CS2110, Spring 2019. Assignment A0 The Java assert statement and Eclipse. See the CMS for the due date

Introduction

It is in your best interest to do this assignment as soon as possible —ideally as soon as you have Java and Eclipse working on your computer. The assignment serves two purposes:

- 1. It introduces you to the Java **assert** statement, which you will use in assignment A1.
- 2. It helps you get started with Eclipse including: creating a new project, running method main, adding a "VM argument" (VM stands for *Virtual Machine*) to the run configuration, and understanding the error messages returned by the Java compiler.

Getting help

If you don't know where to start, don't understand some of the terms used in this assignment, feel lost, etc., please SEEK HELP FROM THE COURSE STAFF IMMEDIATELY. Or ask a question and look for answers on Piazza. Do not wait. A little in-person help can do wonders. See the course homepage for the contact information for the instructors, TAs, and consultants.

The Java assert statement

The Java assert statement has the form

```
assert <boolean expression> ;
```

To execute an **assert** statement, evaluate the <boolean expression>; if it is **true**, do nothing; if it is **false**, "throw" a **java.lang.AssertionError** error. Throwing Exception **AssertionError** causes the program to stop executing and to print an error message showing you the line of the program containing the **assert** statement whose <boolean expression> evaluated to **false**. (You'll learn about "throwing Exceptions" in a week or two.)

For example, suppose you have the following on lines 17 and 18.

```
17 x= 5;
18 assert x == 6;
```

and execute the program (we see later how to do that). You get output like the following:

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.AssertionError at Bee.main(Bee.java:18)
```

Creating an Eclipse project

To create a new project, do the following:

- 1. Launch Eclipse
- 2. Create a new project using menu item **File** -> **New** -> **Java Project**. In the window that opens:
 - Give it project name a0
 - Check that it is using execution environment JavaSE-1.8 or some other version 8 JRE.
 - Click the **Finish** button

Some notes:

- We create separate folders for source (.java) and class (.class) files
- We don't add the projects to Working sets. We do not deal with Working sets in 2110.
- 3. Add a new class to the project using menu item **File** -> **New** -> **Class**. In the window that opens:
 - Give it the name A0
 - MAKE SURE THE FIELD LABELED "Package:" IS EMPTY! Delete all text in it.
 - Under "Which method stubs would you like to create?" check only the box "public static void main(...)"
 - Click the **Finish** button
 - You will see class A0 appear in the main pane of the Eclipse window.
- 4. Class A0 contains a definition of a method called main. When a certain menu item is used, method main will be called, resulting in its body (the text between { and }) being executed. We'll do that in a minute. First, copy the following lines and paste them into the body, in place of the comment "// TODO Auto-generated method stub" —you can remove that comment:

```
System.out.println("Executing method main.");
int x= 5;
System.out.println("x is now " + x);
assert x == 6;
System.out.println("The assert statement was not executed");
```

- 5. Save the file. This will cause Eclipse to format the file using the preferences you installed.
- 6. Use menu item **Run** -> **Run**. This causes method main to be called, and you should see three lines of output:

```
Executing method main.
x is now 5
The assert statement was not executed
```

This indicates that the assert statement was *not* executed. We next show you how to fix it so that the assert statement is executed.

Making sure assert statements are executed

A nice thing about **assert** statements is that their execution can be turned on or off. Thus, after testing a program thoroughly using **assert** statements to help test and debug, when you want to actually use the program to get something done, you can leave **assert** statements in the program but not have them executed during program execution. Then, if an error is detected later on, or changes have to be made in the program, you can turn on assert-statement execution to again help in testing and debugging.

Here is how to turn assert-statement execution on. First, make sure that A0.java is selected in the Package Explorer pane. Then:

- 1. In Eclipse, choose menu item Run —> Run Configurations
- 2. In the window that opens, click tab **Arguments**
- 3. In the field titled **VM arguments**, type: -ea
- 4. Click button **Apply**, near the bottom of the pane

5. Click button **Close** at the bottom of the window.

Having done that, run the program again using menu item **Run** -> **Run**. The output should now be:

```
Executing method main.
Exception in thread "main" x is now 5
java.lang.AssertionError
   at A0.main(A0.java:11)
```

or

```
Executing method main.

x is now 5

Exception in thread "main"
java.lang.AssertionError
at A0.main(A0.java:11)
```

The last three lines indicate that an "exception" was "thrown" in method main. In this case, the exception was an **AssertionError**, and it occurred on line 11. You will learn about exceptions and throwing them later on in the course.

Note: on your Eclipse, the line number may be different, depending on, for example, you putting extra blank lines at the beginning.

Note: If necessary, fix your Eclipse so that line numbers always show. To do that, choose menu item **Eclipse** —> **Preferences**; then select **General** -> **Editors** -> **TextEditors**. Make sure **Text Editors** is highlighted. Check box "Show line numbers". Click **Apply** and then **OK**.

Fixing Eclipse so that assert statement are aways executed

Do the following to make sure that assert statements are *always* executed.

- (1) Open JavaHyperText in your favorite browser.
- (2) In the top horizontal navigation bar, choose menu item **Eclipse** —> **Assert statement**.
- (3) Follow the directions for **Permanently turning on assert-statement execution**.

What to Submit

On the CMS for the course, submit source file A0.java by the due date given on the CMS.