8-3 Additional Practice

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Trigonometric Identities

- **1.** How are $cos(x + \pi)$ and $cos(2\pi x)$ related to cos x?
- **2.** What is a simplified form of the expression $\cot(x-\frac{\pi}{2})$?
- 3. What is a simplified form of the expression $\cos(-x) \cot(-x) \sin x$?
- **4.** What is the exact value of tan 75°?
- **5.** What is the approximate value of $\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{36}\right)$?
- **6.** During calculations, a student made an error. What error did she make? What is the correct answer?

$$\sin 105^{\circ} = \sin(60^{\circ} + 45^{\circ})$$

$$= \sin 60^{\circ} \cos 45^{\circ} - \sin 45^{\circ} \cos 60^{\circ}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$$

7. The length of a guy-wire supporting a vertical communication antenna is d feet. The length of its shadow depends on the measure of the angle θ it makes with the horizon. The shadow of the guy-wire is defined by $L = \frac{d \sin(\theta - 90^{\circ})}{-\sin \theta}$. Show that this equation is equivalent to $L = d \cot \theta$.