



## UNDERSTAND

8. **Communicate Precisely** What is the horizontal asymptote of the rational function  $f(x) = \frac{ax^2 + bx + c}{dx^2 + ex + f}$ ? Explain.
9. **Error Analysis** Juanita is trying to determine the vertical and horizontal asymptotes for the graph of the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x - 4}{x^2 - x - 12}$ . Describe and correct the error Juanita made in determining the vertical and horizontal asymptotes.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x - 4}{x^2 - x - 12}$$

$$= \frac{(x + 4)(x - 1)}{(x + 3)(x - 4)}$$

vertical asymptote:  $x = -3, x = 4$   
horizontal asymptote:  $y = -4, y = 1$



10. **Higher Order Thinking** Suppose the numerator and denominator of a rational function are factored, and the numerator and denominator have a common factor of  $x + a$ . What happens on the graph of the function at  $x = -a$ ? Explain your reasoning.
11. **Reason** The graph of a rational function has vertical asymptotes at  $x = -3$  and  $x = 1$  and a horizontal asymptote at  $y = 3$ .
- Write a function that has these attributes.
  - Graph your function to verify it is correct.
  - Is it possible to have a different graph with the same attributes? Explain.
12. **Communicate Precisely** Explain how to use the end behavior of the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 6}{4x^2 - 3x - 1}$  to determine the horizontal asymptote of the graph. Then explain why using end behavior for finding the horizontal asymptote works the same as using the ratio of the leading terms.

## PRACTICE

Use long division to rewrite each rational function. What are the asymptotes of  $f$ ? Sketch the graph.

SEE EXAMPLE 1

13.  $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x + 4}$

14.  $f(x) = \frac{5x}{x - 2}$

15.  $f(x) = \frac{6x^2}{3x^2 + 1}$

16.  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{2x^2 - 2}$

Identify the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of each rational function. SEE EXAMPLE 2

17.  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{4x^2 - 1}$

18.  $f(x) = \frac{5x + 6}{x^2 - 9x + 18}$

19.  $f(x) = \frac{4x + 3}{x^2 - 4}$

20.  $f(x) = \frac{5x^2 - 19x - 4}{2x^2 - 2}$

Graph each function. SEE EXAMPLE 3

21.  $f(x) = \frac{-1}{x + 3}$


22.  $f(x) = \frac{3x}{x - 1}$

23.  $f(x) = \frac{x + 2}{-x + 1}$

24.  $f(x) = \frac{2x - 3}{3x + 4}$

25. An owner tracks her sales each day since opening her marketing company. The daily sales, in dollars, after day  $x$  is given by the function  $f(x) = \frac{200,000x}{x^2 + 150}$ . On approximately which day(s) will the daily sales be \$3,000?

SEE EXAMPLE 4

 ADVERTISING COMPANY	DAILY SALES TRACKER	
	DAYS	SALES
	1	\$1,324.50
	2	\$2,597.40
	3	\$3,773.58
	4	\$4,819.28

Graph each function, labeling all horizontal or vertical asymptotes of the form  $x = a$  or  $y = b$ .

SEE EXAMPLE 5

26.  $f(x) = \frac{x + 4}{2x^2 - 13x - 7}$

27.  $f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{x^2 - 3x - 10}$

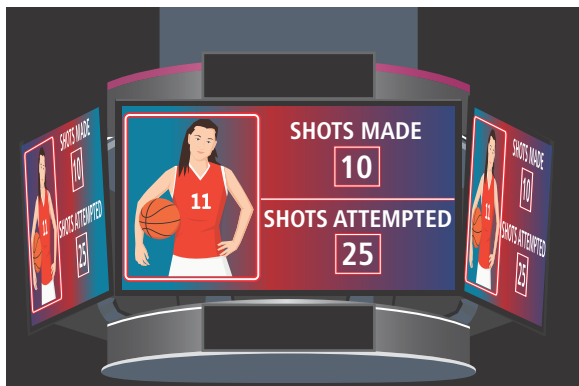
28.  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 2}{2x^2 - 9x - 18}$

29.  $f(x) = \frac{6x^2 - 12x}{x^2 + 5x - 24}$



**APPLY**

30. **Make Sense and Persevere** Amaya made 10 three-point shots out of 25 attempts. If she then goes on to make  $x$  consecutive three-point shots, her success would be given by the function  $f(x) = \frac{x+10}{x+25}$ .



- Identify the vertical asymptote(s) and horizontal asymptote(s).
  - Graph the function.
31. **Model With Mathematics** A software CD can be manufactured for \$0.10 each. The development cost to produce the software is \$500,000. The first 200 CDs were used by testers to test the functionality of the software and were not sold.
- Write a function  $f$  for the average cost, in dollars, of a salable software CD where  $x$  is the number of salable software CDs.
  - What are the vertical asymptotes of the graph?
  - What are the horizontal asymptotes of the graph?
  - Graph the function.
  - What do the asymptotes mean?
32. **Reason** After diluting salt water, the concentration of salt in the water is given by the function  $f(x) = \frac{0.5x}{x^2 - 1}$ , where  $x$  is the time in hours since the dilution.
- What is the concentration of salt in the water after 4 hours?
  - After how many hours will the concentration of salt in the water be 0.2? Round to the nearest hundredth.

**ASSESSMENT PRACTICE**

33. Which function has a graph with a vertical asymptote at  $x = 3$ ? Select all that apply.
- $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x^2+2x-15}$
  - $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{x^2+7x+12}$
  - $f(x) = \frac{x^2-9}{x+9}$
  - $f(x) = \frac{x^2+6x+5}{x^2-9}$
34. **SAT/ACT** Which function has a graph with a horizontal asymptote at  $y = -1$ ?
- $f(x) = \frac{x+5}{x-3}$
  - $f(x) = \frac{-x+9}{x-8}$
  - $f(x) = \frac{x^2+4}{x^2-1}$
  - $f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{x^2-x-2}$
35. **Performance Task** There is a relationship between the degree of the numerator and denominator of a rational function and the function's horizontal asymptote.

Function	Horizontal Asymptote
$f(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2}$	
$f(x) = \frac{5x^2}{2x^3}$	
$f(x) = \frac{9x^6}{7x}$	
$f(x) = \frac{-3x^7}{4x^4}$	

**Part A** Complete the right column of the table.

**Part B** What is the relationship between the degree of the numerator and denominator when the horizontal asymptote is  $y = 0$ ?

**Part C** What is the relationship between the degree of the numerator and denominator when there is no a horizontal asymptote?