





UNDERSTAND

- 13. Construct Arguments Consider the polynomial $P(x) = 5x^3 + ms^2 + nx + 6$, where m and n are rational coefficients. Is 3 sometimes, always, or never a root? Explain.
- **14. Use Structure** Write a fourth-degree polynomial function Q with roots -1, 0, and 2i.
- 15. Error Analysis A student says that a fifthdegree polynomial equation with rational coefficients has roots -5, -3, 1, 2, and $\sqrt{3}$. Describe possible errors the student may have made.
- 16. Reason Write a third-degree polynomial with rational coefficients that has the following possible roots. Explain your reasoning.

$$\pm \frac{1}{1}$$
, $\pm \frac{1}{2}$, $\pm \frac{2}{1}$, $\pm \frac{2}{2}$, $\pm \frac{5}{1}$, $\pm \frac{5}{2}$, $\pm \frac{10}{1}$, $\pm \frac{10}{2}$

17. Error Analysis Describe and correct the error a student made in finding the roots of the polynomial equation $2x^3 - x^2 - 10x + 5 = 0$.

List all possible rational roots.

$$\pm 1, \pm \frac{1}{2}, \pm 5, \pm \frac{5}{2}$$

Testing reveals that $\frac{1}{2}$ is a root. Dividing the polynomial by the binomial $x - \frac{1}{2}$ results in the factored form

$$f(x) = (x - \frac{1}{2})(2x^2 - 10)$$

The equation $2x^2 - 10 = 0$ has two irrational roots, $\sqrt{10}$ and $-\sqrt{10}$.

The complete set of roots is $\{\frac{1}{2}, \sqrt{10}, -\sqrt{10}\}.$



- 18. Higher Order Thinking What is the least number of terms a fifth-degree polynomial with root 3i can have? Give an example of such a polynomial equation. Explain.
- 19. Use Structure Show that the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra is true for all quadratic equations with real coefficients. (Hint: Use the Quadratic Formula and examine the possibilities for the value of the discriminant.)

PRACTICE

List all the possible rational solutions for each equation. SEE EXAMPLE 1

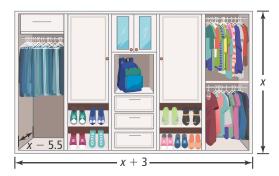
20.
$$0 = x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x - 12$$

21.
$$0 = 2x^4 + 13x^3 - 47x^2 - 13x + 45$$

22.
$$0 = 4x^3 + 64x^2 - x - 16$$

23.
$$0 = 8x^3 + 11x^2 - 13x - 6$$

24. A closet in the shape of a rectangular prism has the measurements shown. What is the height of the closet, in feet, if its volume is 220 ft³? **SEE EXAMPLE 2**



What are all real and complex roots of the following functions? SEE EXAMPLE 3

25.
$$0 = x^3 - 3x - 52$$

26.
$$0 = x^3 + 9x^2 - 7x - 63$$

27.
$$0 = x^4 + 34x^2 - 72$$

28.
$$0 = x^6 + 4x^4 - 41x^2 + 36$$

29. Suppose a cubic polynomial f has one rational zero c and two irrational zeros which are a conjugate pair $a + \sqrt{b}$ and $a - \sqrt{b}$, where a and b are rational numbers. Does f have rational coefficients? SEE EXAMPLE 4

Find a polynomial function P(x) such that P has the degree and P(x) = 0 has the root(s) listed.

SEE EXAMPLE 5

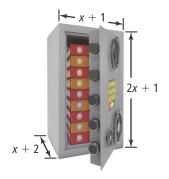
30. degree of
$$P = 2$$
; zero: $1 + 6i$

31. degree of
$$P = 4$$
; zeros: $3 - \sqrt{11}$ and $-9i$

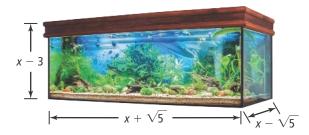
32. degree of
$$P = 3$$
; zeros: -5 and $4 - 8i$

APPLY

33. Make Sense and Persevere A fireproof safe has the measurements shown.



- a. Write an equation to represent the situation when the volume of the fireproof safe is 270 in.³. Rewrite the equation in the form P(x)=0.
- b. List all of the possible factors of the polynomial expression.
- c. What are the real roots of the equation? Explain how you know these are the only real roots.
- d. What are the length, width, and height of the fireproof safe?
- 34. Make Sense and Persevere What are the dimensions of the fish tank, in feet, if its volume is 176 ft³?



35. Reason The cost of producing *x* video game consoles is modeled by the function $C(x) = x^4 - 5x^3 - 12x^2 - 22x - 40$. If a company spent \$1,706 to produce video game consoles, how many consoles were made?

ASSESSMENT PRACTICE

- 36. A fifth-degree polynomial equation with rational coefficients has the roots 3, 8i, and $7 - \sqrt{5}$. Which are also roots of the polynomial equation? Select all that apply.
 - \bigcirc -3
 - ® −8*i*
 - © 1 8i
 - ① $-7 \sqrt{5}$
 - **ⓑ** $7 + \sqrt{5}$
- **37. SAT/ACT** Which is a third-degree polynomial equation with rational coefficients that has roots -2 and 6i?
 - $\triangle x^3 + 2x^2 + 36x + 72$

 - $^{\circ}$ $x^3 + 2x^2 36x 72$
- **38. Performance Task** The table shows the number of possible real and imaginary roots for an nth degree polynomial equation with rational coefficients.

| Degree | Real Roots | Imaginary Roots |
|--------|---------------|--------------------|
| 3 | 3 | 0 |
| 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 5 | 5 | 0 |
| 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 5 | 1 | 4 |

Part A List all of the possible combinations of real and imaginary roots for a seventh-degree polynomial equation.

Part B What do you notice about the number of real roots of a polynomial equation with an odd degree?