customer

PK	customer_id	SERIAL
	first_name	VARCHAR(100)
	last_name	VARCHAR(100)
	email	VARCHAR(150)

tickets

PK	ticket_id	SERIAL
	ticket_price	NUMERIC(4,2)
	ticket_date	DATE(current Date)
FK	movie_id	INTEGER

customer_purchases

PK	purchase_id	SERIAL
	payment_type	VARCHAR(20)
FK	customer_id	INTEGER
FK	ticket_id	INTEGER
FK	concessions_id	INTEGER

concessions

PK	concessions_id	SERIAL
	concession_name	VARCHAR(150)
	concession_price	NUMERIC(4,2)

movies

PK	movie_id	SERIAL
	movie_title	VARCHAR(150)
	duration	INTEGER

- One customer can have many purchases
- Each purchase can include a ticket or concession
- Each ticket is unique and belongs to one and only one purchase
- Each concessions is not unique and a single concession_id (for example, a hot dog) can be purchases multiple times
- Each ticket belongs to a single movie
- Each movie can have many tickets
- The central table keeps an individual record for each purchase, whether it be a ticket or concession, and ties it back to the unique customer that made the purchase. Additionally, adding the movie_id to the ticket table ties the two tables together and keeps track of which movie each ticket purchase belongs to.