
        return(0);
    }

    /* check for line too long (by looking for a \n) */
    if (strchr(line, '\n') == NULL) {
        /* line too long */
        printf("error: line too long\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    /* is there a label? */
    ptr = line;
    if (sscanf(ptr, "%[^\\t\\n ]", label)) {
        /* successfully read label; advance pointer over the label */
        ptr += strlen(label);
    }

    /*

```

```

        * Parse the rest of the line.  Would be nice to have real regular
        * expressions, but scanf will suffice.
        */
        sscanf(ptr, "%*[\t\n ]%[^\\t\\n ]%*[\t\n ]%[^\\t\\n ]%*[\t\n ]%[^\\t\\n
]%^*[\t\n ]%[^\\t\\n ]",
               opcode, arg0, arg1, arg2);
        return(1);
    }

int
isNumber(char *string)
{
    /* return 1 if string is a number */
    int i;
    return( (sscanf(string, "%d", &i)) == 1);
}

```

10. Code Fragment for Simulator

Here is some C code that may help you write the simulator. Again, you should take this merely as a hint. You may have to re-code this to make it do exactly what you want, but this should help you get started. Remember not to change stateStruct or printState.

```

/* instruction-level simulator for LC3101 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

#define NUMMEMORY 65536 /* maximum number of words in memory */
#define NUMREGS 8 /* number of machine registers */
#define MAXLINELENGTH 1000

typedef struct stateStruct {
    int pc;
    int mem[NUMMEMORY];
    int reg[NUMREGS];
    int numMemory;
} stateType;

void printState(stateType *);

int
main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    char line[MAXLINELENGTH];
    stateType state;
    FILE *filePtr;

    if (argc != 2) {

```


bits. Neither a nor b are changed. E.g. $(25 \gg 2)$ is 6. Note that 25 is 11001 in binary, and 6 is 110 in binary.

3) The value of the expression $(a \ll b)$ is the number "a" shifted left by "b" bits. Neither a nor b are changed. E.g. $(25 \ll 2)$ is 100. Note that 25 is 11001 in binary, and 100 is 1100100 in binary.

4) To find the value of the expression $(a \& b)$, perform a logical AND on each bit of a and b (i.e. bit 31 of a ANDED with bit 31 of b, bit 30 of a ANDED with bit 30 of b, etc.). E.g. $(25 \& 11)$ is 9, since:

```
      11001 (binary)
      & 01011 (binary)
      -----
      = 01001 (binary), which is 9 decimal.
```

5) To find the value of the expression $(a | b)$, perform a logical OR on each bit of a and b (i.e. bit 31 of a ORED with bit 31 of b, bit 30 of a ORED with bit 30 of b, etc.). E.g. $(25 | 11)$ is 27, since:

```
      11001 (binary)
      & 01011 (binary)
      -----
      = 11011 (binary), which is 27 decimal.
```

6) $\sim a$ is the bit-wise complement of a (a is not changed).

Use these operations to create and manipulate machine-code. E.g. to look at bit 3 of the variable a, you might do: $(a \gg 3) \& 0x1$. To look at bits (bits 15-12) of a 16-bit word, you could do: $(a \gg 12) \& 0xF$. To put a 6 into bits 5-3 and a 3 into bits 2-1, you could do: $(6 \ll 3) | (3 \ll 1)$. If you're not sure what an operation is doing, print some intermediate results to help you debug.

12. Example Run of Simulator

```
memory[0]=8454151
memory[1]=9043971
memory[2]=655361
memory[3]=16842754
memory[4]=16842749
memory[5]=29360128
memory[6]=25165824
```

```
memory[7]=5
memory[8]=-1
memory[9]=2
```

```
@@@
```

```
state:
```

```
    pc 0
```

```
    memory:
```

```
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
```

```
    registers:
```

```
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 0
        reg[ 2 ] 0
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
```

```
end state
```

```
@@@
```

```
state:
```

```
    pc 1
```

```
    memory:
```

```
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
```

```
    registers:
```

```
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 5
        reg[ 2 ] 0
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
```

```
end state
```



```

@@@
state:
    pc 2
    memory:
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
    registers:
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 5
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
end state

```

```

@@@
state:
    pc 3
    memory:
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
    registers:
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 4
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
end state

```

```

@@@
state:
    pc 4

```

```

memory:
    mem[ 0 ] 8454151
    mem[ 1 ] 9043971
    mem[ 2 ] 655361
    mem[ 3 ] 16842754
    mem[ 4 ] 16842749
    mem[ 5 ] 29360128
    mem[ 6 ] 25165824
    mem[ 7 ] 5
    mem[ 8 ] -1
    mem[ 9 ] 2
registers:
    reg[ 0 ] 0
    reg[ 1 ] 4
    reg[ 2 ] -1
    reg[ 3 ] 0
    reg[ 4 ] 0
    reg[ 5 ] 0
    reg[ 6 ] 0
    reg[ 7 ] 0
end state

```

@@@

```

state:
    pc 2
    memory:
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
    registers:
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 4
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
end state

```

@@@

```

state:
    pc 3
    memory:
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361

```

```

        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
    registers:
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 3
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
end state

```

```

@@@
state:
    pc 4
    memory:
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
    registers:
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 3
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
end state

```

```

@@@
state:
    pc 2
    memory:
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824

```

```

        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
    registers:
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 3
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
end state

```

@@@

state:

pc 3

memory:

```

        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2

```

registers:

```

        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 2
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0

```

end state

@@@

state:

pc 4

memory:

```

        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2

```

registers:

```
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 2
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
end state
```

```
@@@
state:
    pc 2
    memory:
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
    registers:
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 2
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
```

end state

```
@@@
state:
    pc 3
    memory:
        mem[ 0 ] 8454151
        mem[ 1 ] 9043971
        mem[ 2 ] 655361
        mem[ 3 ] 16842754
        mem[ 4 ] 16842749
        mem[ 5 ] 29360128
        mem[ 6 ] 25165824
        mem[ 7 ] 5
        mem[ 8 ] -1
        mem[ 9 ] 2
    registers:
        reg[ 0 ] 0
        reg[ 1 ] 1
        reg[ 2 ] -1
        reg[ 3 ] 0
```

```
        reg[ 4 ] 0
        reg[ 5 ] 0
        reg[ 6 ] 0
        reg[ 7 ] 0
end state
```

@@@

state:

pc 4

memory:

```
mem[ 0 ] 8454151
mem[ 1 ] 9043971
mem[ 2 ] 655361
mem[ 3 ] 16842754
mem[ 4 ] 16842749
mem[ 5 ] 29360128
mem[ 6 ] 25165824
mem[ 7 ] 5
mem[ 8 ] -1
mem[ 9 ] 2
```

registers:

```
reg[ 0 ] 0
reg[ 1 ] 1
reg[ 2 ] -1
reg[ 3 ] 0
reg[ 4 ] 0
reg[ 5 ] 0
reg[ 6 ] 0
reg[ 7 ] 0
```

end state

@@@

state:

pc 2

memory:

```
mem[ 0 ] 8454151
mem[ 1 ] 9043971
mem[ 2 ] 655361
mem[ 3 ] 16842754
mem[ 4 ] 16842749
mem[ 5 ] 29360128
mem[ 6 ] 25165824
mem[ 7 ] 5
mem[ 8 ] -1
mem[ 9 ] 2
```

registers:

```
reg[ 0 ] 0
reg[ 1 ] 1
reg[ 2 ] -1
reg[ 3 ] 0
reg[ 4 ] 0
reg[ 5 ] 0
reg[ 6 ] 0
reg[ 7 ] 0
```

end state

@@@

state:

pc 3

memory:

mem[0]	8454151
mem[1]	9043971
mem[2]	655361
mem[3]	16842754
mem[4]	16842749
mem[5]	29360128
mem[6]	25165824
mem[7]	5
mem[8]	-1
mem[9]	2

registers:

reg[0]	0
reg[1]	0
reg[2]	-1
reg[3]	0
reg[4]	0
reg[5]	0
reg[6]	0
reg[7]	0

end state

@@@

state:

pc 6

memory:

mem[0]	8454151
mem[1]	9043971
mem[2]	655361
mem[3]	16842754
mem[4]	16842749
mem[5]	29360128
mem[6]	25165824
mem[7]	5
mem[8]	-1
mem[9]	2

registers:

reg[0]	0
reg[1]	0
reg[2]	-1
reg[3]	0
reg[4]	0
reg[5]	0
reg[6]	0
reg[7]	0

end state

machine halted

total of 17 instructions executed

final state of machine:

```
@@@
state:
  pc 7
  memory:
    mem[ 0 ] 8454151
    mem[ 1 ] 9043971
    mem[ 2 ] 655361
    mem[ 3 ] 16842754
    mem[ 4 ] 16842749
    mem[ 5 ] 29360128
    mem[ 6 ] 25165824
    mem[ 7 ] 5
    mem[ 8 ] -1
    mem[ 9 ] 2
  registers:
    reg[ 0 ] 0
    reg[ 1 ] 0
    reg[ 2 ] -1
    reg[ 3 ] 0
    reg[ 4 ] 0
    reg[ 5 ] 0
    reg[ 6 ] 0
    reg[ 7 ] 0
end state
```