

Reference Manual

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Chapter 1

Guidance for STAMP program

1.1 Introduction

This document aims at helping you to build a STAMP program. This doc is embbed in a skeleton program show some main steps recommended in building such program. The recommended stamp flow contains

1. Parsing the SPICE netlist.
2. Stamping the elements from each device to the system matrices.
3. Output the matrix to a binary file.

Please note that the skeleton program is very simple but intuitive. Just follow the todo items to fill up and expand the functions, and you will have your own STAMP program. Good luck.

1.2 How to Compile and Install

This program is developed under Linux and maintained by Autotools. However, it can also be compiled in win32 enviroment. To build this program in Linux, type the following commands in the shell:

```
./configure --enable-debug=yes  
make
```

You can drop the *--enable-debug=yes* argument if you don't want to debug the program After building the program, you will have a binary executable file in *src*. Then You can run it by typing

```
./stamp netlist.sp mat.out
```

For windows user, please follow the following instructions:

1. Download a VC++6.0 with SP6 from <http://10.64.130.17:82/> (search with keyword VC++)

2. Go to directory win32/stamp, open the VC++ project file stamp.dsw
3. Build the project in VC++6.0

1.3 Hint

- Make good use of this document. Especially, check the TODO list.
- Discuss with your colleagues. But *don't copy!*
- Read the SPICE manual or some C++ references.

1.4 How to Expand the Program

For Linux user, when you add some new source or header files to this project, you have to update the *Makefile.am* and reconfig the Autotools. First, you have to add the names of the source files to *Makefile.am* in *src* directory and then type the following commands in the shell

```
automake --add-missing  
autoreconf
```

This will generate a new *configure* file in the project root. Then using the build commands introduced above to re-build the program. For windows user, just use VC++ to add the source/header files to your VC++ project.

1.5 Contact

If you're confused or have any problems. Please contact me. My email is yangfan@fudan.edu.cn. You can also come to Room 319 at working hours to find me. Thanks.

Chapter 2

Todo List

Member `Capacitor::stamp`(Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B) You have to fills in each stamp function.

Member `Inductor::stamp`(Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B) You have to fills in each stamp function.

Member `Isrsrc::stamp`(Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B) You have to fills in each stamp function.

Member `Mat::Mat`(int nrow, int ncol) Allocate the memory with given size of the matrix

Member `Mat::~~Mat`() release the allocated memory

Member `Mutual::stamp`(Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B) You have to fills in each stamp function.

Member `Resistor::stamp`(Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B) You have to fills in each stamp function.

Member `Stamp::output`(char *filename) Please fill in this function.

Member `Stamp::parse`(char *filename) Currently, only limited devices cards for SPICE are considered. You can Further develop this fuction to accomodate more SPICE elements or cards such as subcircuit or controlled sources.

Member `Stamp::setup`() = Some devices such as mutual inductance depends on other devices. You need to take care of this situation.

- We also have to enumerate the probe list to build the L^T matrix.
- SPICE file support multi-line command with a '+' at the beginning of the line. Please consider how to support this.

Member `Vsrc::stamp`(Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B) You have to fills in each stamp function.

Chapter 3

Class Index

3.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

Device	13
Capacitor	11
Inductor	17
Isrc	19
Mutual	23
Resistor	27
Vsrc	32
Mat< T >	21
Stamp	29

Chapter 4

Class Index

4.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Capacitor (The capacitor)	11
Device (The base class for various devices)	13
Inductor (The inductor)	17
Isrc (The current source)	19
Mat< T > (Matrix class)	21
Mutual (The mutual inductance between two inductors)	23
Resistor (The resistor)	27
Stamp (Stamp engine)	29
Vsrc (The voltage source)	32

Chapter 5

File Index

5.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/cap.cpp (Implementation of Capacitor)	35
/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/cap.h (Header of the Capacitor class)	36
/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/device.h (The header of Device class)	37
/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/ind.cpp (Implementation of inductor)	38
/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/ind.h (Header of the Inductor class)	39
/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/isrc.cpp (Implementation of current source) . . .	40
/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/isrc.h (Header of the Current source class) . . .	41
/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/main.cpp (This is the main function of STAMP) .	42
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Chapter 6

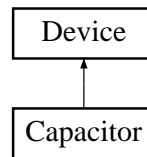
Class Documentation

6.1 Capacitor Class Reference

The capacitor.

```
#include <cap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Capacitor::



Public Member Functions

- [Capacitor](#) (const string &name)
Constructor.
- virtual void [stamp](#) ([Matrix](#) &C, [Matrix](#) &G, [Matrix](#) &B)
stamping function of the capacitor
- virtual [~Capacitor](#) ()
Destructor.

6.1.1 Detailed Description

The capacitor.

A [Capacitor](#) instance corresponds to the "c1 n1 n2 3p" card in the SPICE netlist. It records the information of the capacitor.

6.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.1.2.1 Capacitor::Capacitor (const string & *name*) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters:

name name of the capacitor

6.1.3 Member Function Documentation

6.1.3.1 void Capacitor::stamp (Matrix & *C*, Matrix & *G*, Matrix & *B*) [virtual]

stamping function of the capacitor

Parameters:

C system matrix *C*

G system matrix *G*

B system matrix *B*

Todo

You have to fills in each stamp function.

Implements [Device](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

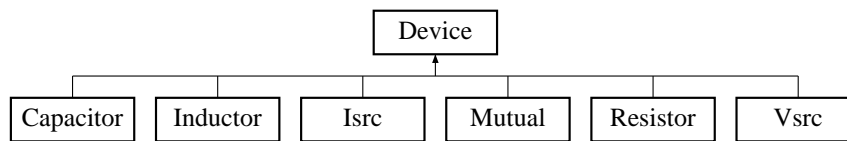
- </home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/cap.h>
- </home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/cap.cpp>

6.2 Device Class Reference

The base class for various devices.

```
#include <device.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Device::



Public Member Functions

- **Device** (const string &name)
Constructor.
- virtual void **stamp** (Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B)=0
pure virtual function for stamping
- virtual **~Device** ()
destructor
- void **setPnode** (int p)
Set the positive node number.
- int **pnode** () const
Get the positive node number.
- void **setNnode** (int p)
Set the negative node number.
- int **nnode** () const
Get the negative node number.
- void **setValue** (double d)
Set the value of this device.
- double **value** () const
Get the value of this device.
- void **setName** (const string &n)
Set the name of this device.
- string **name** () const
Get the name of this device.

Protected Attributes

- `string _name`
device name
- `int _pnode`
positive node number
- `int _nnode`
negative node number
- `double _value`
value

6.2.1 Detailed Description

The base class for various devices.

This is an abstract base class for all the devices in the circuit. For a device it must have a name, have some pins and some values. Most important of all, it must have a *stamp* function which shows its contribution to the system matrix. Different devices such as resistors and capacitors have different stamping functions. So they will all overwrite the *stamp* pure virtual function here.

If you want to add some new devices to this engine, please inherit from [Device](#). And make sure to implement the *stamp* function.

6.2.2 Member Function Documentation

6.2.2.1 `string Device::name () const` `[inline]`

Get the name of this device.

Returns:

name of this device

6.2.2.2 `int Device::nnode () const` `[inline]`

Get the negative node number.

Returns:

negative node number of this device

6.2.2.3 int Device::pnode () const [inline]

Get the positive node number.

Returns:

positive node number of this device

6.2.2.4 void Device::setName (const string & n) [inline]

Set the name of this device.

Parameters:

n device name

6.2.2.5 void Device::setNnode (int p) [inline]

Set the negative node number.

Parameters:

p node number

6.2.2.6 void Device::setPnode (int p) [inline]

Set the positive node number.

Parameters:

p node number

6.2.2.7 void Device::setValue (double d) [inline]

Set the value of this device.

Parameters:

d value

The value could be capacitance, conductance or mutual inductance coefficient and etc. Store what you want.

6.2.2.8 virtual void Device::stamp (Matrix & C , Matrix & G , Matrix & B) [pure virtual]

pure virtual function for stamping

Parameters:

C system matrix C

G system matrix G

B system matrix B

Implemented in [Capacitor](#), [Inductor](#), [Isrc](#), [Mutual](#), [Resistor](#), and [Vsrc](#).

6.2.2.9 double Device::value () const [inline]

Get the value of this device.

Returns:

value

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

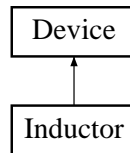
- [/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/device.h](#)

6.3 Inductor Class Reference

The inductor.

```
#include <ind.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Inductor::



Public Member Functions

- **Inductor** (const string &name)
Constructor.
- virtual void **stamp** (Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B)
stamping function of the inductor
- virtual **~Inductor** ()
Destructor.
- int **auxNode** () const
Get auxiliary node.
- void **setAux** (int s)
set auxiliary node number

6.3.1 Detailed Description

The inductor.

A **Inductor** instance corresponds to the "l1 n1 n2 3n" card in the SPICE netlist. It records the information of the inductor. In MNA formulation, an inductor will introduce a new state variable to the equation, i.e. its current. So we added an auxiliary node `_aux_node` to store this information.

6.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.3.2.1 Inductor::Inductor (const string & *name*) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters:

name name of the inductor

6.3.3 Member Function Documentation

6.3.3.1 int Inductor::auxNode () const [inline]

Get auxiliary node.

Returns:

auxiliary node (current through the inductor)

6.3.3.2 void Inductor::setAux (int *s*) [inline]

set auxiliary node number

Parameters:

s auxiliary node number

6.3.3.3 void Inductor::stamp (Matrix & *C*, Matrix & *G*, Matrix & *B*) [virtual]

stamping function of the inductor

Parameters:

C system matrix *C*

G system matrix *G*

B system matrix *B*

Todo

You have to fills in each stamp function.

Implements [Device](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

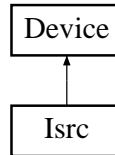
- /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/[ind.h](#)
- /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/[ind.cpp](#)

6.4 Isrc Class Reference

The current source.

```
#include <isrc.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Isrc::



Public Member Functions

- [Isrc](#) (const string &name)
Constructor.
- virtual void [stamp](#) ([Matrix](#) &C, [Matrix](#) &G, [Matrix](#) &B)
stamping function of the current source
- virtual [~Isrc](#) ()
Destructor.

6.4.1 Detailed Description

The current source.

An [Isrc](#) instance corresponds to the "i1 n1 n2 1" card in the SPICE netlist. It records the information of the current source.

6.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.4.2.1 [Isrc::Isrc](#) (const string & name) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters:

name name of the current source

6.4.3 Member Function Documentation

6.4.3.1 void Isrc::stamp (Matrix & C , Matrix & G , Matrix & B) [virtual]

stamping function of the current source

Parameters:

C system matrix C

G system matrix G

B system matrix B

Todo

You have to fills in each stamp function.

Implements [Device](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/isrc.h](#)
- [/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/isrc.cpp](#)

6.5 Mat< T > Class Template Reference

the matrix class

```
#include <mat.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- `Mat (int nrow, int ncol)`

Constructor.

- `~Mat ()`

Destructor.

- `int row () const`

return rows

- `int column () const`

return columns

6.5.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class Mat< T >
```

the matrix class

This is an empty class. You have to design you own Matrix class by adding necessary data and public functions.

To facilliate the stamping process, the matrix class needs to satisfy the following condition:

- Dynamic allocation of the memory according to the size of the circuit.
- Expandable. Each time we stamp an element, the entries of the matrix may grow.
- Flexible and efficient. Most of the entries in the matrix would be zero and we don't need to store them.

My advice is: Using orthogonal list data structure.

Currently, this class is designed as a C++ template. If you're not familliar with the concept of template. Just define a non-template class and do the same thing.

6.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.5.2.1 `template<class T> Mat< T>::Mat (int nrow, int ncol)` [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters:

nrow rows

ncol columns

Todo

Allocate the memory with given size of the matrix

6.5.2.2 `template<class T> Mat< T>::~~Mat ()` [inline]

Destructor.

Todo

release the allocated memory

6.5.3 Member Function Documentation**6.5.3.1** `template<class T> int Mat< T>::column () const` [inline]

return columns

Returns:

columns

6.5.3.2 `template<class T> int Mat< T>::row () const` [inline]

return rows

Returns:

rows

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

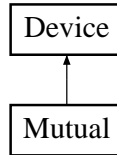
- `/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/mat.h`

6.6 Mutual Class Reference

The mutual inductance between two inductors.

```
#include <mut.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Mutual::



Public Member Functions

- [Mutual](#) (const string &name)
Constructor.
- virtual void [stamp](#) ([Matrix](#) &C, [Matrix](#) &G, [Matrix](#) &B)
stamping function of the mutual inductance
- virtual [~Mutual](#) ()
Destructor.
- int [auxPosNode](#) () const
return the auxiliary current node of L1
- void [setAuxPos](#) (int s)
set the auxiliary current node of L1
- int [auxNegNode](#) () const
return the auxiliary current node of L2
- void [setAuxNeg](#) (int s)
set the auxiliary current node of L2
- string [ind1](#) () const
return the name of L1
- void [setInd1](#) (const string &l)
set the name of L1
- string [ind2](#) () const
return the name of L2
- void [setInd2](#) (const string &l)
set the name of L2

6.6.1 Detailed Description

The mutual inductance between two inductors.

An [Mutual](#) instance corresponds to the "k1 l1 l2 0.5" card in the SPICE netlist. It records the information of the mutual inductance. Different from other devices in the SPICE netlist, the mutual inductance doesn't have the concept of pins. Instead, it records the name of two inductors which will also appear in the netlist. However, it is not sure that the two inductors will appear before or after the mutual inductance card, so we have to record the name of these two inductors. Additionally, we also have to record currents through the inductors as auxiliary variables.

6.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.6.2.1 `Mutual::Mutual (const string & name) [inline]`

Constructor.

Parameters:

name name of the mutual inductance

6.6.3 Member Function Documentation

6.6.3.1 `int Mutual::auxNegNode () const [inline]`

return the auxiliary current node of L2

Returns:

auxiliary current node of L2

6.6.3.2 `int Mutual::auxPosNode () const [inline]`

return the auxiliary current node of L1

Returns:

auxiliary current node of L1

6.6.3.3 `string Mutual::ind1 () const [inline]`

return the name of L1

Returns:

name of inductor L1

6.6.3.4 string Mutual::ind2 () const [inline]

return the name of L2

Returns:

name of inductor L2

6.6.3.5 void Mutual::setAuxNeg (int *s*) [inline]

set the auxiliary current node of L2

Parameters:

s auxiliary current node of L2

6.6.3.6 void Mutual::setAuxPos (int *s*) [inline]

set the auxiliary current node of L1

Parameters:

s auxiliary current node of L1

6.6.3.7 void Mutual::setInd1 (const string &*l*) [inline]

set the name of L1

Parameters:

l name of inductor L1

6.6.3.8 void Mutual::setInd2 (const string &*l*) [inline]

set the name of L2

Parameters:

l name of inductor L2

6.6.3.9 void Mutual::stamp (Matrix & C , Matrix & G , Matrix & B) [virtual]

stamping function of the mutual inductance

Parameters:

C system matrix C

G system matrix G

B system matrix B

Todo

You have to fills in each stamp function.

Implements [Device](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

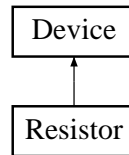
- </home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/mut.h>
- </home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/mut.cpp>

6.7 Resistor Class Reference

The resistor.

```
#include <res.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Resistor::



Public Member Functions

- **Resistor** (const string &name)
Constructor.
- virtual void **stamp** (Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B)
stamping function of the resistor
- virtual **~Resistor** ()
Destructor.

6.7.1 Detailed Description

The resistor.

A Resistor instance corresponds to the "r1 n1 n2 3k" card in the SPICE netlist. It records the information of the resistor.

6.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.7.2.1 Resistor::Resistor (const string & name) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters:

name name of the resistor

6.7.3 Member Function Documentation

6.7.3.1 void Resistor::stamp (Matrix & C , Matrix & G , Matrix & B) [virtual]

stamping function of the resistor

Parameters:

C system matrix C

G system matrix G

B system matrix B

Todo

You have to fills in each stamp function.

Implements [Device](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/res.h](#)
- [/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/res.cpp](#)

6.8 Stamp Class Reference

[Stamp](#) engine.

```
#include <stamp.h>
```

Public Types

- typedef std::vector< [Device](#) * > **devList**
- typedef std::map< std::string, int > **nodeList**

Public Member Functions

- [Stamp](#) ()
Constructor.
- [~Stamp](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [parse](#) (char *filename)
Parsing the SPICE netlist.
- void [output](#) (char *filename)
Output the system matrix to disk.
- void [setup](#) ()
Initialize the system matrix and carry out the stamping.

6.8.1 Detailed Description

[Stamp](#) engine.

The class [Stamp](#) is actually the syamp engine. It contains necessary data structures for completing the work.

6.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.8.2.1 [Stamp::~Stamp](#) () [inline]

Destructor.

It destroys the system matrix and release the allocated memory.

6.8.3 Member Function Documentation

6.8.3.1 void Stamp::output (char **filename*)

Output the system matrix to disk.

Parameters:

filename output file name

This function will write the system matrix to the disk. Binary file format is preferred over the ASCII one. Sparse matrix structure is preferred over the dense one.

Todo

Please fill in this function.

6.8.3.2 void Stamp::parse (char **filename*)

Parsing the SPICE netlist.

Parameters:

filename SPICE filename

This is the first step of STAMP. It reads in the SPICE file and extracts device and node information from it. The devices and nodes are stored in *_dev_list* and *_node_list* for later usage. The parser reads in the SPICE netlist line by line. It breaks each line into string tokens according to the delimiters, and then processes each token case by case. Notice the using of *tokenizer* and *captilizer*. These two functions break the line and convert them to upper case. (SPICE file are not case-sensitive)

Todo

Currently, only limited devices cards for SPICE are considered. You can Further develop this fuction to accomodate more SPICE elements or cards such as subcircuit or controlled sources.

6.8.3.3 void Stamp::setup ()

Initialize the system matrix and carry out the stamping.

This function is most important one because it setups up the liear system

$$\begin{cases} C\dot{x} + Gx &= Bu \\ y &= L^T x \end{cases}$$

and fills in the elements in the system matrices.

The matrix class *Matrix* needs to be designed by you. Sparse matrix structure is preferred than the dense one since the matrix will be very large while most of its elements would be zero.

In the skeleton program, the devices are enumerated and they contribute to the system matrices by calling their own stamping function.

Todo

= Some devices such as mutual inductance depends on other devices. You need to take care of this situation.

- We also have to enumerate the probe list to build the L^T matrix.
- SPICE file support multi-line command with a '+' at the beginning of the line. Please consider how to support this.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

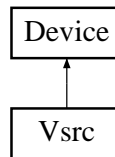
- </home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/stamp.h>
- </home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/stamp.cpp>

6.9 Vsrc Class Reference

The voltage source.

```
#include <vsrc.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Vsrc::



Public Member Functions

- **Vsrc** (const string &name)
Constructor.
- virtual void **stamp** (Matrix &C, Matrix &G, Matrix &B)
stamping function of the voltage source
- virtual **~Vsrc** ()
Destructor.
- int **auxNode** () const
Get auxiliary node.
- void **setAux** (int s)
set auxiliary node number

6.9.1 Detailed Description

The voltage source.

A **Vsrc** instance corresponds to the "v1 n1 n2 1" card in the SPICE netlist. It records the information of the voltage source. Like the inductor, a voltage source will also introduce a new variable to the equation, we have to record its current.

6.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.9.2.1 Vsrc::Vsrc (const string & name) [inline]

Constructor.

Parameters:

name name of the voltage source

6.9.3 Member Function Documentation

6.9.3.1 int Vsrc::auxNode () const [inline]

Get auxiliary node.

Returns:

auxiliary node (current through the inductor)

6.9.3.2 void Vsrc::setAux (int s) [inline]

set auxiliary node number

Parameters:

s auxiliary node number

6.9.3.3 void Vsrc::stamp (Matrix & C, Matrix & G, Matrix & B) [virtual]

stamping function of the voltage source

Parameters:

C system matrix *C*

G system matrix *G*

B system matrix *B*

Todo

You have to fills in each stamp function.

Implements [Device](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/[vsrc.h](#)
- /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/[vsrc.cpp](#)

Chapter 7

File Documentation

7.1 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/cap.cpp File Reference

implementation of [Capacitor](#)

```
#include "cap.h"
```

7.1.1 Detailed Description

implementation of [Capacitor](#)

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:25:35 2008

7.2 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/cap.h File Reference

header of the [Capacitor](#) class

```
#include "device.h"
```

Classes

- class [Capacitor](#)

The capacitor.

7.2.1 Detailed Description

header of the [Capacitor](#) class

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:21:48 2008

7.3 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/device.h File Reference

The header of [Device](#) class.

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include "mat.h"
```

Classes

- class [Device](#)

The base class for various devices.

7.3.1 Detailed Description

The header of [Device](#) class.

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 13:37:14 2008

7.4 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/ind.cpp File Reference

implementation of inductor

```
#include "ind.h"
```

7.4.1 Detailed Description

implementation of inductor

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:32:59 2008

7.5 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/ind.h File Reference

header of the [Inductor](#) class

```
#include "device.h"
```

Classes

- class [Inductor](#)

The inductor.

7.5.1 Detailed Description

header of the [Inductor](#) class

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:28:21 2008

7.6 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/isrc.cpp File Reference

implementation of current source

```
#include "isrc.h"
```

7.6.1 Detailed Description

implementation of current source

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:45:16 2008

7.7 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/isrc.h File Reference

header of the Current source class

```
#include "device.h"
```

Classes

- class [Isrc](#)

The current source.

7.7.1 Detailed Description

header of the Current source class

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:35:29 2008

7.8 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/main.cpp File Reference

This is the main function of STAMP.

```
#include "stamp.h"  
#include <iostream>
```

Functions

- `int main (int argc, char *argv[])`
entrance of the program

7.8.1 Detailed Description

This is the main function of STAMP.

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 09:57:35 2008

7.8.2 Function Documentation

7.8.2.1 `int main (int argc, char * argv[])`

entrance of the program

phase 1: parsing the netlist

phase 2: stamping

phase 3: output

7.9 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/mat.h File Reference

Header of the Matrix class.

```
#include <cstring>
```

Classes

- class `Mat< T >`
the matrix class

Typedefs

- typedef `Mat< double > Matrix`

7.9.1 Detailed Description

Header of the Matrix class.

Author:

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:06:47 2008

7.10 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/mut.cpp File Reference

implementation of mutual inductance

```
#include "mut.h"
```

7.10.1 Detailed Description

implementation of mutual inductance

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 15:06:23 2008

7.11 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/mut.h File Reference

Header of the mutual inductance.

```
#include "device.h"
```

Classes

- class [Mutual](#)

The mutual inductance between two inductors.

7.11.1 Detailed Description

Header of the mutual inductance.

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:54:59 2008

7.12 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/res.cpp File Reference

implementation of [Resistor](#)

```
#include "res.h"
```

7.12.1 Detailed Description

implementation of [Resistor](#)

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:21:15 2008

7.13 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/res.h File Reference

header of the [Resistor](#) class

```
#include "device.h"
```

Classes

- class [Resistor](#)

The resistor.

7.13.1 Detailed Description

header of the [Resistor](#) class

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:17:02 2008

7.14 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/stamp.cpp File Reference

Implementation of the [Stamp](#) class.

```
#include "stamp.h"
#include "cap.h"
#include "res.h"
#include "isrc.h"
#include "vsrc.h"
#include "mut.h"
#include "ind.h"
#include "util.h"
#include <fstream>
#include <sstream>
```

7.14.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of the [Stamp](#) class.

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 13:05:24 2008

7.15 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/stamp.h File Reference

Header file for [Stamp](#) class.

```
#include "mat.h"
#include <map>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
```

Classes

- class [Stamp](#)
Stamp engine.

7.15.1 Detailed Description

Header file for [Stamp](#) class.

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 10:58:14 2008

7.16 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/util.cpp File Reference

Implementation of the utility functions.

```
#include "util.h"
```

Functions

- string [tokenizer](#) (string &line, const string &delims)
This function breaks the string into tokens with the given delimiters.
- void [capitalize](#) (string &token)
this function converts string to upper case
- double [to_double](#) (string &str)
This function converts string to a double considering the units.

7.16.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of the utility functions.

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:05:16 2008

7.16.2 Function Documentation

7.16.2.1 void [capitalize](#) (string & *token*)

this function converts string to upper case

Parameters:

token string to be converted

7.16.2.2 double to_double (string &)

This function converts string to a double considering the units.

In SPICE, units are used. So *9ns* should equal to *1e-9*. This function just help you take care of such things.

7.16.2.3 string tokenizer (string & *str*, const string & *de*)

This function breaks the string into tokens with the given delimiters.

Parameters:

str the long string to be break

de delimiters

Returns:

first token extracted

This function is a convenient C++ version of *strtok*. Given the delimiters, it will extract the first token from the string. For example, *tokenizer("Hello+\$World", "+\$")* will return the string *Hello*. You have run it several times in order to extract more tokens. If no more token can be extracted, it will return an empty string. Using this, you can decide whether a line is finished. In boost library, there is a more powerful tokening tool. If you're interested, please see to the doc of boost.

7.17 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/util.h File Reference

Header of the utility funtions.

```
#include <string>
#include <cctype>
#include <cstdlib>
```

Functions

- string [tokenizer](#) (string &str, const string &de)
This function breaks the string into tokens with the given delimiters.
- void [capitalize](#) (string &token)
this function converts string to upper case
- double [to_double](#) (string &)
This function converts string to a double considering the units.

7.17.1 Detailed Description

Header of the utility funtions.

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 13:55:42 2008

7.17.2 Function Documentation

7.17.2.1 void [capitalize](#) (string & *token*)

this function converts string to upper case

Parameters:

token string to be converted

7.17.2.2 double to_double (string &)

This function converts string to a double considering the units.

In SPICE, units are used. So *9ns* should equal to *1e-9*. This function just help you take care of such things.

7.17.2.3 string tokenizer (string & *str*, const string & *de*)

This function breaks the string into tokens with the given delimiters.

Parameters:

str the long string to be break

de delimiters

Returns:

first token extracted

This function is a convenient C++ version of *strtok*. Given the delimiters, it will extract the first token from the string. For example, *tokenizer("Hello+\$World", "+\$")* will return the string *Hello*. You have run it several times in order to extract more tokens. If no more token can be extracted, it will return an empty string. Using this, you can decide whether a line is finished. In boost library, there is a more powerful tokening tool. If you're interested, please see to the doc of boost.

7.18 `/home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/vsrc.cpp` File Reference

implementation of voltage source

```
#include "vsrc.h"
```

7.18.1 Detailed Description

implementation of voltage source

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:53:40 2008

7.19 /home/yangfan/project1/project1/stamp-1.0/src/vsrc.h File Reference

header of voltage source

```
#include "device.h"
```

Classes

- class [Vsrc](#)

The voltage source.

7.19.1 Detailed Description

header of voltage source

Author:

Yinghai

Date:

Fri Sep 12 14:45:49 2008

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