

## Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning

### EXERCISES

- (1) Consider a 3-input perceptron with weights  $w_1 = 2.5$ ,  $w_2 = -3$ ,  $w_3 = 1.5$  and threshold  $\theta = 2$ .

Find the output of the perceptron for the following input vectors:

- (a)  $\mathbf{x} = (-1, 2, 4)$
- (b)  $\mathbf{x} = (2, -1, -2)$

**Solution:**

- (a)  $(-1)(2.5) + 2(-3) + 4(1.5) = -2.5$  and  $-2.5 < 2$  so output is 0.
- (b)  $2(2.5) + (-1)(-3) + (-2)(1.5) = 6$  and  $6 > 2$  so output is 1.

- (2) Using the perceptron in exercise (1), do one update of the weights  $w_1, w_2, w_3$  and threshold  $\theta$  as follows: Suppose the input vector  $\mathbf{x} = (1, 1, 2)$  from your dataset has target  $t = 0$ . When  $\mathbf{x}$  is fed into the perceptron the output we get is  $y = 1$ , which differs from the target  $t$ . Update all the weights and threshold using the rules in the PERCEPTRON TRAINING ALGORITHM. Use  $\eta = 0.1$ .

**Solution:**

$$1(2.5) + 1(-3) + 2(1.5) = 2.5 \text{ and } 2.5 > 2 \text{ so output is } y = 1.$$

$$\text{update } w_1 \text{ as follows: } w_1 \leftarrow w_1 + \eta(t - y)x_1 = 2.5 + (0.1)(0 - 1)1 = 2.4$$

$$\text{update } w_2 \text{ as follows: } w_2 \leftarrow w_2 + \eta(t - y)x_2 = -3 + (0.1)(0 - 1)1 = -3.1$$

$$\text{update } w_3 \text{ as follows: } w_3 \leftarrow w_3 + \eta(t - y)x_3 = 1.5 + (0.1)(0 - 1)2 = 1.3$$

$$\text{update } \theta \text{ as follows: } \theta \leftarrow \theta - \eta(t - y) = 2 - (0.1)(0 - 1) = 1.9$$