

EJB3: Message-Driven Beans

Originals of Slides and Source Code for Examples: http://courses.coreservlets.com/Course-Materials/msajsp.html

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Taught by the author of *Core Servlets and JSP*, *More Servlets and JSP*, and this tutorial. Available at public venues, or customized versions can be held on-site at <u>your</u> organization. Contact hall@coreservlets.com for details.

Agenda

- Distinguishing message-driven beans (MDBs) from session beans
- Types of messages
- Making an MDB for receiving TextMessages
- Making a client to send TextMessages

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Overview

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Session Beans vs. Message-Driven Beans (MDBs)

Session beans

- Called directly
 - Client accesses specific bean (via interface)
- Invoked synchronously
 - Client waits until bean finishes response
- Can return values to client
 - Client can receive return value from method call
- Based on interfaces
 - EJB is interface plus concrete class
 - Client refers to interface

Message-driven beans

- Called indirectly
 - Client puts message in queue.
 Queue later decides on which bean gets the message.
- Invoked asynchronously
 - No waiting for bean to process request. Messages not always handled in order sent.
- Do not return values to client ("fire and forget")
 - Client can send data, but cannot get response value
- Not based on interfaces
 - EJB can be concrete class only
 - Client does not refer to class in any way (only to queue)

General Approach

Server

- Class implements MessageListener
 - Overrides onMessage
 - Tagged with @MessageDriven
 - Usually with activationConfig giving queue type & name
- Blah-service.xml
 - Gives server-specific definition of message queue

Client

- Main class
 - Finds ConnectionFactory and Queue from InitialContext
 - Creates Session and MessageProducer
 - Repeatedly sends TextMessage, ObjectMessage, or other Message type
- jndi.properties
 - Same as in section on session beans

Message Types

- There are five predefined Message types
 - TextMessage
 - To send Strings
 - ObjectMessage
 - To send Serializable Objects
 - MapMessage
 - To send sets of names (Strings) and values (primitives).
 - ByteMessage
 - To send binary messages (streams of bytes)
 - StreamMessage
 - To send a series of Java primitives
- Server casts onMessage's arg to this type
 - Server can do instanceof if same MDB will receive more than one type of Message

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MDB for TextMessages

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Approach

Make new EJB project

- File → New → EJB Project

Implement MessageListener

- Override on Message, cast argument to Text Message, extract message String with getText
- Tag with @MessageDriven
- Usually define activationConfig in annotation, but can be defined programmatically
 - destinationType is usually javax.jms.Queue
 - destination is queue/YourQueueName

Put YourQueueName-service.xml in src

- Contains server-specific info (see upcoming slide)
- Deploy to app server
 - R-click server, Add/Remove Projects, start server

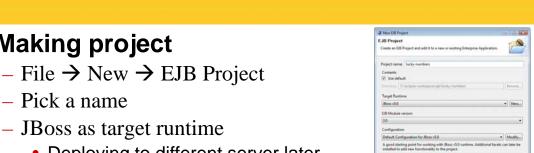
EJB Project

Making project

- File \rightarrow New \rightarrow EJB Project
- Pick a name
- - Deploying to different server later requires changing server-specific Blah-service.xml file
- Optional: add to an EAR
 - If you make Dynamic Web project later that wants to use @EJB, you can add it to the same EAR

Deploying project

- R-click on JBoss, Add and Remove Projects, choose Project, Add, Finish
- R-click on JBoss, Start



Listener Class

```
@MessageDriven(activationConfig =
                                                             Type is usually JMS Queue.
  @ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName="destinationType",
                                                                    Matches name in
                                                                    Blah-service.xml.
                               propertyValue="javax.jms.Queue") Client will refer to
  @ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName="destination",
                               propertyValue="queue/SimpleMessageQ")
})
public class SimpleMessageBean implements MessageListener {
  public void onMessage(Message msg) {
    TextMessage txtMsg = (TextMessage)msg;
    try {
      String message = txtMsg.getText();
      System.out.printf("Received message: %s", message);
    } catch (JMSException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
  }
```

SimpleQ-service.xml (JBoss-Specific!)

```
<server>
 <mbean code="org.jboss.jms.server.destination.QueueService"</p>
      name="jboss.messaging.destination:service=Queue,name=SimpleMessageQ"
      xmbean-dd="xmdesc/Queue-xmbean.xml">
   <depends optional-attribute-name= "ServerPeer">
    jboss.messaging:service=ServerPeer
   </depends>
   <depends>jboss.messaging:service=PostOffice</depends>
 </mbean>
</server>
                                                                        Matches destination name in
                                                                        activationConfig of MDB.
                                                                        Client will refer to this name.
                                                                        File should go in 'src' folder
                                                                        in Eclipse, and be called
                                                                         Something-service.xml.
```



Clients for MDBs that Expect TextMessages

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Approach

- Make new project
 - File → New → Java Project $\underline{\text{or}}$
 - For standalone/desktop client
 - File → New → Dynamic Web Project
 - For Web apps that invoke MDBs
- Send messages
 - Get InitialContext, look up ConnectionFactory & Queue
 - Make Connection, Session, and MessageProducer
 - Use MessageProducer to send TextMessages
- Put jndi.properties in src
 - As in section on session beans
- Deploy to app server
 - R-click server, Add/Remove Projects, start server
 - For Web projects but not for desktop Java projects

Remote Desktop Client

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Remote Desktop Client (Continued)

```
for(int i=1; i<=10; i++) {
    String messageText =
        String.format("This is message number %s.", i);
    TextMessage message =
        session.createTextMessage(messageText);
    sender.send(message);
    }
}</pre>
```

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Remote Client: jndi.properties

For JBoss

java.naming.factory.initial=org.jnp.interfaces.NamingContextFactory java.naming.factory.url.pkgs=org.jboss.naming:org.jnp.interfaces java.naming.provider.url=localhost:1099

For Glassfish

org. omg. CORBA. ORBInitial Host = local host

Change this hostname if app server is on different host than client.

Notes

- Put in "src" folder in Eclipse to be sure it is in classpath
- The Eclipse project you can download has both versions.
 Just copy/rename jboss-jndi.properties or glassfish-jndi.properties.

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Remote Standalone Client: Deploying

messages (EJB Project)

- Deployed to JBoss.
- SimpleQ-service.xml has JBoss-specific info

messages-client (Dynamic Web Project)

- Not yet deployed to any server.
- jndi.properties has JBoss-specific info

Remote Standalone Client: Results (JBoss server.log)

```
2009-06-24 16:31:28,472 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-7) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28,472 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-7) This is message number 5.
2009-06-24 16:31:28,473 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-9) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28,473 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-9) This is message number 7.
2009-06-24 16:31:28,475 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-10) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28,475 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-10) This is message number 8.
2009-06-24 16:31:28,476 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-11) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28,479 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-11) This is message number 9.
2009-06-24 16:31:28,488 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-8) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28,488 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-8) This is message number 6.
2009-06-24 16:31:28,488 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-12) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28,493 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-12) This is message number 10.
2009-06-24 16:31:28,494 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-5) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28,494 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-5) This is message number 3.
2009-06-24 16:31:28,494 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-3) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28,494 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-3) This is message number 1.
2009-06-24 16:31:28,494 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-6) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28,494 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-6) This is message number 4.
2009-06-24 16:31:28,496 INFO [STDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-4) Received message:
2009-06-24 16:31:28.496 INFO_ISTDOUT] (WorkManager(2)-4) This is message number 2
```

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Wrap-up

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Summary

Server

- Implement MessageListener
 - Override onMessage, cast argument to TextMessage, extract message String with getText
 - Tag with @MessageDriven
 - Usually define activationConfig in annotation
- Put YourQueueName-service.xml in src

Client

- Java class
 - Get InitialContext, look up ConnectionFactory & Queue
 - Make Connection, Session, and MessageProducer
 - Use MessageProducer to send TextMessages
- Put jndi.properties in src

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Questions?

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